

U.S. Department of Homeland Security **United States Coast Guard**

LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS

District: 17

Week: 21/08

-Navigation Information Service (NIS)-Watchstander, 24 hours a day at (703) 313-5900 ~Navcen Internet Address~ www.navcen.uscg.gov -Local Notice to Marinerswww.navcen.uscg.gov/Inm

 Issued by: Commander (DPW)
 Telephone: (907) 463-2269 (0800-1600)

 Seventeenth Coast Guard District
 After Hours: (907) 463-2000 (1600-0800)

 PO Box 25517
 Facsimile: (907) 463-2273

 Juneau,
 AK 99802-5517

Questions, comments or additional information on this Local Notice to Mariners should be sent to the address above or by E-mail to: D17-PF-D17-LNM@uscg.mil. You can get the U.S. Coast Guard 17th District Local Notice to Mariners via the Internet directly from the U.S. Coast Guard Navigation Center web site at www.navcen.uscg.gov/lnm/d17.

> REFERENCES: Light List, Vol. VI, Pacific Coast and Pacific Islands, 2007 Edition (COMDTPUB P16502.6). U.S. Coast Pilot 8, Pacific Coast Alaska: Dixon Entrance to Cape Spencer, 29th Edition. U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 25th Edition.

> > BROADCAST NOTICE TO MARINERS

Navigation information previously promulgated by Broadcast Notice to Mariners through 164/08 and still in effect is included in this notice.

CHART CORRECTION http://chartmaker.ncd.noaa.gov and http:www.maptech.com

2007 Light List/ Summary of Corrections http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/pubs/LightLists/LightLists.htm

NOAA Chart Viewer (Posting of all up to date NOAA charts for viewing on Internet browser to be used for ready reference or planning) http://www.NauticalCharts.gov/viewer

> Coast Pilot Corrections http://nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/cpdownload.htm

NOAA Weather Buoy Sites http://seaboard.ndbc.noaa.gov/Maps/wrldmap.shtml

> Tides on Line http://www.tidesonline.nos.noaa.gov

Tides, Currents, PORTS http://www.co-ops.nos.noaa.gov

Weather http://www.noaa.gov/wx.html

ABBREVIATIONS

A through I

ACOE - Army Corps of Engineers ADRIFT - Buoy Adrift AICW - Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway B - Buoy BKW - Breakwater KBG - Refer to Light List KBG-I - Refer to Light List KBR - Refer to Light List KBR-I - Refer to Light List KBW - Refer to Light List

K through M

N through Z

NB - Refer to Light List N/C - Not Charted ND - Refer to Light List NG - Refer to Light List NGA - National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency B - Refer to Light List BNM - Broadcast Notice to Mariner CG - Refer to Light List CHAN - Channel CGD - Coast Guard District CR - Refer to Light List C/O - Cut Off CONT - Contour **CONSTR - Construction** CRK - Creek **CONST** - Construction DBN - Daybeacon DBD/DAYBD - Dayboard DBN/DEST - Daybeacon Destroyed DBN IMCH - Daybeacon Improper Characteristic **DISCON** - Discontinued DMGD - Daybeacon Damaged EST - Established Aid **EVAL** - Evaluation EXT - Extinguished FL - Flashing FS - Fog Signal HAZ - Hazard to Navigation HBR - Harbor HOR - Horizontal Clearance HT - Height ICW - Intracoastal Waterway IMCH - Improper Characteristic INL - Inlet **INOP** - Not Operating INT - Intensity ISL - Islet

KGB - Refer to Light List KGB-I - Refer to Light List KGR - Refer to Light List KGR-I - Refer to Light List KGW - Refer to Light List KGW-I - Refer to Light List KRB - Refer to Light List KRB-I - Refer to Light List KRG - Refer to Light List KRG-I - Refer to Light List KRW - Refer to Light List KWB - Refer to Light List KWB-I - Refer to Light List KWG - Refer to Light List KWG-I - Refer to Light List KWR - Refer to Light List KWR-I - Refer to Light List LAT - Latitude LB - Lighted Buoy LBB - Lighted Bell Buoy LHB - Lighted Horn Buoy LGB - Lighted Gong Buoy LONG - Longitude LNM - Local Notice to Mariners LT - Light LT CONT - Light Continuous LWB - Lighted Whistle Buoy LWP - Left Watching Properly MISS - Missing MR - Refer to Light List MR-I - Refer to Light List

NL - Refer to Light List NO - Number NOS - National Ocean Service NR - Refer to Light List NW - Refer to Light List NW - Notice Writer NY - Refer to Light List OBSCU - Obscured **OBST** - Obstruction OFF STA - Off Station **OBSTR** - Obstruction PRIV - Private Aid **RBN** - Radio Beacon **REBUILT - Aid Rebuilt RECOVERED - Aid Recovered** RED - Red Buoy **REDINT - Reduced Intensity** RRL - Range Rear Light **RELIGHTED - Aid Relighted RELOC - Relocated RESET ON STATION - Aid Reset on Station** RFL - Range Front Light RIV - River SEC - Section SG - Green Square SG-SY - Green Square with Yellow Square SHL - Shoaling SND - Sound SS - Sound Signal TEMP - Temporary Aid Change TMK - Topmark St M - Statute Mile TR - Red Triangle TRLB - Temporarily Replaced by Lighted Buoy TRLT - Temporarily Replaced by Light TR-TY - Red Triangle with Yellow Triangle TRUB - Temporarily Replaced by Unlighted Buoy

Additional Abbreviations Specific to this LNM Edition: None

SECTION I - SPECIAL NOTICES This section contains information of special concern to the Mariner

ALASKA-GULF OF ALASKA-CAPE CHINIAK-HAZARDOUS OPERATIONS

A gunnery and pyrotechnics exercise will be conducted approximately 35NM Northeast of Cape Chiniak near position 57-50-00N, 151-20-00W from 2100 local time on the 22nd of May to 0100 local time on the 23rd of May 2008. Danger radius is 20,000 yds, danger altitude is 13,000 ft. LNM: 21/08

A sixteen foot open aluminum skiff is drifting south of Cape Kasilof, last position 60-25.26N, 151-22.51W. The skiff's registration number is "AK 8294AF". Request any sightings of the vessel to be made to the nearest Coast Guard unit or Sector Anchorage at 907-271-6700.

A pyrotechnics and gunnery exercise will be conducted 15 NM Southwest of Cape St. Elias in approximate position 59-58N, 144-54W from 1200 to 2200 local time on the 20th of May 2008. Danger radius is 10,000 yds, danger altitude is 20,000 ft.

A fishing vessel has sunk in 67 feet of water in approximate position 61-07.6N, 146-25.8W, off Perkins Point near Mineral Creek, mariners are requested to transit this area with caution.

ALASKA-PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND-PORT OF VALDEZ-OBSTRUCTION TO NAVIGATION

ALASKA-GULF OF ALASKA-COOK INLET-OBSTRUCTION TO NAVIGATION

ALASKA-GULF OF ALASKA-EL CAPITAN PASS-HAZARDOUS OPERATIONS

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-FORRESTER ISLAND-HAZARDOUS OPERATIONS

LNM: 21/08

LNM: 21/08

LNM: 20/08

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-BEHM CANAL-NEETS BAY

ALASKA-NOAA INSTRUMENT MOORINGS DEPLOYED

The following have been deployed in the Bering Sea:

BSM-2 in position 56° 51.83-N 164° 3.05-W at a depth of 73 meters - surface mooring. BSP-2 in position 56° 51.928-N 164° 3.185-W at a depth of 73 meters with a top float depth of 53 meters. BST-2 in position 56° 51.808-N 164° 3.019-W at a depth of 73 meters with a top float depth of 18 meters. BS-4 in position 57° 51.43-N 168° 52.44-W at a depth of 70 meters with a top float depth of 7 meters. BS-4 in position 57° 51.418-N 168° 52.562-W at a depth of 72 meters with a top float depth of 5 meters. BSP-4 in position 57° 51.665-N 168° 52.679-W at a depth of 72 meters with a top float depth of 62 meters. BS-5 in position 59° 54.58-N 171° 42.47-W at a depth of 70 meters with a top float depth of 18 meters. BSP-5 in position 59° 54.28-N 171° 42.29-W at a depth of 70 meters with a top float depth of 60 meters. BS-8 in position 62° 11.62-N 174° 40.06-W at a depth of 73 meters with a top float depth of 19 meters. BSP-8 in position 62° 11.73-N 174° 39.58-W at a depth of 72 meters with a top float depth of 62 meters. BSP-9 in position 54° 32.62-N 166° 38.74-W at a depth of 433 meters with a top float depth of 422 meters.

The following have been deployed in Bristol Bay:

KC-1 in position 56° 25.61-N 160° 13.12-W at a depth of 23 meters with a top float depth of 18 meters. KC-2 in position 56° 29.92-N 161° 00.07-W at a depth of 66 meters with a top float depth of 60 meters. The following have been deployed in Slime Bank:

SBP-1 in position 55° 01.94-N 164° 43.22-W at a depth of 75 meters with a top float depth of 60 meters.

The following have been deployed in Chiniak Bay: CB-1 in position 57° 43.32-N 152° 17.62-W at a depth of 193 meters with a top float depth of 171 meters.

The following have been deployed in Pavlof Bay: PA-1 in position 55° 10.86-N 161° 41.16-W at a depth of 96 meters with a top float depth of 14 meters.

The following have been deployed in Amukta Pass:

AMP-1 in position 52° 25.98-N 171° 27.00-W at a depth of 406 meters with a top float depth of 396 meters. AMP-1 in position 52° 26.70-N 171° 26.81-W at a depth of 414 meters with a top float depth of 404 meters. AMP-2 in position 52° 25.00-N 171° 39.99-W at a depth of 456 meters with a top float depth of 446 meters.

LNM: 21/08

LNM: 16/08

LNM: 19/08

LNM: 21/08

LNM: 02/07

The position information for Hawk Inlet Range Lights (LLNR 24112, 24113) is incorrect on Chart 17312 and in the Light List. The Coast Guard is

A gunnery and pyrotechnics exercise will be conducted approximately 18NM Southwest of Forrester Island near position 54-29.0N, 133-44.5W from 1000 to 2000 local time on the 20th of May 2008, from 1000 to 2000 local time on the 21st of May 2008, and from 1000 to 2000 local time

currently reviewing the positions for the range lights and will publish chart and Light List corrections when complete. Mariners should not rely

Twenty three subsurface oceanographic moorings have been deployed in and around Juneau Harbor, and in the regions of Stephens Passage,

The commissioning of Kuskokwim Bay's seasonal aids will be delayed. The advertised commissioning date is 01 June, it is anticipated they will be

It has been reported that the charted depths in approximate position 55-46.52N, 131-36.50W are incorrect. Due south of Clam Island at the 30

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-HAWK INLET

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-OCEANOGRAPHIC MOORINGS AS OF MAY 2008

on the 22nd of May 2008. Danger radius 10,000 yds, danger altitude 23,000ft.

