# California Fruit \& Nut Review 



| Frequency: Monthly, except November <br> Released: October 15, 1998 | (USPS 5 VOL. 18 |
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## SEPTEMBER CROP COMMENTS

Crop harvesting continued to dominate growers' activities during September. Grapes for fresh use were picked in the San Joaquin Valley, with Flame Seedless, Red Globe, and Ruby Seedless the major varieties. Thompson Seedless variety grapes were picked for fresh, raisin, and wine uses. By October 1, almost the entire raisin crop had been harvested, with about 40 percent on open trays, 27 percent rolled, and one-third picked up. Cool weather has slowed drying. Harvest of grapes for wine was also active during September. Growers were plagued with bunch rot. Picking of late variety stone
fruit was winding down by late September. Apple harvest was active with Royal Gala, Fuji, Granny Smith, and Red Delicious the major varieties. Bartlett pears were picked in Lake and Mendocino areas. Asian pears were picked in the San Joaquin Valley. Dried figs were picked up. Olive harvest had begun by late September. Prune harvest was active with growers concerned about quality. Almond, pistachio, and walnut harvests were active throughout September. Fall strawberries were harvested in the San Joaquin Valley. Grapefruit picking was active in Riverside County during September. Packers were grading out heavy due to soft fruit; packed fruit color and eating quality were good. Some wind scar, sunburn, and sheep nose were also reported. Lemon harvest was active with good quality. Valencia oranges were picked with wind scar, puff, and crease reported. New crop Navel oranges were maturing, with picking expected to begin in late October.

FRUIT AND NUT STATISTICS AT A GLANCE


1/ Grapefruit -- 33.5 lbs . per carton; Lemons -- 38.0 lbs . per carton; Oranges -- 37.5 lbs . per carton; Tangerines -- 37.5 lbs . per carton.
2/ Includes tangelos, tangerines and tangors.

Oranges: This year's orange crop is forecast at 124 million cartons, down 16 percent from last season. California's Navel orange forecast is 68.0 million cartons, down 23 percent from last season. Picking of early season Navel orange varieties is expected to begin in the Edison area of Kern County by mid-October. The number of oranges per tree is less than last year and the size of the fruit is smaller. Maturity has been slow, but the fruit is making progress. The 1998-99 California Valencia orange forecast is 56.0 million cartons, down 7 percent from last season.

Grapefruit: The 1998-99 all grapefruit crop is forecast at 16.8 million cartons, down 7 percent from the 1997-98 production estimate. Weather conditions to date have been good. The cooler weather has produced less soft fruit.

Lemons: The initial 1998-99 lemon forecast is 42.0 million cartons, down 5 percent from the 44.0 million cartons of 1997-98. Quality has predominantly been fair to good in the Central Valley and south coastal growing areas.

Tangerines: The initial forecast for tangerines is 5.00 million cartons, up 4 percent from the 1997-98 season. The crop was maturing well, with average quality reported. Picking should begin the middle to late October.

## FLORIDA CITRUS

Most areas of Florida's citrus belt received an over abundance of rain during September, including heavy rains associated with hurricane Georges. Very little significant damage was caused from the hurricane. An abundance of new growth has occurred on trees of all ages generated from the tropical weather of this past month. New crop fruit made good progress during the month. Some splitting occurred on early types of fruit from excessive moisture conditions. Harvest for the 1998-99 season progressed very slowly during the month as about a dozen packing houses were running at reduced rates due to lagging maturity. Harvesting crews are selectively picking white and colored grapefruit, Navels, Hamlins, and Amber sweet oranges, as well as Fallglo and Robinson tangerines. Caretakers have been kept very busy cutting cover crops that have grown out of control, spraying fresh fruit for insects and diseases, and fertilizing young trees.

