a platform/landing to the top of the next higher tread or platform/landing.
Side-step fixed ladder. See "Fixed ladder."

Single-cleat ladder means a ladder consisting of a pair of side rails, connected together by cleats, rungs, or steps.

Single-rail ladder means a portable ladder with rungs, cleats, or steps mounted on a single rail instead of the normal two rails used on most other ladders.

Spiral stairway means a series of steps attached to a vertical pole and progressing upward in a winding fashion within a cylindrical space.
Stairrail system means a vertical barrier erected along the unprotected sides and edges of a stariway to prevent employees from falling to lower levels. The top surface of a stairrail system may also be a "handrail."

Step stool (ladder type) means a selfsupporting, foldable, portable ladder, nonadjustable in length, 32 inches or less in overall size, with flat steps and without a pail shelf, designed to be climbed on the ladder top cap as well as all steps. The side rails may continue above the top cap.

Through fixed ladder. See "Fixed ladder."

Tread depth means the horizontal distance from front to back of a tread (excluding nosing, if any).

Unprotected sides and edges means any side or edge (except at entrances to points of access) of a stairway where there is no stairrail system or wall 36 inches (. 9 m ) or more in height, and any side or edge (except at entrances to points of access) of a stairway landing, or ladder platform where there is no wall or guardrail system 39 inches ( 1 m ) or more in height.
[55 FR 47687, Nov. 14, 1990; 56 FR 2585, Jan. 23, 1991, as amended at 58 FR 35184, June 30, 1993]

## § 1926.1051 General requirements.

(a) A stairway or ladder shall be provided at all personnel points of access where there is a break in elevation of 19 inches ( 48 cm ) or more, and no ramp, runway, sloped embankment, or personnel hoist is provided.
(1) Employees shall not use any spiral stairways that will not be a perma-
nent part of the structure on which construction work is being performed.
(2) A double-cleated ladder or two or more separate ladders shall be provided when ladders are the only mean of access or exit from a working area for 25 or more employees, or when a ladder is to serve simultaneous two-way traffic.
(3) When a building or structure has only one point of access between levels, that point of access shall be kept clear to permit free passage of employees. When work must be performed or equipment must be used such that free passage at that point of access is restricted, a second point of access shall be provided and used.
(4) When a building or structure has two or more points of access between levels, at least one point of access shall be kept clear to permit free passage of employees.
(b) Employers shall provide and install all stairway and ladder fall protection systems required by this subpart and shall comply with all other pertinent requirements of this subpart before employees begin the work that necessitates the installation and use of stairways, ladders, and their respective fall protection systems.

## § 1926.1052 Stairways.

(a) General. The following requirements apply to all stairways as indicated:
(1) Stairways that will not be a permanent part of the structure on which construction work is being performed shall have landings of not less than 30 inches ( 76 cm ) in the direction of travel and extend at least 22 inches ( 56 cm ) in width at every 12 feet ( 3.7 m ) or less of vertical rise.
(2) Stairs shall be installed between $30^{\circ}$ and $50^{\circ}$ from horizontal.
(3) Riser height and tread depth shall be uniform within each flight of stairs, including any foundation structure used as one or more treads of the stairs. Variations in riser height or tread depth shall not be over $1 / 4$-inch $(0.6 \mathrm{~cm})$ in any stairway system.
(4) Where doors or gates open directly on a stairway, a platform shall be provided, and the swing of the door shall not reduce the effective width of the platform to less than 20 inches ( 51 cm ).
(5) Metal pan landings and metal pan treads, when used, shall be secured in place before filling with concrete or other material.
(6) All parts of stairways shall be free of hazardous projections, such as protruding nails.
(7) Slippery conditions on stairways shall be eliminated before the stairways are used to reach other levels.
(b) Temporary service. The following requirements apply to all stairways as indicated:
(1) Except during stairway construction, foot traffic is prohibited on stairways with pan stairs where the treads and/or landings are to be filled in with concrete or other material at a later date, unless the stairs are temporarily fitted with wood or other solid material at least to the top edge of each pan. Such temporary treads and landings shall be replaced when worn below the level of the top edge of the pan.
(2) Except during stairway construction, foot traffic is prohibited on skeleton metal stairs where permanent treads and/or landings are to be installed at a later date, unless the stairs are fitted with secured temporary treads and landings long enough to cover the entire tread and/or landing area.
(3) Treads for temporary service shall be made of wood or other solid material, and shall be installed the full width and depth of the stair.
(c) Stairrails and handrails. The following requirements apply to all stairways as indicated:
(1) Stairways having four or more risers or rising more than 30 inches ( 76 cm ), whichever is less, shall be equipped with:
(i) At least one handrail; and
(ii) One stairrail system along each unprotected side or edge.
Note: When the top edge of a stairrail system also serves as a handrail, paragraph (c)(7) of this section applies.
(2) Winding and spiral stairways shall be equipped with a handrail offset sufficiently to prevent walking on those portions of the stairways where the tread width is less than 6 inches (15 $\mathrm{cm})$.
(3) The height of stairrails shall be as follows:
(i) Stairrails installed after March 15, 1991, shall be not less than 36 inches
$(91.5 \mathrm{~cm})$ from the upper surface of the stairrail system to the surface of the tread, in line with the face of the riser at the forward edge of the tread.
(ii) Stairrails installed before March 15, 1991, shall be not less than 30 inches $(76 \mathrm{~cm})$ nor more than 34 inches ( 86 cm ) from the upper surface of the stairrail system to the surface of the tread, in line with the face of the riser at the forward edge of the tread.
(4) Midrails, screens, mesh, intermediate vertical members, or equivalent intermediate structural members, shall be provided between the top rail of the stairrail system and the stairway steps.
(i) Midrails, when used, shall be located at a height midway between the top edge of the stairrail system and the stairway steps.
(ii) Screens or mesh, when used, shall extend from the top rail to the stairway step, and along the entire opening between top rail supports.
(iii) When intermediate vertical members, such as balusters, are used between posts, they shall be not more than 19 inches ( 48 cm ) apart.
(iv) Other structural members, when used, shall be installed such that there are no openings in the stairrail system that are more than 19 inches ( 48 cm ) wide.
(5) Handrails and the top rails of stairrail systems shall be capable of withstanding, without failure, a force of at least 200 pounds ( 890 n ) applied within 2 inches ( 5 cm ) of the top edge, in any downward or outward direction, at any point along the top edge.
(6) The height of handrails shall be not more than 37 inches ( 94 cm ) nor less than 30 inches ( 76 cm ) from the upper surface of the handrail to the surface of the tread, in line with the face of the riser at the forward edge of the tread.
(7) When the top edge of a stairrail system also serves as a handrail, the height of the top edge shall be not more than 37 inches ( 94 cm ) nor less than 36 inches ( 91.5 cm ) from the upper surface of the stairrail system to the surface of the tread, in line with the face of the riser at the forward edge of the tread.
(8) Stairrail systems and handrails shall be so surfaced as to prevent injury to employees from punctures or lacerations, and to prevent snagging of clothing.
(9) Handrails shall provide an adequate handhold for employees grasping them to avoid falling.
(10) The ends of stairrail systems and handrails shall be constructed so as not to constitute a projection hazard.
(11) Handrails that will not be a permanent part of the structure being built shall have a minimum clearance of 3 inches ( 8 cm ) between the handrail and walls, stairrail systems, and other objects.
(12) Unprotected sides and edges of stairway landings shall be provided with guardrail systems. Guardrail system criteria are contained in subpart M of this part.
[55 FR 47687, Nov. 14, 1990; 56 FR 2585, Jan. 23, 1991; 56 FR 5061, Feb. 7, 1991; 56 FR 41794, Aug. 23, 1991]

