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Part III

Federal Communications Commission

47 CFR Parts 2, 25, and 87 World Radiocommunication Conferences Concerning Frequency Bands Above 28 MHz; Final Rule

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Parts 2, 25, and 87

[ET Docket No. 02-305; FCC 03-269]

World Radiocommunication Conferences Concerning Frequency Bands Above 28 MHz

AGENCY: Federal Communications

Commission. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends our rules to implement domestically various allocation decisions from several World Radiocommunication Conferences ("WRCs") concerning the frequency bands between 28 MHz and 36 GHz, and to otherwise update our rules in this frequency range. The following actions are the most significant to non-Federal government operations: Implementation of generic mobile-satellite service ("MSS") allocations in the bands 1525-1559 MHz and 1626.5-1660.5 MHz ("Lband"); allocation of the band 1164-1215 MHz to the radionavigationsatellite service ("RNSS"); deletion of unused and limited fixed-satellite service ("FSS") and broadcastingsatellite service ("BSS") allocations from the band 2500-2690 MHz; and upgrade of the Earth explorationsatellite service ("EESS") allocation in the band 25.5-27 GHz from secondary to primary. In addition, at the request of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration ("NTIA"), we implement various allocation changes for the space science services and the inter-satellite service ("ISS"), most of which involve spectrum primarily used by the Federal government. These actions conform our rules to previous WRC decisions and are expected to provide significant benefits to the American public.

DATES: Effective January 22, 2004. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Rodney Small, Office of Engineering and Technology, (202) 418–2452, TTY (202) 418–2989, e-mail *Rodney.Small@fcc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's *Report and Order*, ET Docket No. 02–305, FCC 03–269, adopted October 31, 2003, and released November 4, 2003. The full text of this document is available on the Commission's Internet site at *www.fcc.gov*. It is also available for inspection and copying during regular business hours in the FCC Reference Center (Room CY–A257), 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554. The full text of this document also may be

purchased from the Commission's duplication contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th St., SW., Room CY–B402, Washington, DC 20554; telephone (202) 863–2893; fax (202) 863–2898; e-mail qualexint@aol.com.

Summary of the Report and Order

- 1. In the R&O, we provided for generic MSS allocations across all of the frequencies in the bands 1525-1559 MHz and 1626.5-1660.5 MHz. Specifically, we expanded the primary allocation in the bands 1545-1549.5 MHz, 1558.5-1559 MHz, 1646.5-1651 MHz, and 1660-1660.5 MHz from the aeronautical mobile-satellite (route) service ("AMS(R)S") to all services within the MSS while preserving the status of AMS(R)S. The effect of this action is that the bands 1545-1559 MHz and 1646.5-1660.5 MHz will be made available to all types of MSS communications on a primary basis, rather than segmented for specialized use. This action permits more efficient use of this radio spectrum and facilitates the expansion of MSS use globally. In addition, we deleted the existing primary maritime mobile-satellite service ("MMSS") and MSS allocations in the bands 1530-1544 MHz and 1626.5-1645.5 MHz, as they would now be superfluous. We also deleted the secondary allocation for aeronautical telemetry from the band 1525-1535 MHz to remove potentially conflicting allocations.
- 2. We allocate the band 1164-1215 MHz to the RNSS for space-to-Earth ("downlink") and space-to-space transmissions in order to accommodate a new civil global positioning system ("GPS") signal. This action permits the addition of GPS signal "L5," which supports the safety-of-life requirements demanded by civil aviation. We also allocated the bands 1215-1240 MHz and 1559-1610 MHz, which are currently limited to RNSS downlinks, for RNSS space-to-space transmissions as well. This action allows use of spaceborne RNSS receivers for scientific and commercial applications.
- 3. We deleted the flight test and radiolocation allocations in the band 2320–2345 MHz because of the potential for conflict between these services and the Satellite Digital Audio Radio Service ("Satellite DARS"), which has been brought into operation in this band. We also deleted the unused FSS and BSS allocations from the band 2500–2690 MHz in order to remove allocations that are not compatible with two-way fixed and mobile operations that are operating and anticipated in the band.

- 4. We further implement domestically various allocation decisions from several WRCs concerning the space science services and the ISS. In this regard, we take the following actions:
- Revise secondary allocations for the Federal government EESS and the Federal government space research service ("SRS") from secondary to primary status in 950 megahertz of spectrum in eight frequency bands and specify that these allocations are to be used for active sensor operations ("EESS (active)" and "SRS (active)"): 5250–5255 MHz, 5255–5350 MHz, 8550–8650 MHz, 9500–9800 MHz, 13.4–13.75 GHz, and 17.2–17.3 GHz.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocations at 13.25–13.4 GHz and 35.6–36 GHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use 550 megahertz of additional spectrum for EESS (active) and SRS (active) on a primary basis, and change the primary footnote allocation for active spaceborne sensors in the band 35.5–35.6 GHz to a direct Table listing.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 5350–5460 MHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use 110 megahertz of additional spectrum for the EESS (active) on a primary basis.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 401–403 MHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use EESS uplinks and meteorological-satellite service ("METSAT") uplinks on a primary basis.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 410–420 MHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use the SRS on a primary basis for space-to-space transmissions.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 7750–7850 MHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use METSAT downlinks on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary satellite systems.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 8400–8450 MHz to provide flexibility for the non-Federal government to use SRS downlinks from deep space on a secondary basis.
- Modify the non-Federal government/Federal government shared allocation at 25.25–27.5 GHz to provide flexibility for the Federal government to use the ISS on a primary basis.
- Revise the EESS allocation from secondary to primary status in the band 25.5–27 GHz and change the directional

indicator from space-to-space to space-to-Earth.

5. In addition, we: (1) Delete the primary ISS shared allocation from the band 32–32.3 GHz; (2) delete the secondary AMS(R)S allocation from the band 136–137 MHz; (3) more than double the size of the geographic area in New Mexico and Texas where amateur stations in the band 420-450 MHz will be limited in power and where spread spectrum radiolocation systems in the sub-band 420-435 MHz should not expect to be accommodated; (4) modify our rules to reflect NTIA's recent action, which specified that Federal government wind profiler radars ("WPRs") will operate in the sub-band 448-450 MHz; (5) permit U.S. flagged ships to use more spectrum-efficient equipment for on-board mobile radiotelephony communications in areas outside the territorial waters of the United States: (6) delete unused allocations for the International Fixed Public Radiocommunication Services ("IFPRS") from the bands 2.1-2.2 GHz and 10.7-11.7 GHz; and (7) allocate the band 14-14.5 GHz to the MSS (Earth-tospace), which includes aeronautical mobile-satellite service ("AMSS"), on a secondary basis. We also make numerous ministerial amendments to part 2 of our rules.

Discussion

6. In response to various petitions for rulemaking, the Commission has addressed in a number of proceedings many allocation changes that resulted from the 1992 World Administrative Radio Conference ("WARC-92") and the 1995 and 1997 World Radiocommunication Conferences ("WRC-95" and "WRC-97"). In the Notice of Proposed Rule Making ("NPRM"), 67 FR 75968, December 10, 2002, in this proceeding, the Commission turned to additional allocation changes from these conferences that have not previously been considered, including several changes sought mainly at the request of NTIA. The NPRM also addressed the RNSS allocation changes from the 2000 World Radiocommunication Conference ("WRC–2000"), a Petition for Rule Making filed by the Lockheed Martin Corporation ("Lockheed Martin") requesting that the WRC-2000 RNSS allocations in the bands 1164–1215 MHz and 1559-1610 MHz be implemented domestically and that these frequency bands be added to part 25 of the Commission's Rules, and some non-WRC allocation issues that concern the frequency bands between 28 MHz and 36 GHz. These issues included downgrading the primary flight test and

radiolocation allocations in the band 2320–2345 MHz to secondary status, deleting the limited BSS and FSS allocations from the band 2500–2690 MHz, deleting unused IFPRS allocations from the bands 2.1–2.2 GHz and 10.7–11.7 GHz, and making various ministerial amendments to clean up and update the rules.

A. Generic MSS at L-Band

- 7. Proposals. Domestically, the Commission has previously implemented generic MSS proposals in portions of the L-band. However, routine, non-safety related MSS public correspondence is currently precluded in the uppermost one megahertz of upper L-band spectrum (1558.5-1559 MHz and 1660-1660.5 MHz) and may be provided in nine megahertz of additional upper L-band spectrum only on a secondary basis (1545–1549.5 MHz and 1646.5-1651 MHz). Accordingly, the Commission proposed in the NPRM to expand the permitted primary services from AMS(R)S to all MSS in the bands 1545-1549.5 MHz, 1558.5-1559 MHz, 1646.5-1651 MHz, and 1660-1660.5 MHz.
- 8. In addition, the Commission proposed to take the following nonsubstantive, "clean-up" actions: (1) Delete the superfluous MMSS allocations from bands 1530-1544 MHz and 1626.5-1645.5 MHz, (2) delete the superfluous secondary MSS allocations from the bands 1545-1549.5 MHz and 1646.5–1651 MHz, and (3) delete the superfluous AMS(R)S allocations from the bands 1549.5-1558.5 MHz and 1651-1660 MHz. The effect of these proposals is that the band 1525-1559 MHz would be allocated for MSS downlinks on a primary basis and the band 1626.5-1660.5 MHz would be allocated for MSS uplinks on a primary
- 9. The Commission proposed to maintain footnotes US308 and US315 concerning the priority to be afforded distress and safety communications, stating that it believed that these generic MSS allocations would provide MSV and others with maximum flexibility, without hindering the use of this spectrum for distress and safety communications. The Commission requested comment on whether footnote US308 should be modified or replaced by international footnotes 5.357A and 5.362A. The Commission also proposed to update part 25 of the rules by stating that the bands 1525-1559 MHz and 1626.5-1660.5 MHz are available for use by L-band MSS systems and that use of the bands 1544-1545 MHz and 1645.5-1646.5 MHz is limited to distress and safety communications.

- 10. The Commission also requested comment on whether the secondary mobile allocation, which is limited to aeronautical telemetry in the band 1525-1535 MHz, should be deleted in the United States Table of Frequency Allocations ("U.S. Table") and on whether co-frequency transmissions from aircraft can cause harmful interference to the MSS. Consistent with this proposal, the Commission also proposed to revise footnote US78 to remove the frequency 1525.5 MHz, which can be used for both aircraft and spacecraft telemetry. The Commission further requested comment on whether the aeronautical telemetry operations in the band 1525-1535 MHz can be relocated to either the band 1435-1525 MHz or to the band 2310-2385 MHz.
- 11. Decision. We adopted the generic MSS allocation proposal for the bands 1525-1559 MHz/1626.5-1660.5 MHz set forth in the NPRM, deleting the secondary aeronautical telemetry allocation from the band 1525-1535 MHz and revising footnote US78 to remove the frequency 1525.5 MHz, and retaining footnotes US308 and US315. Commenters expressed strong support for a generic MSS allocation and deletion of the secondary aeronautical telemetry allocation, and we find that these changes will enhance flexibility and efficiency in the bands 1525-1559 MHz and 1626.5-1660.5 MHz. While there is a difference of opinion regarding the desirability of retaining footnotes US308 and US315, we concur with MSV that the advantages of retaining them outweigh the disadvantages. As noted by MSV, footnotes US308 and US315 are longstanding and replacement of them by international footnotes 5.357A and 5.362A, which have different language, would introduce confusion as to whether policy changes were being made. Further, § 25.136(d) and (e) of the Commission's rules set forth specific requirements for MSS mobile and land earth stations that satisfy the priority and preemption requirements of footnote US315. Regarding footnote US309, we concur with MSV that this footnote allows terrestrial stations in the AMS(R)S to operate in more of the band than international footnotes 5.357A and 5.362A, in order to supplement satelliteto-aircraft links in that service. The broader spectrum range allowed by US309 is more consistent with the Commission's decision to expand AMS(R)S use within a generic MSS allocation. Thus, we decline to modify US309, which we did not propose to change in the NPRM. Accordingly, we

are retaining footnotes US308, US315, and US309.

B. RNSS Allocations

12. Proposals. As requested by NTIA, the Commission proposed in the NPRM to adopt new footnote US385, which would allocate the band 1164–1189 MHz for RNSS downlink and space-to-space transmissions on a primary basis. It also proposed to add definitions of Differential Radionavigation Satellite Service ("Differential RNSS") Station and Differential Global Positioning System ("DGPS") Station to part 2 of the Commission's Rules, as follows:

Differential Radionavigation Satellite Service (Differential RNSS) Station. A station used for the transmission of differential correction data and related information (such as ionospheric data and RNSS satellite integrity information) as an augmentation to an RNSS system for the purpose of improved navigation accuracy.

Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) Station. A differential RNSS station for specific augmentation of GPS.

13. Additionally, the Commission requested comment on whether the band 1164-1189 MHz should be added to a new footnote US343 that was proposed in WT Docket No. 01-289. This footnote would provide that DGPS stations may be authorized on a primary basis in the bands 108-117.975 MHz and 1559–1610 MHz for the specific purpose of transmitting DGPS information intended for aircraft navigation. The Commission further sought comment on whether it should allocate domestically the international RNSS allocation at 1189-1215 MHz, and in particular on whether this allocation is needed to support U.S. requirements. In the NPRM, the Commission observed that studies continue in the international process to determine the aggregate impact of multiple RNSS systems on incumbent aeronautical radionavigation service ("ARNS") systems and that, given the safety-of-life aspects of these ARNS systems, the Commission did not anticipate adopting this additional allocation unless a need is demonstrated and studies are done that support such a move.

14. The *NPRM* also proposed to add a space-to-space directional indicator to the primary RNSS allocation in the bands 1215–1240 MHz and 1559–1610 MHz, which are currently limited to downlink transmissions, to recognize current and future use of spaceborne RNSS receivers for scientific and commercial applications. Finally, the *NPRM* declined to propose adding the RNSS L1 and L5 frequencies to

§ 25.202(a) of the Commission's Rules, as requested by the Lockheed Martin petition for rule making.

15. Decision. Since adoption of the NPRM in this docket, WRC-03 has taken certain decisions regarding RNSS that are relevant to issues raised in this proceeding. In particular, as noted by NTIA, WRC-03 has modified footnote 5.328A of the international Table of Allocations to clarify that all stations in the RNSS operating in the band 1164-1215 MHz shall operate in accordance with specified aggregate interference protection criteria for ARNS (-121.5 dB(W/m²) in any 1 MHz band) and not claim protection from stations in the ARNS operating in the 960-1215 MHz band. Administrations operating RNSS stations in these bands are to cooperate to ensure that the protection criteria are satisfied. In the NPRM in this proceeding, we proposed to add a primary RNSS allocation in the band 1164–1189 MHz, and sought comment on whether we should extend the allocation to the band 1189-1215 MHz, noting in regard to the latter band that studies were underway in the international process to determine the aggregate impacts of multiple RNSS systems on incumbent ARNS systems. We stated that we would not anticipate adopting this additional allocation unless a need was demonstrated and studies completed. Although we did not propose pfd limits on RNSS systems, we did propose to adopt a new United States footnote that would require RNSS stations to not cause interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the ARNS. Given the WRC-03 results and support on the record in this proceeding, we conclude that the RNSS allocation should extend from 1164-1215 MHz. This increased allocation will provide flexibility for potential future GPS implementation plans and facilitate cooperative efforts among administrations operating RNSS systems in these bands to protect ARNS systems. However, we concur with NTIA that a footnote—rather than a table—allocation for the new 1164-1215 MHz RNSS band is appropriate, and that this footnote should include language specifying that RNSS shall not cause harmful interference to ARNS. While Inmarsat Ventures plc ("Inmarsat") contends that this language could be construed as an additional requirement or superfluous to the WRC-03 aggregate interference protection criteria, we find it appropriate as an interim measure. We intend to address how best to reference the WRC-03 protection criteria for ARNS, whether by adopting international footnote 5.328A or

modifying our part 25 satellite service rules, when we initiate a proceeding to address WRC-03 implementation.

16. With regard to Lockheed Martin's recommendations that we expand the current GPS L2 spectrum at 1215–1240 MHz to 1215-1300 MHz and permit non-Federal government RNSS use of the band 1215-1300 MHz, we observe that the NPRM did not propose either of those changes and thus we have declined to consider these changes at this time. With regard to Lockheed Martin's recommendation that we add the international RNSS allocations at 1164-1215 MHz and 1559-1610 MHz to the part 25 list of frequency bands available for satellite services, we see no advantage to be gained by taking that action now. As the Commission stated in the NPRM, such action would be more appropriate in connection with development of service and licensing rules for the RNSS frequency bands, and following development of international technical criteria for operations in these bands. We will explore all of these issues when we consider the WRC-03 protection criteria for ARNS in the WRC-03 implementation proceeding.

