

Regulatory Affairs And Standards Committee

DENTAL TRADE ALLIANCE ● 2300 Clarendon Boulevard ● Suite 1003 ● Arlington, Virginia 22201 703.379.7755 ● fax 703.931.9429 ● info@dentaltradealliance.org ● www.dentaltradealliance.org

FEBRUARY 2, 2006

Center for Devices and Radiological Health Food and Drug Administration 9200 Corporate Blvd., HFZ-480 Rockville, MD 20850UNITED STATES

RE: Comments concerning proposed the Global Harmonization Task Force guidance "Principles of Medical Devices Classification" **SG1 (PD)/N015**

Attn Deputy Director, Division of Anesthesiology, Gen. Hospital., Infection Control and Dental Devices.

Dear Dr. Michaud,

The Dental Trade Alliance has 200 members comprised of dental manufacturers and distributors located throughout the United States, Canada and many other parts of the world. The technologies provided by the dental industry treat the most prevalent forms of oral diseases worldwide. As a committed voice for the dental industry, we welcome this opportunity to comment on the Global Harmonization Task Force (GHTF) proposed document regarding risk classification SG1 (PD)/N015. The DTA closely watches GHTF activities and believes that risk classification proposals are among the most important, if not *the* most important of all proposals put forth by the GHTF. The DTA recognizes that in order to insure the safety and well-being of patients, all regulatory paths must begin with an accurate assessment of their risk. Though trade depends on effective harmonization, there are several aspects of SG1 (PD)/N015 that we feel will inhibit this proposal from being an acceptable tool for global harmonization.

1. The United States Cannot Adopt Risk Classification Rules into Law

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) currently maintains risk classifications of nearly 5,000 specific devices. The application of GHTF risk rules would raise and lower these risk classifications and as a result would violate the intentions of the Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act (FDAMA) of 1997. Other longstanding congressional mandates concerning the protection of public health would also be challenged if any risk class were raised. The attached chart shows evidence that the 275 classified dental products regulated currently by the FDA would require 97 of them to be elevated above there assigned risk class 1, while 35 more would have to be down-classified to be harmonized with this proposal. The extent of impact on the other thousands of medical devices regulated by the FDA is not known, but is a cause of concern.

2. Device Specific Risk Classification Is Not Addressed Nor Plausible

The U.S. Dental industry has worked closely with the FDA and healthcare professionals to develop regulatory controls that more closely model the actual risk of dental products. As a result, since 1993, 40 dental products have been down-classified to low risk class 1. 68 devices have been dropped from 510(k) requirements and twenty one of these were exempted from Good Manufacturing Practice requirements. In comparison, since 1993, the inception date of the European Council Directive 93/42/EEC, not one medical device in Europe has been down-classified or elevated to a higher risk class. The European "Medical Device Expert Group", which is a consultive body for the European Union, reported in 2002 that reclassification was a concern that was among one of their "most critical concerns".

Adjusting risk classifications lower allows healthcare providers access to competing and sometimes entirely unique technologies. Assigning higher risk classifications is sometimes necessary to reduce of public exposure to devices found to be riskier than first thought.

● Page 2 February 2, 2006

As the risk rules of the European Directive indicate the historical shortcomings of the rules-based approach, it also acts as a forewarning against the use the GHTF proposal to use these same risk rules.