ALASKA-WEST COAST-KUSKOKWIM BAY

commissioned on or about 04 June.

upon the published information for safe navigation of Hawk Inlet.

Taku Inlet, Auke Bay and Lynn Canal. More information, locations and contact numbers are enclosed.

fathom mark, is reported to be 6 fathoms. Mariners are urged to transit this area with extreme caution. Charts: 17420 17422

AMP-3 in position 52° 24.00-N 171° 54.97-W at a depth of 298 meters with a top float depth of 288 meters. AMP-4 in position 52° 23.06-N 172° 07.00-W at a depth of 367 meters with a top float depth of 357 meters.

The above moorings replace moorings that have been previously listed in D17 Local Notice to Mariners. This notice supersedes NOAA Instrument Moorings Deployed in LNM 13/08.

The point of contact for these moorings is Bill Parker at (206) 526-6180.

ALASKA-RESURRECTION BAY-OCEANOGRAPHIC MOORINGS GAK1 mooring deployed at 59-51-01.6-N 149-30-01.7-W. Clearance of 60 feet. Chiswell Ridge mooring deployed at 59-36-23.5-N 149-32-17.5-W. Clearance of 85 feet. The point of contact for these moorings is David Leech at (907) 224-5261.

ALASKA-BERING STRAIT-OCEANOGRAPHIC MOORINGS AS OF SEPT 2007

Subsurface oceanographic moorings have been placed in the Chukchi and Beaufort Seas. Moorings previously placed in 2006 have been removed. An itemized listing is enclosed.
LNM: 42/07

Eight subsurface oceanographic moorings have been deployed in the Bering Strait region in September 2007 in a joint project involving the University of Washington (Seattle, USA), the University of Alaska, Fairbanks (USA), and the Arctic and Antarctic Research Institute (St. Petersburg, Russia). The moorings will remain in position until autumn 2008. Positions are as follows:

A2-07 in position 65-46.87N 168-34.07W with a bottom depth of 56 meters and a top float depth of 15 meters. A2W-07 in position 65-48.07N 168-47.95W with a bottom depth of 52 meters and a top float depth of 17 meters. A3-07 in position 66-19.60N 168-57.92W with a bottom depth of 58 meters and a top float depth of 14 meters. A4-07 in position 65-44.77N 168-15.77W with a bottom depth of 50 meters and a top float depth of 17 meters. A4W-07 in position 65-45.42N 168-21.95W with a bottom depth of 54 meters and a top float depth of 17 meters. A1-1-07 in position 65-54.00N 169-25.88W with a bottom depth of 52 meters and a top float depth of 16 meters. A1-2-07 in position 65-56.02N 169-36.76W with a bottom depth of 54 meters and a top float depth of 36 meters. A1-3-07 in position 65-51.91N 169-16.93W with a bottom depth of 49 meters and a top float depth of 29 meters.

The above moorings replace the below moorings that have been previously listed in D17 Notices to Mariners through 40/07.

A2-06 in position 65-46.78N 168-34.47W A3-06 in position 66-19.54N 168-58.01W A4-06 in position 65-44.73N 168-15.67W

ALASKA - CHUKCHI AND BEAUFORT SEAS

These moorings were deployed in summer/autumn 2006 and have now been recovered.

Point of contact for these moorings is Rebecca Woodgate, 206-221-3268 or woodgate@apl.washington.edu.

ALASKA-PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND-SUBSURFACE MOORINGS

Prince William Sound Science Center Four Oceanography Sub-surface Moorings

Hinchinbrook Entrance Moorings were deployed on April 22, 2008 as follows:

HE1 - 60 14.23 ` N 146 55.23 ` W depth of 936.6 feet - this sub-surface mooring is 781 feet in length, with the uppermost buoy at 155 feet below the surface. Oceanographic instruments measuring currents are transmitting at 300 khz.

LNM: 20/08

LNM: 33/05

LNM: 41/07

DISCREPANCIES (FEDERAL AIDS)

ALASKA-SHELIKOF STRAIT-WIDE BAY

jewald@pwssc.org.

6700

ALASKA-SURVEY OPERATIONS-BARANOF ISLAND NOAA Ship RAINIER (s221) will be conducting hydrographic survey operations in the coastal waters near Crawfish Inlets and Necker Bay

ALASKA-SURVEY OPERATIONS-PRINCE OF WALES ISLAND-

RAINIER and her support vessels monitor VHF channels 16, 13, and 82A.

Alaska-Bering Strait

http://www.moc.noaa.gov/ra/index.html

SECTION II - DISCREPANCIES

This section lists all reported and corrected discrepancies related to Aids to Navigation in this edition. A discrepancy is a change in the status of an aid to navigation that differs from what is published or charted.

LLNR	Aid Name	Status	Chart No. BNM Ref.	LNM St LNM End
982	NOAA Data Lighted Buoy 46080	MISSING	530 517-07	48/07
25395	Lisianski Strait Light 8	MISSING	17303 051-08	09/08
25490	Copper River Delta Buoy S	MISSING	16723 111-08	17/08
27543	Sweeper Cove Range Rear Light	LT EXT	16476 109-08	17/08
27829	St Paul Island Buoy 2	MISSING	16382 026-08	05/08

LNM: 18/08

LNM: 02/08

Subsurface oceanographic moorings have been set in the Bering Strait and will be in place until August 2008. An itemized listing is enclosed.

The 197 foot barge FORT YUKON is aground in approximate position 57-19.5N, 156-19.6W, approximately 1/2NM south of Slaughter Island. Mariners are requested to use caution when transiting the area. For further information, contact Coast Guard Sector Anchorage at 907-271-

LNM: 18/08

LNM: 18/08

LNM: 45/07

below the surface. Oceanographic instruments measuring currents are transmitting at 300 khz.

below the surface. Oceanographic instruments measuring currents are transmitting at 300 khz.

MS3 - 59 56.07 N 147 50.28 W depth of 530 feet - this sub-surface mooring is 373 feet in length, with the uppermost buoy at 157 feet

These moorings supercede those listed in previous D17 LNMs for Prince William Sound with reference 16/07. All moorings are scheduled to be recovered, serviced and re-deployed in September 2008. Point of contact for these moorings is Jennifer Ewald, 907-424-5800 x235 or

between 10 May and 20 June. NOAAS RAINIER is a 231 foot white-hulled research vessel and deploys six 29 foot gray-hulled survey launches equipped with AIS and two skiffs for operations. Mariners are urged to use caution when operating in the vicinity of RAINIER and her launches.

NOAA Ship RAINIER (s221) will be conducting hydrographic survey operations in the Gulf of Esquibel between 10 May and 20 June. NOAAS RAINIER is a 231 foot white-hulled research vessel and deploys six 29 foot gray-hulled survey launches equipped with AIS and two skiffs for operations. Mariners are urged to use caution when operating in the vicinity of RAINIER and her launches. RAINIER and her support vessels

Additional information about RAINIER and NOAA's nautical charting mission can be found at http://www.moc.noaa.gov/ra/index.html

monitor VHF channels 16, 13, and 82A. Additional information about RAINIER and NOAA's nautical charting mission can be found at

MS1 - 59 57.40 N 147 53.44 W depth of 670 feet - this sub-surface mooring is 538 feet in length, with the uppermost buoy at 132 feet

the surface. Oceanographic instruments measuring currents are transmitting at 300 khz.

HE3 - 60 13.46 N 146 45.01 W depth of 714 feet - this sub-surface mooring is 547 feet in length, with the uppermost buoy at 168 feet below

Montague Strait Moorings were deployed on April 23, 2008 as follows:

DISCREPANCIES (FEDERAL AIDS) CORRECTED

	LLNR	Aid Name	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
	1085	Ocean Cape Light	WATCHING PROPERLY	16761	156-08	20/08	21/08
	25160	Morskoi Rock Buoy 2	WATCHING PROPERLY	17323	158-08	19/08	21/08
	25415	Ocean Cape Light	WATCHING PROPERLY	16761	156-08	20/08	21/08
	25470	Peter Dahl Bar Channel Light P	WATCHING PROPERLY	16013	160-08	21/08	21/08
	25483	Point Bentinck Light	WATCHING PROPERLY	16709	159-08	21/08	21/08
	26630	Kodiak Boat Harbor Light 1	WATCHING PROPERLY	16595	164-08	21/08	21/08
DISCRE	EPANCIES (P	RIVATE AIDS)					
	LLNR	Aid Name	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
None							
	EPANCIES (P	RIVATE AIDS) CORRECTED					
DISCRE	EPANCIES (P Llnr	RIVATE AIDS) CORRECTED	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
DISCRE	•	,	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
DISCRE	•	Aid Name	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
DISCRE None		Aid Name		Chart No. Position	BNM Ref.		LNM End
DISCRE None PLATF <u>Name</u>		Aid Name EPANCIES					
DISCRE None PLATF <u>Nam</u> None	ECRM DISCRI	Aid Name EPANCIES					
DISCRE None PLATF <u>Nam</u> None		Aid Name EPANCIES Status	F			LNM St	
DISCRE None PLATF <u>Nam</u> None PLATF		Aid Name EPANCIES EPANCIES CORRECTED	F	Position	BNM Ref.	LNM St	

This section contains temporary changes and corrections to Aids to Navigation for this edition. When charted aids are temporarily relocated for dredging, testing, evaluation, or marking an obstruction, a temporary correction shall be listed in Section IV giving the new position.