17. With regard to Inmarsat's recommendation that we not adopt the proposed definitions of Differential RNSS and DGPS stations, we disagree with Inmarsat that these definitions create ambiguity or confusion between them and any current definition in either our rules or in the ITU rules. The definitions are simply informational. As we observed in the NPRM, differential RNSS correction data and related information is transmitted in a data link and sometimes is not within the RNSS. These definitions clarify that this information augments the RNSS system and improves navigation accuracy. Accordingly, we are adding the proposed definitions of Differential RNSS and DGPS stations to part 2 of the rules.

18. Finally, with regard to Inmarsat's comments on whether the band 1164–1189 MHz should be added to proposed footnote US343, we note that this footnote was proposed in the *Notice of Proposed Rule Making* in WT Docket No. 01–289, which is still pending. We do not wish to prejudge whether proposed US343 will be adopted in that proceeding; hence, we will defer consideration of the possible addition of the band 1164–1189 MHz to proposed US343 to *the Report and Order* in WT Docket No. 01–289.

C. Satellite DARS and Adjacent Bands

19. *Proposals*. In the *NPRM*, the Commission proposed to revise footnote US328 to permit flight testing

operations to continue on a secondary basis in the band 2320-2345 MHz. The Commission also proposed to delete the radiolocation service from footnote US328 because there are no non-Federal government radiolocation operations in the Satellite DARS band and because the Federal government already has a secondary direct Table allocation for this service. It further proposed to delete the requirement that Satellite DARS licensees take cognizance of the launch vehicle frequency 2332.5 MHz because satellite DARS systems have been implemented. In addition, the Commission requested comment on whether all secondary operations should be deleted from this band in order to protect Satellite DARS operations. It proposed to amend § 87.303(d)(1) to state that frequencies in the band 2310-2360 MHz may be assigned on a secondary basis for telemetry and telecommand operations associated with the flight testing of manned or unmanned aircraft and missiles, or their major component, and proposed to delete the launch vehicle frequency 2332.5 MHz from § 87.303(d)(1). The Commission also proposed to add cross-references in the U.S. Table to part 25, Satellite Communications, in the band 2320-2345 MHz, and to part 87, Aviation Services, in the band 2310-2390 MHz. Finally, the *NPRM* proposed to delete footnote 5.396 from the band 2310-2360 MHz from the Federal Government Table because that footnote pertains to the broadcasting-satellite service, which is not regulated by NTIA; and to delete footnote US338 from the band 2310-2320 MHz because that footnote does not pertain to that band. These combined actions were designed to clarify use of the band 2310-2390 MHz and to permit the new satellite DARS service to operate in an interference-free environment in the band 2320-2345 MHz.

20. Decision. We are adopting the proposals pertaining to the band 2310-2390 MHz set forth in the NPRM, except that we are deleting the mobile service allocation from band 2320-2345 MHz in the U.S. Table and are deleting footnotes US276 and US328, which limit uses under the mobile allocation, from that band. The comments of the Aerospace and Flight Test Radio Coordinating Council and the Boeing Company ("Boeing") convince us that there is no need to maintain a secondary aeronautical telemetry allocation in the band 2320-2345 MHz because such an allocation would be unusable due to potential interference from new Satellite DARS operations. Because footnote

US276 currently limits the use of the mobile service in the band 2320–2385 MHz to aeronautical telemetry, this United States footnote is retained but henceforth will apply only to the band 2360–2385 MHz. In contrast, footnote US328, which applies only to the band 2320–2345 MHz, is deleted in its entirety. In all other respects, we adopt the proposals for the band 2310–2390 MHz set forth in the *NPRM*. This action will eliminate possible interference to Satellite DARS operations, as well as remove confusion regarding use of the band 2310–2390 MHz.

D. ITFS/MDS Band

21. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission stated its belief that FSS and BSS operations in the band 2500-2690 MHz could affect the reliability of point-to-multipoint channels and lowpower consumer response channels in that band and noted that service rules for advanced mobile operations may also be implemented in that band in the future. Therefore, the Commission proposed to delete the unused and limited FSS and BSS allocations from the band 2500-2690 MHz in order to remove regulatory uncertainty. Consistent with its proposal to delete these allocations, the Commission also proposed to delete footnotes NG101 and NG102, which limit the use of the allocations. In addition, it proposed to delete footnote NG47 so as to make the band 2655-2690 MHz available for ITFS/MDS use in Alaska.

22. Decision. We are adopting the proposals pertaining to the band 2500-2690 MHz set forth in the NPRM. No party objects to the proposal to delete the FSS allocation in that band, and only AirTV Limited ("AirTV") objects to the proposal to delete the BSS allocation in that band. We make no finding on the potential benefits of AirTV's proposed based Direct-to-Aircraft entertainment and e-mail system in the band 2535-2670 MHz. However, we find that such a system would increase costs for terrestrial services due to the need to mitigate interference caused by AirTV's system. We concur with Boeing that the World Trade Organization agreement does not apply to AirTV's system and thus the U.S. may limit new satellite authorizations when faced with potential interference issues with incumbent operations. We concur with the Wireless Communications Association International, Inc. that AirTV has not met the burden of demonstrating that its system will not cause interference to terrestrial services that use the band 2520-2670 MHz. Accordingly, as proposed in the NPRM, we are deleting the FSS and BSS

allocations from the band 2500–2690 MHz and are deleting footnotes NG47, NG101, and NG102.

E. Space Science Services

23. Proposals. With respect to active spaceborne sensors, in the NPRM the Commission proposed, in response to a request from NTIA, to allocate the bands 1215-1300 MHz, 3100-3300 MHz, 5255-5350 MHz, 8550-8650 MHz, 9500-9800 MHz, 13.25-13.4 GHz, 17.2-17.3 GHz, and 35.5-36 GHz to the EESS (active) and SRS (active); the bands 5250-5255 MHz and 13.4-13.75 GHz to the EESS (active) and SRS; and the band 5350–5460 MHz to the EESS (active). These allocation changes would implement WRC-97 allocation changes for the space science services. For the Federal Government Table, the Commission proposed that all of these active spaceborne sensor allocations have primary status, except in the band 3100-3300 MHz, where the sensors would continue to have secondary status. For the non-Federal Government Table, the Commission proposed that all of these allocations have secondary status. At the request of NTIA, the Commission also proposed to add five international footnotes to the U.S. Table to ensure that active spaceborne sensors not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the use and development of. incumbent primary services in the bands 1215–1300 MHz, 5350–5460 MHz, and 13.25-13.75 GHz. Finally, and also at the request of NTIA, the Commission proposed to add two international footnotes to the U.S. Table to ensure that primary SRS allocations in the bands 5250-5255 MHz and 13.4-13.75 GHz are limited to active spaceborne sensors and that other space research users are on a secondary basis. Consistent with these proposals, the Commission proposed to delete from the U.S. Table international footnotes 5.333 and 5.551, which provide the current secondary active spaceborne sensor allocations, and also proposed to delete the secondary allocation for the SRS (Earth-to-space) in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz.

24. With respect to other space science services, in the band 401–403 MHz the Commission proposed in the NPRM, in response to a request from NTIA, to upgrade the secondary EESS and METSAT allocations to primary status for Federal government use and to limit non-Federal government use of these allocations to earth stations transmitting to Federal government space stations. The Commission requested comment on whether non-Federal government use of these allocations should be limited to earth

stations transmitting to Federal government space stations. The Commission proposed to allocate the band 410-420 MHz to the SRS (spaceto-space) on a primary basis for Federal government use and to limit its use, through the application of footnote 5.268, to permit communications among astronauts and their base spacecraft while those astronauts are performing activities outside the base spacecraft. In the band 7750-7850 MHz, the Commission proposed an allocation for Federal government METSAT downlink use, limited to NGSO satellites, as requested by NTIA. In the band 8400-8450 MHz, the Commission proposed an allocation for Deep Space downlinks on a secondary basis, to permit non-Federal government entities, such as educational institutions, to perform scientific research in cooperation with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration ("NASA"). In the 32 GHz band range, the Commission proposed to delete the unused ISS allocation from the band 32-32.3 GHz in order to protect deep space reception at Goldstone, California, and proposed to move the text of an international footnote into a U.S. footnote to reflect the anticipated prohibition on use of the band 32-32.3 GHz by the ISS. Finally, in the 34 GHz frequency range, the Commission proposed to move the SRS (deep space) (Earth-to-space) allocation at 34.2-34.7 GHz from a U.S. footnote into the U.S. Table as a direct Table allocation, with Federal government use on a primary basis and with non-Federal government use on a secondary basis; and proposed to move the Goldstone site restriction in that same band from footnote US252 to US262.

25. Decision. We are adopting the proposals to provide a primary Federal government allocation and a secondary non-Federal government allocation for EESS (active) and SRS (active) in the band 1215–1260 MHz. With regard to Lockheed Martin's concerns that a primary allocation for EESS (active) and SRS (active) would pose a threat of harmful interference to domestic and global RNSS, we disagree. First, we are adding international footnote 5.332, which states that, for the band 1215-1260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the EESS and SRS shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the RNSS and other services allocated on a primary basis. Second, we observe that the international frequency table already contains primary allocations for RNSS, EESS (active) and SRS (active) in the

band 1215-1300 MHz. Thus, if the U.S., in the future, decides to add a primary RNSS allocation to the 1260–1300 MHz band, such a decision would be consistent with the existing international allocation. Any appropriate sharing criteria can be worked out at that time. With regard to Medtronic Inc."s recommendation that non-Federal government use of the EESS and METSAT allocations in the band 401-403 MHz be limited to earth stations transmitting to Federal government space stations, no party supports permitting earth stations to transmit to non-Federal government space stations in this band and we did not propose such use. Accordingly, we decline to permit that use.

F. The Band 25.25-27.5 GHz

26. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission noted that there are currently no FCC licensees using the secondary EESS allocation in the band 25.25-27.5 GHz and proposed to: (1) generally reflect changes previously made to the Federal government Table in the NTIA Manual, including adopting a primary ISS allocation in that band and changing the directional indicator for the secondary EESS allocation in the sub-band 25.5-27 GHz from space-tospace to space-to-Earth; (2) correspondingly change the directional indicator for the secondary non-Federal government EESS allocation in that subband; (3) upgrade the Federal government EESS allocation in that subband to primary status; and (4) delete the remainder of the secondary EESS allocation (25.25-25.5 GHz and 27-27.5

27. Decision. We are adopting the proposals pertaining to the band 25.25-27.5 GHz set forth in the NPRM, except that we are maintaining, rather than deleting, the secondary non-Federal government allocation for the EESS (space-to-space) in that band. We take the latter action to allow flexibility for both space-to-space and space-to-Earth operations by Federal and non-Federal government users in that band. With respect to DigitalGlobe Inc."s and Space Imaging, LLC's concerns about non-Federal government EESS systems, we find that these two companies have presented evidence that the non-Federal government, as well as the Federal government, EESS allocation in the subband 25.5–27 GHz band should be upgraded to primary status, but we conclude that we have insufficient basis to upgrade that allocation at this time. The NPRM did not propose to upgrade the non-Federal government allocation, and "based on the limited record in this proceeding "we are unable to

conclusively determine whether Federal government fixed, mobile, ISS, and EESS users of the sub-band 25.5–27 GHz would be adversely affected by this upgrade. Accordingly, we decline to take that action at this time. However, we plan to explore in the WRC-03 implementation proceeding referenced in paragraph 24, of the R&O, whether that change could be made without adversely impacting Federal government users of that sub-band. In the interim, because non-Federal government EESS providers will use that sub-band on a secondary basis to Federal government users, it is incumbent that EESS applicants coordinate their proposed operations with NTIA in order to protect those users. Accordingly, we are adopting the changes for the band 25.25-27.5 GHz proposed in the NPRM, except for maintaining the secondary non-Federal government allocation for the EESS (space-to-space) in that band.

G. Other Allocation Issues

(1) Secondary AMS(R)S Allocation in the Band 136–137 MHz

28. *Proposals*. The *NPRM* proposed a footnote change in the U.S. Table in order to delete the unused AMS(R)S allocation from the band 136–137 MHz. In addition, the *NPRM* proposed a footnote change to remove the expired transition plan for METSAT use of the band 136–137 MHz.

29. *Decision*. No party commented on the proposals pertaining to the band 136–137 MHz set forth in the *NPRM*. We are adopting these proposals. This action will bring the U.S. Table in the band 136–137 MHz into conformance with the band's use by the AM(R)S, remove the potentially conflicting AMS(R)S secondary allocation, and remove the expired transition plan for METSAT use of the band.

(2) The Band 420-450 MHz

30. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission, in response to a request from NTIA on behalf of the U.S. Army, proposed to modify footnotes to the U.S. Table to more than double the combined size of the geographical area in Texas and New Mexico where the maximum transmitter power that amateur radio stations may use in the band 420-450 MHz would generally be limited to 50 watts PEP, rather than the usual limit of 1.5 kW PEP. In its request to the Commission, NTIA states that this geographical area must be extended to prevent interference from amateur radio operations to a New Mexico missile test range. NTIA cites Army concerns that amateur operations in this area present an interference threat to missiles

launched at Fort Wingate, NM, aimed at the airspace over White Sands Missile Range, NM, because there is now a Department of Defense test and evaluation center that uses areas west and south of Albuquerque, NM. Also in response to a request from NTIA, the Commission stated that it intended to place an informational footnote in its Rules pertaining to Federal government wind profiler radar ("WPR") radiolocation use of the sub-band 448-450 MHz. Finally, the NPRM requested comment on whether non-Federal government WPRs should also be allowed in that sub-band on either a primary or secondary basis and on the impact of WPRs on non-Federal government operations permitted in that sub-band.

31. *Decision*. We are adopting the proposals pertaining to the band 420-450 MHz set forth in the NPRM. With regard to the recommendation of ARRL, the National Association for Amateur Radio ("ARRL"), that the Commission establish an expedited method of processing amateur radio license requests in cases where amateurs are able to reach agreements with military area frequency coordinators, we note that our license processing procedures are not subject to rulemaking; however, we always seek to process applications as expeditiously as possible. With regard to the concern of Douglas Hanzan amateur radio licensee—that amateur radio stations be permitted to use 110 watts PEP in that band with a restriction of 6dBi antenna gain, inclusive of transmission line loss, we observe that there already is a procedure by which amateur licensees can use powers greater than 50 watts; i.e., by reaching agreement with a military area frequency coordinator. As indicated in NTIA's correspondence to us of August 2002, the Army finds that the area in Texas and New Mexico where amateur transmitter power in the band must be limited should be expanded to protect missile testing and evaluation at a test range in New Mexico. Accordingly, we are adopting our proposal to modify footnotes to the U.S. Table to expand the area in Texas and New Mexico where the maximum transmitter power that amateur radio stations may use in the band 420–450 MHz would generally be limited to 50 watts PEP. With regard to permitting non-Federal government WPR use of the sub-band 448-450 MHz, only ARRL commented, and it is strongly opposed. Because no one expresses an interest in such non-Federal use, we will not permit non-Federal government WPR use in the 448-450 MHz sub-band.

(3) On-Board Mobile Radiotelephony Communications

32. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission proposed to replace international footnote 669 with footnote 5.287 in the U.S. Table for the band 456–470 MHz. The effect of this proposal would be to permit U.S. licensees to use maritime mobile equipment that is more spectrum-efficient and that has access to ten instead of six channels for on-board communications in areas outside U.S. territorial waters.

33. Decision. No party commented on our proposal to replace international footnote 669 with footnote 5.287 in the U.S. Table for the band 456–470 MHz, thereby revising the frequency use provision for on-board mobile radiotelephony maritime communications. Accordingly we are adopting this proposal. This action will permit more efficient maritime mobile equipment to be employed outside U.S. territorial waters.

(4) IFPRS Use in the Bands 2.1–2.2 GHz and 10.7–11.7 GHz

34. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission, in order to remove regulations that are no longer needed, proposed to delete footnote NG23, which pertains to the band 2100–2200 MHz, and to revise footnote NG41 to remove the band 10.7–11.7 GHz because there are no longer any IFPRS licensees operating in either of these bands. The Commission also proposed to delete all cross-references to part 23, except for C-band, from column 6 of the Table of Frequency Allocations.

35. *Decision*. We are adopting the proposals pertaining to the IRPRS set forth in the *NPRM*, but are rejecting the recommendation of the PanAmSat Corporation ("PanAmSat") to prohibit new C-band IFPRS facilities. There is no opposition to the proposals relating to the IFPRS; however, PanAmSat recommends that we take additional action. While we concur with PanAmSat that new IFPRS facilities are unlikely to be required in C-band, we do not want to foreclose the opportunity for additional use of this service in remote island areas if it is required. Further, we have not given interested parties sufficient notice in this proceeding to prohibit such facilities. Additionally, there would be no significant administrative advantage of such a prohibition, as C-band IFPRS rules must be retained for existing facilities. Accordingly, we deny PanAmSat's request.

