SmithKline Beecham Clinical Laboratories, 801 East Dixie Ave., Leesburg, FL 34748, 352–787–9006, (formerly: Doctors & Physicians Laboratory)

SmithKline Beecham Clinical Laboratories, 3175 Presidential Dr., Atlanta, GA 30340, 770–452–1590, (formerly: SmithKline Bio-Science Laboratories)

SmithKline Beecham Clinical Laboratories, 506 E. State Pkwy., Schaumburg, IL 60173, 708–885–2010, (formerly: International Toxicology Laboratories)

SmithKline Beecham Clinical Laboratories, 400 Egypt Rd., Norristown, PA 19403, 800– 523–5447, (formerly: SmithKline Bio-Science Laboratories)

SmithKline Beecham Clinical Laboratories, 8000 Sovereign Row, Dallas, TX 75247, 214–638–1301, (formerly: SmithKline Bio-Science Laboratories)

South Bend Medical Foundation, Inc., 530 N. Lafayette Blvd., South Bend, IN 46601, 219–234–4176

Southwest Laboratories, 2727 W. Baseline Rd., Suite 6, Tempe, AZ 85283, 602–438–

St. Anthony Hospital (Toxicology Laboratory), P.O. Box 205, 1000 N. Lee St., Oklahoma City, OK 73102, 405–272–7052

Toxicology & Drug Monitoring Laboratory, University of Missouri Hospital & Clinics, 2703 Clark Lane, Suite B, Lower Level, Columbia, MO 65202, 314–882–1273

Toxicology Testing Service, Inc., 5426 N.W. 79th Ave., Miami, FL 33166, 305–593–2260

TOXWORX Laboratories, Inc., 6160 Variel Ave., Woodland Hills, CA 91367, 818–226– 4373, (formerly: Laboratory Specialists, Inc.; Abused Drug Laboratories; MedTox Bio-Analytical, a Division of MedTox Laboratories, Inc.)

UNILAB, 18408 Oxnard St., Tarzana, CA 91356, 800–492–0800/818–343–8191, (formerly: MetWest-BPL Toxicology Laboratory)

The following laboratory withdrew from the National Laboratory Certification Program on August 1:

Drs. Weber, Palmer, Macy, Chartered, 338 N. Front St., Salina, KS 67401, 913–823–9246. Pat Bransford,

Director of Personnel, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. [FR Doc. 96–22387 Filed 9–4–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–20–U

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Notice of Receipt of Applications for Permit

The following applicants have applied for a permit to conduct certain activities with endangered species. This notice is provided pursuant to Section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531, et seq.):

PRT-818911

Applicant: John Thrower, Saxonburg, PA.

The applicant requests a permit to import the sport-hunted trophy of one male bontebok (*Damaliscus pygargus dorcas*) culled from a captive herd maintained under the management program of the Republic of South Africa, for the purpose of enhancement of the survival of the species.

PRT-816948

Applicant: The Hawthorn Corporation, Grayslake, IL.

The applicant requests a permit to export and reimport one male Asian elephant (*Elephas maximus*) born in captivity at the applicant's facilities. The export and reimport will be to/from worldwide locations to enhance the survival of the species through conservation education.

PRT-819035

Applicant: Siegfried & Roy Enterprises, Inc., Las Vegas, NV.

The applicant requests a permit to import one Bengal tiger (*Panthera tigris tigris*) from Guadalajara Zoo, Mexico for the purpose of enhancement of the species through propagation and conservation education.

PRT-818603

Applicant: University of Georgia, Athens, C^{Λ}

The applicant requests a permit to import frozen serum samples from a female Asian elephant (*Elephas maximus*) from Calgary Zoo, Canada for the purpose of enhancement of the species through scientific research.

Written data or comments should be submitted to the Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 430, Arlington, Virginia 22203 and must be received by the Director within 30 days of the date of this publication.

Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, *subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act,* by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents to the following office within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 430, Arlington, Virginia 22203. Phone: (703/358–2104); FAX: (703/358–2281).

Dated: August 30, 1996.

Carol Anderson,

Acting Chief, Branch of Permits, Office of Management Authority.

[FR Doc. 96–22640 Filed 9–4–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–U

Notice of Availability of a Draft Recovery Plan for the Alabama Cave Shrimp (Palaemonias alabamae) for Review and Comment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability and public comment period.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) announces the availability for public review of a draft recovery plan for the Alabama cave shrimp (*Palaemonias alabamae*). The albinistic Alabama cave shrimp has been found in five caves (three cave systems) near the city of Huntsville, Madison County, Alabama. One cave is found on the Redstone Arsenal, an army installation, while the other four caves are privately owned. The Service solicits review and comment from the public on this draft plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received on or before November 15, 1996, to receive consideration by the Service.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to review the draft recovery plan may obtain a copy by contacting the Jackson Field Office, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 6578 Dogwood View Parkway, Suite A, Jackson, Mississippi 39213. Written comments and materials regarding the plan should be addressed to the Field Supervisor at the above address. Comments and materials received are available on request for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Theresa Jacobson at the above address (601–965–4900, ext. 30).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Restoring endangered or threatened animals and plants to the point where they are again secure, self-sustaining members of their ecosystems is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare recovery plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of

the species, establish criteria for the recovery levels for downlisting or delisting them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), requires the development of recovery plans for listed species unless such a plan would not promote the conservation of a particular species. Section 4(f) of the Act, as amended in 1988, requires that a public notice and an opportunity for public review and comment be provided during recovery plan development. The Service will consider all information presented during a public comment period prior to approval of each new or revised recovery plan. The Service and other Federal agencies will also take these comments into account in the course of implementing approved recovery plans.