LLNR	LNR Aid Name Status		Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
25395	Lisianski Strait Light 8	TRLB	17303	051-08	14/08	
27353	Bechevin Bay Buoy 20b	DISCONTINUED	16535		41/07	
27545	NOAA Data Lighted Buoy 46071	DISCONTINUED	16440		40/07	
EMPORARY CHAN	GES CORRECTED					
LLNR	Aid Name	Status	Chart No.	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM End
ELINIC	Alu Name	514145	onarthor	Bruin Rott	EI IIII OT	
	Aunane	Status		Dimition		
one		Status		2 Million		
one		510105	Position	BNM Ref.	LNM St	LNM E
one LATFORM TEMPO Name	RARY CHANGES	510105				
one LATFORM TEMPO Name one	RARY CHANGES					

This section contains	ction contains corrections corrective actions affecti	to federally and private ng chart(s). Correction	ns appear numerically by	avigation, as well as NOS co	to that chart only. It is up to
Chart Chart	Edition	Last Local Notice	Horizontal	Source of	Current Local
Number Edition		to Mariners	Datum Reference		lotice to Mariners
Main Panel 224	d. 19-APR-97 W YORK HARBOR - RARF 5 NEW YORK HARBOR	Last LNM: 26/97 TAN RIVER	NA D 83	CGD01	27/97
1,	TIONAL DOCK CHANNEL				N 074-02-48.001W
Corrective Action	Object of Corrective Action		Courses and bearing	s are given in degrees clock	on
				pressed in nautical miles (N	
-	h Ed. 12-AUG-00	Last LNM: 08/08	NAD 83		21/08
ChartTitle: Atka Pas	s to Adak Strait;Three Ar	m Bay, Adak Island;K	anaga Bay, Kanaga Is	land;Chapel Roads and Ch	apel Cove, Adak
Main Panel	2487 ATKA PASS TO AD	AK STRAIT. Page/Sic	le: N/A		
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy E1		CGD17 at 51-53-07.370N	176-33-08.840W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy E2		CGD17 at 51-53-03.540N	176-33-08.910W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy S1		CGD17 at 51-52-49.150N	176-33-31.680W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy S2		CGD17 at 51-52-50.170N	176-34-01.990W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy W2		CGD17 at 51-53-06.760N	176-34-16.430W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoys N2		CGD17 at 51-53-21.030N	176-33-31.080W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Lighted Buoy N1		CGD17 at 51-53-21.140N	176-34-03.560W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s			CGD17 at 51-53-03.990N	176-34-15.640W
	Ed. 16-MAY-98	Last LNM: 08/08	NAD 83		21/08
	y and approaches, inclu 2494 KULUK BAY AND A		-	ALASKA STRAITS. Page/S	ide: N/A
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s			CGD17 at 51-53-07.370N	176-33-08.840W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy E2		CGD17 at 51-53-03.540N	176-33-08.910W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy S1		CGD17 at 51-52-49.150N	176-33-31.680W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy S2		CGD17 at 51-52-50.170N	176-34-01.990W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoy W2		CGD17 at 51-53-06.760N	176-34-16.430W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir to FI W 3s	ng Buoys N2		CGD17 at 51-53-21.030N	176-33-31.080W
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorir	ng Lighted Buoy N1		CGD17 at 51-53-21.140N	176-34-03.560W

	to FI W 3s				
CHANGE	Kuluk Bay Army Moorin to FI W 3s	g Lighted Buoy W1		CGD17 at 51-53-03.990N	176-34-15.640W
ChartTitle: Kodiak I	th Ed. 01-JAN-08 sland;Southwest Anchora 2546 KODIAK ISLAND. P		NAD 83		21/08
RELOCATE	Ilkognak Rock Light	age/Side. IVA		CGD17 from 57-54-49.135N to 57-54-49.083N	152-47-02.169W 152-47-02.122W
ChartTitle: Marmot	th Ed. 04-APR-98 Bay and Kupreanof Strait	-			21/08
Main Panel RELOCATE	2553 MARMOT BAY AND Ilkognak Rock Light	KUPREANOF STRAIT.	Page/Side: N/A	CGD17 from 57-54-49.135N to 57-54-49.083N	152-47-02.169W 152-47-02.122W
	th Ed. 01-MAR-08 ion Island to Lisianski Stra	Last LNM: 10/08 ait	NAD 83		21/08
Main Panel RELOCATE	2644 CORONATION ISLA Killisnoo Harbor Lightee		IT. Page/Side: N/A	CGD17 from 57-28-17.206N to 57-28-17.206N	134-33-49.050W 134-33-48.974W
	th Ed. 01-AUG-07 y and Kootznahoo Inlet	Last LNM: 10/08	NAD 83		21/08
	2676 HOOD BAY AND KO	OTZNAHOO INLET. Pag	ge/Side: N/A		
DELETE	Sounding in Fathoms; 1	14 (NOS NW-15796)		NOS 57-23-21.540N NOS	134-20-47.320W
DELETE	Sounding in Fathoms; 7	7 (NOS NW-15796)		57-23-14.580N CGD17	134-20-52.090W
RELOCATE	Killisnoo Harbor Lighteo	l Buoy 6		from 57-28-17.206N to 57-28-17.206N NOS	134-33-49.050W 134-33-48.974W
ADD	Rock in Fathoms; 1/2 R	Chart No. 1: K14.2	(NOS NW-15796)	57-23-32.100N	134-28-28.790W
ChartTitle: Etolin Is	th Ed. 01-MAR-06 land to Midway Islands, ir 2679 ETOLIN ISLAND TO				21/08
RELOCATE	Eastern Passage Light			CGD17 from 56-22-06.882N to 56-22-07.296N	132-10-18.258W 132-10-17.886W
RELOCATE	Eastern Passage Light	7		CGD17 from 56-29-37.860N to 56-29-37.956N	132-22-11.814W 132-22-11.916W
ChartTitle: Zarembo	th Ed. 01-APR-07 Island and approaches; 2704 ZAREMBO ISLAND Eastern Passage Light	AND APPROACHES. Pa	· •	CGD17 from 56-29-37.860N	21/08 132-22-11.814W
			NAD 02	to 56-29-37.956N	132-22-11.916W
ChartTitle: Wrange	Il Harbor and approaches	-	NAD 83		21/08
Main Panel	2707 WRANGELL HARBC	R AND APPROACHES.	Page/Side: N/A	CGD17	
RELOCATE	Eastern Passage Light	7		from 56-29-37.860N to 56-29-37.956N	132-22-11.814W 132-22-11.916W

SECTION V - ADVANCE NOTICES

This section contains advance notice of approved projects, changes to aids to navigation, or upcoming temporary changes such as dredging, etc. Mariners are advised to use caution while transiting these areas.

Project Date Ref. LNM Approved Project(s) For advance notice of projects see below. 15/05

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-HAWK INLET

The U.S. Coast Guard will be changing the flash characteristic of Hawk Inlet Range Rear Light (LLNR 24113) from Oc W 6s to FI W 2.5s. For further information, contact 907-463-2270 or email d17-pf-d17-Inm@uscg.mil.

SECTION VI - PROPOSED CHANGES

Periodically, the Coast Guard evaluates its system of aids to navigation to determine whether the conditions for which the aids to navigation were established have changed. When changes occur, the feasibility of improving, relocating, replacing, or discontinuing aids are considered. This section contains notice(s) of non-approved, proposed projects open for comment. SPECIAL NOTE: Mariners are requested to respond in writing to the District office unless otherwise noted (see banner page for address).

PROPOSED WATERWAY PROJECTS OPEN FOR PU	BLIC COMMENT		
osed Project(s)	Closing	Docket No.	Ref. LNM
proposed changes see below			09/06
posed Change Notice(s)			
ALASKA-SOUTHEAST			
The Coast Guard is proposing to discontinue the following Aids to Navigation: Hood Bay Entrance Lighted Buoy 2 (LLNR 23995). Hood Bay Buoy 1 (LLNR 24000). Tebenkof Bay Light 1(LLNR 23495 Tebenkof Bay Daybeacon 3 (LLNR 23500). Sullivan Island Daybeacon 2 (LLNR 23875). Deer Harbor Entrance Bell Buoy 1 (LLNR 1060). For further information, contact 907-463-2270 or email d17-pf-d17-lnm@uscg.mil			

17385 16th Ed. 01-SEP-06 Last LNM: 18/06 **NAD 83** ChartTitle: Ernest Sound-Eastern Passage and Zimovia Strait;Zimovia Strait CHART ERNEST SOUND-EASTERN PASSAGE AND ZIMOVIA STRAIT. Page/Side: N/A

CGD17 RELOCATE Midchannel Rock Daybeacon from 56-12-10.424N 132-16-16.324W 56-12-10.308N 132-16-16.614W to Main Panel 2709 ERNEST SOUND EASTERN PASSAGE AND ZIMOVIA STRAIT. Page/Side: NA CGD17 RELOCATE Eastern Passage Light 7 from 56-22-06.882N 132-10-18.258W 132-10-17.886W 56-22-07.296N to CGD17 RELOCATE Eastern Passage Light 7 from 56-29-37.860N 132-22-11.814W 56-29-37.956N 132-22-11.916W to

OIL RIG MOVEMENT Drill Rigs/Vessels Removed Latitude Longitude Block **Rigs/Vessel** Chart Туре Status None Drill Rigs/Vessels Established **Rigs/Vessel** Latitude Longitude Block Chart Туре Status None

SUMMARY OF ADVANCED APPROVED PROJECTS Advance Notice(s)

Prop

For

Prop

LNM: 22/07

21/08

ALASKA-PORT MOLLER

The Coast Guard is considering two possible changes to Port Moller/Hague Channel navigation system.

1. Shift the seasonal commissioning/ decommissioning dates of Port Moller/Hague Channel buoys from May 15-November 15 to June 1-October 1 each year.

2. Change the buoyage system in Port Moller and Hague Channel in Herendeen Bay, LLNR's 27565 through 27615, from seasonal to year round operation. Port Moller Entrance buoys 2 and 3 will be changed from unlit nun and can buoys to lighted red and green spar style buoy hulls. Hague Channel Buoys 4,7,8, and 9 will be changed from unlit nun and can buoys to lighted red and green spar style buoy hulls. Hague Channel Buoys 5 and 6 will remain unlit nun and can buoys. Light List numbers for all buoys in Hague Channel will be reassigned. Specific proposed changes follow:

Change Port Moller Entrance Buoy 2 (LLNR 27565) from a red nun to Port Moller Entrance Lighted Spar Buoy 2 (LLNR 27565) showing a FL R 4s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Change Port Moller Entrance Buoy 3 (LLNR 27570) from a green can to Port Moller Entrance Lighted Spar Buoy (LLNR 27570) showing a FL G 4s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Change and renumber Hague Channel Buoy 4 (LLNR 27595) from a red nun to Hague Channel Lighted Spar Buoy 4 (LLNR 27590) showing a FL R 6s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Renumber Hague Channel Buoy 5 (LLNR 27590) to Hague Channel Buoy 5 (LLNR 27595).

Renumber Hague Channel Buoy 6 (LLNR 27605) to Hague Channel Buoy 6 (LLNR 27600).

Change and renumber Hague Channel Buoy 7 (LLNR 27600) from a green can to Hague Channel Lighted Spar Buoy 7 (LLNR 27605) showing a FL G 6s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Change and renumber Hague Channel Buoy 8 (LLNR 27615) from a red nun to Hague Channel Lighted Spar Buoy 8 (LLNR 27610) showing a FL R 4s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Change and renumber Hague Channel Buoy 9 (LLNR 17610) from a green can to Hague Channel Lighted Spar Buoy 9 (LLNR 27615) showing a FL G 4s characteristic with a 3NM nominal range.

Comments/concerns may be sent to D17 Waterways Management Branch at D17-PF-D17-LNM@uscg.mil .

The Coast Guard is proposing to change the Holkham Bay Rear Range light from OC 4 to Fixed. The Holkham Bay Front Range light will remain a quick flash. For further information, contact 907-463-2270.

ALASKA-UGASHIK BAY The U.S. Coast Guard is soliciting input for Ugashik Bay. The Coast Guard is evaluating the current Aids to Navigation, as well as areas that need improvement in Ugashik Bay. A survey has been enclosed to facilitate comments. Please submit comments to: Commander (dpw)

17th Coast Guard District PO Box 25517 Juneau AK 99802 or via email to D17-PF-D17-LNM@uscg.mil, or phone: 907-463-2270.

