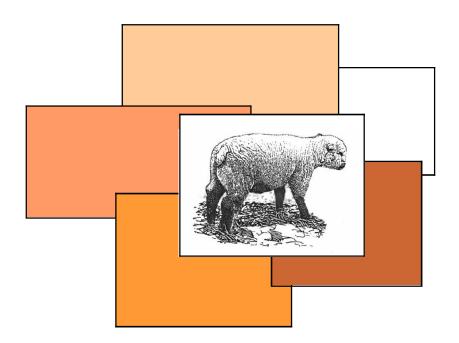
United States Department of Agriculture

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Veterinary Services

# Reference of 1996 U.S. Sheep Health and Management Practices



#### **Acknowledgements**

This report has been prepared from material received and analyzed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Veterinary Services (VS).

This study was a cooperative effort, and we would like to thank all participants for their efforts and dedication. The American Sheep Industry Association (ASI) co-sponsored the project. ASI's Animal Health Committee helped develop and deliver data collection materials and reviewed this and other reports resulting from the data. Personnel at the University of Minnesota and Colorado State University assisted in questionnaire development. The National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) conducted the sample selection, and the Colorado Agricultural Statistics Service prepared mailing labels and helped coordinate the mailing.

The participating producers were also critical in the success of this project. Their voluntary efforts made this study possible.

Dr. Al Strating, Director Centers for Epidemiology & Animal Health

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#### Introduction

The National Animal Health Monitoring System (NAHMS) is sponsored by the USDA:APHIS: Veterinary Services (VS). From 1989 through 1996, NAHMS conducted national studies of the swine, dairy cattle, beef cow/calf, and beef feedlot industries to obtain information on animal health and management.

In 1995, NAHMS collaborated with the Research and Education Division of the American Sheep Industry Association (ASI) in developing a needs assessment tool to identify the most important health and productivity factors for the sheep industry. The groups planned to use the resulting information to develop programs and projects to enhance the profitability of sheep.

For this sheep study, the USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) collaborated with VS to select a producer sample that was statistically designed to provide estimates for the United States sheep population (in the 48 contiguous states). The NAHMS/ASI questionnaires were mailed to 19,807 eligible sheep operations in January 1996 with postage-paid, return envelopes. A post card reminder was sent 4 weeks after the initial mailing. In addition, a 1-800 telephone number was provided so that participants could call with questions.

Data were summarized from 5,174 respondents.

This first report documenting the needs assessment study results was released in conjunction with a summary of regional study results, the *Reference of 1996 U.S. Regional Sheep Health and Managment Practices*. Subsequent releases will discuss specific topics addressed by the study. All NAHMS sheep needs assessment results are available on the World Wide Web at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ceah.

For questions about this report or additional NAHMS results, please contact:

Centers for Epidemiology and Animal Health USDA:APHIS:VS, attn. NAHMS 555 South Howes, Fort Collins, CO 80521 Telephone: (970) 490-7800 Internet: NAHMS\_INFO@aphis.usda.gov

1 Wording on table and figure headings in this report reflect that used on the questionnaire. Unless specifically indicated, respondents were not given further definitions or instructions on how to respond.

#### **Terms Used in This Report**

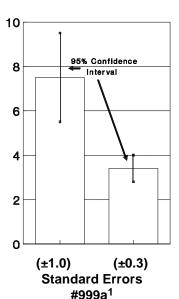
**Flock size:** data throughout the report are often summarized by five size groupings or categories based on the total number of sheep and lambs on January 1, 1996, reported for each operation.

**Operation average:** a single value for each operation is summed over all operations reporting divided by the number of operations reporting. For instance, operation average percent of gross income is calculated by summing the reported percent over all operations then dividing by the number of operations. **Examples of** 

**Percent operations**: number of operations with a given characteristic divided by the total number of operations.

**Percent sheep/lambs:** the sum of the actual number of sheep/lambs on each operation with a given characteristic divided by the total number of sheep on all operations. (**Percent sheep/lambs on operations:** an operation characteristic was applied to all sheep/lambs on the operation. The total number of sheep/lambs residing on operations with a given characteristic divided by the total sheep/lambs on all operations. See the example on page 3, percent of sheep on operations by expected change in inventory.)

**Primary breed category:** producers identified one primary breed category and all sheep and lambs on the operation were summarized in that category.



95% Confidence Intervals

**Population estimates:** averages and proportions weighted to represent the population. Most of the estimates in this report are provided with a measure of variability called the standard error and denoted by  $(\pm)$ . Chances are 95 out of 100 that the interval created by the estimate plus or minus two standard errors will contain the true population value. In the example at right, an estimate of 7.5 with a standard error of  $\pm 1.0$  results in a range of 5.5 to 9.5 (two times the standard error above and below the estimate.) The second estimate of 3.4 shows a standard error of  $\pm 0.3$  results with a range of 2.8 and 4.0.

**Sample profile:** information that describes characteristics of the operations from which the data were collected.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Identification numbers are assigned to each graph in this report for public reference.

## Part 1 - Section 1: Population Estimates

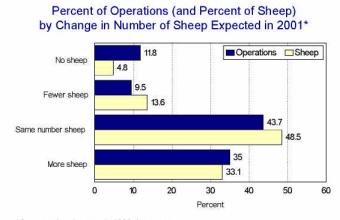
#### A. Flock Management

- 1. Inventory and Expected Change by 2001.
  - a. U.S. sheep and lamb inventory, January 1, 1996<sup>1</sup>:

Category	Number Hea	ad <u>Totals</u>
Breeding sheep 1 year or older:		
Ewes	5,125,100	
Rams	235,300	
Replacement lambs	863,100	
Total breeding sheep and lambs		6,223,500
Market sheep and lambs:		
Sheep	82,100	
Lambs	2,151,500	
Total market sheep and lambs		<u>2,233,600</u>
All sheep and lambs (50 states)		8,457,100
All sheep and lambs (48 states)		8,433,400
	Number	
b. Operations with sheep in 1995 <sup>1</sup> (50 states)	82,120	
Operations with sheep in 1995 (48 contiguous states)	82,040	

c. Percent of operations (and percent of sheep on these operations) by number of sheep expected in 2001 compared to January 1, 1996, inventory:

	Percent	Standard	Percent	Standard
Expected Change	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Error</u>	Sheep <sup>2</sup>	Error
No sheep in 2001	11.8	$(\pm 0.8)$	4.8	$(\pm 0.5)$
Fewer sheep in 2001	9.5	$(\pm 0.7)$	13.6	$(\pm 1.6)$
Same number in 2001	43.7	$(\pm 1.2)$	48.5	$(\pm 2.6)$
More sheep in 2001	<u>35.0</u>	$(\pm 1.1)$	_33.1	$(\pm 2.4)$
Total	100.0		100.0	



\*Compared to January 1, 1996, inventory.

#3195

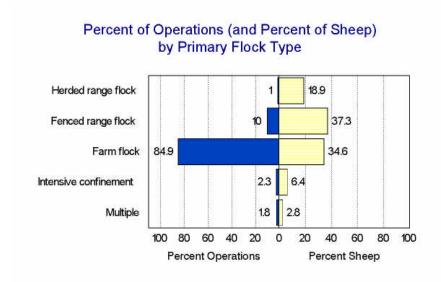
<sup>1</sup> Source: USDA:National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS.)

<sup>2</sup> Refers to percent of total sheep and lambs as of January 1, 1996.