- 3. Generic Risk Rules Cannot Provide For Device Specific Risk Classification
- GHTF and the aforementioned EU risk rules are known to be far too generic to be able to support changes in device specific risk classifications. As an example, the current European risk rule refers to a patient's ears, mouth, nose, eyes, anus, urethra, vagina, and even a surgically created stoma simply as "orifice". Attempting to make accommodations or restrictions for one device that operates in one orifice will therefore affect several device types used in other orifices. Consequently, changing the risk classification of a single device under the rules-based system is considerably more difficult, and has not occurred in Europe since the Medical Device Directive went into force.
- 4. Applying Risk Classifications to the Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN) The Dental Trade Alliance continues to promote the concept of including risk classifications in the Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN) ISO /TS 20225. The adoption of the FDA's Dental Product Codes into the existing ISO/TS 20225 without any major disruption shows how the DTA's proposed system has a viable and functional precedent. Where certain devices are currently unclassified by the FDA, and/or little post-market history exists, risk-rules could be used as guidance for assigning an initial risk classification. More importantly however, risk evaluation of post-market adverse event trends need to be able to affect more relevant risk classification assignments. This combination approach would include using risk rules, only where no such historical trends exists.
- 5. Evidence Shows That Risk Rules Are Too Confusing For Industry and Regulators
 The DTA's Regulatory Affairs and Standards Committee often fields questions from dental industry members who are trying to interpret and apply the risk-rules in Annex IX of 93/42/EEC. It is a direct result of the confusion created by these rules that the European Commission created a two-part Medical Device Guidance Document (MEDDEV 2.4/1 GUIDELINE FOR THE CLASSIFICATION OF MEDICAL DEVICES) to rectify the situation. This guidance document, 43 pages long, and broken into two parts, was needed to allay the confusion created by the original nine-pages in Annex IX of 93/42/EEC. The GHTF proposal is little more than an adoption of the MEDDEV document 2.4/1.

A sample from the GHTF **SG1** (**PD)/N015** and **MEDDEV 2.4/1** are shown below and on the next page for comparison purposes.

SG1 (PD)/N015 Principles of Medical Devices Classification

| RULE | ILLUSTRATIVE EXAMPLES OF DEVICES THAT MAY CONFORM WITH A RULE |
|--|--|
| > NON-INV | ASIVE DEVICES |
| 1. All non-invasive devices are in Class A, unless Rule 2, 3 or 4 applies. | These devices either do not touch the patient or contact intact skin only. Examples: urine collection bottles; compression hosiery; non-invasive electrodes, hospital beds. NOTE: Non-invasive devices that are indirectly in contact with the body & can influence internal physiological processes by storing, channeling or treating blood, other body liquids or liquids which are returned or infused into the body or by generating energy that is delivered to the body are outside the scope of this rule. |

● Page 3 February 2, 2006

GUIDELINES FOR THE CLASSIFICATION OF MEDICAL DEVICES MEDDEV 2.4/1

| RULE | Example |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| All non-invasive devices are in | - Body liquid collection devices intended to be used in such a way |
| Class I, unless one of the rules set | that a return flow is unlikely (e.g. to collect body wastes such as |
| out hereinafter applies. | urine collection bottles, ostomy pouches, incontinence pads or |
| | collectors used with wound drainage devices). They may be |
| | connected to the patient by means of catheters and tubing. |
| | - Devices used to immobilize body parts and/or to apply force or |
| | compression on them (e.g. non-sterile dressings used to aid the |
| | healing of a sprain, plaster of Paris, cervical collars, gravity |
| | traction devices, compression hosiery). |
| | - Devices intended in general for external patient support (e.g. |
| | hospital beds, patient hoists, walking aids, wheelchairs, stretchers, |
| | dental patient chairs). |
| | - Corrective glasses, frames, stethoscopes for diagnosis, eye |
| | occlusion plasters, incision drapes, conductive gels, non-invasive |
| | electrodes (electrodes for EEG or ECG), image |
| | intensifying screens. |
| | - Permanent magnets for removal of ocular debris |
| | |

Both documents make an attempt to explain how risk rules apply to specific devices by giving examples of some of the device types. This, of course, is quite helpful, however, unless your business is making or selling urine collection bottles, or one of the other few device types mentioned, the guidance falls well short of the nearly 5,000 specific medical device types currently regulated by the FDA and listed in the Global Medical Device Nomenclature.