## § 1926.1053 Ladders.

(a) General. The following requirements apply to all ladders as indicated, including job-made ladders.
(1) Ladders shall be capable of supporting the following loads without failure:
(i) Each self-supporting portable ladder: At least four times the maximum intended load, except that each extra-heavy-duty type 1A metal or plastic ladder shall sustain at least 3.3 times the maximum intended load. The ability of a ladder to sustain the loads indicated in this paragraph shall be determined by applying or transmitting the requisite load to the ladder in a downward vertical direction. Ladders built and tested in conformance with the applicable provisions of appendix $A$ of this subpart will be deemed to meet this requirement.
(ii) Each portable ladder that is not self-supporting: At least four times the maximum intended load, except that each extra-heavy-duty type 1A metal or plastic ladders shall sustain at least 3.3 times the maximum intended load. The ability of a ladder to sustain the loads indicated in this paragraph shall be determined by applying or transmitting the requisite load to the ladder in a downward vertical direction when the
ladder is placed at an angle of $751 / 2$ degrees from the horizontal. Ladders built and tested in conformance with the applicable provisions of appendix $A$ will be deemed to meet this requirement.
(iii) Each fixed ladder: At least two loads of 250 pounds ( 114 kg ) each, concentrated between any two consecutive attachments (the number and position of additional concentrated loads of 250 pounds (114 kg) each, determined from anticipated usage of the ladder, shall also be included), plus anticipated loads caused by ice buildup, winds, rigging, and impact loads resulting from the use of ladder safety devices. Each step or rung shall be capable of supporting a single concentrated load of at least 250 pounds ( 114 kg ) applied in the middle of the step or rung. Ladders built in conformance with the applicable provisions of appendix $A$ will be deemed to meet this requirement.
(2) Ladder rungs, cleats, and steps shall be parallel, level, and uniformly spaced when the ladder is in position for use.
(3)(i) Rungs, cleats, and steps of portable ladders (except as provided below) and fixed ladders (including individualrung/step ladders) shall be spaced not less than 10 inches ( 25 cm ) apart, nor more than 14 inches ( 36 cm ) apart, as measured between center lines of the rungs, cleats, and steps.
(ii) Rungs, cleats, and steps of step stools shall be not less than 8 inches ( 20 cm ) apart, nor more than 12 inches ( 31 $\mathrm{cm})$ apart, as measured between center lines of the rungs, cleats, and steps.
(iii) Rungs, cleats, and steps of the base section of extension trestle ladders shall not be less than 8 inches ( 20 cm ) nor more than 18 inches ( 46 cm ) apart, as measured between center lines of the rungs, cleats, and steps. The rung spacing on the extension section of the extension trestle ladder shall be not less than 6 inches ( 15 cm ) nor more than 12 inches ( 31 cm ), as measured between center lines of the rungs, cleats, and steps.
(4)(i) The minimum clear distance between the sides of individual-rung/step ladders and the minimum clear distance between the side rails of other fixed ladders shall be 16 inches ( 41 cm ).