ALASKA-ALEUTIAN ISLANDS-DILLINGHAM

ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-HOLKHAM BAY

SECTION VII - GENERAL This section contains information of general concern to the Mariners. Mariners are advised to use caution while transiting these areas.

ALASKA-ALASKA PENINSULA-FALSE PASS There will be dredging operations for the new False Pass Boat Harbor and Dock from 5 April 2008 through 15 October 2008. Additionally, three breakwaters will be constructed to form the harbor. Mariners are requested to avoid this area and contact the Tug "Gretchen" on VHF channel 16 with any questions or concerns. Additional information, including a project map, is attached as an enclosure.

There will be dredging in Dillingham, Alaska 24 hours per day 7 days a week from May 18, 2008 through June 30, 2008. Mariners are requested to use caution regarding the dredging activities and the dredge pipeline, and to contact the "Dredge Nehalem" on VHF channels 10 and 16 with any questions or concerns. For further information please contact Vern Scovell at 503-368-5616.

LNM: 06/08

LNM: 10/08

LNM: 04/08

LNM: 13/08

ALASKA-BERING SEA-CAPE SENIAVIN United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service is asking for cooperation in minimizing disturbances to walrus resting at Cape

Management at 1-800-362-5148.

O'Donnell at (907) 563-0013.

The location of the enrollment centers:

ALASKA-BERING SEA-PORT CLARENCE

ALASKA-TRANSPORTATION WORKERS IDENTIFICATION CREDENTIALS

320 Hospital Dr, Suite 102, Juneau, AK 99801

Escorted High Capacity Passenger Vessel Moving Security Zone

TWIC enrollment in Juneau will begin on 30 April 2008 and Anchorage on 8 May 2008.

619 East Ship Creek Ave, Anchorage, AK 99501

The hours of operations will be Monday - Friday, 0800 - 1700.

ALASKA-WEST COAST-NOME HARBOR

ALASKA-COOK INLET-ANCHORAGE

The Army Corps of Engineers will be conducting maintenance dredging in the Nome Harbor from approximately mid June 2008, until late August. Point of contact is Portable Hydraulic Dredging, Inhc, 503-637-6590, or 503-720-7390.

Seniavin. Mariners are asked to stay 1000 yards from shore when transiting past Cape Seniavin at 56°24-00-N 160°09-00-W. The primary time this area is used by walruses is June 1 - October 1 each year. For more information contact U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Marine Mammals

main deck is 10-12 feet below water's surface. Mariners are urged to use caution when transiting the area. For further information contact David

The Coast Guard is establishing permanent moving security zones around all escorted High Capacity Passenger Vessels (HCPV) and escorted Alaska Marine Highway System (AMHS) Vessels during their transits in the navigable waters of the Seventeenth Coast Guard District. No vessel may approach within 100 yards of an escorted HCPV or escorted AMHS vessel during their transits within the navigable waters of the Seventeenth Coast Guard District. Persons desiring to transit within 100 yards of a moving, escorted HCPV or AMHS vessel must contact the designated on scene representative on VHF channel 16 (156.800 MHz) or VHF channel 13 (156.650 MHz) to receive permission. If permission is granted to transit within 100 yards of an escorted HCPV or AMHS vessel, all persons and vessels must comply with the instructions of the designated on scene representative. All commercial fishing vessels as defined by 46 U.S.C. 2101(11a) while actively engaged in fishing are exempted from the provisions of this section. Moored or anchored vessels that are overtaken by this moving zone must remain stationary at their location until the escorted vessel maneuvers at least 100 yards. For further information contact: U.S. Coast Guard District 17 (dpi), 709 West 9th Street, Juneau, AK 99801, (907) 463-2821.

Dredging operations will be conducted along the face of the Port of Anchorage-s City Oil Dock beginning at the southern end of the dock, running approximately 5,000 feet north, extending out from the dock face approximately 1,600 feet. Please be aware of anchor buoys, and small assist vessels around the Dredge Barge Paula Lee. The Derrick barge -Paula Lee- will carry out dredging operations. Material dredged will be transported via dump scows to the ACOE disposal site 3,000 feet from the project baseline (see attached). An average of three scows will transit between the Port of Anchorage dredge site and the ACOE disposal site every day.

The dredge -Paula Lee- is using and monitoring Channel 13, 14, and 80.

Dredging operationd will begin May 5, 2008 and shall be completed by November 1, 2008. During this time dredging operations will be 24 hours a day 7 days a week.

The project manager will be Mr. Chris Milam (415) 218-6739. The Project Superintendent will be Mr. Tony Mana (415) 497-5289.

Mariners are advised to use extreme caution while transiting the dredge area.

ALASKA-LYNN CANAL-TAIYA INLET-KASIDAYA CREEK

Alaska Power and Telephone (AP&T) has commenced construction of a new hydroelectric project on Kasidaya Creek. The work being performed is very close to the water and very sensitive. AP&T is requesting all vessel traffic to give a wide berth to the area, and to transit slowly through the area as to minimize wake damage to the project, and to ensure the safety of the construction crews.

LNM: 21/08

LNM: 36/05

LNM: 17/08

LNM: 14/08

LNM: 17/06

LNM: 14/08

LNM: 19/06

LNM: 19/08

A 110x30 barge has run aground in approximate position 65-20.061N 166-44.617W. The barge is currently located 125 feet from the shoreline in 30-35 feet of water, and is partially submerged. The barges stanchions are extending approximately 10 feet above the water's surface, and the

ALASKA-BRISTOL BAY-TOGIAK A large tank has been reported in approximate position 59-02-31N 160-25-18W. The tank is exposed at low tide and is submerged at high tide but has a marker on it. Mariners are requested to transit the area with caution. For further information contact Darryl Thompson at 907-493-5065.

ALASKA-COOK INLET-SECURITY ZONE

ALASKA-PORT VALDEZ SECURITY ZONE

ALASKA-BRISTOL BAY-UGASHIK BAY Two Vessels have sunk at the mouth of Ugashik Bay, near position 57-35.7N 157-45.9W. Mariners are requested to transit the area with caution. For further information contact Coast Guard Sector Anchorage at (907)271-6770.

The following areas are established as security zones during the specified conditions: All navigable waters within a 1000-yard radius of the Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) tankers during their inbound and outbound transits through Cook Inlet, Alaska between the Phillips Petroleum LNG Pier, 60-40-43N and 151-24-10W, and the Homer Pilot Station at 59-34-86N and 151-25-74W. All navigable waters within a 1000-yard radius of the Liguefied Natural Gas tankers while they are moored at Phillips Petroleum LNG Pier, 60-40-43N and 151-24-10W. Any concerned vessel traffic should contact Marine Safety Detachment Kenai at (907) 283-3292.

33 CFR 165.1710 has established a security zone encompassing the trans-Alaskan Pipeline System (TAPS) Valdez Terminal Complex, the TAPS tank vessels, and the Valdez Narrows. The security zones are necessary to protect the Alyeska Marine Terminal and TAPS tankers from damage or injury. The following is the security zone around the Alyeska Marine terminal: all waters enclosed within a line beginning on the southern shoreline of Port Valdez at 61-05-03.6-N, 146-25-42-W; thence northerly to 61-06-00-N, 146-25-42-W; thence east to 61-06-00-N, 146-21-30-W; thence south to 61-05-06-N, 146-21-30-W; thence west along the shoreline and including the area 2000 yards inland along the shoreline to the beginning point. The northern points are illustrated by yellow buoys marked as numbers 25834 and 25835 in the light list. The southern points are marked by two yellow day beacons. As stated in chapter 1 of any Coast Pilots, and the Preface to any Coast Guard Light List, all mariners are reminded that buoys illustrate an approximate position, that mariners must not rely on buoys alone to determine position or navigation. Note: previous positions for the security zone were incorrect due to a publishing error. For further information contact the Captain of the Port at (907) 835-7262 or (907) 835-7205.

A 26 foot fiber glass hull Bayliner is partially submerged is Jamestown Bay near Sitka in approximate position 57-02-28N, 135-17-24W. Mariners are requested to transit the area with caution.

VHF radio equipment used to meet the U.S. Bridge-to-Bridge Radiotelephone Act requirement for maintaining a listening watch on the vessel bridge-to-bridge navigation channel 13 must be capable of a continuous, uninterrupted watch. Any radio equipment capable of disrupting the channel 13 watch by a distress call on channel 16 or a distress call on the Global Maritime Distress & Safety System digital selective calling channel 70 should either not be used or have that disruption feature disabled.

The Office of Coast Survey, National Ocean Service (NOS), NOAA, announces a new Internet service to the marine public at the following web site: http://chartmaker.ncd.noaa.gov. This service provides advance notification of critical chart corrections identified by NOS cartographers during nautical chart updating activities. Critical chart corrections are either recently identified hazards to navigation or are information regarded by NOS as essential for safe navigation, e.g. channel conditions, bridge and cable clearances, regulatory changes. Critical chart corrections posted on this web site are forwarded to the United States Coast Guard (USCG) and the National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) for inclusion in their Local Notice To Mariners (LNM) and Notice To Mariners (NM) respectively. Additionally, updates to the United States Coast Pilot, Volumes 1-9, are posted on this web site. This web site must not be viewed as a substitute for either the USCG LNM or the NIMA NM. Aid to navigation changes and other important information published in USCG and NIMA notices are not available on this web site.

Acoustic fish-tracking sensors have been deployed offshore of Graves Harbor, AK, by Kintama Research. The deployment consists of a line of scientific sensors positioned approximately 1km apart on the sea floor between the beginning and end points indicated below, along an approximately straight line. Individual sensors have a footprint of approximately 0.5m x 0.5m, and consist of an anchor and a tethered instrument package floating above the anchor (see float depths below). Sensors are connected by ground line laid along the bottom. Location:

Start point: 58°17'01.4"N, 136°44'05.7"W, approx 300 yards from shore in Graves Harbor End point: 58°11'17.6"N, 136°54'50.8"W, approx 8.2 NM offshore Minimum depths:

LNM: 29/06

LNM: 33/05

LNM: 33/05

LNM: 33/05

LNM: 35/06

LNM: 27/06

LNM: 24/07

BRIDGE-TO-BRIDGE RADIOTELEPHONE LISTENING WATCH

ALASKA-SOTHEAST-SITKA-JAMESTOWN BAY-HAZARD TO NAVIGATION

AVAILABILITY OF A NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE CRITICAL CHART CORRECTIONS WEB SITE

ALASKA-GULF OF ALASKA-GRAVES HARBOR

For instruments anchored at less than 150m depth (near shore), the floating portion of the instrument is within 5m of bottom. For instruments anchored at 150m depth or greater, the instrument package is tethered approximately 150m below the surface. The moorings are planned for recovery in Summer 2008.