CITRUS FRUIT PRODUCTION BY STATE AND U.S.

| Crop \& State | $1996-97$ | $1997-98$ | Forecast <br> $1998-99$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ORANGES: 1/ | $-1,000$ Cartons - |  |  |
| California, All | 128,000 | 148,000 | 124,000 |
| $\quad$ Navel \& Misc. | 80,000 | 88,000 | 68,000 |
| $\quad$ Valencia | 48,000 | 60,000 | 56,000 |
| Florida | 452,400 | 488,000 | 380,000 |
| Texas | 2,840 | 3,050 | 2,880 |
| Arizona | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 585,240 | 641,050 | 508,880 |
| GRAPEFRUIT: $\underline{\text { / }}$ |  |  |  |
| California, All $\underline{/} /$ | 16,400 | 18,000 | 16,800 |
| Florida | 111,600 | 99,100 | 100,000 |
| Texas | 10,600 | 9,600 | 10,000 |
| Arizona | 1,800 | 1,600 | 1,400 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 140,400 | 128,300 | 128,200 |
| LEMONS: $\underline{4 /}$ |  |  |  |
| California | 45,200 | 44,000 | 42,000 |
| Arizona | 5,200 | 5,200 | 5,400 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 50,400 | 49,200 | 47,400 |
| TANGERINES: $\underline{5 /}$ |  |  |  |
| California $\underline{6} /$ | 5,200 | 4,800 | 5,000 |
| Florida | 12,600 | 10,400 | 8,400 |
| Arizona | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,300 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 18,900 | 16,400 | 14,700 |

1/ ORANGES: California and Arizona, 1 carton $=37.5 \mathrm{lbs}$.; Florida, 1 carton $=45 \mathrm{lbs}$.; Texas, 1 carton $=42.5 \mathrm{lbs}$.
2/ GRAPEFRUIT: California and Arizona, 1 carton $=33.5 \mathrm{lbs}$.; Florida, 1 carton $=42.5 \mathrm{lbs} . ;$ Texas, 1 carton $=40 \mathrm{lbs}$.
3/ Desert and other Area Grapefruit forecasts combined to all Grapefruit beginning in 95-96.
4/ LEMONS: 1 carton $=38 \mathrm{lbs}$.
ㄷ/ TANGERINES: California and Arizona, 1 carton $=37.5 \mathrm{lbs}$.; Florida, 1 carton $=47.5 \mathrm{lbs}$.
6/ Includes tangelos, tangerines, and tangors.


Grapes: Production of all grape varieties for the 1998 season is forecast at 5.45 million tons, an 18 percent decrease from last season. The Raisin-type grape forecast is 2.10 million tons, down 27 percent, while table grapes are forecast at 750 thousand tons, a 9 percent decrease. The estimate for wine-type grapes is down 12 percent to 2.60 million tons. Thompson Seedless grapes for fresh use, wine crush, and raisin lay were still active in late September. Harvest of the late maturing wine grapes is still active, with many growers concerned about bunch rot and mildew.


| FRUIT PRODUCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crop \& State | 1996 | 1997 | $1998$ <br> Forecast |
| APPLES | -- - Tons -- |  |  |
| California | 475,000 | 481,000 | 457,500 |
| Idaho | 95,000 | 55,000 | 95,000 |
| Michigan | 350,000 | 525,000 | 510,000 |
| New York | 515,000 | 560,000 | 505,000 |
| North Carolina | 100,000 | 76,000 | 87,500 |
| Ohio | 45,000 | 32,500 | 40,000 |
| Oregon | 78,000 | 80,000 | 90,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 195,500 | 267,500 | 206,000 |
| Virginia | 137,500 | 135,000 | 152,500 |
| Washington | 2,750,000 | 2,500,000 | 3,000,000 |
| West Virginia | 52,500 | 57,500 | 52,500 |
| Other States 1/ | 402,500 | 423,550 | 380,950 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 5,196,000 | 5,193,050 | 5,576,950 |
| GRAPES |  |  |  |
| California: All | 5,009,000 | 6,642,000 | 5,450,000 |
| Raisin | 2,192,000 | 2,877,000 | 2,100,000 |
| Table | 592,000 | 825,000 | 750,000 |
| Wine | 2,225,000 | 2,940,000 | 2,600,000 |
| Arizona | 25,000 | 23,000 | 24,000 |
| Michigan | 65,000 | 61,000 | 74,000 |
| New York | 189,000 | 139,000 | 120,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 83,000 | 58,000 | 52,000 |
| Washington | 144,000 | 319,000 | 235,000 |
| Other States 2/ | 39,300 | 40,400 | 46,850 |
| U.S. TOTAL | 5,554,300 | 7,282,400 | 6,001,850 |