6. Small Business and Dental Industry Concerns

It is very important to note that smaller manufactures, which are well understood to make up 70% to 80% of the medical device manufacturers worldwide, need more help from regulators than larger companies. The FDA originally created the Division of Small Manufacturers Assistance (DSMA) for this very reason. Although the DSMA now offers international and consumer assistance as well, (DSMICA) staff feel they best serve companies with 50 or fewer employees. There is no medical device industry sector that more aptly fits the description of what the FDA considers needful of assistance than the dental device industry. Nonetheless, nearly all oral healthcare systems worldwide are dependent on dental device manufacturers and the distributors who sell their products. The Dental Manufacturers of America (DMA), in their most recent report, indicate that nearly half of dental manufacturers have fewer than 50 employees and have gross sales near 10 million dollars annually. This is 1/10th the size needed to qualify as a small business under the Medical Device User Fee Modernization Act (MDFUMA). Smaller companies have fewer resources to insure compliance and any change in risk classification that elevates compliance requirements would result in reduced access to technologies needed by dental professionals. There is no better example of how badly this can affect an oral healthcare system than the current situation in Canada.

A Very Real Adverse Impact on Oral Healthcare Systems

Canadian dentists are now finding that many devices that are classified as low risk in the United States are considered class II and therefore illegal in Canada unless they have a special class II or III medical device licence. Health Canada's new guidance on risk classification (enforced since 2001) has made the regulatory burden too costly for many small dental companies. For most small manufacturers, the cost of Canadian compliance outweighs the benefits of selling into Canada. As such, the standard of healthcare in Canada continues to struggle against Health

Page 4 February 2, 2006

Canada's new Medical Device Regulations. Whole categories of medical device types are absent from Health Canada's MDALL database www.mdall.ca, which lists all legally available medical devices that are higher than risk class I. In response to this crisis Health Canada has recently implement a new "Special Access" program to allow healthcare professionals to file a petition with Health Canada to explain why they should be allowed to purchase what the doctor feels is a medically necessary device that is unlicensed.

With the new global approach to medical device regulations focusing increasing attention on precise control of risk through good monitoring and analysis of post-market activities; it makes good sense to incorporate these same principles into an effective risk classification system.

Looking for a simple solution to the complex problem of assessing the risk of medical devices only creates new problems, and in this case, clearly threatens healthcare systems that are looking to the GHTF for solutions. The Dental Trade Alliance supports principles of risk classification that include provisions for assigning risk classes to specific devices and then allow for adjusting these risk classes after a preponderance of evidence is collected through clearly controlled monitoring measuring and analysis activities.

The Dental Trade Alliance welcomes the efforts to harmonize medical device regulations worldwide. Much of the work done by the GHTF has been extremely helpful and we continue to promote many of the recommendations of the GHTF to our members.

If I can be of any further assistance, I am pleased to offer any service I can.

Sincerely Yours

Grant Ramaley Chairman

Regulatory Affairs and Standards Committee

Dental Trade Alliance

ATTACHMENT: Dental Product Code Risk Classification Chart

The attached is a useful tool for determining how risk classifications vary between the FDA and the GHTF/EU application of risk rules. The DTA examined all 294 dental products classified by the FDA, including 18 unclassified dental products. Four of the unclassified devices have recently been an assigned a proposed medium "risk class 2" by the FDA's Dental Products Panel.

Based on GHTF Proposed Risk Rules From SG1 (PD)/N015 and European Council Directive 93/42/EEC Annex IX.

Green and Red highlights indicate a change to either higher or lower risk classification than those currently established by the FDA Product Codes and supporting regulations under 21 CFR Part 872.

Chart Legend Color Codes
Increase in risk class from FDA risk class
Decrease in risk class from FDA risk class