DATES OF LATEST EDITIONS - NAUTICAL CHARTS AND MISCELLANEOUS MAPS

Point of contact for these moorings is Paul Winchell, Tel: (250) 714-0044, e-mail: paul.winchell@kintamaresearch.org

The Dates of Latest Editions, Nautical Charts and Miscellaneous Maps, dated October 1, 2007, published by the National Ocean Service, is available for issue. It may be obtained free by mail from the FAA/National Aeronautical Charting Office, Distribution Division AVN-530, 10201 Good Luck Road, Glenn Dale MD, 20769-9700, by telephone at 1-800-638-8972, or from your local authorized nautical chart sales agent. This is a guarterly publication listing the most recent editions of nautical charts, miscellaneous maps and publications relating to navigation, weather, etc. with brief descriptions and newly updated prices for most of the publications listed. Much of this information may also be obtained online at: http://chartmaker.ncd.noaa.gov/mcd/dole.htm

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION ON THE USE OF LARGE SCALE DRIFTNETS ON THE HIGH SEAS The United States Coast Guard (USCG) requests mariners be on the lookout for and report any observed driftnets or vessels engaged in driftnet fishing on the high seas (more than 200NM from shore). Sighting information may be made to any of the following Coast Guard offices:

Offices USCG Pacific Area Commander (Poo) Coast Guard Island, 51-5 Alameda, CA 94568	Phone 1-510-437-3813	Fax	Telex	Email Scott.S.Littlefield@uscg.mil
USCG 14th District Commander D14 (drm) 300 Ala Moana Blvd Rm 9 Honolulu, HI 96850-4982	202	1-808-541-2500		D14ccdutyofficer@D14.uscg.mil
USCG 17th District Commander D17 (drm) PO Box 25517, Rm 771 Juneau, AK 99802-5517	1-800-478-5555 1-907-463-2000	1-907-463-2023	49615066	D17-PF-Jun-CommandCenter@uscg.mil

Illegal high seas driftnet (HSDN) fishing has historically been conducted in the Northwest Pacific Ocean. Mariners following great circle routes between North America and Asia are most likely to encounter this activity. Fishing activity normally takes place between April 1st and October 31st. However, illegal activity may occur in other areas and at other times of the year.

Information desired includes date, time, position, and description of gear/vessel, name of vessel, homeport, flag state and observed activity. Video or photographs are highly desired and can be mailed or emailed to any of the offices above.

HSDN Fishing Vessel Characteristics:

HSDN fishing vessels typically range from 120 to 200 feet in length and are usually in fair to poor condition. Distinguishing characteristics include:

- Net tube: A large, usually white tube, which extends from the working deck to the net bin located aft. This tube is about two feet in diameter, runs along the port or starboard side of the superstructure, and may be visible from both the surface and air.

- Net bin: A structure normally located on an aft deck in which the nets are stored.

- Net spreader: A triangular or roller net spreading device, which prevents the net from becoming entangled as it enters the water. While only

visible from the stern, this is one characteristic, which clearly distinguishes a HSDN fishing vessel from a longline or other fishing vessel. - Transponders: The radio transponders are approximately 4-6 feet tall, are used to mark the end of a net and are normally stored in racks on the weather decks.

When the net is in the water, it is normally suspended using cylindrical floats spaced every few feet, similar to swimming pool lane markers, with the ends of the nets marked with radio transponders. Other types of floats may be used, including larger spherical floats about 2-3 feet in diameter. The driftnets may vary from a couple hundred yards to several nautical miles in length.

LNM: 12/08

ALASKA-GULF OF ALASKA-GRAVES HARBOR

REQUEST TO SUPPORT AMERICA'S WATERWAY WATCH PROGRAM The U. S. Coast Guard and the Coast Guard Auxiliary have established a national maritime homeland security awareness program called America's Waterway Watch that asks those who work, live, or recreate on or near the water to be aware of suspicious activity that might indicate threats to our country-s homeland security. Americans are urged to adopt a heightened sensitivity toward unusual events and individuals they may encounter in or around ports, docks, marinas, riversides, beaches, or communities. Anyone observing suspicious activity is asked to note details and contact the National Response Center at 1-877 24 WATCH (9-2824) or 1-800-424-8802. In the case of immediate danger to life or property, call local authorities at 911 or contact the Coast Guard on VHF-FM channel 16. The Coast Guard cautions people not to approach or challenge anyone acting in a suspicious manner.

LNM: 43/07

INM: 48/07

REQUEST TO SUPPORT AMERICA'S WATERWAY WATCH PROGRAM

Suspicious activities include:

- People appearing to be engaged in surveillance of any kind.
- Unattended vessels or vehicles in unusual locations.
- Lights flashing between boats.
- Unusual diving activity.
- Unusual number of people onboard a vessel.
- Unusual night operations.
- Recovering or tossing items into/onto the waterway or shoreline.
- Operating in or passing through an area that does not typically have such activity.

Watch for vessels and individuals in locations:

- Under and around bridges, tunnels, or overpasses.
- Near commercial areas or services like ports, fuel docks, cruise ships, or marinas.
- Near industrial facilities like power plants and oil, chemical, or water intake facilities.
- Near military bases and vessels, other government facilities, or security zones.

More information, downloadable file of brochures, decals, posters, and wallet size cards are available at: http://www.americaswaterwaywatch.org/.

LNM: 43/07

SECTION VIII - LIGHT LIST CORRECTIONS

An Asterisk *, indicates the column in which a correction has been made to new information

(1) No.	(2) Name and Location	(3) Position	(4) Characteristic	(5) Height	(6) Range	(7) Structure	(8) Remarks	
22590	Midchannel Rock Daybeacon	56-12-10.308N 132-16-16.614W *				JR on single steel pile.		21/08
22685	EASTERN PASSAGE LIGHT 7	132-10-17.886W	FI G 4s	24	4	SG on skeleton tower.	Higher intensity beam up channel.	21/08
22690	EASTERN PASSAGE LIGHT 7	* 56-29-37.956N 132-22-11.916W *	FI W 2.5s	13	6	NR on skeleton tower.		21/08
24020	Killisnoo Harbor Lighted Buoy 6	57-28-17.206N 134-33-48.974W *	FI R 4s		3	Red.		21/08
26510	ILKOGNAK ROCK LIGHT	57-54-49.083N 152-47-02.122W *	FI W 4s	18	5	NR on pile.		21/08

PUBLICATION CORRECTIONS

Coast Pilot 8, 29th Edition, Change 11 Change 11 to Coast Pilot 8, 29th Edition is enclosed	LNM: 20/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th Edition, Change 15	
Change 15 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th Edition is enclosed.	LNM: 18/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 16	
Change 16 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed.	LNM: 18/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 17	

Change 17 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed.

	LNM:	19/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 18 Change 18 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed.		
change 18 to Coast Pliot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed.	LNM:	19/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 19 Change 19 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed	LNM:	19/08
ENCLOSURES		
Coast Pilot 8, 29th Edition, Change 11 CP8-0711.pdf		
Change 11 to Coast Pilot 8, 29th Edition is enclosed	LNM:	20/08
ALASKA-CHUKCHI AND BEAUFORT SEAS		
Beaufort-Chukchi_Oct-07_drf2.pdf An itemized listing of subsurface moorings currently in place and/or recently recovered is attached.		
	LNM:	42/07
ALASKA-ALASKA PENINSULA-FALSE PASS		
NTM_False Pass2008.pdf Additional information regarding the False Pass dredging and construction project is enclosed		
	LNM:	13/08
ALASKA-COOK INLET-ANCHORAGE		
Dutra Dredging.pdf Additional information regarding the Anchorage dredging project is enclosed.	LNM:	14/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 18		
CP9-0718.pdf		
Change 18 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed	LNM:	19/08
ALASKA-UGASHIK BAY		
17710 UGASHIKSurvey.pdf A feedback survey for Ugashik Bay is enclosed.		
	LNM:	05/08
Alaska-Bering Strait		
Barrow Strait moorings.pdf An itemized listing of subsurface moorings in the Bering Strait is enclosed.		
	LNM:	45/07
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 17		
CP9-0717 (2).pdf Change 17 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed		
	LNM:	19/08
ALASKA-SOUTHEAST-SUBSURFACE MOORINGS		

NTM_SEAK08 I.pdf

Additional information regarding subsurface moorings in and around Juneau Harbor, and in the regions of Stephens Passage, Taku Inlet, Auke Bay and Lynn Canal is enclosed.

	LNM:	19/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th Edition, Change 15 CP9-0715.pdf		
Coast Pilot 9, 25th Edition, Change 15 is enclosed.		
	LNM:	18/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 16		
CP9-0716.pdf		
Change 16 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed.		
	LNM:	18/08
Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, Change 19		
CP9-0719.pdf		
Change 19 to Coast Pilot 9, 25th edition, is enclosed	LNM:	19/08

J.M. Boyer Waterways Management Branch Seventeenth Coast Guard District

OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE THROUGH LEADERSHIP, TEAMWORK, AND INNOVATION.

Publication-National Ocean Service-U.S. Coast Pilot 8, Alaska: Dixon Entrance to Cape Spencer, 2007 (29th) Edition. Change No. 11.

Coast Pilot 8 29th Ed 2007

Page 43-Table Insert after Part 67-Aids to Navigation on Artificial Islands and Fixed Structures (in part)

Part 70 Interference with or Damage to Aids to Navigation (33 CFR 70)

Page 48-Paragraph 103, line 4; read: sound signal.

Part 70-Interference With or Damage to Aids to Navigation

§70.05-10 Revocation of License

Every master, pilot, and engineer, or person or persons acting in such capacity, respectively, on board any vessel who shall willfully injure or destroy an aid to navigation established and maintained by the United States shall be deemed guilty of violating the provisions of §70.05-1 and shall upon conviction be punished as provided in §70.05-5 and shall also have his license revoked or suspended for a term to be fixed by the judge before whom tried and convicted.

§70.05-20 Report Required

Whenever any vessel collides with an aid to navigation established and maintained by the United States or any private aid to navigation established or maintained in accordance with Part 64, 66, 67 or 68 of this subchapter, or is connected with any such collision, it shall be the duty of person in charge of such vessel to report the accident to the nearest Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, in accordance with 46 CFR 4. (33 CFR 70)

Page 218-Paragraph 294, line 7; read: of this reef; the depth may be less. A rock covered 4¼ fathoms is about 0.5 mile NE of Parida Island in about 55°31'36"N., 133°13'53"W. (CL 185/08)

Corrections

Page 277-Paragraph 89, line 4; read: and a mariner activated sector light (57°49'24"N., ...

(15/08 CG17)

Page 299-Paragraph 94, lines 2-3; read: 68 feet (20.7 m) above the water, is shown from a skeleton tower with a red and white diamond-shaped ... (15/08 CG17)

Page 305-Paragraph 190, lines 1-3; read:

A 1%-fathom spot is in the NW part of the harbor in about 57°28'19"N., 134°33'42"W. The chart is the guide for ... (10/08 CG17; NOS 17339)

Page 333-Paragraph 129, lines 2-4; read: 1.5 miles within the entrance. Mariners should pass with ... (12/08 CG17)

Page 338-Paragraph 185 through Page 339-Paragraph 187, line 3; read:

Thomsen Harbor, protected by an L-shaped floating breakwater, is about 330 yards NNW of Harbor Rock Daybeacon. In 2002, depths of 12 to 25 feet were reported alongside. Approximately 227 craft can be accommodated. Water and electricity are available.