#### 2. Primary Flock Type

a. Percent of operations (and percent of sheep on these operations) by primary flock type:

	Percent	Standard	Percent	Standard
Flock Type	<b>Operations</b>	<u>Error</u>	Sheep	<u>Error</u>
Herded range flock	1.0	$(\pm 0.1)$	18.9	$(\pm 2.4)$
Fenced range flock	10.0	$(\pm 0.6)$	37.3	$(\pm 2.3)$
Farm flock	84.9	$(\pm 0.8)$	34.6	$(\pm 1.6)$
Intensive confinement	2.3	$(\pm 0.3)$	6.4	$(\pm 2.5)$
Multiple <sup>1</sup>	<u>1.8</u>	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.8	$(\pm 0.5)$
Total	100.0		100.0	



#3196

#### 3. Primary Breed

a. Percent of operations (and percent of sheep on these operations) by primary breed category:

	, • <b>.</b>	•	
Percent	Standard	Percent	Standard
<b>Operations</b>	<u>Error</u>	Sheep	Error
2.4	$(\pm 0.3)$	0.6	$(\pm 0.1)$
13.0	$(\pm 0.7)$	41.8	$(\pm 2.4)$
20.6	$(\pm 0.9)$	26.0	$(\pm 2.4)$
32.3	$(\pm 1.1)$	10.2	$(\pm 0.7)$
23.8	$(\pm 1.0)$	15.6	$(\pm 2.4)$
1.0	$(\pm 0.3)$	0.4	$(\pm 0.1)$
0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$	0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$
6.9	$(\pm 0.6)$	5.4	$(\pm 0.7)$
100.0		100.0	
	Operations  2.4  13.0  20.6  32.3  23.8  1.0  0.0  6.9	$\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{\text{Operations}} & \underline{\text{Error}} \\ 2.4 & (\pm 0.3) \\ 13.0 & (\pm 0.7) \\ 20.6 & (\pm 0.9) \\ 32.3 & (\pm 1.1) \\ 23.8 & (\pm 1.0) \\ 1.0 & (\pm 0.3) \\ 0.0 & (\pm 0.0) \\ \underline{-6.9} & (\pm 0.6) \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} \underline{\text{Operations}} & \underline{\text{Error}} & \underline{\text{Sheep}} \\ 2.4 & (\pm0.3) & 0.6 \\ 13.0 & (\pm0.7) & 41.8 \\ 20.6 & (\pm0.9) & 26.0 \\ 32.3 & (\pm1.1) & 10.2 \\ 23.8 & (\pm1.0) & 15.6 \\ 1.0 & (\pm0.3) & 0.4 \\ 0.0 & (\pm0.0) & 0.0 \\ \underline{-6.9} & (\pm0.6) & \underline{-5.4} \\ \end{array}$

1 Producers selecting more than one category.

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#### 4. Production Records Used

a. Percent of operations by types of production records used to make decisions:

Record Type	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Manual	77.1	$(\pm 1.1)$
Computerized	10.8	$(\pm 0.7)$
Other	1.7	$(\pm 0.3)$
None	19.5	$(\pm 1.0)$

#### 5. Source of Sheep Information

a. Percent of operations using each source for sheep information:

Information Source	Percent Operations	Standard Error
SID Sheep Production Handbook	24.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Other books	50.5	$(\pm 1.2)$
Magazines/Newsletters	70.5	$(\pm 1.1)$
Fairs/Shows	42.3	$(\pm 1.2)$
Meetings	35.4	$(\pm 1.1)$
Internet	2.7	$(\pm 0.4)$
University/Extension	49.2	$(\pm 1.2)$
Veterinarians	63.3	$(\pm 1.1)$
Feed and drug salesmen	26.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Shearer	49.5	$(\pm 1.2)$
Other sheep producers	69.4	$(\pm 1.1)$

#### 6. Altered Management Practices

a. Percent of operations that altered the following management practices in the last 5 years due to animal welfare concerns:

<u>Practice</u>	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Docking tails	17.6	$(\pm 0.9)$
Castration	15.9	$(\pm 0.9)$
Shearing	14.7	$(\pm 0.8)$
Disposal of dead animals and offal	21.2	$(\pm 1.0)$
Housing	15.9	$(\pm 0.9)$
Predator control	18.8	$(\pm 0.9)$

#### B. Births, Deaths, Culling, and Illness

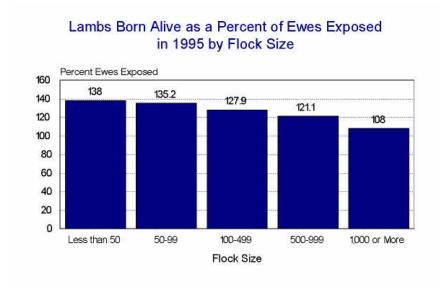
- 1. Productivity
  - a. Lamb outcomes as a percent of ewes exposed in 1995:

<u>Outcome</u>	Percent Lambs	Standard Error
Aborted (at less than full term)	1.8	$(\pm 0.1)$
Born dead (full term)	4.0	$(\pm 0.1)$
Born alive	121.3	$(\pm 1.2)$

Lamb outcomes as a percent of ewes exposed in 1995 by flock size:

#### Percent Lambs

				Nur	nber of Sh	<u>ieep</u>				
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
Outcome	than 50	Error	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	Error
Aborted (at less than										
full term)	1.5	$(\pm 0.1)$	1.9	$(\pm 0.2)$	2.1	$(\pm 0.2)$	1.4	$(\pm 0.2)$	1.8	$(\pm 0.3)$
Born dead										
(full term)	7.0	$(\pm 0.3)$	5.4	$(\pm 0.3)$	4.1	$(\pm 0.1)$	3.1	$(\pm 0.4)$	1.8	$(\pm 0.2)$
Born alive	138.0	$(\pm 1.4)$	135.2	$(\pm 2.8)$	127.9	$(\pm 2.2)$	121.1	$(\pm 3.9)$	108.0	$(\pm 2.1)$



#3197

Of lambs born alive, percent that died before weaning:

Percent Lambs	Standard Error
9.4	$(\pm 0.3)$

Of lambs born alive, percent that died before weaning by flock size:

#### Percent Lambs Number of Chase

			<u>INUI</u>	nber of St	<u>1eep</u>				
Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
<u>than 50</u>	Error	<u>50-99</u>	Error	100-499	Error	<u>500-999</u>	<u>Error</u>	or More	Error
11.1	$(\pm 0.6)$	8.0	$(\pm 0.5)$	8.3	$(\pm 0.4)$	9.2	$(\pm 1.1)$	9.6	$(\pm 0.7)$

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#### 2. Culling and Mortality

a. Sheep 1 year of age and older that left the flock in 1995 due to death or culling, as a percent of January 1, 1996, inventory (ewes and rams 1 year of age or older):

Exit Reason	Percent Sheep	Standard Error
Cull	16.1	$(\pm 2.0)$
Died	_5.1	$(\pm 0.1)$
Total	21.2	

i. Sheep 1 year of age and older that left the flock in 1995 due to death or culling, as a percent of January 1, 1996, inventory (ewes and rams 1 year of age or older) by flock size:

	Percent Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
Exit Reason	<u>than 50</u>	Error	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	<u>500-999</u>	Error	or More	Error
Were culled	19.4	$(\pm 0.9)$	15.1	$(\pm 2.5)$	13.5	$(\pm 1.4)$	12.1	$(\pm 0.8)$	17.4	$(\pm 4.5)$
Died	8.3	$(\pm 0.5)$	5.7	$(\pm 0.4)$	4.9	$(\pm 0.2)$	3.5	$(\pm 0.2)$	4.3	$(\pm 0.2)$
Total	27.7		20.8		18.4		15.6		21.7	

b. Of sheep 1 year of age and older that were culled or died in 1995, percent culled or died by reason:

Exit Reason	Percent Sheep	Standard Erro
Mastitis	4.4	$(\pm 0.5)$
Poor udder/teat conformation	1.9	$(\pm 0.3)$
'Hard bag' syndrome	3.2	$(\pm 0.3)$
Poor milk production	2.4	$(\pm 0.3)$
Teeth problems	3.9	$(\pm 0.6)$
Old age	29.6	$(\pm 3.0)$
Thin ewe	4.2	$(\pm 0.8)$
Failure to lamb (open, aborted)	6.0	$(\pm 0.4)$
Failure to wean (birthing problems, poor moth	ering,	
lambs died)	2.8	$(\pm 0.4)$
Other reproductive problems (low productivity	<b>/</b> ,	
pregnancy disease, etc.)	1.9	$(\pm 0.3)$
Respiratory problems	1.8	$(\pm 0.3)$
Infectious footrot	1.4	$(\pm 0.2)$
Lameness, not footrot	0.6	$(\pm 0.1)$
Poor leg/feet conformation	0.1	$(\pm 0.0)$
Accidental injury	1.1	$(\pm 0.1)$
Predator	7.7	$(\pm 0.9)$
Behavioral faults	0.4	$(\pm 0.1)$
Poisoning	0.9	$(\pm 0.1)$
Ram breeding soundness	0.5	$(\pm 0.2)$
Economic	16.2	$(\pm 8.2)$
Other	5.0	$(\pm 0.7)$
Not reported	4.0	$(\pm 0.7)$
Total	100.0	

#### 3. Morbidity

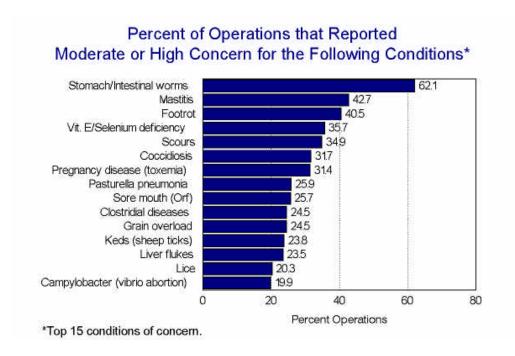
a. Percent of operations that reported moderate or high concern 1 for the following conditions:

Condition	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Chlamydia (enzootic abortion)	18.1	$(\pm 0.8)$
Campylobacter (vibrio abortion)	19.9	$(\pm 0.8)$
Toxoplasmosis abortion	16.0	$(\pm 0.8)$
Salmonellosis	8.5	$(\pm 0.6)$
Border disease (hairy shaker disease)	5.1	$(\pm 0.5)$
Bluetongue	9.2	$(\pm 0.6)$
Epididymitis (B. ovis)	11.8	$(\pm 0.7)$
Lamb epididymitis (Histomoniasis/Actinobacil	lus) 8.4	$(\pm 0.6)$
Scours	34.9	$(\pm 1.1)$
Cryptosporidiosis	7.8	$(\pm 0.6)$
Coccidiosis	31.7	$(\pm 1.0)$
Stomach/intestinal worms	62.1	$(\pm 1.2)$
Liver flukes	23.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Pasteurella pneumonia	25.9	$(\pm 1.0)$
Sore mouth (Orf)	25.7	$(\pm 1.0)$
Clostridial diseases	24.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Vitamin E/Selenium deficiency (white muscle of	disease) 35.7	$(\pm 1.1)$
Grain overload (rumen acidosis)	24.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Polio (polioencephalomalacia)	8.4	$(\pm 0.6)$
Listeriosis (circling disease)	9.3	$(\pm 0.7)$
Pregnancy disease (toxemia)	31.4	$(\pm 1.1)$
Milk fever (hypocalcemia)	19.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Mastitis	42.7	$(\pm 1.2)$
Caseous lymphadenitis (Cl, boils, abscess)	16.8	$(\pm 0.8)$
Ovine progressive penumonia (OPP)	18.3	$(\pm 0.9)$
Johne's disease (paratuberculosis)	7.7	$(\pm 0.6)$
Bad teeth	17.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Nutritional wasting	17.0	$(\pm 0.8)$
Scrapie	18.4	$(\pm 0.9)$
Footrot	40.5	(± 1.1)
Foot scald	19.0	$(\pm 0.9)$
Foot abscess	15.3	$(\pm 0.8)$
Lice	20.3	$(\pm 0.9)$
Keds (sheep ticks)	23.8	$(\pm 0.9)$
Fly strike	16.9	$(\pm 0.8)$
Copper toxicity	14.9	$(\pm 0.8)$
Plant toxicity	13.4	$(\pm 0.8)$
Genetic disorder	10.9	$(\pm 0.7)$
Other	5.6	$(\pm 0.5)$

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Respondents were asked to consider the overall potential effects on their flock and customers (on a four-point concern scale), regardless of whether the condition existed in their flock.

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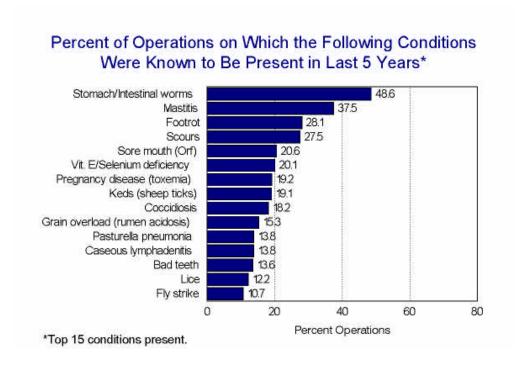


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b. Percent of operations on which the following conditions were known to be present (suspected or confirmed) in the previous 5 years:

Condition	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Chlamydia (enzootic abortion)	4.4	$(\pm 0.3)$
Campylobacter (vibrio abortion)	4.6	$(\pm 0.3)$
Toxoplasmosis abortion	3.3	$(\pm 0.4)$
Salmonellosis	1.0	$(\pm 0.1)$
Border disease (hairy shaker disease)	0.7	$(\pm 0.1)$
Bluetongue	2.6	$(\pm 0.3)$
Epididymitis (B. ovis)	1.5	$(\pm 0.1)$
Lamb epididymitis (Histomoniasis/Actinobacillus)	0.9	$(\pm 0.1)$
Scours	27.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Cryptosporidiosis	1.0	$(\pm 0.1)$
Coccidiosis	18.2	$(\pm 0.8)$
Stomach/intestinal worms	48.6	$(\pm 1.2)$
Liver flukes	7.5	$(\pm 0.5)$
Pasteurella pneumonia	13.8	$(\pm 0.7)$
Sore mouth (Orf)	20.6	$(\pm 0.8)$
Clostridial diseases	9.8	$(\pm 0.6)$
Vitamin E/Selenium deficiency (white muscle disease)	20.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Grain overload (rumen acidosis)	15.3	$(\pm 0.8)$
Polio (polioencephalomalacia)	3.0	$(\pm 0.3)$
Listeriosis (circling disease)	3.7	$(\pm 0.4)$
Pregnancy disease (toxemia)	19.2	$(\pm 0.8)$
Milk fever (hypocalcemia)	8.7	$(\pm 0.6)$
Mastitis	37.5	$(\pm 1.1)$
Caseous lymphadenitis (Cl, boils, abscess)	13.8	$(\pm 0.7)$
Ovine progressive penumonia (OPP)	5.1	$(\pm 0.4)$
Johne's disease (paratuberculosis)	0.8	$(\pm 0.1)$
Bad teeth	13.6	$(\pm 0.7)$
Nutritional wasting	7.1	$(\pm 0.5)$
Scrapie	1.2	$(\pm 0.2)$
Footrot	28.1	$(\pm 1.0)$
Foot scald	10.6	$(\pm 0.6)$
Foot abscess	7.6	$(\pm 0.5)$
Lice	12.2	$(\pm 0.7)$
Keds (sheep ticks)	19.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Fly strike	10.7	$(\pm 0.6)$
Copper toxicity	2.7	$(\pm 0.4)$
Plant toxicity	6.9	$(\pm 0.6)$
Genetic disorder	5.2	$(\pm 0.5)$
Other	3.6	$(\pm 0.5)$