(5) Secondary MSS Use of the Band 14–14.5 GHz

36. Proposals. In the NPRM, the Commission observed that LMSS operates on the band 14-14.5 GHz in the United States on a secondary basis without causing harmful interference to ubiquitously deployed VSATs and that other nations have implemented MMSS uplinks in the band 14-14.5 GHz on a secondary basis. The Commission also observed that it agreed with the U.S. WRC-97 Proposals that using the same or similar terminals to offer MMSS services in the band 14-14.5 GHz should be compatible with other services in this band, especially since the LMSS allocation has been successfully used in the United States for some time. Accordingly, the Commission proposed in the NPRM to allocate the band 14-14.5 GHz to the MSS (Earth-to-space) except AMSS on a secondary basis for non-Federal government use.

37. Decision. We are allocating the band 14-14.5 GHz to the MSS, including AMSS (Earth-to-space), for non-Federal government use on a secondary basis. There is no opposition to this allocation. Consistent with the comments of Boeing regarding AMSS, we believe that such use of the band appears to be technically feasible and would be helpful in meeting the growing demand for two-way broadband data and communications capabilities for commercial aircraft passengers and crew. Further, WRC-03 added a worldwide secondary AMSS allocation in this band. We find that conforming the U.S. Table to this recent international allocation is desirable because it will facilitate an important new use of the 14-14.5 GHz band on a non-interference basis to other uses of the band. We further find that no party need be adversely impacted by this action. However, we note that the SRS has a secondary allocation in a portion of this band and NASA uses that allocation as a downlink for its Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System ("TDRSS"). Further, the National Science Foundation ("NSF") operates radio astronomy services ("RAS") in the band 14.47-14.50 GHz in accordance with footnote US203 and Radio Astronomy is allocated on a secondary basis internationally. Therefore, users of AMSS will need to deal with protection of radio astronomy. We also note that a number of administrations have specified specific protection requirements for radio astronomy. In December 2001, we issued Boeing a license to operate mobile earth stations aboard aircraft in the 14-14.5 GHz band

and imposed several conditions on that license, including the conditions that Boeing not constrain deployment of additional government stations operated by NASA in the SRS and that Boeing design and operate its system in accordance with its Technical Operational Coordination Agreement with NSF to facilitate the protection of RAS. Boeing must continue to operate in accordance with the conditions that we imposed on its license and thus must continue to protect the TDRSS and RAS operations in the 14–14.5 GHz band. Further, in accordance with a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") that we reached with NTIA in July 2002, we will protect those operations from interference by any future AMSS operations that we authorize in that band. Until we adopt final rules relating to allocation changes in the 14–14.5 GHz band or licensing of AMSS terminals in that band, we will place the following conditions on any additional system authorizations that we may issue in that band for a service similar to Boeing's:

(1) The system shall be designed and operated so as not to cause harmful interference to TDRSS or RAS operations in the United States; and

(2) The system shall not constrain future deployment of additional Federal Earth Stations in the SRS and RAS authorized pursuant to existing allocations.

Because RAS operations in the band 14.47-14.5 GHz operate on an unprotected basis domestically, we will maintain the protection of RAS as articulated in the conditions specified above. However, we note that the Commission may explore in a future rulemaking the protection levels or mechanism necessary to protect these services. The NTIA/FCC MOU states that "[t]he FCC will endeavor to reflect in its decisions conditions and constraints that explicitly protect NASA, NSF and other government operations (i.e., ITU–R Recommendation RA. 769 for Radio Astronomy and ITU-R Recommendations S.A. 5.10, S.A. 1017, S.A. 1155, S.A. 1414, M. AMSS for TDRSS earth stations, and Boeing's Technical Operational Coordination Agreement with NSF, dated 13 December 2001, and the letter of guidance provided to Boeing by NASA, dated December 18, 2001."

38. Lastly, as noted in paragraph 55, of the R&O, government fixed and mobile services are allocated on a secondary basis in the band 14.4–14.5 GHz. Protection criteria for these government terrestrial operations may need to be developed in conjunction

with AMSS service rules in the 14–14.5 GHz band.

39. Accordingly, we are allocating the 14–14.5 GHz band to all MSS uses on a secondary basis to the primary FSS in that band, as well as on a secondary basis to the primary radionavigation service in the 14–14.2 GHz sub-band. Finally, with regard to PanAmSat's concern about MMSS, we observe that such use of the band 14–14.5 GHz—like other MSS use of this band—will be on a secondary basis to FSS, and we find no need to further restrict how MMSS should operate in the band.

H. Ministerial Amendments

40. *Proposals.* In the *NPRM*, the Commission proposed to make a number of ministerial amendments to part 2 of the Commission's rules. First, to eliminate both confusion and outdated provisions, the Commission proposed to:

(1) Replace international footnotes 599A, 608A, 608B, and 647B in the "Little LEO" bands of the U.S. Table with footnotes 5.208, 5.219, 5.220, and 5.264, respectively, which are non-

substantive changes;

(2) Merge footnote US322 into US320, that is, add the bands 149.9–150.05 MHz and 399.9–400.05 MHz to footnote US320, and delete superfluous footnotes US322 and 599B from the U.S. Table;

(3) Delete expired footnote US318 from the band 137–138 MHz and the part 25 cross reference from the band 136–137 MHz; and

(4) Delete expired text from section 25.202(a)(3), which concerns the allocation status of certain of the Little LEO bands.

- 41. Second, the Commission observed that, in WT Docket No. 01–289, it proposed to delete the Civil Air Patrol ("CAP") from part 87 of the rules because the Commission has no formal relationship with the CAP, which is authorized by the U.S. Air Force and NTIA. To be consistent with that proposal, in the *NPRM* the Commission proposed to delete footnote US10, which states that several frequencies in the band 138–144 MHz are available for use by the CAP.
- 42. Third, the Commission proposed to delete international footnote 510 from the band 144–146 MHz in the non-Federal Government Table. This footnote, through its reference of Resolution 640, invited administrations to provide for the needs of international disaster communications and for the needs of emergency communications using certain amateur bands.

43. Fourth, the Commission proposed to revise footnote US48 to remove provisions regarding the band 5350–

5460 MHz that are already provided elsewhere in the Table. That is, there is already a primary direct Table allocation for Federal government radiolocation and a secondary direct Table allocation for non-Federal government radiolocation in the band 5350–5460 MHz for this purpose.

44. Fifth, the Commission proposed to revise footnote US110 to remove provisions regarding certain bands that are already shown in the Table. That is, there are primary direct Table allocations for Federal government radiolocation and secondary direct Table allocations for non-Federal government radiolocation in all of the bands listed in footnote US110, except for the band 9200–9300 MHz, which is allocated to both the Federal and non-Federal government radiolocation service on a secondary basis.

45. Sixth, the Commission proposed to revise footnote US310 to specify the pfd limits for all angles of arrival. Currently US310 specifies only the maximum and minimum pfd limits and references CCIR Recommendation 510–1, which has been renumbered as Recommendation ITU–R SA.510–2, for

the specific requirements.

46. Seventh, the Commission proposed to add a reference to footnote NG167 in the band 17.3–17.7 GHz to explicitly tie the allocation for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 17.3–17.7 GHz to its feeder link allocation in the band 24.75–25.25 GHz.

47. Eighth, the Commission proposed to make the following changes to the rule part cross-references in column 6 of the Table of Frequency Allocations:

- (1) Delete part 87, the Aviation Services, from the band 29.8–30 MHz and add part 87 to the bands 72–73 MHz, 74.6–74.8 MHz, and 156.2475– 157.0375 MHz;
- (2) Add part 90, the Private Land Mobile Radio Services, to the band 410– 420 MHz:
- (3) Add part 80, the Maritime Services, to the band 1525–1535 MHz; and
- (4) Add part 25, Satellite Communications, to the band 1660– 1660.5 MHz.

48. Ninth, the Commission proposed to make the following changes to eliminate outdated requirements or correct typographical errors:

(1) Clarify in footnote US217 that spread spectrum radiolocation systems may be authorized for Federal and non-Federal government use in the sub-band 420–435 MHz within Alaska and the contiguous 48 states and correct several typographical errors;

(2) Correct a typographical error in footnote US316 by changing the

NEXRAD expansion band from 2900–3100 MHz to 2900–3000 MHz;

(3) Delete the references to footnote NG30 in the band 806–894 MHz and to footnote NG43 in the band 806–849 MHz from the non-Federal Government Table because these footnotes have previously been deleted, but were not fully removed from the non-Federal Government Table;

(4) Delete footnote NG63 because the Commission's licensing files show that there are no television broadcast translator stations still authorized to operate in the band 806–890 MHz (old TV channels 70–83); and

(5) Delete footnote US54 because Federal government radiolocation systems that could cause harmful interference to ARNS have had at least since 1961 to move to other frequency

49. Tenth, the Commission proposed to replace the reference to international footnote 5.149 with footnote US342 in the U.S. Table for several frequency bands and proposed to add two additional bands to the text of that footnote. In addition, it proposed to delete footnote 5.149 from the band 1660.5-1668.4 MHz, and proposed to revise US342 by deleting the indication showing which frequency bands are used for spectral line observations. The Commission also requested comment on whether US342 could be revised to state that licensees are "urged," (similar to footnote 5.149) instead of "required" to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service ("RAS") from harmful interference.

50. Finally, the Commission observed that the band 73–74.6 MHz is allocated exclusively to the RAS, which is a passive service, and that passive bands are listed in footnote US246. Accordingly, it proposed to add the band 73–74.6 MHz to US246.

51. Decision. No party commented on any of the proposals pertaining to ministerial amendments to part 2 of the Commission's rules set forth in the NPRM. We are adopting these proposals, to enhance the accuracy of the U.S. Table. In addition, on our own motion, we are making nine additional ministerial changes. We are merging the bands 698–746 MHz and 746–764 MHz as the band 698–764 MHz because the allocations in these bands are exactly the same and thus, this action simplifies our Table. We are deleting the band 34.2-34.7 GHz from footnote US252 because the SRS allocation for this band has been made a direct Table allocation. We are deleting the obsolete list of coordinated observatories from footnote US277 and are instead cross referencing the list of observatories in footnote

US355. We are correcting footnote US355 in order to use the proper symbols for degree, minute, and second. We remove the "S" reference in footnote US303 to make the cross-reference to ITU Radio Regulation No. 21.16 consistent with current practice. We are updating footnote NG114 to refer to the Public Mobile Service, not the Domestic Public Service, which no longer exists. At the request of NTIA, we are adding footnote 5.391, which prohibits highdensity mobile systems, to the band 2200-2290 MHz, which is Federal government exclusive band. We are adding cross reference to the Aviation Services (part 87) in the bands 2310-2320 MHz and 2345-2385 MHz. We also remove those footnotes to the Table of Frequency Allocations that are no longer in effect because they have been suppressed in the ITU Radio Regulations. These additional ministerial actions will update and otherwise remove errors from the U.S. Table.

Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification

52. The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, as amended ("RFA") requires that a final regulatory analysis be prepared for notice-and-comment rule making proceedings, unless the agency certifies that the "the rule will not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The RFA generally defines the term "small entity" as having the same meaning as the terms "small business," "small organization," and "small governmental jurisdiction." In addition, the term 'small business" has the same meaning as the term "small business concern" under the Small Business Act. A "small business concern" is one which: (1) Is independently owned and operated; (2) is not dominant in its field of operation; and (3) satisfies any additional criteria established by the Small Business Administration ("SBA").

53. The Report and Order amends parts 2, 25, and 87 of our rules in order to implement domestically various allocation decisions from several World **Radiocommunication Conferences** concerning the frequency bands between 28 MHz and 36 GHz and to otherwise update our rules in this frequency range. These allocations mainly affect Federal agencies. Those allocations that are most significant to non-Federal government operations are: (1) Implementing generic L-band MSS allocations; (2) allocating the band 1164-1189 MHz to the RNSS; and (3) deleting unused and limited FSS and BSS allocations from the band 25002690 MHz. Concerning L-band MSS, currently there is only one U.S. licensee. Concerning the RNSS allocation, only one or at most a few large companies are expected to be able to launch and maintain RNSS systems, which are expensive. The last action merely deletes unused allocations, with no direct effect on licensees or regulatees.

54. We have determined that the rules adopted in this R&O will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Accordingly, we hereby certify that this R&O will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Reference Information Center, will send a copy of this R&O, including this certification, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

Ordering Clauses

55. Pursuant to sections 1, 4, 301, 302(a), 303, 307, 309, 316, 332, 334, and 336 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. sections 151, 154, 301, 302(a), 303, 307, 309, 316, 332, 334, and 336, the Report and Order and final rules are adopted.

56. The late-filed comments of DigitalGlobe, Inc. to the *Notice of Proposed Rule Making* in this proceeding are accepted.

57. The Commission's Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Reference Information Center, shall send a copy of this Report and Order, including the Final Regulatory Flexibility Certification, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

58. This proceeding is terminated.

List of Subjects

47 CFR Part 2

Communications equipment, Radio.

47 CFR Part 25

Communications equipment, Satellites.

47 CFR Part 87

Air transportation.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

Final Rules

■ For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR parts 2, 25, and 87 as follows:

PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 2 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 302a, 303, and 336, unless otherwise noted.

■ 2. Section 2.1 is amended by adding the following definitions in alphabetic order:

§ 2.1 Terms and definitions.

* * * * *

Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) Station. A differential RNSS station for specific augmentation of CPS

Differential Radionavigation Satellite Service (Differential RNSS) Station. A station used for the transmission of differential correction data and related information (such as ionospheric data and RNSS satellite integrity information) as an augmentation to an RNSS system for the purpose of improved navigation accuracy.

- 3. Section 2.106 is amended as follows: ■ a. Revise pages 22 through 75 of the Table.
- b. In the list of International Footnotes under heading I, remove footnotes 5.120, 5.148, 5.333, and 5.551; add footnotes 5.457A, 5.457B, 5.504A, 5.504B, 5.504C, 5.506A, 5.506B, 5.508A, and 5.509A; and revise footnotes 5.505 and 5.508.
- c. In the list of International Footnotes under heading II, remove footnotes 591, 599A, 599B, 608A, 608B, 647B, 669, and 792A.
- d. In the list of United States (US) Footnotes, revise US7, US48, US78, US110, US217, US244, US246, US252,

US258, US262, US276, US277, US278, US303, US310, US316, US320, US342, and US355; remove US10, US54, US228, US269, US318, US322, and US328; and add footnotes US384, US385, and US386.

- e. In the list of Non-Federal Government (NG) Footnotes, remove NG23, NG47, NG63, NG101, and NG102; and revise NG41 and NG114.
- f. In the list of Federal Government (G) Footnotes, revise footnote G2 and add footnote G129.