Eliason Harbor, the most northerly basin on the E side of Sitka Harbor, is protected by a floating breakwater and adjoins Thomsen Harbor. In 2002, depths of 27 feet were reported ...

(CL 289/08; CL 196/08)

Notification of Oceanographic Moorings in the Western North American Arctic

Sub-surface oceanographic moorings in the Beaufort and Chukchi Seas, July 2007 to October 2008

Station	Туре	Area	Lat	itude	Lon	gitude	Depth of shallowest component (m)	Water depth (m)	Date IN	New site for 2007-08
DVH07-2	200 & 300 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	70	59.199	133	44.915	50	111	25-Sep-2007	
DVH07-1	300 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	70	19.975	133	44.484	50	55	28-Sep-2007	
DVH07-1	400 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	70	19.936	133	44.299	50	55	28-Sep-2007	
DVH07-11	900 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	69	46.465	137	2.723	30	32	29-Jul-2007	Yes
IHC06-K1	600 kHz sonar	North slope	70	17.375	145	19.343	28	32	30-Sep-2006	
DVH07-K2	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	17.394	145	19.167	28	32	03-Oct-2007	
DVH07-K3	600 kHz sonar	North slope	70	17.387	145	19.278	28	32	03-Oct-2007	Yes
DVH07-A1	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	21.987	146	0.109	27	31	03-Oct-2007	
DVH07-A2	600 kHz sonar	North slope	70	22.000	146	0.000	28	32	03-Oct-2007	
DVH07-V1	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	38.030	146	8.131	42	47	04-Oct-2007	Yes
DVH07-V2	300 kHz sonar	North slope	70	38.011	146	8.188	41	46	04-Oct-2007	Yes
AIM06-1	200 & 300 kHz sonar	Chukchi plateau	74	38.688	168	48.760	45	186	04-Oct-2006	
NC-S-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Chukchi shelf	73	58.375	167	34.993	41	205	05-Oct-2006	
HC-E-07	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Chukchi shelf	73	9.567	162	19.786	41	199	06-Oct-2007	
BC-E-07	Passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	40.483	154	58.922	41	105	07-Oct-2007	
BC-C-07	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	43.873	155	9.669	41	281	07-Oct-2007	
BC-W-07	Passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	48.249	155	20.073	41	169	07-Oct-2007	
BC-H-07	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	6.245	159	20.076	60	80	08-Oct-2007	
M03-04	Note: consider the following 2 moo 300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	rings to be in the wate Hanna Shoal	er until (69	Dctober 08 49.964	: 168	49.468	40	47	04-Sep-2004	
M04-04	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Hanna Shoal	70	38.036	166	44.845	41	48	05-Sep-2004	

Sub-surface oceanographic moorings removed from the Beaufort and Chukchi Seas during summer-autumn 2007

Station	Туре	Area	Latitud	de	Longitu	ıde	Replacement mooring listed above?	Water depth (m)	Date OUT
IHC05-2	200 & 300 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	71	00	133	45	Yes	111	25-Sep-2007
IHC05-1	300 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	70	20	133	45	Yes	55	26-Sep-2007

IHC05-1	400 kHz sonar	Mackenzie shelf	70	20	133	45	Yes	55	26-Sep-2007
IHC06-B1	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	15	143	57		32	03-Oct-2007
IHC06-B2	600 kHz sonar	North slope	70	15	143	57		32	03-Oct-2007
IHC06-K2	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	17	145	20	Yes	32	03-Oct-2007
IHC06-A1	400 kHz sonar	North slope	70	22	146	00	Yes	31	03-Oct-2007
IHC06-A2	600 kHz sonar	North slope	70	22	146	00	Yes	32	03-Oct-2007
AIM05-1	200 & 300 kHz sonar	Chukchi plateau	75	06	168	00		186	04-Oct-2006
HC-W-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Chukchi shelf	73	59	167	35		102	05-Oct-2006
HC-E-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Chukchi shelf	73	10	162	20	Yes	199	06-Oct-2007
BC-W-06	Passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	48	155	20	Yes	169	07-Oct-2007
BC-C-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	44	155	10	Yes	281	07-Oct-2007
BC-E-06	Passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	40	154	59	Yes	105	07-Oct-2007
BC-H-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Barrow canyon	71	06	159	20	Yes	80	08-Oct-2007
CC-C-06	300 kHz sonar + passive sensors	Chukchi shelf	70	38	167	13		43	10-Oct-2007
Soundings	Echo sounder, corrected for ship's	draft & sound speed							
Positions	NAD-83								
Colour	US Economic Zone in BLUE 2 older moorings may have lost sub	osurface flotation, ple	ase avoid	area for	another	year (in pu	ırple)		
Vessel	CCGS Sir Wilfrid Laurier								
Agency	Fisheries and Oceans Canada Institute of Ocean Sciences, Sidne	y BC Canada							
Contact	Dr Humfrey MellingContact for M0, HC, BC and NC moorings:250-363-6552John Smithhisler, SciTek Logistics: 907-561-9344MellingH@dfo-mpo.gc.casciteklog@aol.com								
Date	29-Oct-07	change made, add	ed M03-04	l, M04-0	4, positio	on correctio	on for HC-E-0)7 (JAMSTE	C position)
	<u>mailto:navsafety@nga.mil</u> <u>Maureen.D.Johnson@uscg.mil</u>	907-463-2270							

NOTICE TO MARINERS

Project:

False Pass Navigation Improvements Project # W911KB-05-C-0016

Name of our Company:

Kelly-Ryan, Inc. 2404 Boyer Avenue East Seattle, WA 99112 Phone 206 322-3705 Fax 206 325-6984

Project Description:

Project Owner:

U.S. Army Engineer District, Alaska Corps of Engineers P. O. Box 6898 Anchorage, AK 99506-6898 Phone 907 753-2552

The work consists of building rubble mound breakwaters, dredging and construction of a dock for the new the Boat Harbor and Dock. Following is a description of the work as early as 5 April, 2008 through 15 October, 2008:

The work includes the placement of rock to construct the rubble mound breakwaters. The south end of the new harbor is approximately 900 feet North of the existing dock and extends an additional 1300 to the North. The breakwaters will extend out from the shore approximately 700 feet. The buoys will be up to 1500 feet offshore and connected to the placing barge by submerged wire, mariners are encouraged to avoid the area.

Three breakwaters will be constructed to form the harbor. This project includes the construction of a 330 foot north breakwater, an 820 foot south (causeway) breakwater, and a 1,000 foot east breakwater as well as the subsequent dredging of 127,500 cubic yards of material to develop the entrance channel and main basin. The area contained with the breakwaters will be dredged during this season.

There will be several barges working in and around the construction area. Two will be anchored with six point mooring systems, it will be used as the rock placing and dock installation barge. The anchoring systems will be marked with buoys and lighted. Periodically there will be a second barge arriving at the construction area with rock from Dutch Harbor for placement. This barge will usually arrive and depart from the North though may use the South channel in the event weather precludes travel to the north. The 250 barge will be tied off to the 200 barge during the duration of offloading, once offloaded the tug will make up with the barge and depart for another load. The 200-3 barge will be stationed off the eastern end of the southern breakwater from April through July.

The construction crew and tug will be monitoring VHF channel 16.

Project Schedule:

This project is slated be completed this year with the work primarily occurring during the late Spring, Summer and early Fall. This notice covers the work starting in 5 April 2008 through 15 October 2008.

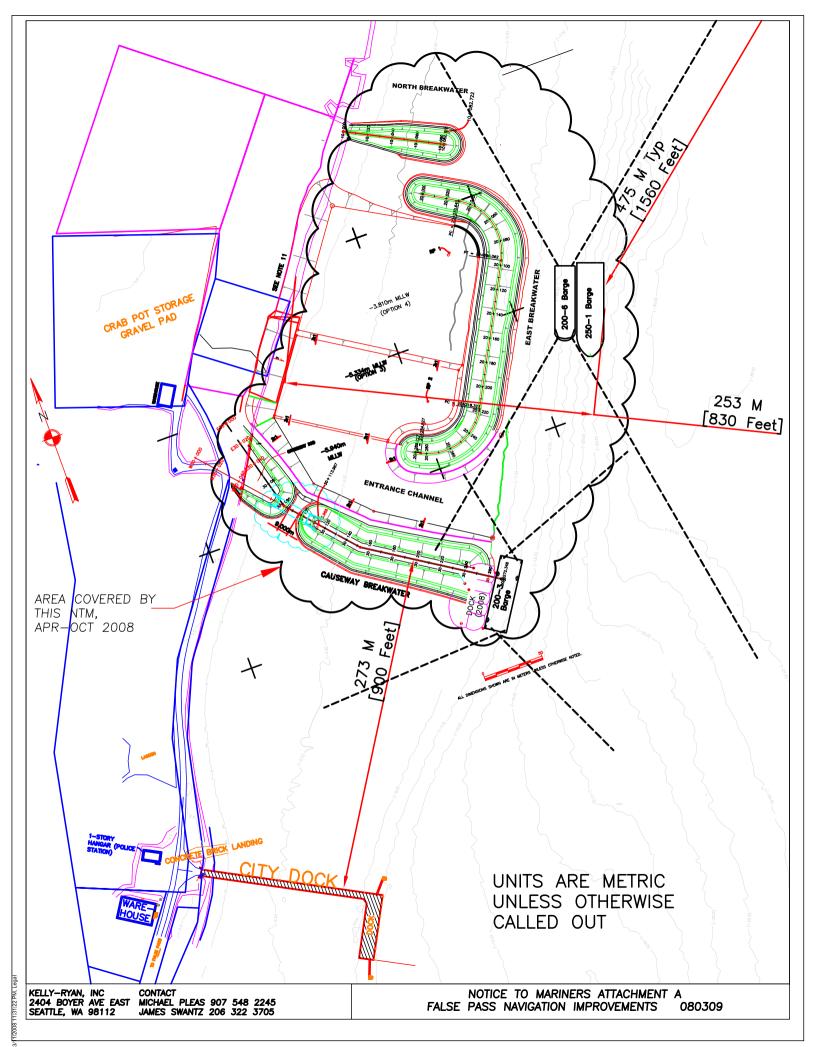
Mariners are encouraged to avoid this area.

