217.174

(iv) Be submitted to OUSD (AT&L) DP for transmission to Congress via the Secretary of Defense and the President.

[64 FR 43097, Aug. 9, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 39704. June 27, 2000]

217.174 Multiyear contracts that employ economic order quantity procurement.

- (a) The head of the agency must provide written notice to the congressional defense committees at least 30 days before awarding—
- (1) A multiyear contract providing for economic order quantity procurement in excess of \$20 million in any one year; or
- (2) A contract for advance procurement leading to a multiyear contract that employs economic order quantity procurement in excess of \$20 million in any one year. (10 U.S.C. 2306b(1)(1); Section 8008(a) of Public Law 105–56 and similar sections in subsequent DoD appropriations acts)
- (b) Before initiating an advance procurement, the contracting officer must verify that it is consistent with DoD policy (e.g., Chapter 2 of DoD 5000.2–R, Mandatory Procedures for Major Defense Acquisition Programs (MDAPs) and Major Automated Information System (MAIS) Acquisition Programs, and the full funding policy in Volume 2A, Chapter 1, of DoD 7000.14–R, Financial Management Regulation).

[66 FR 63338, Dec. 6, 2001]

Subpart 217.2—Options

217.202 Use of options.

- (1) Options may be used for foreign military sales requirements.
- (2) Consider use of surge options to support the Industrial Preparedness Production Planning program (see subpart 208.72). A surge option allows the Government, prior to final delivery, to—
- (i) Accelerate the contractor's production rate in accordance with a surge production plan or a delivery schedule provided by the contractor under the terms of the contract: and
- (ii) Purchase additional quantities of supplies or services.

(3) See subpart 217.74 for limitations on the use of undefinitized options.

[56 FR 36345, July 31, 1991, as amended at 61 FR 7743, Feb. 29, 1996]

217.208 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses.

Sealed bid solicitations shall not include provisions for evaluations of options unless the contracting officer determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that the options will be exercised (10 U.S.C. 2301(a)(7)). This limitation also applies to sealed bid solicitations for the contracts excluded by FAR 17.200.

217.208-70 Additional clauses.

- (a) Use the clause at 252.217-7000, Exercise of Option to Fulfill Foreign Military Sales Commitments, when an option may be used for foreign military sale requirements.
- (1) Use Alternate I when the foreign military sale country is not known at the time of solicitation or award.
- (2) Do not use this clause in contracts for establishment or replenishment of DoD inventories or stocks, or acquisitions made under DoD cooperative logistics support arrangements.
- (b) When a surge option is needed in support of industrial preparedness production planning (see subpart 208.72), use the clause at 252.217–7001, Surge Option, in solicitations and contracts.
- (1) Insert the percentage of increase the option represents in paragraph (a) of the clause.
- (2) Change 30 days in paragraphs (b)(2) and (d)(1) to longer periods, if appropriate.
- (3) Change the 24-month period in paragraph (c)(3), if appropriate.

Subpart 217.4—Leader Company Contracting

217.401 General.

- (1) When leader company contracting is to be considered, take special effort to select a small disadvantaged business (SDB) concern as the follower company if—
- (i) The follower company will be a subcontractor and the North American Industry Classification System

Department of Defense

(NAICS) Industry Subsector of the acquisition is one in which use of an evaluation factor or subfactor for participation of SDB concerns is currently authorized (see FAR 19.201(b)); or

- (ii) The follower company will be a prime contractor and the NAICS Industry Subsector of the acquisition is one in which use of a price evaluation adjustment is currently authorized (see FAR 19.201(b)).
- (2) If special effort is required by paragraph (1) of this section and an SDB is not selected as the follower company, the contracting officer shall document the contract file to reflect—
- (i) The extent of actions taken to identify SDB concerns for participation in the acquisition; and
- (ii) The rationale for selection of a non-SDB as the follower company.

[63 FR 64429, Nov. 20, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 50148, Aug. 17, 2000]

Subpart 217.5—Interagency Acquisitions Under the Economy Act

SOURCE: 63 FR 11530, Mar. 9, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

217.500 Scope of subpart.

(b) Unless more specific statutory authority exists, the procedures in FAR Subpart 17.5, this subpart, and DODI 4000.19 apply to all purchases, except micro-purchases, made for DoD by another agency. This includes orders under a task or delivery order contract entered into by the other agency. (Pub. L. 105–261, Section 814.)

[64 FR 14400, Mar. 25, 1999]

217.503 Determinations and findings requirements.

(c) If requested, the contracting officer who normally would contract for the requesting activity should advise in the determination process.

217.504 Ordering procedures.

(a) When the requesting agency is within DoD, a copy of the executed D&F shall be furnished to the servicing agency as an attachment to the order. When a DoD contracting office is acting as the servicing agency, a copy of the executed D&F shall be obtained

from the requesting agency and placed in the contract file for the Economy Act order.

Subpart 217.6—Management and Operating Contracts

217.600 Scope of subpart.

FAR subpart 17.6 does not apply to DoD.

Subpart 217.70—Exchange of Personal Property

217.7000 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes policy and procedures for exchange of nonexcess personal property concurrent with an acquisition. Section 201(c) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, 63 Stat. 384, as amended (40 U.S.C. 481(c)) permits exchange of personal property and application of the exchange allowance to the acquisition of similar property. This subpart does not authorize the sale of nonexcess personal property.

217.7001 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

- (a) Exchange (trade-in) property means property which—
- (1) Is not excess but is eligible for replacement (because of obsolescence, unserviceability, or other reason); and
- (2) Is applied as whole or partial payment toward the acquisition of similar items (i.e., items designed and constructed for the same purpose).
- (b) Property means items that fall within one of the generic categories listed in DoD 4140.1–R, DoD Materiel Management Regulation, Chapter 6.2, Exchange or Sale of Nonexcess Personal Property.

[56 FR 36345, July 31, 1991, as amended at 65 FR 39705, June 27, 2000]

217.7002 Policy.

DoD policy is to exchange, rather than replace, eligible nonexcess property whenever exchange promotes economical and efficient program accomplishment. Exchange policy, authority, and applicability are governed by—