The revisions and additions read as follows:

	28-33 MI	28-33 MHz (HF/VHF)		
International	Table		United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1 Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
28-29.7 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE		28-29.89	28-29.7 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	Amateur (97)
29.7-30.005 FIXED MOBILE			29.7-29.8 LAND MOBILE US340	Private Land Mobile (90)
			29.8-29.89 FIXED	
		US340	US340	
		29.89-29.91 FIXED MOBILE	29.89-29.91	
		US340	US340	
		29.91-30	29.91-30 FIXED	
		US340	US340	
30.005-30.01 SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH		30-30.56 FIXED MOBILE	30-30.56	
RIXED MOBILE		30.56-32	30.56-32 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
		32-33 FIXED MOBILE	32-33	
		See next page for 33-37.5 MHz	71	See next page for 33-37.5 MHz
				Page 22

	33-50 N	33-50 MHz (VHF)		Page 23
International Table			United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1 Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 30.01-37.5 MHz		33-34	33-34 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
			NG124	
		34-35 FIXED MOBILE	34-35	
		35-36	35-36 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Private Land Mobile (90)
		36-37 FIXED MOBILE	36-37	
		US220	US220	
		37-37.5	37-37.5 LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
			NG124	
37.5-38.25 FIXED MOBILE		37.5-38 Radio astronomy	37.5-38 LAND MOBILE Radio astronomy	
Radio astronomy		US342	US342 NG59 NG124	
		38-38.25 FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY	38-38.25 RADIO ASTRONOMY	
5.149		US81 US342	US81 US342	
38.25-39.986 FIXED MOBILE		38.25-39 FIXED MOBILE	38.25-39	
		39-40	39-40 LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
39.986-40.02			NG124	
FIXED MOBILE		40-42 FIXED	40-40.98	ISM Equipment (18)
Space research		MOBILE		Private Land Mobile (90)

40.02-40.98 FIXED MOBILE					
5.150				5.150 US210	
40.98-41.015 EIXED				40.98-42	
MOBILE					
Space research					
5.160 5.161					
41.015-44 EIVED					
MOBILE			5.150 US210 US220	US220	
			42-46.6	42-43.69 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Private Land Mobile (90)
				NG124 NG141	
5.160 5.161				43.69-46.6 LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
44-47					
MOBILE				NG124 NG141	
			46.6-47	46.6-47	
5.162 5.162A			FIXED MOBILE		
47-68		47-50	47-49.6	47-49.6	
BROADCASTING	FIXED MOBII F	FIXED MOBII F		LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
		BROADCASTING		NG124	
			49.6-50	49.6-50	
		5.162A	MOBILE		
5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 5.169 5.171	See next page for 50-68 MHz		See next page for 50-73 MHz	See next page for 50-72 MHz	See next page for 50-72 MHz
		=			Page 24

		50-123.587	50-123.5875 MHz (VHF)		Page 25
	International Table			United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 47-68 MHz	50-54 AMATEUR		50-73	50-54 AMATEUR	Amateur (97)
	5.162A 5.166 5.167 5.168 5.170	70			
	54-68 BROADCASTING	54-68 FIXED		54-72 BROADCASTING	Broadcast Radio (TV)
	Fixed Mobile	MUBILE BROADCASTING			(73) Auxiliary Broadcasting (74)
	5.172	5.162A			
68-74.8 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	68-72 BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile	68-74.8 FIXED MOBILE			
	5.173			NG115 NG128 NG149	
	72-73 FIXED MOBILE			72-73 FIXED MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Aviation (87)
				NG3 NG49 NG56	Private Land Mobile (90) Personal Radio (95)
	73-74.6 RADIO ASTRONOMY		73-74.6 RADIO ASTRONOMY US74		
	5.178		US246		
5 110 5 174 5 175 F 177	74.6-74.8 FIXED MOBILE		74.6-74.8 FIXED MOBILE		Aviation (87) Private Land Mobile (90)
5.179		5.149 5.176 5.179	US273		
74.8-75.2 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	IGATION		74.8-75.2 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	rigation	Aviation (87)
5.180 5.181			5.180		
75.2-87.5 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical	75.2-75.4 FIXED MOBILE		75.2-75.4 FIXED MOBILE		Private Land Mobile (90)
mobile	5.179		US273		

	73.4-78 FIXED MOBII F	75.4-8/ FIXED MOBILE	/3.4-88	75.4-76 FIXED MOB!! E	Public Mobile (22)
	ב ני	MODIFE F		NO DILLE	Private Land Mobile (90) Personal Radio (95)
				NG3 NG49 NG56	
	76-88	5.182 5.183 5.188		76-88	
	BROADCASTING	87-100		BROADCASTING	Broadcast Radio (TV)
5.175 5.179 5.184 5.187	Mobile	MOBILE		•	(73) Auxiliary Broadcasting
87.5-100		BROADCASTING			(74)
BROADCASTING	5.185			NG128 NG129 NG149	•
5,190	88-100 BROADCASTING		88-108	88-108 BDADCASTING	December 200
100-108				פארו פארוסאסאם	Dioaccast Radio (FIVI)
BROADCASTING					Auxiliary Broadcasting
5.192 5.194			US93	US93 NG2 NG128 NG129	(/4)
108-117.975 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	GATION		108-117.975 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	SATION	Aviation (87)
5.197 5.197A			US93 US343		
117.975-137			447 075 404 0075		
AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)			117.9/5-121.93/5 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
		•	5.111 5.198 5.199 5.200 US26 US28	US28	
			121.9375-123.0875	121.9375-123.0875 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	
			5.198 US30 US31 US33 (5.198 US30 US31 US33 US80 US102 US213	
			123.0875-123.5875 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE		
			5.198 5.200 US32 US33 US112		
5.111 5.198 5.199 5.200 5.201 5.202 5.203 5.203/	5.202 5.203 5.203A 5.203B		See next page for 123.5875-137 MHz	7 MHz	See next page for 123.5875-137 MHz
					Page 26

	123.5875-1	123.5875-148 MHz (VHF)		Page 27
International T	Table	United Sta	United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1 Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 117.975-137 MHz		123.5875-128.8125 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		Aviation (87)
		5.198 US26		
		128.8125-132.0125	128.8125-132.0125 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)	
		5.198	5.198	
		132.0125-136 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R)		
		5.198 US26		
		136-137	136-137	
			(R)	
The state of the s		US244	US244	
137-137.025		137-137 025		
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5,208A 5,209	0	SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MORILE SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	to-Earth) ITE (space-to-Earth)	Satellite Communications (25)
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)		SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	o-Earth)	
Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)				
5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208		5.208		
137.025-137.175 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.2084 5.209 Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)		137.025-137.175 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) US319 US320	o-Earth) ITE (space-to-Earth) -Earth) h) US319 US320	
5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208		5.208		
137.175-137.825 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	ø	137.175-137.825 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US319 US320 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	o-Earth) ITE (space-to-Earth) 5-Earth) US319 US320 5-Earth)	

Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.204 5.205 5.206 5.208	bile (R)		5.208		
137.825-138 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.2084 5.209 Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R)	o-Earth) ITE (space-to-Earth) -Earth) 1) 5.208A 5.209 bille (R)		137.825-138 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) US319 US320	-Earth) TE (space-to-Earth) -Earth))) US319 US320	
5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208			5.208		
138-143.6 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	— LL 2 LL 0	138-143.6 FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth)	138-144 FIXED MOBILE	138-144	
5.210 5.211 5.212 5.214	(space-to-Eatti)	5.207 5.213			
143.6-143.65 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)	143.6-143.65 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH	143.6-143.65 FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth)			
5.211 5.212 5.214	(space-to-Earth)	5.207 5.213			
143.65-144 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR)	143.65-144 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION Space research (space-to-Earth)	143.65-144 FIXED MOBILE Space research (space-to-Earth)			
144-146 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.216			144-148	144-146 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE	Amateur (97)
146-148 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)	146-148 AMATEUR	146-148 AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE		146-148 AMATEUR	
	0.5.1	0.217			Page 28

Value - representation of the second of the		148-162.012	148-162.0125 MHz (VHF)		Page 29
Tourist I Manager I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	International Table		United Sta	United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2 Region 3	on 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
148-149.9 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) MOBILE-SATELLITE	148-149.9 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209	ce) 5.209	148-149.9 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US319	148-149.9 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US319 US320 US323 US325	Satellite Communications (25)
(Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.218 5.219 5.221	5.218 5.219 5.221		US320 US323 US325 5.218 5.219 G30	5.218 5.219	
149.9-150.05 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.224A RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.224B	-space) 5.209 5.224A TE 5.224B		149.9-150.05 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US319 US320 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE	-space) US319 US320 .ITE	
5.220 5.222 5.223			5.223		
150.05-153 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	150.05-156.7625 FIXED MOBILE		150.05-150.8 FIXED MOBILE	150.05-150.8	
RADIO ASTRONOMY			US216 G30	US216	
			150.8-152.855	150.8-152.855 FIXED LAND MOBILE NG112	Public Mobile (22) Private Land Mobile (90) Bersonal Badio (95)
			US216	US216 NG4 NG51 NG124	
5.149			152.855-154	152.855-154 LAND MOBILE	Auxiliary Broadcasting
153-154 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical					(74) Private Land Mobile (90)
mobile (R) Meteorological aids				NG4 NG124	
154-156.7625 FIXED			154-156.2475	154-156.2475 FIXED	Maritime (80)
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)				LAND MOBILE NG112	Private Land Mobile (90)
			5.226	5.226 NG117 NG124 NG148	
5.226 5.227	5.225 5.226 5.227		156.2475-157.0375	156.2475-157.0375 MARITIME MOBILE	Aviation (87)

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156.7625-156.8375 MARITIME MOBILE (distress and calling)	and calling)			
5.111 5.226		5.226 5.227 US77 US106	5.226 5.227 US77 US106	
156.8375-174	156.8375-174	US107 US266	US107 US266 NG117	
FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	FIXED MOBILE	157.0375-157.1875 MARITIME MOBILE	157.0375-157.1875	Private Land Mobile (90)
		5.226 US214 US266 G109	5.226 US214 US266	
		157.1875-157.45	157.1875-157.45 LAND MOBILE MARITIME MOBILE	Maritime (80) Private Land Mobile (90)
		5.226 US223 US266	5.226 US223 US266 NG111	901° - 1
		157.45-161.575	157.45-161.575 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Maritime (80)
	•	5.226 US266	5.226 US266 NG6 NG28 NG70 NG111 NG112 NG124 NG148 NG155	Private Land Mobile (90)
		161.575-161.625	161.575-161.625 MARITIME MOBILE	Public Mobile (22)
		5.226 US77	5.226 US77 NG6 NG17	Maritime (80)
		161.625-161.775	161.625-161.775 LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22)
		5.226	5.226 NG6	(74)
		161.775-162.0125	161.775-162.0125	
			LAND MOBILE MARITIME MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Maritime (80)
		5.226 US266	5.226 US266 NG6	Frivate Land Mobile (90)
5.226 5.229	5,226 5,230 5,231 5,232	See next page for 162.0125-174 MHz	74 MHz	See next page for 162.0125-174 MHz
				Page 30

		162.0125-322	162.0125-322 MHz (VHF/UHF)		Page 31
	International Table		United Sta	United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 156.8375-174 MHz	75-174 MHz		162.0125-173.2 FIXED US13 MOBILE	162.0125-173.2	Auxiliary Broadcasting (74)
			5.226 US8 US11 US216 US223 US300 US312 G5	5.226 USB US11 US13 US216 US223 US300 US312	Private Land Mobile (90)
			173.2-173.4	173.2-173.4 FIXED Land mobile	Private Land Mobile (90)
			173.4-174 FIXED MOBILE	173.4-174	
			G5		
174-223 BROADCASTING	174-216 BROADCASTING Fixed	174-223 FIXED MOBII E	174-216	174-216 BROADCASTING	Broadcast Radio (TV)
	Mobile	BROADCASTING			Auxiliary Broadcasting
	5.234			NG115 NG128 NG149	(14)
	216-220 FIXED MARITIME MOBILE		216-220 Fixed Mobile	216-220 FIXED MOBILE except aeronaufical	Maritime (80)
	Radiolocation 5.241		Radiolocation 5.241 G2	mobile	
	5.242		US210 US229	US210 US229 NG152 NG173	Amateur (97)
	220-225 AMATEUR FIXED		220-222 FIXED LAND MOBILE	220-222 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
	MOBILE Radiolocation 5.241		Radiolocation 5.241 G2		
			US335	US335	
5.235 5.237 5.243		5.233 5.238 5.240 5.245	222-225 Radiolocation 5.241 G2	222-225 AMATEUR	Amateur (97)

SO LE DCASTING NAUTICAL ONAVIGATION ocation SS SS NAUTICAL ONAVIGATION	5.250 627 235-267 235-267 FIXED MOBILE 5.111 5.199 5.256 267-322 FIXED MOBILE MO	-Earth)		
	5.247 5.251 5.250 235-267 FIXED MOBILE 5.111 5.199 5.252 5.254 5.256 AMOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth)	5.254 5.257 272-273 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE 5.254 273-312 FIXED MOBILE 5.254 312-315 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.254 5.255	315-322 FIXED MOBILE	5.254

	322-410 MHz (UHF)	middelight.	Page 33
International Table		United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1 Region 2 Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
322-328.6 FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY	322-328.6 FIXED MOBILE	322-328.6	
5.149	US342 G27	US342	
328 6-335.4 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258	328.6-335.4 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.258	NAVIGATION 5.258	
5.259	225 / 300 0	335 A 300 O	
335.4-387 FIXED MOBILE 5.254	335.4-399.9 FIXED MOBILE	335.4-399.9	
387-390 FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.208A 5.254 5.255			
390-399.9 FIXED MOBILE			
5.254	G27 G100	;	
399.9-400.05 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.209 5.224A RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.222 5.224B 5.260	399.9-400.05 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) U RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.260	399.9-400.05 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US319 US320 RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE 5.260	
5.220			
400.05-400.15 STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL-SATELLITE (400.1 MHz)	400.05-400.15 STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL- SATELLITE (400.1 MHz)	Y AND TIME SIGNAL-	
5.261 5.262	5.261		
400.15-401 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.2084 5.209 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263 Space operation (space-to-Earth)	400.15-401 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70 METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US319 US320 US324	400.15-401 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70 MOBILE-SATELLITE arth) (space-to-Earth) US319 US320 US324 SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263	Satellite Communications (25)

	SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.263 Space operation (space-to-Earth)	Space operation (space-to-Earth)	
5.262 5.264	5.264	5.264	
401-402 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Farth)	401-402 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70	401-402 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70	
EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth)	
Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile	EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Footh to proper)	Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) Meteorological-satellite	
	US384	US384	
402-403 METEODOLOGICAL MIDS	402-403 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	402-403 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	Derection (95)
METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	(radiosonde) US70 EARTH EXPLORATION-	(radiosonde) US70 Earth exploration-satellite	
Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile	SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	(Earth-to-space) Meteorological-satellite (Earth-to-space)	
	US345 US384	US345 US384	
403-406 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed	403-406 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70	403-406 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) US70	
Mobile except aeronautical mobile	US345 G6	US345	
406-406.1 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	406-406.1 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	space)	
5.266 5.267	5.266 5.267	:	
406.1-410 FIXED	406.1-410 FIXED US13	406.1-410 RADIO ASTRONOMY US74	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY	MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY US74		
5.149	US117 G5 G6	US13 US117	
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	International Table		United States Table	ites Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
410-420 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268	nobile 5-space) 5.268		410-420 FIXED US13 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) 5.268	410-420	Private Land Mobile (90)
			G 5	US13	
420-430 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	nobile		420-450 RADIOLOCATION US217 G2 G129	420-450 Amateur US7 NG135	Private Land Mobile (90) Amateur (97)
5.269 5.270 5.271					
430-440 AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION	430-440 RADIOLOCATION Amateur				
5.138 5.271 5.272 5.273 5.274 5.275 5.276 5.277 5.280 5.281 5.282 5.283	5.271 5.276 5.277 5.278 5.27	5.278 5.279 5.281 5.282			
440-450 FIXED					
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	nobile				
5.269 5.270 5.271 5.284 5.285 5.286	5.5.286		5.286 US7 US87 US230 G8	5.282 5.286 US87 US217 US230	
450-455 FIXED MOBII F			450-454	450-454 LAND MOBILE	Auxiliary Broadcasting
			5.286 US87	5.286 US87 NG112 NG124	Private Land Mobile (90)
			454-456	454-455 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Maritime (80)
5.209 5.271 5.286 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286D	86B 5.286C 5.286D 5.286E	-		NG12 NG112 NG148	
455-456 FIXED MOBILE	455-456 FIXED MOBILE	455-456 FIXED MOBII F		455-456 LAND MOBILE	Auxiliary Broadcasting
	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C				
5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	5.209	5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E			

456-459 FIXED MOBILE 5.271 5.288			456-460	456-460 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22) Maritime (80) Private Land Mobile (90)
	459-460 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C	459-460 FIXED MOBILE			
5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	5.209	5.209 5.271 5.286A 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E	5.287 5.288	5.287 5.288 NG112 NG124 NG148	
460-470 FIXED MOBILE	7 1 1		460-470 Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth)	460-462.5375 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
Meteorological-satellite (space-to-carti)	-to-carm)			5.289 US201 US209 NG124	
				462.5375-462.7375 LAND MOBILE	Personal Radio (95)
				5.289 US201	
				462.7375-467.5375 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
				5.287 5.289 US201 US209 US216 NG124	
				467.5375-467.7375 LAND MOBILE	Personal Radio (95)
				5.287 5.289 US201	
				467.7375-470 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
5.287 5.288 5.289 5.290			5.287 5.288 5.289 US201 US209 US216	5.288 5.289 US201 US216 NG124	
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		470-849	470-849 MHz (UHF)		Page 37
	International Table		United States Table	ites Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
470-790 BROADCASTING	470-512 BROADCASTING		470-608	470-512 FIXED NG127	Public Mobile (22)
	Fixed Mobile	MOBILE BROADCASTING		LAND MOBILE NG66 BROADCASTING NG149	Broadcast Radio (TV) (73)
					Auxiliary Broadcasting (74)
	5.292 5.293			NG114 NG115 NG128	Private Land Mobile (90)
	512-608 BROADCASTING	5.291 5.298		512-608 BROADCASTING NG149	Broadcast Radio (TV)
		585-610 FIXED			(73) Auxiliary Broadcasting
	5.297	MOBILE BROADCASTING RADIONAVIGATION		NG115 NG128	
	608-614 RADIO ASTRONOMY		608-614 RADIO ASTRONOMY (1874		Personal (95)
	Mobile-satellite except	5.149 5.305 5.306 5.307	LAND MOBILE US350		(00) 1810000
	aeronautical mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	610-890 FIXED	US246		
	614-806 BROADCASTING	MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING	614-890	614-698 BROADCASTING NG149	Broadcast Badio (TV)
	Fixed				(73)
	ALCON I			NG115 NG128	Auxiliary Broadcasting (74)
				698-764 FIXED	Wireless
				MOBILE BROADCASTING NG159	Communications (27) Broadcast Radio (TV)
					(73) Auxiliary Broadcasting
				NG115 NG128	(74) Private Land Mobile (90)
				764-776	
				HIXED	Auxiliary Broadcasting (74)
	-			NG115 NG128 NG158	Private Land Mobile (90)
				NG159	