Marine Equipment

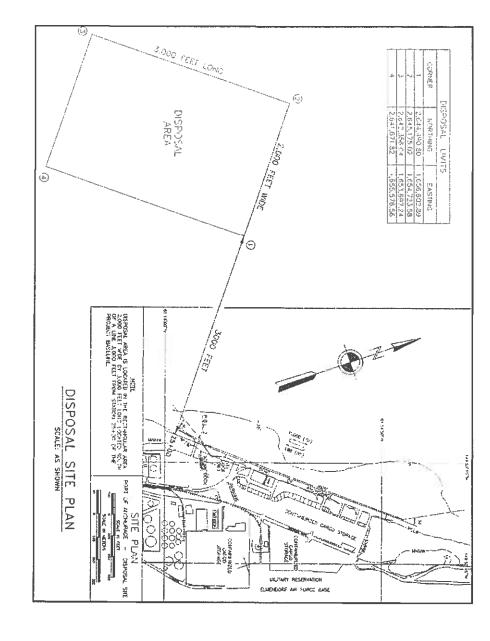
Tug	_		
Gretchen	Boyer Logistics	O/N 1056824	
Barges			
Placing	KRS 200-6	O/N D507000	Length 200 ft, Breadth 52 ft, Depth 12 ft.
Hauling	KRS 250-1	O/N D537751	Length 250 ft, Breadth 70 ft, Depth 15 ft.
Dock	KRS 200-3	O/N 1115098	Length 200 ft, Breadth 60 ft, Depth 12 ft

Project Map

Attached to this plan is a project map.









Publication–National Ocean Service–U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 2007 (25th) Edition. Change No. 18.

Coast Pilot 9 25th Ed 2007 Corrections

Page 104-Paragraph 1380 through Paragraph 1394, read:

§226.215 Critical habitat for the North Pacific Right Whale (Eubalaena japonica).

(a) *Primary Constituent Elements*. The primary constituent elements of the North Pacific right whale are the copepods *Calanus marshallae*, *Neocalanus cristatus*, and *N. plumchris*, and the euphausiid *Thysanoessa raschii*, in areas of the North Pacific Ocean in which North Pacific right whales are known or believed to feed, as described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(b) *Bering Sea*. An area described by a series of straight lines connecting the following coordinates in the order listed:

58°00'N., 168°00'W. 58°00'N., 163°00'W. 56°30'N., 161°45'W. 55°00'N., 166°00'W., 56°00'N., 168°00'W. 58°00'N., 168°00'W.

(c) *Gulf of Alaska*. An area described by a series of straight lines connecting the following coordinates in the order listed.

57°03'N., 153°00'W.

57°18'N., 151°30'W. 57°00'N., 151°30'W.

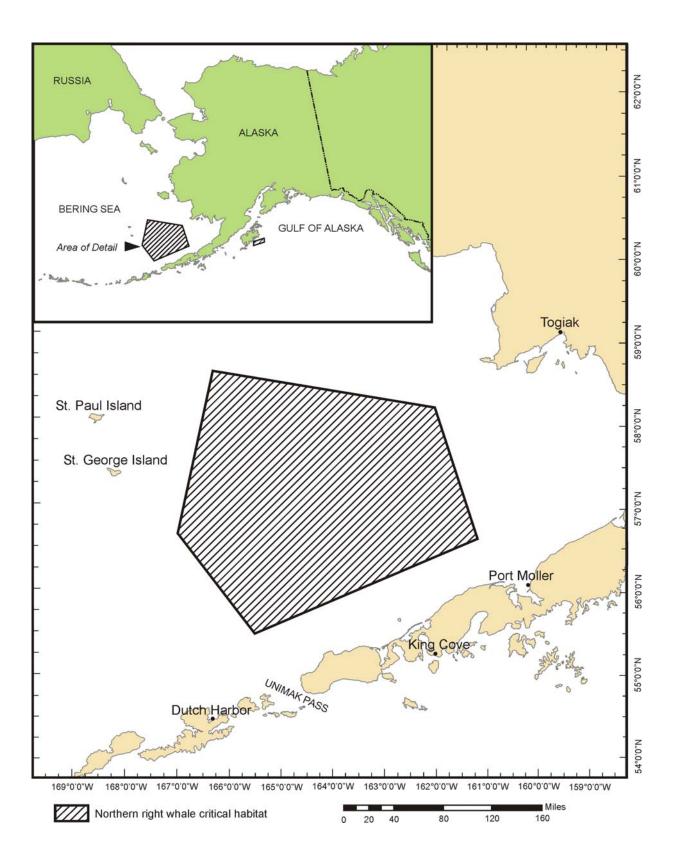
56°45'N., 153°00'W.

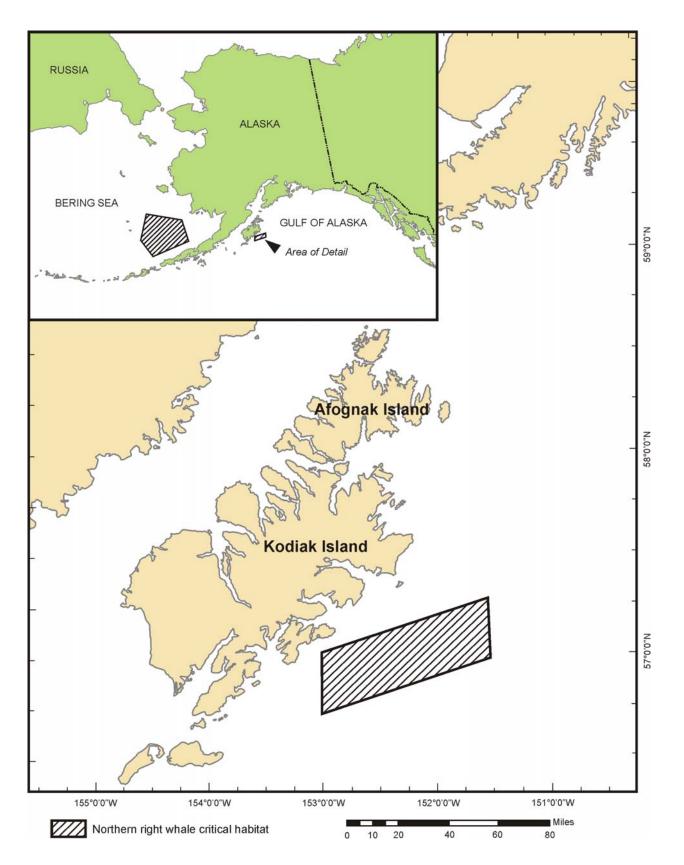
57°03'N., 153°00'W.

(d) Maps of critical habitat for the North Pacific right whale follow:

(FR 4/8/08)

Page 496-Paragraph 166, line 4; read: E of the island. A lighted artificial island is about 3.1 miles SW of the S tip of the island in about 70°29'45"N., 150°14'48"W. (02/07 CG17)







WATERWAYS ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (WAMS) SURVEY FOR ${\color{black}{\textbf{UGASHIK BAY}}}$

The U.S. Coast Guard is conducting a review of aids to navigation (ATON), federal publications, and nautical charts for the Ugashik Bay waterway. Your answers to the following questions, and any additional comments you may provide, will help us determine the adequacy of the present waterway. Please answer the following questions as completely as you can.

PERSONAL	INFORMATIO	Ν		
Name:			Address:	
Organization:	:			
Phone:			Email:	
VESSEL DA	TA			
Vessel Name	/#:		Length:	
Draft:			Туре:	
Cargo:			Years of Experie	ence in Area:
OPERATIN	G INFORMATI	ON		
When do you	ı transit these wa	aterways? (Cl	heck all that ap	ply)
□ DAYTIME	\Box NIGHT TIME	☐ HIGH TIDE	\Box LOW TIDE	□ SUMMER
□ WINTER	□ SPRING	□ FALL	\Box IN ICE	□ RESTRICTED VISIBILITY

 \Box ALL CONDITIONS

What publications do you use when transiting this waterway? (Check all that apply)

COAST PILOT 8	□ LIGHT LIST	□ LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS					
TIDE & CURRENT	TABLES	□ BROADCAST NOTICE TO MARINE					
□ OTHER							

What methods and tools do you use for navigation in this waterway? (Check all that apply)

□ CHARTS	□ CHARTLETS	GYI	RO		AR
C RADIOBEAC	CONS	□ LORAN		NAV	GPS/DGPS
□ MAGNETIC (COMPASS	SEARCH LI	GHT		IOMETER
ELECRONIC	CHARTS				
□ OTHER					

AIDS TO NAVIGATION USAGE

Please rate the following aids to navigation: 1 (Don't use) to 5 (Critical to my operation).

U_{ξ}	gashik Bo	ıy			
Light List Number/Name of Aid	Don't use	eit So	mewhat	Cr	itical
	1	2	3	4	5
27760 SMOKY POINT LIGHT					
1260 CAPE GREIG LIGHT					

To clarify, are there any aids to navigation in this area that you feel are not needed? If so, please explain why.

Are there any additional aids to navigation, which you feel, are needed? If so, please explain where and why.

What is the most difficult or dangerous part of this waterway?

Please return this survey to the address, fax or email below. Thank you for your comments and interest in this important study. If you have any questions or specific concerns, please contact Lieutenant Maureen Johnson at (907) 463-2270 or (907) 463-2273 fax.

Commander 17th Coast Guard District (dpw) P.O. Box 25517 Juneau, AK 99802 Attn: LT Johnson D17-PF-D17-LNM@uscg.mil

PLEASE USE THE SPACE BELOW FOR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Sub-surface oceanographic moorings in Barrow Strait, August 2007 to August 2008

Station	Туре	Area	La	titude		Lor	ngitude		Depth of shallowest component (m)	Water depth (m)	Date IN
M1649	BioCycler Profiler, ctd	Barrow Strait	74º	04.992'	Ν	091°	00.844'	W	43	152	01-Aug-2007
M1650	300 kHz ADCP, ctds	Barrow Strait	74°	04.978'	Ν	091°	03.166'	W	78	147	01-Aug-2007
M1651	water sampler, ctds	Barrow Strait	74°	04.886'	Ν	091°	02.058'	W	37	148	01-Aug-2007
M1652	75 kHz ADCP, ctd	Barrow Strait	74°	11.745'	Ν	090°	50.914'	W	256	270	02-Aug-2007
M1653	300 kHz ADCP, ctds	Barrow Strait	74°	11.943'	Ν	090°	50.751'	W	38	269	02-Aug-2007
M1654	420 kHz IPS, ctd	Barrow Strait	74°	11.667'	Ν	090°	51.842'	W	55	271	02-Aug-2007
M1655	420 kHz IPS, hydrophone, sed trap	Barrow Strait	74º	28.039'	Ν	090°	22.680'	W	40	274	04-Aug-2007

Positions GPS

Soundings corrected

Vessel CCGS des Groseilliers

Agency M1649-M1654 Fisheries and Oceans Canada Bedford Institute of Oceanography, Dartmouth, NS, Canada

> M1655 University of Laval, Quebec, PQ, Canada

Contact Jim Hamilton 902-426-3717 HamiltonJ@mar.dfo-mpo.gc.ca

Date 02-Nov-07

Publication–National Ocean Service–U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 2007 (25th) Edition. Change No. 17.