1/ 1996: $\quad A Z, A R, C O, C T, D E, G A, I L, I N, I A, K S, K Y, M E, M D, M A$, MN, MO, NH, NJ, NM, RI, SC, TN, UT, VT, and WI.
1997-98: Delaware forecast discontinued.
1998: $\quad$ New Mexico forecast discontinued.
2/ $A R, G A, M O, N C, O H, O R$, and $S C$.

CALIFORNIA CASH INCOME BY COMMODITIES AND COMMODITY GROUPS, 1995-97

| Source of Income | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | Source of Income | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$1,000 |  |  |  | \$1,000 |  |  |
| FRUIT \& NUT CROPS |  |  |  | Strawberries | 611,358 | 584,860 | 686,418 |
| Apples | 154,815 | 151,269 | 167,161 | Other Fruits \& Nuts | 62,750 | 81,220 | 85,675 |
| Apricots | 20,913 | 30,663 | 37,673 |  |  |  |  |
| Cherries | 41,540 | 45,430 | 63,375 | TOTAL | 5,983,149 | 6,554,449 | 7,490,704 |
| Figs | 16,429 | 12,850 | 12,103 |  |  |  |  |
| Nectarines | 93,990 | 116,977 | 98,895 | VEGETABLE CROPS | 5,730,327 | 5,448,094 | 5,974,094 |
| Peaches, Clingstone | 87,847 | 114,510 | 143,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Peaches, Freestone | 93,175 | 146,306 | 89,937 | FIELD CROPS | 3,112,781 | 2,989,056 | 3,171,585 |
| Pears | 62,183 | 89,728 | 87,309 |  |  |  |  |
| Plums | 117,849 | 95,831 | 75,886 | NURSERY/GREENHOUSE |  |  |  |
| Prunes | 199,438 | 187,676 | 178,421 | PRODUCTS | 2,158,508 | 2,281,327 | 2,346,432 |
| Almonds | 880,896 | 1,018,368 | 1,126,850 |  |  |  |  |
| Pecans | 3,712 | 1,079 | 3,300 | CHRISTMAS TREES | 14,928 | 12,491 | 12,000 |
| Pistachios | 161,320 | 121,800 | 203,400 |  |  |  |  |
| Walnuts | 327,600 | 326,560 | 352,390 | LIVESTOCK, POULTRY |  |  |  |
| Grapes | 1,859,900 | 2,187,737 | 2,816,000 | \& PRODUCTS | 5,549,294 | 6,211,821 | 6,294,239 |
| Kiwifruit | 15,434 | 13,157 | 16,483 |  |  |  |  |
| Avocados | 228,606 | 235,478 | 248,069 | TOTAL CASH INCOME |  |  |  |
| Dates | 17,598 | 23,301 | 23,574 | FROM MARKETINGS | 22,548,987 | 23,497,238 | 25,289,054 |
| Olives | 50,065 | 102,588 | 68,536 |  |  |  |  |
| Grapefruit | 52,661 | 57,671 | 35,330 | FARM RELATED |  |  |  |
| Lemons | 224,929 | 193,654 | 234,177 | INCOME | 1,041,815 | 1,765,815 | 1,504,258 |
| Oranges, Navel \& Misc. | 278,748 | 299,726 | 334,282 |  |  |  |  |
| Oranges, Valencia | 252,841 | 255,850 | 246,165 | GROSS CASH |  |  |  |
| Tangerines | 38,317 | 29,192 | 24,126 | INCOME |  |  |  |
| Bushberries | 28,235 | 30,968 | 32,169 | FROM FARMING 1/ | 23,590,802 | 25,263,053 | 26,793,312 |

1/ Includes value of home consumption, value of inventory adjustments, machine hire and custom work, forest products sold, rental value of farm dwelling, government payments, and other miscellaneous farm income.

SOURCE: USDA Economic Research Service