Wireless Communications (27) Broadcast Radio (TV)	Auxiliary Broadcast. (74) Private Land Mobile (90)	Auxiliary Broadcasting	('4) Private Land Mobile (90)	Public Mobile (22) Private Land Mobile (90)		Private Land Mobile (90)	Public Mobile (22)		See next page for 866-896 MHz	Page 38
776-794 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING	NG115 NG128 NG159	794-806 FIXED	MODILE NG115 NG128 NG158 NG159	806-821 FIXED LAND MOBILE	NG31	821-824 LAND MOBILE	824-849 FIXED LAND MOBILE	NG151	See next page for 849-894 MHz	
									5.149 5.305 5.306 5.307 5.311 5.320	
			5.293 5.309 5.311	806-890 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING					5.317 5.318	
5.149 5.291A 5.294 5.296 5.300 5.302 5.304 5.306 5.311 5.312	790-862 FIXED	BROADCASTING						5.312 5.314 5.315 5.316	5.319 5.321 See next page for 862-890 MHz	

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	International Lable		OIIIIGO OIII	les lable	TOO Rule rail(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous pages for 470-862 MHz	See previous pages for 614-890 MHz	See previous pages for 585-890 MHz	See previous pages for 614-890 MHz	See previous pages for 614-849 MHz	See previous pages for 614-849 MHz
				849-851 AERONAUTICAL MOBILE	Public Mobile (22)
				851-866 FIXED	Public Mobile (22)
				LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
				NG31	
862-890 FIXED				866-869 LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
MOBILE except aeronautical					
mobile BROADCASTING 5.322					
				869-894 FIXED	Public Mobile (22)
5.319 5.323				LAND MOBILE	
890-942 FIXED	890-902 FIXED	890-942 FIXED	890-905	US116 US268 NG151	
MOBILE except aeronautical	MOBILE except aeronautical	MOBILE 5.317A		894-896	
BROADCASTING 5.322 Radiolocation	Radiolocation	Radiolocation		US116 US268	
				896-901 FIXED	Private Land Mobile (90)
				LAND MOBILE	
				US116 US268	
				901-902 FIXED MOBILE	Personal Communications (24)
	5.318 5.325		US116 US268 G2	US116 US268	in an other section of the section o

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	902-928 FIXED Amateur Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.325A		RADIOLOCATION G59		ISM Equipment (18) Private Land Mobile (90) Amateur (97)
	Radiolocation 5.150 5.325 5.326		5.150 US215 US218 US267 US275 G11	5.150 US215 US218 US267 US275	
	928-942 FIXED		928-932	928-929 FIXED	Public Mobile (22)
	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A			S215 US268	Private Land Mobile (90) Fixed Microwave (101)
	Kadiolocation			929-930 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
				US116 US215 US268	
				930-931 FIXED MOBILE	Personal Communications (24)
				US116 US215 US268	
				931-932 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Public Mobile (22)
			US116 US215 US268 G2	US116 US215 US268	
			932-935 FIXED	932-935 FIXED	Public Mobile (22)
			US215 US268 G2	US215 US268 NG120	Fixed Microwave (101)
				935-940 FIXED LAND MOBILE	Private Land Mobile (90)
			US116 US215 US268 G2	US116 US215 US268	
			940-941	940-941 FIXED MOBILE	Personal Communications (24)
			US116 US268 G2	US116 US268	
5.323	5.325	5.327	See next page for 941-944 MHz	12	See next page for 941-944 MHz
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	International Table		United States Table	ites Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 890-942 MHz	See previous page for 928-942 MHz	See previous page for 890-942 MHz	941-944 FIXED	941-944 FIXED	Public Mobile (22)
942-960 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.317A BROADCASTING 5.322	942-960 FIXED MOBILE 5.317A	942-960 FIXED MOBILE 5.317A BROADCASTING	US268 US301 US302 G2	US268 US301 US302 NG120	Fixed Microwave (101)
5.323		5.320	944-960	944-960 FIXED NG120	Public Mobile (22) Auxiliary Broadcast. (74) Fixed Microwave (101)
960-1215 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328	GATION 5.328		960-1215 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.328	IGATION 5.328	Aviation (87)
5.328A			US224 US385		-
1215-1240 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active)	ELLITE (active) ITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to	-space) 5.329 5.329A	1215-1240 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION G56 RADIONAVIGATION- SATELLITE (space-to- Earth) (space-to- Earth) (space-to- SPACE RESEARCH (active)	1215-1240 Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active)	
5.330 5.331 5.332			5.332		
1240-1260 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active) Amateur	ELLITE (active) ITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to	-space) 5.329 5.329A	1240-1300 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION G56 SPACE RESEARCH (active)	1240-1300 Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) Amateur	Amateur (97)
5.330 5.331 5.332 5.334 5.335					
1260-1300 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) 5.329 5.329A SPACE RESEARCH (active)	ELLITE (active) ITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to	-space) 5.329 5.329A			
5.282 5.330 5.331 5.334 5.335 5.335A	5.335A		5.332 5.334 5.335	5.282 5.334	

1300-1350 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	IGATION 5.337 .ITE (Earth-to-space)	1300-1350 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.337 Radiolocation G2	1300-1350 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.337	Aviation (87)
5.149 5.337A		US342	US342	
1350-1400 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION	1350-1400 RADIOLOCATION	1350-1390 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION G2	1350-1390	
		5.334 5.339 US311 US342 G27 G114	5.334 5.339 US311 US342	
		1390-1395	1390-1392 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical	Wireless Communications (27)
			mobile FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US368	
			5.339 US311 US342 US351 1392-1395 FIXED	
			MOBILE except aeronautical Mobile	
		5.339 US311 US342 US351	5.339 US311 US342 US351	
		1395-1400 LAND MOBILE US350		Personal (95)
5.149 5.338 5.339	5.149 5.334 5.339	5.339 US311 US342 US351		
1400-1427 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive)	1400-1427 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive)	
5.340 5.341	,	5.341 US246		
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Region 1		Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
1427-1429 SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	o-space)		1427-1429.5 LAND MOBILE US350	1427-1429.5 LAND MOBILE Fixed (telemetry)	Private Land Mobile (90) Personal (95)
5.341			5.341 US352	5.341 US350 US352	
1429-1452 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical Mobile	1429-1452 FIXED MOBILE 5.343		1429.5-1432	1429.5-1430 FIXED (telemetry) LAND MOBILE (telemetry) 5.341 US350 US352	
				1430-1432 FIXED (telemetry) LAND MOBILE (telemetry) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US368	
			5.341 US350 US352	5.341 US350 US352	
			1432-1435	1432-1435 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Wireless Communications (27)
			5.341 US361	5.341 US361	
5.341 5.342	5.341		1435-1525		
1452-1492 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING 5.345 5.347 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.345 5.347	1452-1492 FIXED MOBILE 5.343 BROADCASTING 5.345 5.34 BROADCASTING-SATELLIT	5.345 5.347 -SATELLITE 5.345 5.347	MOBILE (aeronautical telemetry)	(k)	Aviation (87)
5.341 5.342	5.341 5.344				
1492-1525 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1492-1525 FIXED MOBILE 5.343 MOBILE-SATELLITE	1492-1525 FIXED MOBILE			
5.341 5.342	5.341 5.344 5.348	5.341 5.348A	5.341 US78		

1525-1530 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.349	1525-1530 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile 5.343	1525-1530 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A Earth exploration-satellite Mobile 5.349	1525-1535 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US315 US380	Satellite Communications (25) Maritime (80)
5.341 5.342 5.350 5.351 5.352A 5.354	5.341 5.351 5.354	5.341 5.351 5.352A 5.354		
1530-1535 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space- to-Earth) 5.351A	1530-1535 SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A 5.353A Earth exploration-satellite	to-Earth) co-Earth) 5.351A 5.353A		
Earth exploration-satellite Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile	Mobile 5.343			
5.341 5.342 5.351 5.354	5.341 5.351 5.354		5.341 5.351	
1535-1559 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A	o-Earth) 5.351A		1535-1559 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US308 US309 US315 US380	Satellite Communications (25)
5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.356 5.357 5.357	55 5.356 5.357 5.357A 5.359 5.362A	362A	5.341 5.351 5.356	Aviation (87)
1559-1610 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)		(space-to-space) 5.328B 5.329A	1559-1610 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	Aviation (87)
5.341 5.362B 5.362C 5.363			5.341 US208 US260 US343	
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		1610-1670	1610-1670 MHz (UHF)	Page 45
	International Table		United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government Non-Federal Government	
1610-1610.6 MOBIL E-SATELLITE	1610-1610.6 MOBII E-SATELLITE	1610-1610.6 MOBII E-SATELLITE	1610-1610.6 MOBII E-SATELLITE (Farth-to-space) 11S319 11S380	Satellite
(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION US260	Communications (25)
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE(Earth-to-space)	Aviation (87)
	RADIODETERMINATION-	Radiodetermination-Satellite		
	SATELLITE (Earth-to-	(Earth-to-space)		
5.341 5.355 5.359 5.363	1000	5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364		
5.369 5.371 5.372	5.368 5.370 5.372	5.372	5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 US208	
1610.6-1613.8	1610.6-1613.8	1610.6-1613.8	1610.6-1613.8	
MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US319 US380	
(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	RADIO ASTRONOMY	
RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY	RADIO ASTRONOMY	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION US260	
PADIONAVIGATION	PADIONAVIGATION	PATIONAVIOATION	CADIODE I ENVIRING I I OIN-ON I ELELI E. (Ealui-10-space)	
NOTIVETAVIOLEK	RADIODETERMINATION-	Radiodetermination-satellite		
	SATELLITE (Earth-to-	(Earth-to-space)		
	space)			
5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359		5.149 5.341 5.355 5.359		
5.363 5.364 5.366 5.367	5.149 5.341 5.364 5.366	5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368		
5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372	5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372	5.369 5.372	5.341 5.364 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 US208 US342	
1613.8-1626.5 MORII E-SATELLITE	1613.8-1626.5 MOBII E-SATELLITE	1613.8-1626.5 MOBILE SATELLITE	1613.8-1626.5 MOBILE SATELLITE (524b to 5220) 115340 115380	
(Earth-to-space) 5,351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	(Earth-to-space) 5.351A	AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION US260	
ÀERONAUTICAL		AERONAUTICAL	RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	
RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION	Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)	
Mobile-satellite	RADIODETERMINATION-			
(space-to-Earth)	SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)			
	Mobile-satellite (space-to-	Radiodetermination-		
	Earth)	satellite (Earth-to-space)		
5.341 5.355 5.359 5.363		5.341 5.355 5.359 5.364		
5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367	5.341 5.364 5.365 5.366	5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368		
5.368 5.369 5.371 5.372	5.367 5.368 5.370 5.372	5.369 5.372	5.341 5.364 5.365 5.366 5.367 5.368 5.372 US208	

1626.5-1660 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A	1626.5-1660 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US308 US309 US315 US380	Satellite Communications (25)
5.341 5.351 5.353A 5.354 5.355 5.357A 5.359 5.362A 5.374 5.375 5.376	5.341 5.351 5.375	Aviation (87)
1660-1660.5 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A	1660-1660.5 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US308 US309	Satellite Communications (25)
	RADIO ASTRONOMY	Aviation (87)
5.149 5.341 5.351 5.354 5.362A 5.376A	5.341 5.351 US342	
1660.5-1668.4	1660.5-1668.4	
RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	
Fixed		
Mobile except aeronautical mobile		
5.149 5.341 5.379 5.379A	5.341 US246	
1668.4-1670	1668.4-1670	
METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74	
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		
KADIO AN I KONOMY		
5.149 5.341	5.341 US99 US342	
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		1670-211	1670-2110 MHz (UHF)		Page 47
	International Table			United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
1670-1675 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE 5.380	ITE (space-to-Earth)		1670-1675	1670-1675 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Wireless Communications (27)
5.341			5.341 US211 US362	5.341 US211 US362	
1675-1690 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1675-1690 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1675-1690 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1675-1700 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS (radiosonde) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	diosonde) ITE (space-to-Earth)	
7 2 4 1	MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5 341 5 377	5 341			
0.34	5.54 5.57 /	0.04			
1690-1700 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile	1690-1700 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	1690-1700 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)			
5.289 5.341 5.382	5.289 5.341 5.377 5.381	5.289 5.341 5.381	5.289 5.341 US211		
1700-1710 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1700-1710 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	1700-1710 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	1700-1710 FIXED G118 METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	1700-1710 METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed	
5.289 5.341	5.289 5.341 5.377	5.289 5.341 5.384	5.289 5.341	5.289 5.341	
1710-1930 FIXED MOBILE 5.380 5.384A 5.388A			1710-1755	1710-1755 FIXED MOBILE	
			5.341 US311 US378	5.341 US311 US378 NG176	

			1755-1850 FIXED MOBILE G42	1755-1850	
5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388	5.388		1850-2025	1850-2000	
1930-1970 FIXED	1930-1970 FIXED	1930-1970 FIXED		FIXED MOBILE	RF Devices (15) Personal
MOBILE 5.388A	MOBILE 5.388A Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE 5.388A			Communications (24) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.388	5.388	5.388			
1970-1980 FIXED MOBILE 5.388A					
5.388				!	
1980-2010				NG177	
FIXED MOBILE				2000-2020 MOBILE-SATELLITE	Satellite
MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.351A 5.388 5.3894 5.389B 5.389F	-space) 5.351A			(Earth-to-space) US380	Communications (25)
2010-2025	2010-2025	2010-2025		NG156	
FIXED MOBILE 5.388A	MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	MOBILE 5.388A		2020-2025 FIXED MOBILE	
5.388	5.388 5.389C 5.389D 5.389E 5.390	5.388		NG177	
2025-2110 SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (s	2025-2110 SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)	-to-snace)	2025-2110 SPACE OPERATION (Farth-to-space)	2025-2110 FIXED NG118 MOBILE 5 391	TV Auxiliary Broadcasting (74E)
FIXED		(2004)			Cable TV Relay (78)
MOBILE 3.391 SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space)	-space) (space-to-space)		SATELLITE (Earth-to-		Local IV Transmission (101J)
			space) (space-to-space) SPACE RESEARCH (Earth- to-space) (space-to-space)		
5.392			5.391 5.392 US90 US222 US346 US347	5.392 US90 US222 US346 US347	
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	International Table			United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
2110-2120 FIXED			2110-2120	2110-2155 FIXED	Domestic Public Fixed
MOBILE 5.388A SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	oace) (Earth-to-space)			MOBILE	Public Mobile (22)
5.388			US252		rixed Microwave (101)
2120-2160 FIXED	2120-2160 FIXED	2120-2170 FIXED	2120-2200		
MOBILE 5.388A	MOBILE 5.388A	MOBILE 5.388A			
	(space-to-Earth)			US252	
				2155-2160 FIXED	Domestic Public Fixed
5.388	5.388				(21) Fixed Microwave (101)
2160-2170 Eiven	2160-2170 EIVED	•		2160-2180	
MOBILE 5.388A	E 5.388A			MOBILE	Domestic Public Fixed (21)
	MOBILE-SATELLITE				Public Mobile (22)
	(space-to-Eartn) 5,388 5,389C 5,389D				Fixed Microwave (101)
5.388 5.392A	5.389E 5.390	5.388			
2170-2200 FIXED				NG178	
MOBILE				2180-2200	
MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A	to-Earth) 5.351A			MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US380	Satellite Communications (25)
5.388 5.389A 5.389F 5.392A				NG168	
SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	to-Earth) (space-to-space)		2200-2290 SPACE OPERATION	2200-2290	
EAN IN EAPLORA HOIN-SALI	EARTH EAFLORATION-SALELLITE (Space-to-Earth) (Space-to-space) FIXED	e-to-space)	(space-to-garin)		
MOBILE 5.391			EARTH EXPLORATION-		
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space)	o-Earth) (space-to-space)		SATELLITE (space-to-		
			Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED (line-of-sight only)		

