Great Lakes Aquatic Nonindigenous Species Information System



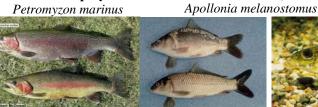
http://www.glerl.noaa.gov/res/Programs/ncrais/glansis.html



Providing information about the 185+ Non-Native Species Established in the Great Lakes



Sea Lamprey Petromyzon marinus



Rainbow Trout Oncorhynchus mykiss



Zebra Mussel Dreissena polymorpha



Common Carp

Cyprinus carpio

Quagga Mussel Dreissena bugensis Corbicula fluminea

Asian Clam

Ruffe

Gymnocephalus cernuus



Carassius auratus

New Zealand Mudsnail Potamopyrgus antipodarum Salmo trutta



Alewife **Blue-spotted sunfish** Alosa pseudoharengus Enneacanthus gloriosus



Bloody-Red Shrimp Hemimysis anomala

Waterflea



Gammarid Gammarus tigrinus



Bryozoan Lophopodella

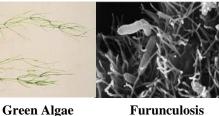




Diatom Thalassiosira lacustris



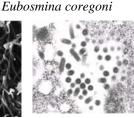
Parasitic Copepod Argulus japonicus



Fishhook waterflea

Cercopgis pengoi

Furunculosis Aeromonas salmonicida



VHS Novirhabdovirus



Eurasian watermilfoil

Myriophyllum spicatum

Snout Moth Acentropus niveus

European frogbit Hydrocharis morsus-ranae



Purple loosestrife Lythrum salicaria



Yellow Floating Heart Nymphoides peltata



Typha angustifolia

Photo credits: Great Lakes Fishery Commission, NOAA, USGS, GLERL, MN DNR, Windsor Aquirre, D. Jude, N. Burkhead, R. McDowell, L. Lovshin, S. Good, S. Zienert, M. Gongloff, H. MacIsaac, I. Grigorovich, K. Havens, T. Ricciardi, M. Faisal, R. Lowe, R. L. Johnson, W. Hoagman, G. Miller, M. Tu

Great Lakes Aquatic Nonindigenous Species Information System

http://www.glerl.noaa.gov/res/Programs/ncrais/glansis.html

Background

The Great Lakes have a long history of aquatic nonindigenous species (ANS) introductions – both intentional and unintentional. As of 2007, over 180 ANS have been reported to have reproducing populations in the Great Lakes basin. The two most recent ANS reported and verified established in the Great Lakes basin were viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS), and *Hemimysis anomala*.

The number of Great Lakes aquatic nonindigenous species documented in GLANSIS must be interpreted as a minimum. Identification depends on our ability to find, recognize, verify, and document new species, which is, in turn, dependent on our ability to adequately sample the Great Lakes ecosystem.

About the Database

GLANSIS functions as a Great Lakes node of the national USGS Nonindigenous Aquatic Species (NAS) database. GLANSIS provides targeted access to the information – references, fact sheets, and collection records – for established Great Lakes ANS. Our goal is to eventually complete profiles for all Great Lakes ANS that meet our criteria for listing.

Additional information on ANS related to the Great Lakes region that are not included in GLANSIS – e.g., species which have been reported but not established, cryptogenic species, range expansions, and species native to the Great Lakes which have invaded other regions of the U.S., may be available through USGS NAS at http://nas.er.usgs.gov

Types of Information Available

GLANSIS is searchable geographically (by watershed and lake) as well as by scientific and common name. Limited searching by informational categories such as taxonomic group, major pathway (e.g., shipping), status (e.g., failed), salinity tolerance (e.g., freshwater vs marine), and native range (e.g., native transplant within the U.S. vs exotic) is also possible.

The GLANSIS search results in a table including the following additional information: thumbnail photo, taxonomy, continent of origin, and year first collected in the Great Lakes basin.

Each record in the table is linked to a fact sheet which is dynamically generated from the latest information in the USGS national database. Fact sheet information includes photographs, identification information, size range, a map of watersheds within the Great Lakes basin for which the species has been reported, a summary of nonindigenous occurrences, status, means of introduction, ecological information, potential and realized impacts, and a bibliography.

For those requiring more detailed information, a link is provided from the fact sheet to the full set of specimen collection records for the Great Lakes basin, sorted by state and then by year.

For those needing less technical information, links are provided to a variety of additional available web resources.

> To contribute species reports or other information to GLANSIS, please contact: Rochelle Sturtevant <Rochelle.Sturtevant@noaa.gov>