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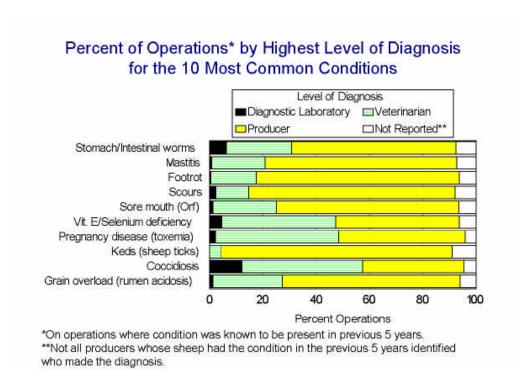
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c. For operations that had the following conditions (suspected or confirmed) in the previous 5 years, percent of operations by the highest level of diagnosis:

	Percent Operations <sup>2</sup>							
	Diagnostic	e Standard	l Standard		Standard			
Condition			Veterinarian Error	Producer	Error			
		-		40.0	(: 4.0)			
Chlamydia (enzootic abortion)	23.2	$(\pm 2.5)$		40.0	$(\pm 4.0)$			
Campylobacter (vibrio abortion)	21.7	$(\pm 2.5)$		43.2	$(\pm 3.7)$			
Toxoplasmosis abortion	16.3	(± 2.7)		36.3	(± 5.2)			
Salmonellosis	14.9	$(\pm 3.9)$		42.8	$(\pm 7.3)$			
Border disease (hairy shaker disease)	12.0	$(\pm 3.9)$		56.5	$(\pm 8.7)$			
Bluetongue	12.3	(± 3.4)		49.1	$(\pm 5.5)$			
Epididymitis (B. ovis)	28.6	$(\pm 4.0)$	$31.2 \ (\pm 4.4)$	33.1	$(\pm 4.5)$			
Lamb epididymitis	<b>-</b> 0	( 2.2)	22 - / - 1)		( 0.0)			
(Histomoniasis/Actinobacillus)	7.0	$(\pm 3.3)$		54.5	$(\pm 8.8)$			
Scours	2.4	$(\pm 0.4)$		77.5	(± 1.8)			
Cryptosporidiosis	10.9	$(\pm 4.2)$	, ,	52.8	$(\pm 7.5)$			
Coccidiosis	12.2	$(\pm 1.4)$		38.1	$(\pm 2.3)$			
Stomach/intestinal worms	6.4	$(\pm 0.6)$		61.7	$(\pm 1.5)$			
Liver flukes	6.0	$(\pm 2.0)$	, ,	49.9	$(\pm 3.8)$			
Pasteurella pneumonia	6.4	$(\pm 1.3)$		48.5	$(\pm 2.8)$			
Sore mouth (Orf)	1.3	$(\pm 0.4)$		68.3	$(\pm 2.1)$			
Clostridial diseases	7.8	$(\pm 1.9)$	$36.2 \ (\pm 3.2)$	50.2	$(\pm 3.2)$			
Vitamin E/Selenium deficiency								
(white muscle disease)	4.6	$(\pm 0.7)$	$42.8 \ (\pm 2.4)$	46.4	$(\pm 2.4)$			
Grain overload (rumen acidosis)	1.4	$(\pm 0.4)$	$25.9 (\pm 2.4)$	66.7	$(\pm 2.6)$			
Polio (polioencephalomalacia)	17.3	$(\pm 4.6)$		35.0	$(\pm 4.7)$			
Listeriosis (circling disease)	6.0	$(\pm 1.9)$	43.7 $(\pm 5.5)$	45.6	$(\pm 5.0)$			
Pregnancy disease (toxemia)	2.2	$(\pm 0.6)$	$46.3 \ (\pm 2.3)$	47.4	$(\pm 2.3)$			
Milk fever (hypocalcemia)	1.4	$(\pm 0.6)$	$34.1 \ (\pm 3.6)$	57.4	$(\pm 3.6)$			
Mastitis	0.9	$(\pm 0.2)$	$20.0 \ (\pm 1.5)$	71.9	$(\pm 1.6)$			
Caseous lymphadenitis (Cl, boils, abscess	s) 2.7	$(\pm 0.6)$	19.3 $(\pm 1.9)$	73.7	$(\pm 2.1)$			
Ovine progressive penumonia (OPP)	18.8	$(\pm 3.4)$	27.6 $(\pm 3.8)$	44.5	$(\pm 3.9)$			
Johne's disease (paratuberculosis)	16.6	$(\pm 4.3)$	11.5 $(\pm 5.5)$	54.6	$(\pm 8.5)$			
Bad teeth	0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$	$2.8 \ (\pm 0.8)$	88.7	$(\pm 1.8)$			
Nutritional wasting	1.0	$(\pm 0.4)$	$3.7 (\pm 0.9)$	84.8	$(\pm 2.6)$			
Scrapie	18.7	$(\pm 8.4)$	$26.2 \ (\pm 8.3)$	47.0	$(\pm 9.2)$			
Footrot	0.6	$(\pm 0.2)$		76.2	$(\pm 1.7)$			
Foot scald	0.9	$(\pm 0.5)$		72.8	$(\pm 2.7)$			
Foot abscess	1.0	$(\pm 0.7)$		67.0	$(\pm 3.3)$			
Lice	0.7	$(\pm 0.4)$		80.7	$(\pm 2.3)$			
Keds (sheep ticks)	0.1	(± 0.1)		86.6	(± 1.7)			
Fly strike	0.1	$(\pm 0.1)$	, ,	86.9	$(\pm 1.8)$			
Copper toxicity	26.2	$(\pm 5.9)$		35.8	$(\pm 6.9)$			
Plant toxicity	1.6	$(\pm 0.8)$		69.4	$(\pm 3.8)$			
Genetic disorder	3.8	$(\pm 1.7)$	, ,	62.8	$(\pm 4.6)$			
Other	9.8	$(\pm 2.9)$	23.9 $(\pm 5.2)$	54.1	$(\pm 6.4)$			
<del></del>	7.0	(= 2.7)	20.5 (= 5.2)	2	(= 0.1)			

<sup>1</sup> Diagnostic laboratory was considered the highest level followed by a veterinarian, then producer.

Not all producers that had the condition in the previous 5 years identified who made the diagnosis.



#3200

USDA:APHIS:VS 13 Sheep '96

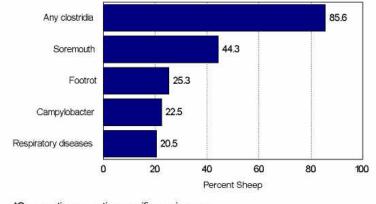
#### C. Health Management

#### 1. Vaccines

a. Percent of operations (and percent of sheep on these operations) by vaccines used at least once within the previous 3 years:

	Percent	Standard	Percent	Standard
<u>Vaccine</u>	<b>Operations</b>	Error	Sheep	Error
Clostridia C & D (overeating)	58.7	$(\pm 1.2)$	77.7	$(\pm 1.5)$
Clostridia CDT (tetanus)	56.7	$(\pm 1.1)$	53.0	$(\pm 2.5)$
Clostridia 7- or 8-way	25.2	$(\pm 1.0)$	32.0	$(\pm 2.2)$
Any clostridia	72.8	$(\pm 1.1)$	85.6	$(\pm 1.3)$
Soremouth	14.8	$(\pm 0.8)$	44.3	$(\pm 2.3)$
Chlamydia	6.7	$(\pm 0.5)$	17.3	$(\pm 2.8)$
Campylobacter (vibrio)	12.3	$(\pm 0.7)$	22.5	$(\pm 2.1)$
E. coli	8.8	$(\pm 0.7)$	13.4	$(\pm 2.4)$
Respiratory diseases	14.6	$(\pm 0.8)$	20.5	$(\pm 2.7)$
Bluetongue	2.0	$(\pm 0.3)$	7.4	$(\pm 1.3)$
Footrot	17.0	$(\pm 0.8)$	25.3	$(\pm 2.8)$
Caseous lymphadenitis	2.5	$(\pm 0.3)$	5.7	$(\pm 2.0)$
Other	2.0	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.0	$(\pm 0.5)$





\*On operations reporting specific vaccine use.