		MOBILE (line-of-sight only including aeronautical telemetry, but excluding flight testing of manned aircraft) 5.391 SPACE RESEARCH (spaceto-space)		
5.392		5.392 US303	US303	
2290-2300 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	mobile pace) (space-to-Earth)	2290-2300 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	2290-2300 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	
2300-2450 FIXED MOBILE	2300-2450 FIXED MOBILE	2300-2305 G123	2300-2305 Amateur	Amateur (97)
Amateur Radiolocation	RADIOLOCATION Amateur	2305-2310	2305-2310 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION Amateur	Wireless Communications (27) Amateur (97)
		US338 G123	US338	
		2310-2320 Fixed Mobile US339 Radiolocation G2 G120 US327	2310-2320 FIXED MOBILE US339 RADIOLOCATION BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.396 US327	Wireless Communications (27) Aviation (87)
		2320-2345 Fixed Radiolocation G2 G120	2320-2345 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.396 US327	Satellite Communications (25)
		US327		
5.150 5.282 5.395	5.150 5.282 5.393 5.394 5.396	See next page for 2345-2360 MHz	See next page for 2345-2360 MHz	See next page for 2345-2360 MHz
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		2345-2655	2345-2655 MHz (UHF)		Page 51
	International Table		United Sta	United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
See previous page for 2300-2450 MHz	450 MHz		2345-2360 Eived	2345-2360	
			Mobile US339	FIXED MOBILE US339	Vvireless Communications (27)
			Radiolocation G2 G120	RADIOLOCATION	Aviation (87)
			US327	SATELLITE 5.396 US327	
			2360-2385 MOBILE US276	2360-2385 MOBILE US276	Aviation (87)
			RADIOLOCATION G2 G120 Fixed		
			2385-2390	2385-2390	
				FIXED MOBILE NG174	Wireless Communications (27)
			US363	US363	
			2390-2400	2390-2400	(20)
			G122		עוופופת (פו)
			2400-2402	2400-2417 AMATELID	ISM Equipment (18)
			5.150 G123		Amateur (97)
			2402-2417		
			5.150 G122	5.150 5.282	
			2417-2450 Radiolocation G2	2417-2450 Amafeur	
			5 150 G124	र १६० ६ २८२	
2450-2483.5	2450-2483.5		2450-2483.5	2450-2483.5	
FIXED	FIXED			FIXED	ISM Equipment (18)
MOBILE Radiolocation	RADIOLOCATION			MOBILE Radiolocation	Frivate Land Mobile (90) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.150 5.397	5.150 5.394		5.150 US41	5.150 US41	

2483.5-2500 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A Radiolocation	2483.5-2500 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIOLOCATION RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.398	2483.5-2500 FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.351A RADIOLOCATION Radiodetermination-satellite (space-to-Earth) 5.398	2483.5-2500 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US319 US380 RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-	2483.5-2500 MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) US319 US380 RADIODETERMINATION- SATELLITE (space-to-	ISM Equipment (18) Satellite Communications (25) Private Land Mobile (90) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.150 5.371 5.397 5.398 5.399 5.400 5.402	5.150 5.402	5.150 5.400 5.402	5.150 5.402 US41	5.150 5.402 US41 NG147	
2500-2520 FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space- to-Earth) 5.403 5.351A	2500-2520 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.403	(space-to-Earth) 5.415 onautical mobile 5.384A E (space-to-Earth) 5.403 5.351A	2500-2655	2500-2655 FIXED US205 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	Domestic Public Fixed (21) Instructional TV Fixed (74)
5.405 5.407 5.412 5.414	5.404 5.407 5.414 5.415A				
2520-2655 FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416	2520-2655 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416	EXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 5.403 5.415A 2535-2655 FIXED 5.409 5.411 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416			
5.339 5.403 5.405 5.412 5.418 5.418B 5.418C	5.339 5.403 5.418B 5.418C	5.339 5.418 5.418A 5.418B 5.418C	5.339 US205	5.339	
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	International Table		United Sta	United States Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
2655-2670 FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A	2655-2670 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-lo-space)	2655-2670 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415	2655-2690 Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy	2655-2690 FIXED US205 MOBILE except aeronautrical mobile	Domestic Public Fixed (21) Instructional TV Fixed
BROADCASTING SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	(space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.413 5.416 Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	Space research (passive)	Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	(74)
5.149 5.412 5.420	5.149 5.420	5.149 5.420			
2670-2690 FIXED 5.409 5.410 5.411 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	2670-2690 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)	2670-2690 FIXED 5.409 5.411 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.415 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.384A MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive)			
5.149 5.419 5.420	5.149 5.419 5.420	5.149 5.419 5.420 5.420A	US205		
2690-2700 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive)		2690-2700 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive)	
5.340 5.421 5.422			US246		
2700-2900 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 Radiolocation	GATION 5.337		2700-2900 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.337 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Radiolocation G2	2700-2900	
5.423 5.424			5.423 US18 G15	5.423 US18	

2900-3100 RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 Radiolocation			2900-3100 MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	z	Maritime (80) Private Land Mobile (90)
5.425 5.427			Radiolocation G56 5.427 US44 US316	Radiolocation US44 5.427 US316	
3100-3300			3100-3300	3100-3300	
RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active)	(9)		RADIOLOCATION G59 Farth exploration-satellite	on ration-satellite	Private Land Mobile (90)
Space research (active)	(2.		(active)	(active)	
			Space research (active)	Space research (active)	
5.149 5.428			US342	US342	
3300-3400 RADIOLOCATION	3300-3400 RADIOLOCATION Amateur Fixed	3300-3400 RADIOLOCATION Amateur	3300-3500 RADIOLOCATION US108 G31	3300-3500 Amateur Radiolocation US108	Private Land Mobile (90) Amateur (97)
	Mobile				
5.149 5.429 5.430	5.149 5.430	5.149 5.429			
3400-3600 FIXED	3400-3500 FIXED				
FIXED-SATELLITE	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	-Earth)			
(space-to-Earth) Mobile	Amateur Mobile				
Radiolocation	Radiolocation 5.433				
	5.282 5.432		US342	US342 5.282	
5.431	3500-3700 FIXED		3500-3650 RADIOLOCATION G59	3500-3600 Radiolocation	Private Land Mobile (90)
3600-4200	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	-Earth)	AERONAUTICAL	3600-3650	
FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE	MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.433	mobile	(ground-based) G110	FIXED-SATELLITE (Space-to-Earth) US245	
(space-to-Earth)			US245	Radiolocation	7 (2)
al COM			3650-3700	3650-3700 FIXED	
				FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) NG169 MOBILE except aeronautical	
				mobile NG170	
	5.435	The state of the s	US245 US348 US349	US245 US348 US349	
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See previous page for 3600-4200 MHz	3700-4200 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	3700-4200	3700-4200 FIXED NG41 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	International Fixed (23) Satellite Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
4200-4400 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.438	IGATION 5.438	4200-4400 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	IGATION	Aviation (87)
5.439 5.440		5.440 US261		
4400-4500 FIXED MOBILE		4400-4500 FIXED MOBILE	4400-4500	
4500-4800 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE	Earth) 5.441	4500-4800 FIXED MOBILE US245	4500-4800 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 US245	
4800-4990 FIXED MOBILE 5.442 Radio astronomy		4800-4940 FIXED MOBILE US203 US342	4800-4940 US203 US342	
5.149 5.339 5.443		4940-4990 5.339 US311 US342 G122	4940-4990 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.339 US311 US342	Private Land Mobile (90) Fixed Microwave (101)
4990-5000 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (passive)	nobile	4990-5000 RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 Space research (passive) US246		
5000-5150 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	IGATION	5000-5250 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION US260	5000-5150 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION US260	Satellite Communications (25) Aviation (87)
5.367 5.443A 5.443B 5.444 5.444A	444A		5.367 5.444A US211 US344 US370	

5150-5250 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.447A		AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION US260 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-	Satellite Communications (25) Aviation (87)
5 446 5.447 5.447B 5.447C	5.367 US211 US307 US344 US370	G-space) 3.447A 03344 5.447C US211 US307	
5250-5255	5250-5255	5250-5255	
EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION-	Earth exploration-satellite	Private Land Mobile (90)
RADIOLOCATION	SATELLITE (active)	(active)	22
SPACE RESEARCH 5.447D	RADIOLOCATION G59	Radiolocation	
5 448 5 448A	SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.447D	Space research	
5255-5350	5255-5350	5255-5350	
EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)	EARTH EXPLORATION-	Earth exploration-satellite	
RADIOLOCATION	SATELLITE (active)	(active)	-
SPACE RESEARCH (active)	RADIOLOCATION G59	Radiolocation	
5.448 5.448A	SPACE RESEARCH (active)	Space research (active)	
5350-5460	5350-5460	5350-5460	
EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) 5.448B	EARTH EXPLORATION-	AERONAUTICAL RADIO-	Aviation (87)
AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.449	SATELLITE (active) 5.448B	NAVIGATION 5.449	Private Land Mobile (90)
Kadiolocation	AERONAU IICAL KADIO- NAVIGATION 5 449	Earth exploration-satellite	20-20-00
	RADIOLOCATION G56	Radiolocation	
5460-5470	5460-5470	5460-5470	
RADIONAVIGATION 5.449	RADIONAVIGATION 5.449	RADIONAVIGATION 5.449	Private Land Mobile (90)
Radiolocation	Radiolocation G56	Radiolocation	
	US49 US65	US49 US65	
5470-5650	5470-5600	5470-5600	
MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION	MARITIME	MARITIME	Maritime (80)
Radiolocation	RADIONAVIGATION	RADIONAVIGATION	Private land Mobile (90)
	Radiolocation G56	Radiolocation	
	US50 US65	US50 US65	
	5600-5650	5600-5650	
	MARITIME	MARITIME	
	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	METEOROLOGICAL AIDS	
	Radiolocation US51 G56	Radiolocation US51	
5.450 5.451 5.452	5.452 US65	5.452 US65	
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Space research (deep space)					
5.282 5.451 5.453 5.454 5.455					
5725-5830 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur	5725-5830 RADIOLOCATION Amateur				
5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 5.456	5.150 5.453 5.455			5.150 5.282	
5830-5850 FIXED-SATELLITE	5830-5850 RADIOI OCATION			5830-5850 Amateur	
(Earth-to-space)	Amateur			Amateur-satellite	
RADIOLOCATION	Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth)	arth)		(space-to-Earth)	
Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth)					
5.150 5.451 5.453 5.455 5.456	5.150 5.453 5.455			5.150	
5850-5925	5850-5925	5850-5925		5850-5925	
FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE	FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE	FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE		FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US245	ISM Equipment (18) Private Land Mobile (90)
(Earth-to-space) MOBILE	(Earth-to-space) MOBILE	(Earth-to-space) MOBILE		MOBILE NG160 Amateur	Amateur (97)
	Amateur Radiolocation	Radiolocation			
5.150	5.150	5.150	5.150 US245	5.150	
5925-6700 FIXED			5925-6425	5925-6425 FIXED NG41	International Fixed (23)
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	pace)			FIXED-SATELLITE	Satellite (23)
MOBILE				(Earth-to-space)	Fixed Microwave (101)
			6425-6525	6425-6525	:
				(Earth-to-space)	Auxiliary Broadcasting (74) Cable TV Relay (78)
			5.440 5.458	5.440 5.458	Fixed Microwave (101)

	6525-6700	6525-6700	Satellite
		FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.149 5.440 5.458	5.458 US342	5.458 US342	
6700-7075 EIXED	6700-7125	6700-6875 FIXED	
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441		FIXED-SATELLITE	
MOBILE		(Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) 5.441	
		5.458 5.458A 5.458B	
		6875-7025	
		FIXED NG118 FIXED-SATFLLITE	Satellite Communications (25)
		(Earth-to-space)	Auxiliary Broadcasting
		(space-to-Earth) 5.441 MOBILE NG171	(74) Cable TV Relay (78)
		5.458 5.458A 5.458B	
		7025-7075	
		FIXED NG118	
		FIXED-SATELLITE	
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5.458 5.458A 5.458B 5.458C		5.458 5.458A 5.458B	
7075-7250		7075-7125	
MOBILE		FIXED NG118	Auxiliary Broadcasting
	5.458	5.458	(77) Cable TV Relay (78)
	7125-7190 FIXED	7125-7190	
	5.458 US252 G116	5.458 US252	
	7190-7235	7190-7250	
	SPACE RESEARCH		
	5 458		
	7235-7250		
	FIXED		
5.458 5.459 5.460	5.458	5.458	
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7250-7300 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE			7250-7300 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed	7250-8025	
5.461			G117		
7300-7450 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	-Earth) mobile		7300-7450 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
5.461			G117		
7450-7550 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	-Earth) LITE (space-to-Earth) mobile		7450-7550 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		
5.461A			G104 G117		
7550-7750 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	-Earth) mobile		7550-7750 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) G117		
7750-7850 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (s MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	7750-7850 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile		7750-7850 FIXED METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.461B		
7850-7900 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	mobile		7850-7900 FIXED		

7900-8025 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	7900-8025 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)		
5.461	G117		
8025-8175 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463	8025-8175 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to- Earth) FIXED FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space) (no airborne transmissions)	8025-8215	
5.462A	US258 G117		
8175-8215 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED FIXEDSATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463 5.462A	B175-8215 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-uspace)	US258	
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International Table		United States Table	tes Table	FCC Rule Part(s)
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8215-8400 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED		8215-8400 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	8215-8400	
FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE 5.463		FIXED SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (mo airborne transmissions)		
5.462A		US258 G117	US258	
8400-8500		8400-8450	8400-8450	
FIXED MOBILE account actions making		FIXED SPACE DESEABLE (Space)	Space research (space-to-	
SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) 5.465 5.466		to-Earth) (deep space only)	raini) (acch shace cin)	
		8450-8500 FIXED SPACE DESEABLE	8450-8500 SPACE RESEARCH	
5.467		space-to-Earth)	(space-to-Eattil)	
8500-8550		8500-8550	8500-8550	
RADIOLOCATION		RADIOLOCATION G59	Radiolocation	
5.468 5.469				;
8550-8650 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)		8550-8650 EARTH EXPLORATION-	8550-8650 Earth exploration-	
RADIOLOGA IION SPACE RESEARCH (active)		RADIOLOCATION G59	satellite (active) Radiolocation	
5.468 5.469 5.469A		active)	Space research (active)	
8650-8750 RADIOLOCATION		8650-9000 RADIOLOCATION G59	8650-9000 Radiolocation	
5.468 5.469				
8750-8850 RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.470				
5.471				

8850-9000 RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472			
5.473	US53	US53	
9000-9200 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.337 Radiolocation	9000-9200 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.337 Radiolocation G2	9000-9200 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.337 Radiolocation	Aviation (87)
5.471	US48 G19	US48	
9200-9300 RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION 5.472	9200-9300 MARITIME RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.472 Radiolocation US110 G59	9200-9300 MARITIME RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.472 Radiolocation US110	
5.473 5.474	5.474	5.474	
9300-9500 RADIONAVIGATION 5.476 Radiolocation	9300-9500 RADIONAVIGATION 5.476 US66 Radiolocation US51 G56 Meteorological aids	9300-9500 RADIONAVIGATION 5.476 US6 Radiolocation US51 Meteorological aids	
5.427 5.474 5.475	5.427 5.474 US67 US71	5.427 5.474 US67 US71	
9500-9800 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)	9500-9800 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)	9500-9800 Earth exploration- satellite (active) Radiolocation Space research (active)	
5.476A			
9800-10000 RADIOLOCATION Fixed	9800-10000 RADIOLOCATION	9800-10000 Radiolocation	
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5.479	5.479 5.480	5.479	5.479 US58 US108 G32	5.479 US58 US108 NG42	
10.45-10.5 RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite	·		10.45-10.5 RADIOLOCATION	10.45-10.5 Radiolocation Amateur Amateur-satellite	
5.481			US58 US108 G32	US58 US108 NG42 NG134	
10.5-10.55 FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation	10.5-10.55 FIXED MOBILE RADIOLOCATION		10.5-10.55 RADIOLOCATION US59		Private Land Mobile (90)
10.55-10.6 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation	ıl mobile		10.55-10.6	10.55-10.6 FIXED	Fixed Microwave (101)
10.6-10.68 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Radiolocation 5.149 5.482	TELLITE (passive) Il mobile /e)		10.6-10.68 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) US265 US277	10.6-10.68 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED US265 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	
10.68-10.7 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	.TELLITE (passive) ve)		10.68-10.7 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive)	
5.340 5.483			US246 US355		