The species considered in this draft recovery plan is the Alabama cave shrimp (*Palaemonias alabamae*). The Alabama cave shrimp is a small, colorless, and nearly transparent decapod crustacean up to 30 millimeters (1.2 inches) in total length. The shrimp occurs in pools of water in a cave environment. In caves with high energy flows, the shrimp must have access through cave windows (openings) to calmer groundwater habitat. This species was listed as endangered on September 7, 1988. Available information indicates the overall population may be declining and the shrimp is apparently extirpated from Shelta Cave, the type locality. Groundwater contamination represents the major threat to this cave-dwelling species. Other threats include destruction of habitat, collecting, and predation.

The objective of this proposed plan is reclassification of the Alabama cave shrimp to threatened status. Reclassification will be considered when five reproducing populations have been identified and protected in five groundwater basins, and the populations persist in these basins, as evidenced by monitoring, over a 20-year period. Proper public stewardship of groundwater and surface water quality and quantity surrounding the five populations is essential for recovery. Actions needed to reach this goal—1) protecting populations and habitat, 2) encouraging local stewardship for caves and recharges areas through education, 3) monitoring populations, 4) searching for additional populations, 5) studying species biology, and 6) modifying or replacing gated entrance to Shelta cave.

This Plan is being submitted for agency review. After consideration of

comments received during the review period, it will be submitted for final approval.

Public Comments Solicited

The Service solicits written comments on the recovery plan described. All comments received by the date specified above will be considered prior to approval of the plan.

Authority: The authority for this action is Section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533(f).

Dated: August 29, 1996.

Cary Norquist,

Acting Field Supervisor.

[FR Doc. 96–22602 Filed 9–4–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

Bureau of Land Management

[NV-930-1430-01; N-40257, N-40258, N-40259, N-40260, N-40261, N-40262, N-40263, N-40264, N-40268, N-40269, N-40270, N-40990]

Termination of Desert Land Act/Carey Act Classification and Opening Order, Nevada

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice terminates Desert Land Act/Carey Act classifications N–40257, N–40258, N–40259, N–40260, N–40261, N–40262, N–40263, N–40264, N–40268, N–40269, N–40260, and N–40990 in their entirety and opens the land to appropriation under the public land laws and general mining laws, subject to any valid existing rights.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 20, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary R. Craggett, Bureau of Land Management, Battle Mountain Field Office, 50 Bastian Road, P.O. Box 1420, Battle Mountain, Nevada 89820, (702) 635–4000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 20, 1985, the public lands described below were classified as suitable for entry under the Desert Land Act (19 Stat. 377; 43 U.S.C. 231, as amended) and the Carey Act (28 Stat. 372, 422; 43 U.S. C. 641–647, as amended)

Mount Diablo Meridian, Nevada

T. 3 N., R. 53 E.,

Sec. 1, lots 3 & 4, S¹/₂NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄;

Sec. 3, S¹/₂;

Sec. 7, lots 1 & 2, $NE^{1/4}$, $E^{1/2}NW^{1/4}$;

Sec. 8, N1/2;

Sec. 10, $N^{1/2}$;

Sec. 12, N¹/₂. T. 4 N., R. 53 E.,

Sec. 14;

T. 4 N., R. 54 E.,

Sec. 2, SW1/4;

Sec. 3. SE¹/₄:

Sec. 7, lot 4, SE1/4SW1/4, S1/2SE1/4;

Sec. 16:

Sec. 18, lot 1, N1/2NE1/4, NE1/4NW1/4.

The area described contains 3,833.84 acres in Nye County.

Entry to the lands was allowed in June and July of 1990 under provisions of the Desert Land Act, segregating the entered land from all other forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including location under the mining laws. Final proof on each entry was due within four years of entry allowance. Final proof was not made on any of the 12 entries, which were cancelled in 1995.

The classification no longer serves any purpose; accordingly, pursuant to section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act (48 Stat. 1272), the aforementioned classification for entry under the Desert Land Act or the Carey Act is hereby terminated.

At 10 a.m. on September 20, 1996, the land will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provision of existing withdrawals, other segregation of record, and the requirements of applicable law.

At 10 a.m. on September 20, 1996, the land will be opened to location and entry under the United States mining laws and to the operation of the mineral leasing and material disposal laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provision of existing withdrawals, other segregation of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of any of the land described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1988), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: August 22, 1996.

Gerald M. Smith,

District Manager, Battle Mountain. [FR Doc. 96–22549 Filed 9–04–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-HC-P