#3201

Sheep '96 USDA:APHIS:VS

#### 2. Dewormers

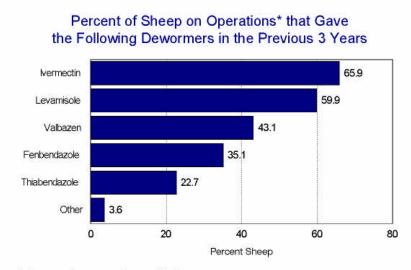
a. For operations that dewormed the following types of sheep, percent of operations by frequency of rotating dewormers:

#### **Percent Operations**

<u>Frequency</u>	Lambs	Standard Error	Breeding Stock	Standard <u>Error</u>	Feeder <u>Lambs</u>	Standard <u>Error</u>
Not rotated	47.3	$(\pm 1.3)$	32.4	$(\pm 1.2)$	45.8	$(\pm 1.5)$
Less frequently than yearly	12.3	$(\pm 0.9)$	14.7	$(\pm 0.9)$	13.6	$(\pm 1.0)$
Yearly	15.0	$(\pm 0.9)$	22.0	$(\pm 1.0)$	14.4	$(\pm 1.0)$
More frequently than yearly	25.4	$(\pm 1.1)$	30.9	$(\pm 1.1)$	26.2	$(\pm 1.3)$
Total	100.0		100.0		100.0	

b. Percent of operations (and percent of sheep on those operations) that used the following dewormers in the previous 3 years:

	Percent	Standard	Percent	Standard
<u>Dewormer</u>	<b>Operations</b>	Error	Sheep	<u>Error</u>
Ivermectin	67.1	$(\pm 1.1)$	65.9	$(\pm 2.4)$
Valbazen	22.0	$(\pm 0.8)$	43.1	$(\pm 2.6)$
Levamisole	48.0	$(\pm 1.2)$	59.9	$(\pm 2.2)$
Thiabendazole	35.4	$(\pm 1.2)$	22.7	$(\pm 2.1)$
Fenbendazole	30.3	$(\pm 1.0)$	35.1	$(\pm 2.7)$
Other	4.0	$(\pm 0.5)$	3.6	$(\pm 0.5)$
None	8.3	$(\pm 0.7)$	7.7	$(\pm 0.9)$



#3202

\* On operations reporting specific dewormer use.

#### 3. Additives

a. Percent of operations that used the following additives in the previous 3 years:

Additive	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Coccidiostats in feed or water	21.0	$(\pm 0.8)$
Antibiotics in feed or water	35.0	$(\pm 1.1)$
Growth promotants in feed or water	6.3	$(\pm 0.5)$
Hormone implants in lambs	1.7	$(\pm 0.2)$

i. Percent of operations that used the following additives in the previous 3 years by flock size:

#### Percent Operations

Number Sheep									
Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
<u>than 50</u>	Error	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	<u>Error</u>
16.6	$(\pm 1.1)$	32.2	$(\pm 2.1)$	36.8	$(\pm 1.7)$	34.9	$(\pm 3.9)$	25.9	$(\pm 2.4)$
30.1	$(\pm 1.4)$	49.2	$(\pm 2.4)$	51.0	$(\pm 2.0)$	45.4	$(\pm 4.1)$	47.1	$(\pm 2.8)$
5.3	$(\pm 0.7)$	9.6	$(\pm 1.3)$	9.2	$(\pm 0.9)$	9.6	$(\pm 1.9)$	9.4	$(\pm 1.5)$
1.1	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.4	$(\pm 0.8)$	4.0	$(\pm 0.7)$	6.0	$(\pm 1.6)$	4.0	$(\pm 0.9)$
	16.6 30.1 5.3	than 50 Error  16.6 $(\pm 1.1)$ 30.1 $(\pm 1.4)$ 5.3 $(\pm 0.7)$	than 50 Error 50-99  16.6 ( $\pm$ 1.1) 32.2  30.1 ( $\pm$ 1.4) 49.2  5.3 ( $\pm$ 0.7) 9.6	Less than 50       Standard Error       Standard Error         16.6 $(\pm 1.1)$ 32.2 $(\pm 2.1)$ 30.1 $(\pm 1.4)$ 49.2 $(\pm 2.4)$ 5.3 $(\pm 0.7)$ 9.6 $(\pm 1.3)$	Less than 50     Standard Error     Standard Error     100-499       16.6 $(\pm 1.1)$ 32.2 $(\pm 2.1)$ 36.8       30.1 $(\pm 1.4)$ 49.2 $(\pm 2.4)$ 51.0       5.3 $(\pm 0.7)$ 9.6 $(\pm 1.3)$ 9.2	Less than 50     Standard than 50     Standard Error     Standard Error     Standard Error     Standard Error     Standard Error       16.6 $(\pm 1.1)$ 32.2 $(\pm 2.1)$ 36.8 $(\pm 1.7)$ 30.1 $(\pm 1.4)$ 49.2 $(\pm 2.4)$ 51.0 $(\pm 2.0)$ 5.3 $(\pm 0.7)$ 9.6 $(\pm 1.3)$ 9.2 $(\pm 0.9)$	Less than 50     Standard than 50     Standard Error     Standard 100-499     Standard Error     Standard Error     500-999       16.6 $(\pm 1.1)$ 32.2 $(\pm 2.1)$ 36.8 $(\pm 1.7)$ 34.9       30.1 $(\pm 1.4)$ 49.2 $(\pm 2.4)$ 51.0 $(\pm 2.0)$ 45.4       5.3 $(\pm 0.7)$ 9.6 $(\pm 1.3)$ 9.2 $(\pm 0.9)$ 9.6	Less than 50       Standard than 50       Standard Error       Standard 100-499       Standard Error       Standard 500-999       Standard Error       Standard 500-999       Standard Error       Standard 500-999       Error         16.6       ( $\pm$ 1.1)       32.2       ( $\pm$ 2.1)       36.8       ( $\pm$ 1.7)       34.9       ( $\pm$ 3.9)         30.1       ( $\pm$ 1.4)       49.2       ( $\pm$ 2.4)       51.0       ( $\pm$ 2.0)       45.4       ( $\pm$ 4.1)         5.3       ( $\pm$ 0.7)       9.6       ( $\pm$ 1.3)       9.2       ( $\pm$ 0.9)       9.6       ( $\pm$ 1.9)	Less than 50 t

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#### 4. Reproductive management practices

a. Of operations that had at least one ewe, percent of operations by reproductive management practice used:

Practice	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Breeding soundness exam	20.5	$(\pm 0.9)$
Out of season breeding	21.8	$(\pm 0.9)$
Accelerated lambing	7.9	$(\pm 0.5)$
Flushing	54.7	$(\pm 1.2)$
Use of teasers	7.7	$(\pm 0.5)$
Estrus synchronization	3.3	$(\pm 0.3)$
Artificial insemination	1.2	$(\pm 0.2)$
Embryo transfer	0.2	$(\pm 0.1)$
Ultrasound (pregnancy diagnosis,		
fetal counting)	6.0	$(\pm 0.4)$

i. Percent of operations by reproductive management practice used and flock size:

#### Percent Operations

	refeelt Operations									
	Number Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
<u>Practice</u>	<u>than 50</u>	<u>Error</u>	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	<u>Error</u>
Breeding soundness										
exam	15.6	$(\pm 1.1)$	31.2	$(\pm 2.1)$	35.5	$(\pm 1.7)$	48.5	$(\pm 3.5)$	51.4	$(\pm 3.0)$
Out of season breeding	18.8	$(\pm 1.1)$	30.4	$(\pm 2.1)$	33.3	$(\pm 1.7)$	25.2	$(\pm 3.9)$	22.9	$(\pm 2.5)$
Accelerated lambing	5.6	$(\pm 0.6)$	14.2	$(\pm 1.6)$	16.6	$(\pm 1.3)$	12.3	$(\pm 3.5)$	9.2	$(\pm 1.8)$
Flushing	48.6	$(\pm 1.5)$	72.7	$(\pm 2.3)$	73.0	$(\pm 1.9)$	76.9	$(\pm 2.7)$	68.4	$(\pm 2.8)$
Use of teasers	5.5	$(\pm 0.6)$	13.2	$(\pm 1.6)$	14.6	$(\pm 1.1)$	19.7	$(\pm 3.7)$	14.3	$(\pm 2.7)$
Estrus synchronization	2.2	$(\pm 0.4)$	5.9	$(\pm 1.1)$	6.8	$(\pm 0.7)$	6.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	7.3	$(\pm 1.8)$
Artificial insemination	0.8	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.7	$(\pm 1.0)$	2.6	$(\pm 0.5)$	2.6	$(\pm 1.0)$	2.5	$(\pm 0.9)$
Embryo transfer	0.1	$(\pm 0.1)$	1.1	$(\pm 0.8)$	0.2	$(\pm 0.1)$	0.7	$(\pm 0.4)$	1.4	$(\pm 0.7)$
Ultrasound (pregnancy dia	gnosis,									
fetal counting)	3.2	$(\pm 0.5)$	9.8	$(\pm 1.4)$	15.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	23.3	$(\pm 3.6)$	34.3	$(\pm 3.0)$

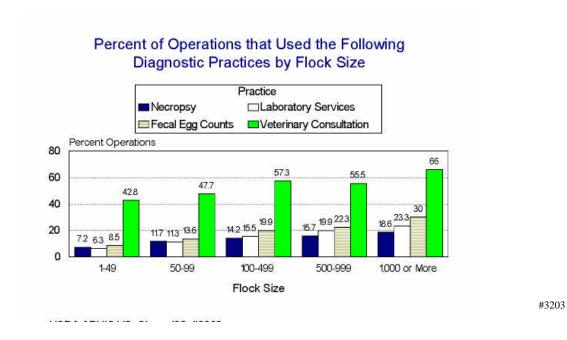
#### 5. Diagnostic practices

a. Percent of operations that used the following diagnostic practices:

<u>Practice</u>	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Necropsy	8.8	$(\pm 0.6)$
Laboratory services (serology, culture)	8.3	$(\pm 0.5)$
Fecal egg counts	10.9	$(\pm 0.6)$
Veterinary consultation	45.5	$(\pm 1.2)$
Other	1.9	$(\pm 0.3)$

i. Percent of operations that used the following diagnostic practices by flock size:

	Percent Operations										
		Number Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard	
<u>Practice</u>	<u>than 50</u>	Error	<u>50-99</u>	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	Error	
Necropsy	7.2	$(\pm 0.7)$	11.7	$(\pm 1.4)$	14.2	$(\pm 1.1)$	15.7	$(\pm 3.7)$	18.6	$(\pm 2.2)$	
Laboratory services											
(serology, culture)	6.3	$(\pm 0.7)$	11.3	$(\pm 1.3)$	15.5	$(\pm 1.1)$	19.9	$(\pm 3.8)$	23.3	$(\pm 2.3)$	
Fecal egg counts	8.5	$(\pm 0.8)$	13.6	$(\pm 1.4)$	19.9	$(\pm 1.6)$	22.3	$(\pm 2.8)$	30.0	$(\pm 2.6)$	
Veterinary consultation	42.8	$(\pm 1.5)$	47.7	$(\pm 2.4)$	57.3	$(\pm 1.9)$	55.5	$(\pm 4.1)$	66.0	$(\pm 2.5)$	
Other	1.9	$(\pm 0.4)$	2.1	$(\pm 0.6)$	1.2	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.9	$(\pm 1.1)$	3.5	$(\pm 1.0)$	



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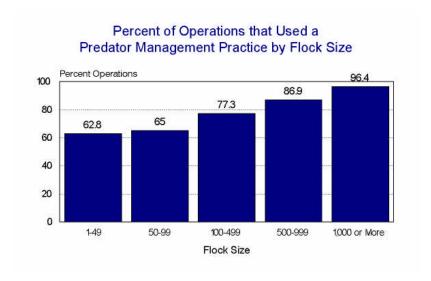
#### D. Predator Management

- 1. Use of any predator management practice
  - a. Percent of operations that used any predator management practice:

Percent Operations	Standard Error
65.5	$(\pm 1.2)$

i. Percent of operations that used a predator management practice by flock size:

Percent Operations <u>Number Sheep</u>										
Less	Standard		Standard		Standard	-	Standard	1,000	Standard	
than 50	Error	<u>50-99</u>	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	Error	
62.8	$(\pm 1.5)$	65.0	$(\pm 2.2)$	77.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	86.9	$(\pm 3.1)$	96.4	$(\pm 0.9)$	

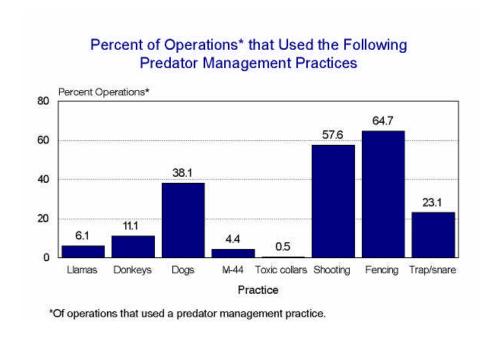


#3204

#### 2. Specific predator management practices used

a. Of operations that used a predator management practice, percent that used the following practices:

i.	Guardian Animals	Percent Operations	Standard Error
	Llamas	6.1	$(\pm 0.6)$
	Donkeys	11.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
	Dogs	38.1	$(\pm 1.4)$
	Any of the above	51.2	$(\pm 1.5)$
ii.	<u>Lethal Methods</u>	Percent Operations	Standard Error
	M-44	4.4	$(\pm 0.3)$
	Toxic collars	0.5	$(\pm 0.1)$
	Shooting	57.6	$(\pm 1.4)$
	Any of the above	61.9	$(\pm 1.5)$
iii.	Other Methods	Percent Operations	Standard Error
	Fencing	64.7	$(\pm 1.4)$
	Trap/snare	23.1	$(\pm 1.1)$
	Other 1	10.0	$(\pm 0.9)$



#3205

Sheep '96 USDA:APHIS:VS

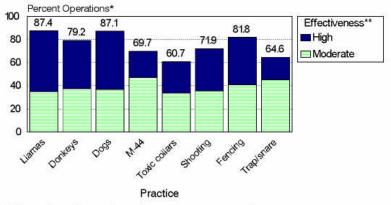
<sup>1</sup> Includes penning at night, other guardian animals, lights and noises, and USDA: APHIS: Animal Damage Control.

b. Of operations that used the following predator management practices, percent of operations by producer-judged effectiveness:

#### **Percent Operations**

	Not Effective	Standard	Low		Moderate		l High Effectiveness	Standard Error	Total
	Effective	EHOI EI	<u>iecuvenes</u>	S EHOL I	riectivenes	S EHOL	Effectiveness	EHOI	<u>10tai</u>
i. Guardian Animal	<u>S</u>								
Llamas	1.4	$(\pm 0.4)$	11.2	$(\pm 2.1)$	34.7	$(\pm 5.2)$	52.7	$(\pm 5.3)$	100.0
Donkeys	3.4	$(\pm 0.8)$	17.4	$(\pm 3.1)$	37.4	$(\pm 3.9)$	41.8	$(\pm 4.2)$	100.0
Dogs	1.0	$(\pm 0.4)$	11.9	$(\pm 1.5)$	36.6	$(\pm 2.2)$	50.5	$(\pm 2.3)$	100.0
ii. <u>Lethal Methods</u>									
M-44	2.2	$(\pm 1.0)$	28.1	$(\pm 3.8)$	47.1	$(\pm 3.9)$	22.6	$(\pm 2.9)$	100.0
Toxic collars	7.0	$(\pm 3.6)$	32.3	$(\pm 6.9)$	33.7	$(\pm 6.4)$	27.0	$(\pm 6.7)$	100.0
Shooting	3.2	$(\pm 0.6)$	24.9	$(\pm 1.7)$	35.3	$(\pm 1.9)$	36.6	$(\pm 1.8)$	100.0
iii. Other Methods									
Fencing	3.1	$(\pm 0.5)$	15.1	$(\pm 1.2)$	40.8	$(\pm 1.9)$	41.0	$(\pm 1.9)$	100.0
Trap/snare	6.8	$(\pm 1.4)$	28.6	$(\pm 2.4)$	45.2	$(\pm 2.7)$	19.4	$(\pm 2.0)$	100.0
Other	2.4	$(\pm 1.7)$	3.7	$(\pm 1.2)$	27.7	$(\pm 4.2)$	66.2	$(\pm 4.5)$	100.0

# Percent of Operations\* by Producer-Judged Effectiveness of Predator Management Practices Used



<sup>\*</sup>Of operations that used a predator management practice.

#3206

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not shown: not effective or low effectiveness.

#### E. Economics

- 1. Gross income
  - a. Operation average percent of gross income by category:

Category	Operation Average	Standard Error
Slaughter lambs	49.9	$(\pm 1.0)$
Feeder lambs	22.1	$(\pm 0.8)$
Club lambs	7.1	$(\pm 0.5)$
Seedstock, purebred	4.5	$(\pm 0.4)$
Seedstock, commercial	2.3	$(\pm 0.3)$
Wool	12.3	$(\pm 0.5)$
Milk	0.2	$(\pm 0.0)$
Other	<u>1.6</u>	$(\pm 0.2)$
Total	100.0	

i. Operation average percent of gross income by category and flock size:

#### Operation Average Percent

	Number Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
<u>Category</u>	than 50	Error	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	500-999	Error	or More	<u>Error</u>
Slaughter lambs	51.7	$(\pm 1.4)$	48.1	$(\pm 1.9)$	45.8	$(\pm 1.4)$	32.9	$(\pm 2.7)$	33.2	$(\pm 2.0)$
Feeder lambs	20.8	$(\pm 1.1)$	21.6	$(\pm 1.6)$	25.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	38.7	$(\pm 2.9)$	39.7	$(\pm 1.8)$
Club lambs	7.4	$(\pm 0.7)$	8.2	$(\pm 1.1)$	6.0	$(\pm 1.0)$	1.9	$(\pm 0.6)$	0.8	$(\pm 0.3)$
Seedstock, purebred	4.2	$(\pm 0.5)$	6.7	$(\pm 1.0)$	5.2	$(\pm 0.5)$	1.8	$(\pm 0.4)$	0.7	$(\pm 0.2)$
Seedstock, commercial	1 2.3	$(\pm 0.5)$	2.0	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.3	$(\pm 0.3)$	2.7	$(\pm 0.9)$	4.4	$(\pm 0.9)$
Wool	11.9	$(\pm 0.6)$	11.6	$(\pm 0.7)$	13.8	$(\pm 0.5)$	17.8	$(\pm 1.0)$	19.4	$(\pm 0.7)$
Milk	0.2	$(\pm 0.1)$	0.1	$(\pm 0.1)$	0.1	$(\pm 0.0)$	0.4	$(\pm 0.2)$	0.4	$(\pm 0.2)$
Other	<u>1.5</u>	$(\pm 0.3)$	<u>1.7</u>	$(\pm 0.5)$	<u>1.7</u>	$(\pm 0.3)$	3.8	$(\pm 0.8)$	<u>1.4</u>	$(\pm 0.3)$
Total	100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0	

b. Percent of operations that received any income from each category:

<u>Category</u>	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Slaughter lambs	71.5	$(\pm 1.1)$
Feeder lambs	39.6	$(\pm 1.2)$
Club lambs	20.1	$(\pm 1.0)$
Seedstock, purebred	14.4	$(\pm 0.8)$
Seedstock, commercia	al 11.8	$(\pm 0.8)$
Wool	76.6	$(\pm 1.1)$
Milk	1.2	$(\pm 0.3)$
Other	5.5	$(\pm 0.5)$

i. Percent of operations that received any income from each category by flock size:

#### **Percent Operations**

	Number Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
Category	<u>than 50</u>	Error	50-99	Error	100-499	Error	<u>500-999</u>	Error	or More	Error
Slaughter lambs	72.5	$(\pm 1.5)$	74.9	$(\pm 2.2)$	68.7	$(\pm 1.8)$	49.9	$(\pm 3.5)$	49.7	$(\pm 2.6)$
Feeder lambs	36.9	$(\pm 1.6)$	42.2	$(\pm 2.4)$	46.5	$(\pm 1.9)$	64.7	$(\pm 3.9)$	67.4	$(\pm 2.4)$
Club lambs	19.9	$(\pm 1.3)$	26.0	$(\pm 2.1)$	18.7	$(\pm 1.7)$	8.6	$(\pm 1.8)$	8.1	$(\pm 2.3)$
Seedstock, purebred	13.0	$(\pm 1.1)$	21.6	$(\pm 1.9)$	18.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	9.7	$(\pm 1.8)$	6.0	$(\pm 1.2)$
Seedstock, commercial	10.2	$(\pm 1.0)$	15.5	$(\pm 1.7)$	16.1	$(\pm 1.2)$	14.2	$(\pm 3.2)$	24.1	$(\pm 2.6)$
Wool	71.8	$(\pm 1.5)$	86.6	$(\pm 1.6)$	92.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	92.4	$(\pm 2.5)$	95.7	$(\pm 0.9)$
Milk	1.3	$(\pm 0.3)$	0.6	$(\pm 0.2)$	0.9	$(\pm 0.3)$	3.0	$(\pm 1.2)$	1.6	$(\pm 0.6)$
Other	4.9	$(\pm 0.7)$	7.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	6.2	$(\pm 0.8)$	14.1	$(\pm 3.2)$	8.0	$(\pm 1.4)$

#### 2. Profitability limitations

a. Percent of operations by categories that limited profitability:

Category	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Capital (debt)	21.1	$(\pm 0.9)$
Labor	26.8	$(\pm 1.0)$
Land	35.2	$(\pm 1.2)$
Feed	42.9	$(\pm 1.2)$
Availability of sheep	8.3	$(\pm 0.6)$
Breed of sheep	6.4	$(\pm 0.6)$
Family succession	7.6	$(\pm 0.6)$
Government regulations	19.9	$(\pm 0.9)$
Access to markets	30.8	$(\pm 1.1)$
Price volatility	50.0	$(\pm 1.2)$
Operator interest and enthusiasm	18.5	$(\pm 1.0)$
Other	15.2	$(\pm 0.9)$

i. Percent of operations by categories that limited profitability and flock size:

#### **Percent Operations**

	Number Sheep									
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard	•	Standard	1,000	Standard
Category	<u>than 50</u>	<u>Error</u>	<u>50-99</u>	Error	100-499	Error	<u>500-999</u>	<u>Error</u>	or More	Error
Capital (debt)	17.8	$(\pm 1.1)$	27.1	$(\pm 2.2)$	31.8	$(\pm 1.9)$	37.2	$(\pm 3.3)$	46.9	$(\pm 2.9)$
Labor	22.7	$(\pm 1.2)$	32.4	$(\pm 2.2)$	40.7	$(\pm 2.0)$	48.0	$(\pm 4.1)$	61.0	$(\pm 2.7)$
Land	33.7	$(\pm 1.5)$	38.5	$(\pm 2.3)$	39.5	$(\pm 1.8)$	48.7	$(\pm 3.5)$	41.7	$(\pm 2.9)$
Feed	40.9	$(\pm 1.5)$	46.9	$(\pm 2.4)$	48.6	$(\pm 2.0)$	53.1	$(\pm 4.1)$	59.6	$(\pm 2.7)$
Availability of sheep	7.4	$(\pm 0.8)$	11.3	$(\pm 1.5)$	10.0	$(\pm 1.3)$	9.8	$(\pm 2.4)$	15.4	$(\pm 2.3)$
Breed of sheep	5.9	$(\pm 0.7)$	9.4	$(\pm 1.5)$	6.7	$(\pm 0.9)$	4.6	$(\pm 1.2)$	6.7	$(\pm 1.7)$
Family succession	6.9	$(\pm 0.7)$	10.7	$(\pm 1.5)$	7.2	$(\pm 0.8)$	10.4	$(\pm 2.0)$	14.5	$(\pm 2.0)$
Government regulation	ns 15.9	$(\pm 1.1)$	23.7	$(\pm 2.0)$	31.1	$(\pm 2.0)$	50.8	$(\pm 4.1)$	71.3	$(\pm 2.4)$
Access to markets	30.2	$(\pm 1.4)$	29.9	$(\pm 2.1)$	33.6	$(\pm 1.9)$	36.6	$(\pm 4.0)$	43.3	$(\pm 2.9)$
Price volatility	45.3	$(\pm 1.6)$	56.7	$(\pm 2.3)$	65.3	$(\pm 1.9)$	80.6	$(\pm 2.6)$	83.8	$(\pm 1.8)$
Operator interest										
and enthusiasm	19.9	$(\pm 1.2)$	16.8	$(\pm 1.8)$	13.2	$(\pm 1.2)$	9.4	$(\pm 2.0)$	14.4	$(\pm 2.5)$
Other	15.3	$(\pm 1.2)$	13.6	$(\pm 1.4)$	14.1	$(\pm 1.3)$	20.8	$(\pm 3.7)$	22.3	$(\pm 2.1)$

#### b. Percent of operations by most important category that limited profitability:

Category	Percent Operations	Standard Error
Capital (debt)	6.2	$(\pm 0.6)$
Labor	5.8	$(\pm 0.6)$
Land	12.1	$(\pm 1.0)$
Feed	13.9	$(\pm 0.9)$
Availability of sheep	1.6	$(\pm 0.3)$
Breed of sheep	0.7	$(\pm 0.2)$
Family succession	1.3	$(\pm 0.3)$
Government regulations	4.2	$(\pm 0.5)$
Access to markets	9.0	$(\pm 0.9)$
Price volatility	24.2	$(\pm 1.1)$
Operator interest and enthusiasm	6.2	$(\pm 0.7)$
Other	10.9	$(\pm 0.9)$
Multiple	<u>3.9</u>	$(\pm 0.5)$

Total 100.0

Percent of Operations by Top Five Most Important



i. Percent of operations by most important category that limited profitability by flock size:

#### **Percent Operations**

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referre operations										
Number Sheep										
	Less	Standard		Standard		Standard		Standard	1,000	Standard
Category	<u>than 50</u>	<u>Error</u>	<u>50-99</u>	Error	100-499	Error	<u>500-999</u>	Error	or More	Error
Capital (debt)	5.5	$(\pm 0.8)$	8.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	7.7	$(\pm 1.0)$	10.4	$(\pm 2.3)$	7.0	$(\pm 1.7)$
Labor	4.9	$(\pm 0.7)$	6.6	$(\pm 1.1)$	10.5	$(\pm 1.5)$	8.5	$(\pm 2.4)$	7.1	$(\pm 1.4)$
Land	13.0	$(\pm 1.3)$	13.1	$(\pm 1.9)$	7.6	$(\pm 1.0)$	6.4	$(\pm 1.7)$	3.1	$(\pm 1.1)$
Feed	14.3	$(\pm 1.2)$	14.7	$(\pm 1.8)$	12.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	10.4	$(\pm 3.7)$	5.8	$(\pm 1.3)$
Availability of sheep	1.5	$(\pm 0.4)$	2.2	$(\pm 0.8)$	1.3	$(\pm 0.4)$	1.3	$(\pm 0.6)$	0.8	$(\pm 0.3)$
Breed of sheep	0.7	$(\pm 0.3)$	1.1	$(\pm 0.7)$	0.5	$(\pm 0.2)$	0.5	$(\pm 0.5)$	0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$
Family succession	1.5	$(\pm 0.4)$	1.1	$(\pm 0.6)$	0.2	$(\pm 0.1)$	1.3	$(\pm 0.9)$	0.3	$(\pm 0.2)$
Government regulations	3.8	$(\pm 0.7)$	3.6	$(\pm 0.8)$	4.6	$(\pm 0.7)$	10.3	$(\pm 2.2)$	12.0	$(\pm 1.7)$
Access to markets	9.5	(± 1.1)	6.8	$(\pm 1.2)$	9.5	$(\pm 1.6)$	6.6	$(\pm 3.5)$	2.9	$(\pm 1.0)$
Price volatility	22.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	27.2	$(\pm 2.4)$	30.8	$(\pm 1.9)$	29.7	$(\pm 4.7)$	37.3	$(\pm 2.9)$
Operator interest										
and enthusiasm	7.8	$(\pm 1.0)$	2.8	$(\pm 0.9)$	1.6	$(\pm 0.5)$	0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$	0.0	$(\pm 0.0)$
Other	11.4	$(\pm 1.2)$	9.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	9.3	$(\pm 1.4)$	7.3	$(\pm 1.7)$	14.7	$(\pm 1.9)$
Multiple	_3.8	$(\pm 0.6)$	3.2	$(\pm 0.9)$	4.1	$(\pm 0.7)$	7.3	$(\pm 1.9)$	9.0	$(\pm 2.0)$
Total	100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0	

# Section II: Sample Profile for Reporting Operations

#### A. Flock Size

1. Number of reporting operations by number of ewes present on January 1, 1996:

Number Ewes	Number Operations
0	1,072
1-49	2,050
50-99	788
100-499	827
500 or more	405
Not reported	32
Total	5,174

2. Number of reporting operations by total sheep inventory present on January 1, 1996:

Number Sheep	Number Operation
0	1,003
1-49	1,773
50-99	788
100-499	1,062
500-999	222
1,000 or more	324
Not reported	2
Total	5,174

#### **B.** Type of Operation

1. Number of reporting operations by type:

Type	<b>Number Operations</b>
Herded range flock	121
Fenced range flock	645
Farm flock	3,200
Intensive confinement	111
Multiple	81
Not specified	<u>1,016</u>
Total	5,174

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