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FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 5.484 (Earth-to-space) 5.484	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 5.484A MOBILE except aeronautical mobile	-Earth) 5.441 5.484A mobile		FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.441 US211 NG104	Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
MOBILE except aeronautical mobile			US211	US355	
11.7-12.5	11.7-12.1	11.7-12.2	11.7-12.1	11.7-12.2	
MOBILE except aeronautical	FIXED-SATELLITE	MOBILE except aeronautical		to-Earth) NG143 NG145	
mobile BROADCASTING	(space-to-Earth) 5.484A Mobile except aeronautical	mobile BROADCASTING		Mobile except aeronautical mobile	
SATELLITE		SATELLITE	1		
	5.485 5.488		5.486		
	12.1-12.2		12.1-12.2		
	FIXED-SATELLITE				
	(space-to-Eartn) 5.484A				
	5.485 5.488 5.489	5.487 5.487A 5.492		5.486 5.488	
	12.2-12.7 FIXED	12.2-12.5 FIXED	12.2-12.7	12.2-12.7 EIXED	
	MOBILE except aeronautical			BROADCASTING-	
	mobile			SATELLITE	
	BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-	BROADCASTING			
5.487 5.487A 5.492	SATELLITE	5.484A 5.487 5.491			
12.5-12.75 FIXED-SATELLITE		12.5-12.75 FIXED			
(space-to-Earth) 5.484A		FIXED-SATELLITE			
(Earth-to-space)	5.487A 5.488 5.490 5.492	(space-to-Earth) 5.484A	5.490	5.487A 5.488 5.490	
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	FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)			FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE	Communications (25) Auxiliary Broadcasting
	MODILE except deroriautical mobile			MG53	(74) Cable TV Relay (78) Fixed Microwave (101)
12.75-13.25 FIXED			12.75-13.25	12.75-13.25 FIXED NG118	
FIXED SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.441	pace) 5.441			FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-	
MODILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	(space-to-Earth)			MOBILE	
			US251	US251 NG53	
13.25-13.4 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.497	ELLITE (active) IGATION 5.497		13.25-13.4 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active)	13.25-13.4 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.497	Aviation (87)
SPACE RESEARCH (active)			AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION 5.497 SPACE RESEARCH (active)	Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active)	
5.498A 5.499			5.498A		
13.4-13.75 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active)	ELLITE (active)		13.4-13.75 EARTH EXPLORATION-	13.4-13.75 Earth exploration-satellite	Private Land Mobile (90)
RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH 5.501A			SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION G59	(active) Radiolocation	
Standard frequency and time s	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5 501A	Space research Standard frequency and	nt-co
			Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	
5.499 5.500 5.501 5.501B			5.501B		
13.75-14 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A	space) 5.484A		13.75-14 RADIOLOCATION G59	13.75-14 FIXED-SATELLITE	Satellite
RADIOLOCATION Standard frequency and time s	RADIOLOCATION Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard frequency and time signal-satellite	(Earth-to-space) US337 Radiolocation	Communications (25) Private Land Mobile (90)
Space research			(Earth-to-space) Space research US337	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	
				Space research	
5.499 5.500 5.501 5.502 5.503 5.503A	3 5.503A		5.503A US356 US357	5.503A US356 US357	

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5.504A 5.505 14.25-14.3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.506 RADIONAVIGATION 5.504 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A 5.508A Space research		5.457A 5.457B 5.506B	14.2-14.4	14.2-14.4 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space) Mobile except aeronautical	Satellite Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.504A 5.505 5.508 5.509 14.3-14.4 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-tospace) 5.484A 5.506 5.506B 5.457A 5.457B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-tospace) 5.506A 5.509A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A	14.3-14.4 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space) 5.484A 5.506 5.457A 5.506B Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.506A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A	14.3-14.4 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space) 5.484A 5.506 5.457A 5.506B MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to- space) 5.506A 5.509A Radionavigation-satellite 5.504A			
14.4-14.47 FIXED FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.506A 5.509A Space research (space-to-Earth) 5.504A	space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5 mobile æ) 5.506A 5.509A th)	B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B	14.4-14.47 Fixed Mobile	14.4-14.47 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	Satellite Communications (25)
14.47-14.5 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.457A 5.457 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.504B 5.506A 5. Radio astronomy 5.149 5.504A	space) 5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5 mobile æ) 5.504B 5.506A 5.509A	B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B 509A	14.47-14.5 Fixed Mobile US203 US342	14.47-14.5 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) space) US203 US342	Pade 66

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FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Farth-to-space) 5.510	A W	HIXEU		
MOBILE	ds	Space research		
Space research	14	14.7145-15.1365	14.7145-15.1365	
14.8-15.35 FIXED	OW II	MOBILE		
MOBILE	ds.	Space research		
Space research	Sn	US310	US310	
	15.	15.1365-15.35	15.1365-15.35	
	W	Mobile		
	ds_	Space research		
5.339	5.3	5.339 US211	5.339 US211	
15.35-15.4 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)	15 EA	15.35-15.4 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive)	HITE (passive)	
RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	<u> </u>	RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)		***************************************
5.340 5.511	Sn			-
15.4-15.43 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	15 AE	15.4-15.43 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION US260	GATION US260	Aviation (87)
5.511D	SN NS	US211		
15.43-15.63 FIXED SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.511A AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	AE AE	15.43-15.63 AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION US260	15.43-15.63 FIXED SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL RADIO- NAVIGATION US260	Satellite Communications (25) Aviation (87)
5.511C	5.5	5.511C US211 US359	5.511C US211 US359	
15.63-15.7 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION	15 AE	15.63-15.7 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION US260	GATION US260	Aviation (87)
5.511D	SN NS	US211		
15.7-16.6 RADIOLOCATION	15 RA	15.7-16.6 RADIOLOCATION G59	15.7-17.2 Radiolocation	Private Land Mobile (90)
5.512 5.513				

16.6-17.1 RADIOLOCATION Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	(Earth-to-space)		16.6-17.1 RADIOLOCATION G59 Space research (deep		
5.512 5.513			space) (Earth-to-space)		
17.1-17.2 RADIOLOCATION			17.1-17.2 RADIOLOCATION G59		
5.512 5.513					
17.2-17.3 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)	ELLITE (active)		17.2-17.3 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION GOOD	Radiolocation Earth exploration-satellite cartive)	
5.512 5.513 5.513A			פר אכב ואבטבאאטון (מכוועפ)	סשמפוניו (מנוועם)	
17.3-17.7 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 Radiolocation	17.3-17.7 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE Radiolocation	17.3-17.7 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.516 Radiolocation	17.3-17.7 Radiolocation US259 G59	17.3-17.7 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US271 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE NG163 NG167	Satellite Communications (25)
5.514	5.514 5.515 5.517	5.514		US259	·
17.7-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE	17.7-17.8 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) 5.516 BROADCASTING- SATELLITE	17.7-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE	17.7-17.8	17.7-17.8 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) US271	Satellite Communications (25) Auxiliary Broadcasting (74) Cable TV Relay (78) Fixed Microwave (101)
	5.515 5.517			NG144	
	17.8-18.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.516 MOBILE		17.8-18.3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) G117	17.8-18.3 FIXED	Auxiliary Broadcasting (74) Cable TV Relay (78) Fixed Microwave (101)
18.1-18.4 FIXED			5.519 US334	5.519 US334 NG144	
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-MOBILE	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A (Earth-to-space) 5.520 MOBILE	5.520	See next page for 18.3-18.6 GHz	See next page for 18.3-18.58 GHz	See next page for 18.3-18.58 GHz
5.519 5.521					000

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18.4-18.6 EIXED			FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) G117	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) NG164	Satellite Communications (25)
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A	-Earth) 5.484A				
MOBILE			US334	US334 NG144	
18.6-18.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED	18.6-18.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED	18.6-18.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED	18.6-18.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE	18.6-18.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) FIXED-SATELLITE	
FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except	FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.522B MOBILE except	(space-to-Earth) US255 G117 SPACE RESEARCH	(space-to-Earth) US255 NG164 SPACE RESEARCH	
aeronautical mobile Space research (passive)	aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	aeronautical mobile Space research (passive)	(passive)	(passive)	
5.522A 5.522C	5.522A	5.522A 5.522C	US254 US334	US254 US334 NG144	
18.8-19.3 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.523A	-Earth) 5.523A		18.8-20.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) G117	18.8-19.3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) NG165	
MOBILE				US334 NG144	
19.3-19.7 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-space) MOBILE	_	5.523B 5.523C 5.523D 5.523E		19.3-19.7 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) NG166 US334 NG144	Satellite Communications (25) Auxiliary Broadcast. (74) Cable TV Relay (78) Fixed Microwave (101)
19.7-20.1 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A	19.7-20.1 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A	19.7-20.1 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A		19.7-20.1 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	Satellite Communications (25)
Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)	MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)		MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	
5.524	5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 5.529	5.524		5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 5.529 US334	

20.1-20.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.484A MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)	earh) 5.484A -Earth)			20.1-20.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE	
5.524 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528			US334	(space-to-Latin) 5.525 5.526 5.527 5.528 US334	
20.2-21.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	arth) -Earth) ignal-satellite (space-to-Earth)		20.2-21.2 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	20.2-21.2 Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	
5.524			G117		
21.2-21.4 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	LLITE (passive)		21.2-21.4 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) US263	ELLITE (passive)	Fixed Microwave (101)
21.4-22 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.530	21.4-22 FIXED MOBILE	21.4-22 FIXED MOBILE BROADCASTING- SATELLITE 5.530 5.531	21.4-22 FIXED MOBILE		
22-22.21 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.149	nobile		22-22.21 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile US342	nobile	*****
22.21-22.5 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	:LLITE (passive) robile		22.21-22.5 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive) nobile	
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			US211		
22.55-23.55 FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE			22.55-23.55 FIXED INTER-SATELLITE US278 MOBILE		Satellite Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.149			US342		
23.55-23.6 FIXED MOBILE			23.55-23.6 FIXED MOBILE		Fixed Microwave (101)
23.6-24 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.340	ELLITE (passive)		23.6-24 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive) US246	ELLITE (passive))	
24-24.05 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.150			24-24.05 5.150 US211	24-24.05 AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.150 US211	ISM Equipment (18) Amateur (97)
24.05-24.25 RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active)	ive)		24.05-24.25 RADIOLOCATION G59 Earth exploration-satellite (active)	24.05-24.25 Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active) Radiolocation 5.150	ISM Equipment (18) Private Land Mobile (90) Amateur (97)
24.25-24.45 FIXED	24.25-24.45 RADIONAVIGATION	24.25-24.45 RADIONAVIGATION FIXED MOBILE	24.25-24.45	24.25-24.45 FIXED	Fixed Microwave (101)

24.45-24.75 FIXED	24.45-24.65 INTER-SATELLITE	24.45-24.65 FIXED	24.45-24.65 INTER-SATELLITE	ZM DCCC	Satellite
INTER-SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION	INTER-SATELLITE	RADIONAVIGATION	N.L.	Communications (25)
		RADIONAVIGATION			
	5.533	5.533	5.533		
	24.65-24.75	24.65-24.75	24.65-24.75		
	INTER-SATELLITE	FIXED	INTER-SATELLITE		
	RADIOLOCATION- SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE	RADIOLOCATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	E (Earth-to-space)	
		5.533 5.534			
24.75-25.25	24.75-25.25	24.75-25.25	24.75-25.05	24.75-25.05	- 11:1-1
LIXED	(Earth-to-space) 5.535	FIXED-SATELLITE	KADIONAVIGATION	(Earth-to-space) NG167	Communications (25)
		(Earth-to-space) 5.535		RADIONAVIGATION	Aviation (87)
		MOBILE	25.05-25.25	25.05-25.25	
				FIXED-SATELLITE	Satellite
		5.534		(Earth-to-space) NG 16/ FIXED	Fixed Microwave (101)
25.25-25.5			25.25-25.5	25.25-25.5	
FIXED			FIXED	Earth exploration-satellite	
INTER-SATELLITE 5.536			INTER-SATELLITE 5.536	(space-to-space)	
MOBILE			MOBILE	Standard frequency and	
Standard frequency and time	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		Standard frequency and	time signal-satellite	
			time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)	(Earth-to-space)	
25.5-27			25.5-27	25.5-27	
EARTH EXPLORATION-SAT	EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) 5.536A 5.536B	15.536B	EARTH EXPLORATION-	Earth exploration-satellite	
FIXED			SATELLITE (space-to-	space-to-Earth) 5.536A	
INTER-SATELLITE 5.536			Earth) 5.536A	(space-to-space)	
MOBILE	:		FIXED	Standard frequency and	
Standard frequency and time	Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space)		INTER-SATELLITE 5.536	time signal-satellite	
			WODILE Of the second	(Earth-to-space)	
			Standard frequency and		
			(Inne signal-satellite		
			(Earin-to-space)		
27-27.5 EIXED	27-27.5 EIVED		27-27.5	27-27.5	
FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5.536	FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Farth-to-snace)	(0)603	FIXED INTER-SATELLITE 5 536	Earth exploration-satellite	
MOBILE		37	MOBILE	(abade of abade)	
	MOBILE				
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27.5-28.5 FIXED 5.537A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.539 MORII F	pace) 5.484A 5.539		27.5-30	27.5-29.5 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Farth-to-space)	Satellite Communications (25) Fixed Microwave (101)
5.538 5.540				MOBILE	
28.5-29.1 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.523A 5.539	pace) 5.484A 5.523A 5.539				
MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541	th-to-space) 5.541				
5.540					
29.1-29.5 FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.523C 5.52 MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541	pace) 5.523C 5.523E 5.535A Eth-to-space) 5.541	3E 5.535A 5.539 5.541A			
5.540					
29.5-29.9 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to- space) 5.484A 5.539 Earth exploration-satellite	29.5-29.9 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space) 5.484A 5.539 MOBILE-SATELLITE	29.5-29.9 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth- to-space) 5.484A 5.539 Earth exploration-satellite		29.5-29.9 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE	Satellite Communications (25)
(Earth-to-space) 5.541 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)	(Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541	(Earth-to-space) 5.541 Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)		(Earth-to-space)	
5.540 5.542	5.525 5.526 5.527 5.529 5.540 5.542	5.540 5.542		5.525 5.526 5.527 5.529	
29.9-30 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.484A 5.539 MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.541 5	space) 5.484A 5.539 -space) th-to-space) 5.541 5.543			29.9-30 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)	
5.525 5.526 5.527 5.538 5.540 5.542	5.542			5.525 5.526 5.527 5.543	

30-31 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-sa	30-31 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)		30-31 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	30-31 Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	
5.542			G117		
31-31.3 FIXED 5.543A MOBILE Standard frequency and time s Space research 5.544 5.545	31-31.3 FIXED 5.543A MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research 5.544 5.545		31-31.3 Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	31-31.3 FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth)	Fixed Microwave (101)
5.149			US211 US342	US211 US342	
31.3-31.5 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	ELLITE (passive))		31.3-31.8 EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY US74 SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	:LLITE (passive)	
5.340					
31.5-31.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile	31.5-31.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive)	31.5-31.8 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile			
5.149 5.546	5.340	5.149	US246		
31.8-32 FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	oace) (space-to-Earth)		31.8-32 RADIONAVIGATION US69 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to- Earth) US262	31.8-32 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to- Earth) US262	
5.547 5.547B 5.548			5.548 US211	5.548 US211	
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Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Federal Government	Non-Federal Government	
32-32.3 FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth)	space) (space-to-Earth)		32-32.3 RADIONAVIGATION US69 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to- Earth) US262	32-32.3 SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to- Earth) US262	
5.547 5.547C 5.548			5.548	5.548	
32.3-33 FIXED 5.547A INTER-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION			32.3-33 INTER-SATELLITE US278 RADIONAVIGATION US69		Aviation (87)
5.547 5.547D 5.548			5.548		
33-33.4 FIXED 5.547A RADIONAVIGATION			33-33.4 RADIONAVIGATION US69		
5.547 5.547E			US360 G117		:
33.4-34.2 RADIOLOCATION 5.549			33.4-34.2 RADIOLOCATION	33.4-34.2 Radiolocation	Private Land Mobile (90)
640.0			US360 GTT/	Usseu	
34.2-34.7 RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space)	space) (Earth-to-space)		34.2-34.7 RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) US262	34.2-34.7 Radiolocation Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) US262	
5.549			US360 G34 G117	US360	
34.7-35.2 RADIOLOCATION Space research 5.550			34.7-35.5 RADIOLOCATION	34.7-35.5 Radiolocation	
35.2-35.5 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION					
5.549			US360 G117	US360	
35.5-36 METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)	TELLITE (active)		35.5-36 EARTH EXPLORATION- SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active)	35.5-36 Earth exploration-satellite (active) Radiolocation Space research (active)	
5.549 5.551A			US360 G117	US360	

International Footnotes

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5.457A In the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03).

5.457B In the bands 5925-6425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03). * *

5.504A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. 5.29, 5.30 and 5.31 apply.

5.504B Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa.

5.504C In the band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran, Kuwait, Lesotho, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No.

5.505 Additional allocation: in Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo, Korea (Rep. of), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad and Yemen, the band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis.