Coast Pilot 9 25th Ed 2007 Corrections

Page 147-Paragraph 317, line 5; read: This area of Orca Inlet is subject to shifting shoals. Fishing boats also approach Cordova through Orca ... (H 11497)

Page 147-Paragraph 318, line 3; read: shore S to Orca and Cordova. The channel, marked by lights and a daybeacon, has a ... (LL/07)

Page 147-Paragraph 320: Delete. (H 11497)

Page 148-Paragraph 322, lines 1-2; read: A log booming area is on the N side of Channel Islands.

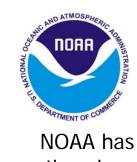
(H 11497)

Page 149-Paragraph 343, lines 8-11; read: controlling depth in the berthing area was 8.5 feet. Water, electricity, ...

(H 11497)

Page 330-Paragraph 608, line 1; read: Delta Point Light (55°11'30"N., 162°38'41"W.), 48 ...

(17/08 CG17)



NOTICE TO MARINERS Transiting the following locations

NOAA has deployed sub-surface moorings to update the Tidal current predictions in and around Juneau Harbor, and in the regions of Stephens Passage, Taku Inlet, Auke Bay and Lynn Canal. This data is very important to the maritime community and will be used to update the NOAA current tables.

Station ID Station Name	LAT	LONG	Dpth(m)	Days	Platform	Recovery
SEA0801 Juneau Harbor, North of	58° 17.778' N	134° 25.05' W	36	70	SUBS-1	8/8/2008
SEA0802 Juneau Harbor, Ferry Pier, NW of	58° 17.807' N	134° 24.45' W	30	35	SUBS-1	6/29/2008
SEA0803 Juneau Harbor, South of	58° 17.077' N	134° 23.88' W	26	70	SUBS-1	8/8/2008
SEA0804 Gastineau Channel, N of Sheep Creek	58° 15.468' N	134° 20.10' W	42	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0805 Point Salisbury, W of	58° 12.57' N	134° 14.94' W	54	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0806 Bishop Point, SE of, Taku Inlet	58° 11.622' N	134° 07.98' W	105	35	SUBS-3	6/29/2008
SEA0807 Jaw Point, WNW of, Taku Inlet	58° 17.55' N	134° 05.94' W	70	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0808 Grand Island, SE of Stephens Pass	58° 04.98' N	134° 05.40' W	110	35	SUBS-3	6/29/2008
SEA0809 Taku Harbor Entrance	58° 03.612' N	134° 02.16' W	55	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0810 Point Coke, SE of, Tracy Arm	57° 46.538' N	133° 39.082' W	140	70	SUBS-3	8/8/2008
SEA0811 Point Astley, NE of, Tracy Arm	57° 43.792' N	133° 37.88' W	130	70	SUBS-3	8/8/2008
SEA0812 Tantallon Point, SW of	58° 10.343' N	134° 17.22' W	74	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0813 Point Young, Stephens Passage	58° 12.533' N	134° 33.66' W	45	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0814 Portland Island,SW of	58° 19.17' N	134° 42.66' W	70	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0815 Coghlan Island, E of, Auke Bay	58° 21.312' N	134° 40.74' W	55	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0816 Piling Point, east of	58° 19.668' N	134° 46.98' W	60	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0817 Point Lena, Favorite Channel	58° 23.543' N	134° 48.00' W	80	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0818 Saginaw Channel, 2 mi. E of Pt. Retreat	58° 24.3' N	134° 53.10' W	50	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0819 North Pass, Lincoln Is	58° 28.477' N	134° 55.92' W	88	35	SUBS-2	6/29/2008
SEA0820 Point Retreat, 1 mile west of, Lynn Canal	58° 25.002' N	134° 58.02' W	145	35	SUBS-3	6/29/2008
SEA0821 Clear Point, WNW of, Lynn Canal	58° 14.928' N	134° 57.78' W	590	35	DWM	6/29/2008
SEA0822 Vanderbilt Reef, 2 miles west of, Lynn Canal	58° 36.24' N	135° 02.58' W	225	35	DWM	6/29/2008
SEA0823 Berners Bay, Lynn Canal	58° 42.66' N	134° 59.52' W	140	35	SUBS-3	6/29/2008

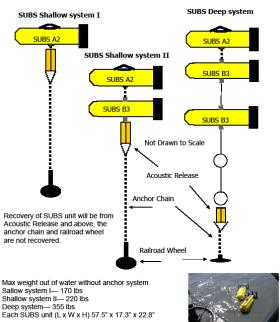


Photo (right) from Cook Inlet 2003 prior to deployment

Flotech - Deep Water Mooring (DWM)

SUBS - Single (Shallow system I) - Approx. 14 feet off the bottom

SUBS - Double (Shallow system II) - Approx. 36 feet off the bottom

Flotech - Deep Water Mooring (DWM) - Approx. 70 feet off bottom

SUBS - Triple (Deep System) - Approx. 87 feet off the bottom

For more information call NOAA TIDES & CURRENTS OFFICE (888)722-8433 Publication–National Ocean Service–U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 2007 (25th) Edition. Change No. 15.

...

Coast Pilot 9 25th Ed 2007 Corrections

Page 43-Table, Insert after Part 67– Aids to Navigation on Artificial Islands and Fixed Structures (in part)

Part 70 Interference with or Damage to Aids to Navigation (33 CFR 70)

Page 48-Paragraph 102, line 4; read:

sound signal.

Part 70–Interference with or Damage to Aids to Navigation

§70.05–10 Revocation of License

Every master, pilot, and engineer, or person or persons acting in such capacity, respectively, on board any vessel who shall willfully injure or destroy an aid to navigation established or maintained by the United States shall be deemed guilty of violating the provisions of §70.05-1 and shall upon conviction be punished as provided in §70.05-5 and shall also have his license revoked or suspended for a term to be fixed by the judge before whom tried and convicted.

§70.05–20 Report Required

Whenever any vessel collides with an aid to navigation established and maintained by the United States or any private aid to navigation established or maintained in accordance with Part 64, 66, 67 or 68 of this subchapter, or is connected with any such collision, it shall be the duty of the person in charge of such vessel to report the accident to the nearest Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, in accordance with 46 CFR 4.

(33 CFR 70)

Page 145-Paragraph 291, line 1; read: An anchorage area with fair to good holding ground and sand and mud bottom is ...

(DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 359, line 4; read: keeping over 0.4 mile offshore. (DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 360, line 4; read: Island and the shore. Strong tidal currents run between Goose Island and Porcupine Point. The passages between the islands ... (DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 362, line 4; read: point. A ledge with a depth of 3 fathoms extends 600 yards N from Porcupine Point. (DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 363, line 4; read: vessels. A rocky patch with a depth of 2¹/₂ fathoms is

(DD 10218)

Page 242-Paragraph 80, lines 1-2; read: **Hog Island Light** (58°00'07"N., 152°41'10"W.), 40 feet (12.2 m) above the water, is shown from a skeleton tower with a ...

(13/08 CG17)

Page 318-Paragraph 404, line 4; read: The depths in the middle of the basin are 27 to 31 fathoms, ...

(H 11601; DD 10050)

Page 353-Paragraph 181, lines 1-2; read: Numerous submerged rocks, covered 1½ fathoms, in 54°00'13"N., 166°06'05"W., are about 1.0 mile NW of the ...

(DD 10925; CL 391/08)

Publication–National Ocean Service–U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 2007 (25th) Edition. Change No. 16.

Coast Pilot 9 25th Ed 2007 Corrections

Page 150-Paragraph 365, line 10; read: reef bare at low water near the middle of the entrance. A 4-fathom rocky ledge extends about 0.5 mile NNE of the eastern entrance point of the basin and should be avoided by medium to large vessels. (DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 367, line 2; read: across the bay 0.8 mile from the head. Small vessels can ...

(DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 369, line 3; read: dangerous foul area is 300 yards W of the NE entrance point in about 60°50'58"N., 146°09'01"W. (DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 370, lines 2-5; read: mile W from the above mentioned dangerous foul area in 15 fathoms, mud bottom. Small vessels can find anchorage near the head of the SE arm in midchannel, 0.6 mile beyond the foul area, in 7 fathoms.

(DD 10218)

Page 150-Paragraph 371, lines 8-11; read: obstructed near the middle by a rock covered 2³/₄ fathoms. Rock awash are 200 yards off the E point at the entrance. Anchorage can be had in the middle of the bay, 0.3 to 0.8 mile above the island, 8 to 13 ... (DD 10218)

Page 254-Paragraph 282, lines 1-4; read:

Coast Guard Integrated Support Command Kodiak is in Womens Bay, 5 miles SW of Kodiak. It is described later in this chapter. **Coast Guard Air Station Kodiak** is located at the Integrated Support Command.

(CL 310/08)

Page 256-Paragraph 303, line 3 through Paragraph 304, line 5; read:

Integrated Support Command Kodiak.

Womens Bay is frequently blocked by ice in midwinter and vessels may experience high wind coming off of Old Womens Mountain. The area routinely experiences storms with winds in excess of 55 knots during the winter months.

(CL 310/08)

Page 256-Paragraph 306, lines 7-8; read: range. In June 2007, a depth of 28 feet was available in the channel.

(CL 310/08)

Page 256-Paragraph 314, read:

Large vessels are strongly recommended not to navigate the channel to or from Womens Bay and between the shoal waters of St. Paul Harbor entrance after dark or during low visibility unless a qualified pilot is on board or the master assumes full risk. It is also not recommended for vessels to enter or depart from Womens Bay and between the shoal waters of St. Paul Harbor during periods of wind velocities of 35 knots or more, except in emergencies or extreme necessities.

(CL 310/08)

Page 256-Paragraph 315, line 7; read: Office, Coast Integrated Support Command Kodiak. (CL 310/08)

Page 476-Paragraph 616, line 2; read: entrance to the inner harbor. In July 2007, 21 feet (6.4 m) was available in the outer harbor entrance. The entrance to the inner harbor had 10¹/₄ feet (3.1 m) available with 7³/₄ feet (2.4 m) in the inner harbor and 6¹/₂ feet (2.0 m) in the E side of the inner harbor with lesser depths along the SE edges of the channel. A barge ramp is in the inner ... (BPs 191724-26)

Page 507-Paragraph 141, line 1; read: Kodiak Integrated Support Command ... (CL 310/08)

Page 507-Paragraph 142, line 2; read: Integrated Support Command Kodiak. (CL 310/08) Publication–National Ocean Service–U.S. Coast Pilot 9, Pacific and Arctic Coasts Alaska: Cape Spencer to Beaufort Sea, 2007 (25th) Edition. Change No. 19.

Coast Pilot 9 25th Ed 2007 Corrections

Page 496-Paragraph 169, lines 3-5; read: passage from Oliktok Point to Beechey Point. In October 2007, the remnants of a man-made island, covered 2 feet, were about 4.0 miles NE of Oliktok Point and in about 70°32'13.7"N., 149°41'05.5"W. In 2000, a 2-foot shoal was reported about 460 yards W of the man-made island in about 70°32'12.8"N., 149°41'46.4"W.

(CL 1319/07)