5.506A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution 902 (WRC-03). This

footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Radiocommunication Bureau prior to 5 July

5.506B Earth stations on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus, Greece, and Malta within the minimum distance given in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) from these countries.

5.508 Additional allocation: in Germany, Bosnia and Herzegovina, France, Italy, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, the United Kingdom, Slovenia and Serbia and Montenegro, the band 14.25-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary

5.508A In the band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran, Italy, Kuwait, Lesotho, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29.

5.509A In the band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran, Italy, Kuwait, Lesotho, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29.

United States (US) Footnotes

US7 In the band 420-450 MHz and within the following areas, the peak envelope power output of a transmitter employed in the amateur service shall not exceed 50 watts, unless expressly authorized by the Commission after mutual agreement, on a case-by-case basis, between the Federal Communications Commission Engineer in Charge at the applicable district office and the military area frequency coordinator at the applicable military base. For areas (e) through (j), the appropriate military coordinator is located at Peterson AFB, CO.

(a) The entire State of New Mexico and Texas west of longitude 104° 00' West;

(b) The entire State of Florida including the Kev West area and the areas enclosed within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of Patrick Air Force Base, Florida (latitude 28° 21 North, longitude 80° 43' West), and within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of Eglin Air Force Base, Florida (latitude 30° 30' North, longitude 86° 30′ West);

(c) The entire State of Arizona;

(d) Those portions of California and Nevada south of latitude 37° 10' North, and the areas enclosed within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of the Pacific Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, California (latitude 34° 09' North, longitude 119° 11' West).

(e) In the State of Massachusetts within a 160-kilometer (100-mile) radius around locations at Otis Air Force Base. Massachusetts (latitude 41° 45' North, longitude 70° 32' West).

(f) In the State of California within a 240kilometer (150-mile) radius around locations at Beale Air Force Base, California (latitude 39° 08' North, longitude 121° 26' West).

(g) In the State of Alaska within a 160kilometer (100-mile) radius of Clear, Alaska (latitude 64° 17' North, longitude 149° 10' West).

(h) In the State of North Dakota within a 160-kilometer (100-mile) radius of Concrete, North Dakota (latitude 48° 43' North, longitude 97° 54' West).

(i) In the States of Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina within a 200-kilometer (124mile) radius of Warner Robins Air Force Base, Georgia (latitude 32° 38' North, longitude 83° 35' West).

(j) In the State of Texas within a 200kilometer (124-mile) radius of Goodfellow Air Force Base, Texas (latitude 31° 25' North, longitude 100° 24' West).

* US48 In the band 9000-9200 MHz, the use of the radiolocation service by non-Federal Government licensees may be authorized on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the aeronautical radionavigation service or to the Federal Government radiolocation service.

*

US78 In the mobile service, the frequencies between 1435 and 1525 MHz will be assigned for aeronautical telemetry and associated telecommand operations for flight testing of manned or unmanned aircraft and missiles, or their major components. Permissible usage includes telemetry associated with launching and reentry into the Earth's atmosphere as well as any incidental orbiting prior to reentry of manned objects undergoing flight tests. The following frequencies are shared with flight telemetry mobile stations: 1444.5, 1453.5, 1501.5, 1515.5, and 1524.5 MHz. *

US110 In the band 9200-9300 MHz, the use of the radiolocation service by non-Federal Government licensees may be authorized on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service or to the Federal Government radiolocation service.

US217 In the band 420–450 MHz, pulseranging radiolocation systems may be

authorized for Federal and non-Federal Government use along the shorelines of the contiguous 48 States and Alaska. In the Subband 420-435 MHz, spread spectrum radiolocation systems may be authorized for Federal and non-Federal Government use within the contiguous 48 States and Alaska. All stations operating in accordance with this provision shall be secondary to stations operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. Authorizations shall be granted on a case-by-case basis; however, operations proposed to be located within the following geographic areas should not expect to be accommodated:

(a) The entire State of New Mexico and Texas west of longitude 104° 00' West;

(b) The entire State of Florida including the Key West area and the areas enclosed within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of Patrick Air Force Base, Florida (latitude 28° 21 North, longitude 80° 43' West), and within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of Eglin Air Force Base, Florida (latitude 30° 30' North, longitude 86° 30' West);

(c) The entire State of Arizona;

(d) Those portions of California and Nevada south of latitude 37° 10' North, and the areas enclosed within a 322-kilometer (200-mile) radius of the Pacific Missile Test Center, Point Mugu, California (latitude 34° 09' North, longitude 119° 11' West).

(e) In the State of Massachusetts within a 160-kilometer (100-mile) radius around locations at Otis Air Force Base, Massachusetts (latitude 41° 45' North, longitude 70° 32' West).

(f) In the State of California within a 240kilometer (150-mile) radius around locations at Beale Air Force Base, California (latitude 39° 08' North, longitude 121° 26' West).

(g) In the State of Alaska within a 160kilometer (100-mile) radius of Clear, Alaska (latitude 64° 17' North, longitude 149° 10' West).

(h) In the State of North Dakota within a 160-kilometer (100-mile) radius of Concrete, North Dakota (latitude 48° 43' North, longitude 97° 54′ West).

(i) In the States of Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina within a 200-kilometer (124mile) radius of Warner Robins Air Force Base, Georgia (latitude 32° 38' North, longitude 83° 35' West).

(i) In the State of Texas within a 200kilometer (124-mile) radius of Goodfellow Air Force Base, Texas (latitude 31° 25' North, longitude 100° 24' West).

US244 The band 136-137 MHz is allocated to the non-Federal Government aeronautical mobile (R) service on a primary basis, and is subject to pertinent international treaties and agreements. The frequencies 136, 136.025, 136.05, 136.075, 136.1, 136.125, 136.15, 136.175, 136.2, 136.225, 136.25, 136.275, 136.3, 136.325, 136.35, 136.375, 136.4, 136.425, 136.45, and 136.475 MHz are available on a shared basis to the Federal Aviation Administration for air traffic control purposes, such as automatic weather

observation stations (AWOS), automatic terminal information services (ATIS), flight information services-broadcast (FIS-B), and airport control tower communications.

US246 No station shall be authorized to transmit in the following bands:

73-74.6 MHz,

608-614 MHz, except for medical telemetry equipment,1

1400-1427 MHz

1660.5-1668.4 MHz,

2690-2700 MHz.

4990-5000 MHz, 10.68-10.7 GHz,

15.35-15.4 GHz,

23.6-24 GHz,

31.3-31.8 GHz,

50.2-50.4 GHz,

52.6-54.25 GHz,

86-92 GHz,

100-102 GHz, 105-116 GHz,

164-168 GHz,

182-185 GHz,

217-231 GHz.

US252 The bands 2110-2120 MHz and 7145-7190 MHz are also allocated for Earthto-space transmissions in the space research service, limited to deep space communications at Goldstone, California.

US258 In the band 8025-8400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is allocated on a primary basis for non-Federal Government use. Authorizations are subject to a case-by-case electromagnetic compatibility analysis.

US262 The use of the band 31.8-32.3 GHz by the space research service (deep space) (space-to-Earth) and of the band 34.2-34.7 GHz by the space research service (deep space) (Earth-to-space) are limited to Goldstone, California.

US276 Except as otherwise provided for herein, use of the band 2360-2385 MHz by the mobile service is limited to aeronautical telemetering and associated telecommand operations for flight testing of manned or unmanned aircraft, missiles or major components thereof. The following three frequencies are shared on a co-equal basis by Federal Government and non-Federal Government stations for telemetering and associated telecommand operations of expendable and reusable launch vehicles whether or not such operations involve flight testing: 2364.5 MHz, 2370.5 MHz, and 2382.5 MHz. All other mobile telemetering uses shall be secondary to the above uses.

US277 The band 10.6-10.68 GHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the radio astronomy service. However, the radio astronomy service shall not receive protection from stations in the fixed service which are licensed to operate in the one

hundred most populous urbanized areas as defined by the 1990 U.S. Census. For the list of observatories operating in this band see 47 CFR 2.106, footnote US355.

US278 In the bands 22.55-23.55 GHz and 32.3-33 GHz, non-geostationary intersatellite links may operate on a secondary basis to geostationary inter-satellite links.

US303 In the band 2285-2290 MHz, non-Federal government space stations in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services may be authorized to transmit to the Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System subject to such conditions as may be applied on a case-bycase basis. Such transmissions shall not cause harmful interference to authorized Federal Government stations. The power flux density at the Earth's surface from such non-Federal Government stations shall not exceed -144 to -154 dBW/m²/4 kHz, depending on angle of arrival, in accordance with ITU Radio Regulation 21.16.

US310 In the band 14.896-15.121 GHz, non-Federal Government space stations in the space research service may be authorized on a secondary basis to transmit to Tracking and Data Relay Satellites subject to such conditions as may be applied on a case-bycase basis. Such transmissions shall not cause harmful interference to authorized Federal Government stations. The power flux-density produced by such non-Federal Government stations at the Earth's surface in any 4 kHz band for all conditions and methods of modulation shall not exceed:

-148 dB(W/m²) for $0^{\circ} < \theta \le 5^{\circ}$

 $-148 + (\theta \le 5)/2$ dB(W/m²) for $5^{\circ} < \theta \le 25^{\circ}$

-138 dB(W/m²) for 25° <θ≤ 90° where θ is the angle of arrival of the radiofrequency wave (degrees above the horizontal). These limits relate to the power flux-density and angles of arrival which would be obtained under free-space propagation conditions.

*

US316 The band 2900-3000 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the meteorological aids service. Operations in this service are limited to Federal Government Next Generation Weather Radar (NEXRAD) systems where accommodation in the 2700-2900 MHz band is not technically practical and are subject to coordination with existing authorized stations.

* * US320 The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, and 400.15-401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-voice, non-geostationary satellite systems and may include satellite links between land earth stations at fixed locations.

US342 In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

¹ Medical telemetry equipment shall not cause harmful interference to radio astronomy operations

in the band 608-614 MHz and shall be coordinated under the requirements found in 47 CFR 95.1119.

40000 40440 111
13360–13410 kHz,
25550–25670 kHz,
37.5–38.25 MHz,
322–328.6 MHz,
1330–1400 MHz,
1610.6–1613.8 MHz,
1660–1660.5 MHz,
1668.4–1670 MHz,
3260–3267 MHz,
3332–3339 MHz,
3345.8–3352.5 MHz,
4825–4835 MHz,
4950–4990 MHz,
6650–6675.2 MHz,

14.47-14.5 GHz, 22.01-22.21 GHz, 22.21-22.5 GHz, 22.81-22.86 GHz, 23.07-23.12 GHz, 31.2-31.3 GHz, 36.43-36.5 GHz, 42.5-43.5 GHz, 48.94-49.04 GHz, 93.07-93.27 GHz, 97.88-98.08 GHz. 140.69-140.98 GHz, 144.68-144.98 GHz,

145.45-145.75 GHz, 146.82-147.12 GHz, 150-151 GHz, 174.42-175.02 GHz, 177-177.4 GHz, 178.2-178.6 GHz, 181-181.46 GHz, 186.2-186.6 GHz, 250-251 GHz, 257.5-258 GHz, 261-265 GHz. 262.24-262.76 GHz, 265-275 GHz

are allocated, all practicable steps shall be taken to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. 4.5 and 4.6 and Article 29 of the ITU Radio Regulations).

US355 In the band 10.7-11.7 GHz, nongeostationary satellite orbit licensees in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), prior to commencing operations, shall coordinate with the following radio astronomy observatories to achieve a mutually acceptable agreement regarding the protection of the radio telescope facilities operating in the band 10.6–10.7 GHz:

Observatory	West Ion- gitude	North latitude	Elevation (in meters)
Arecibo Observatory Green Bank Telescope (GBT) Very Large Array (VLA)	66°45′11″	18°20′46″	496
	79°50′24″	38°25′59″	825
	107°37′04″	34°04′44″	2126
Very Long Baseline Array (VLBA) Stations: Brewster, WA	119°40′55″	48°07′53″	255
Fort Davis, TX Hancock, NH	103°56′39′	30°38′06″	1615
	71°59′12″	42°56′01″	309
Kitt Peak, AZ	111°36′42″	31°57′22″	1916
	106°14′42″	35°46′30″	1967
Mauna Kea, HINorth Liberty, IA	155°27′29″	19°48′16″	3720
	91°34′26″	41°46′17″	241
Owens Valley, CA	118°16′34″	37°13′54″	1207
Pie Town, NM	108°07′07″	34°18′04″	2371
St. Croix, VI	64°35′03″	17°45′31″	16

US384 In the band 401-403 MHz, the non-Federal Government Earth explorationsatellite (Earth-to-space) and meteorologicalsatellite (Earth-to-space) services are limited to earth stations transmitting to Federal Government space stations.

US385 The band 1164–1215 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth, space-to-space) on a primary basis. In this band, stations in the radionavigation-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.

US386 In designing systems for the intersatellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) (space-to-Earth) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, all necessary measures shall be taken to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service.

Non-Federal Government (NG) Footnotes

NG41 Frequencies in the bands 3700-4200 MHz and 5925-6425 MHz, may also be assigned to stations in the international fixed public and international control services

located in Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Navassa Island.

* * *

NG114 In the Gulf of Mexico offshore from the Louisiana-Texas coast, the band 476-494 MHz (TV channels 15, 16 and 17) is allocated to the Public Mobile and Private Land Mobile Radio Services in accordance with the regulations set forth in 47 C.F.R. parts 22 and 90, respectively.

Federal Government (G) Footnotes

G2 In the bands 216-225, 420-450

(except as provided by US217 and G129), 890-902, 928-942, 1300-1400, 2310-2385, 2417-2450, 2700-2900, 5650-5925 and 9000-9200 MHz, the Federal Government radiolocation service is limited to the military services.

G129 Federal Government wind profilers are authorized to operate on a primary basis in the radiolocation service in the frequency band 448-450 MHz with an authorized bandwidth of no more than 2 MHz centered on 449 MHz, subject to the following conditions: (1) wind profiler locations must be pre-coordinated with the military services to protect fixed military radars; and (2) wind profiler operations shall not cause harmful

interference to, nor claim protection from, military mobile radiolocation stations that are engaged in critical national defense operations.

PART 25—SATELLITE **COMMUNICATIONS**

■ 4. The authority citation for part 25 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 701-744. Interprets or applies Sections 4, 301, 302, 303, 307, 309 and 332 of the Communications Act, as amended, 47 U.S.C. Sections 154, 301, 302, 303, 307, 309 and 332, unless otherwise

■ 5. Section 25.202(a)(3) is revised and paragraph 25.202(a)(4)(iii) is added to read as follows:

§ 25.202 Frequencies, frequency tolerance and emission limitations.

(a) * * *

(3) The following frequencies are available for use by the non-voice, nongeostationary mobile-satellite service: 137-138 MHz: Space-to-Earth 148-150.05 MHz: Earth-to-space 399.9-400.05 MHz: Earth-to-space 400.15-401 MHz: Space-to-Earth

(4) * * *

(iii)(A) The following frequencies are available for use by the L-band Mobile-Satellite Service:

1525–1559 MHz: Space-to-Earth 1626.5–1660.5 MHz: Earth-to-space

(B) The use of the frequencies 1544–1545 MHz and 1645.5–1646.5 MHz is limited to distress and safety communications.

* * * * *

PART 87—AVIATION SERVICES

■ 6. The authority citation for part 87 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303 and 307(e), unless otherwise noted.

■ 7. Section 87.303 is amended by revising paragraph (d)(1) to read as follows:

§87.303 Frequencies.

* * * * *

(d)(1) Frequencies in the bands 1435-1525 MHz and 2360-2385 MHz are assigned primarily for telemetry and telecommand operations associated with the flight testing of manned or unmanned aircraft and missiles, or their major components. The bands 2310-2320 MHz and 2345-2360 MHz are also available for these purposes on a secondary basis. Until January 1, 2007, flight test operations in the band 2385-2390 MHz may continue on a primary basis within 160 km of the nine sites listed in 47 CFR 2.106, footnote US363. Permissible uses of these bands include telemetry and telecommand transmissions associated with the launching and reentry into the Earth's atmosphere, as well as any incidental

orbiting prior to reentry, of manned or unmanned objects undergoing flight tests. In the band 1435-1530 MHz, the following frequencies are shared with flight telemetry mobile stations: 1444.5, 1453.5, 1501.5, 1515.5, 1524.5, and 1525.5 MHz. In the band 2360-2390 MHz, the following frequencies may be assigned on a co-equal basis for telemetry and associated telecommand operations in fully operational or expendable and re-usable launch vehicles, whether or not such operations involve flight testing: 2364.5, 2370.5 and 2382.5 MHz. In the band 2360-2390 MHz, all other mobile telemetry uses are secondary to the above stated launch vehicle uses.

* * * * *

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