| Dental Device Risk Classification Chart | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--------|-----------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------|--|
| DA | FDA Regulation # | FDA Product | Risk C | lass Comp | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule | | | |
| | (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # | |
| Measurer, gingi | val fluid | 872.1500 | JEO | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | |
| Tester, pulp | | 872.1720 | EAT | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Gel, electrode, f | or pulp tester | 872.1730 | EAS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | |
| Device, caries d | | 872.1740 | LFC | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | |
| Laser,fluoresce | nce caries detection | 872.1745 | NBL | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 | |
| | laser light, transmission | 872.1745 | NTK | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 | |
| Unit, x-ray, extra | | 872.1800 | EHD | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| System,x-ray,ex | traoral source,digital | 872.1800 | MUH | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| Unit, x-ray, intra | oral | 872.1810 | EAP | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| Aligner, beam, x | -ray | 872.1820 | EHA | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 10 | |
| Cephalometer | | 872.1830 | EAG | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| Collimator, x-ray | / | 872.1840 | EHB | 1 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| Cone, radiograp | hic, lead-lined | 872.1850 | EAH | 1 | С | 2b | Rule 10 | |
| Device, detectio | n, sulfide | 872.1870 | MVH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Holder, film, x-ra | ау | 872.1905 | EGZ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 16 - MDD only | |
| Device, dental s mj/mpd disorde | onography, for diagnosis of ers | 872.2050 | NFP | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Device, dental s sounds | onography, for monitoring jaw | 872.2050 | NFQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Device, jaw trac disorders | king, for diagnosis of tmj/mpd | 872.2060 | NFR | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Device, jaw trac | king, for monitoring jaw positions | 872.2060 | NFS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 10 | |
| Alloy, amalgam | | 872.3050 | EJJ | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Applicator, rapid | d wax, dental | 872.3060 | EIT | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Alloy, other nob | le metal | 872.3060 | EJS | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Alloy, gold-base | ed noble metal | 872.3060 | EJT | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Dispenser, merc | cury and/or alloy | 872.3080 | EHE | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 | |
| Amalgamator, d | ental, ac-powered | 872.3100 | EFD | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | |
| Capsule, dental, | , amalgam | 872.3110 | DZS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Anchor, preform | ned | 872.3130 | EJX | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Applicator, resir | 1 | 872.3140 | KXR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | |
| Articulators | | 872.3150 | EJP | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | |
| nk, arch tracing | | 872.3150 | KZO | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | |
| Attachment, pre | cision, all | 872.3165 | EGG | 1 | Α | 2a | Rule 5 | |
| Bar, preformed | | 872.3165 | EHO | 1 | Α | 2a | Rule 5 | |
| Agent, tooth bo | nding, resin | 872.3200 | KLE | 2 | В | 2A | Rule 8 | |
| Facebow | | 872.3220 | KCR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | |
| Bur, dental | | 872.3240 | EJL | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 | |
| • | pated, reprocessed | 872.3240 | NME | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 | |
| | lcium hydroxide | 872.3250 | EJK | 2 | D | 3 | Rule 13 | |
| /arnish, cavity | | 872.3260 | LBH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Cement, dental | | 872.3275 | EMA | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| | v/ zinc oxide eugenol | 872.3275 | EMB | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 7 | |
| Dental cement vulcer covering for | v/out zinc-oxide eugenol as an or pain relief | 872.3275 | MZW | 2 | Α | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Cement, ear, no | | 872.3275 | NEA | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | |
| Clasp, preforme | | 872.3285 | EHP | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | |
| Clasp, preforme Clasp, wire | - | 872.3285 | EJW | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | |

| Dental Device Ri | Dental Device Risk Classification Chart | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------|-----|-----------|---------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Device Category Name | FDA Regulation # | FDA | | lass Comp | arisons | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule | | | |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # | | | |
| Coating, denture hydrophilic, resin | 872.3300 | EBE | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Coating, filling material, resin | 872.3310 | EBD | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | | |
| Crown, preformed | 872.3330 | ELZ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Cusp, gold and stainless steel | 872.3350 | ELO | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Cusp, preformed | 872.3360 | EHQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, acacia and karaya with sodium borate | 872.3400 | ком | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, karaya with sodium borate | 872.3400 | KOR | 3 | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, acacia and karaya with sodium borate > 12% by weight | 872.3400 | мми | 3 | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, carboxymethylcellulose sodium (32%) and ethylene-oxide homopolymer | 872.3410 | KOL | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, carboxymethylcellulose sodium (40-100&) | 872.3410 | код | 1 | А | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, carboxymethylcellulose sodium (49%) and ethylene-oxide homopolymer | 872.3410 | кхw | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, carboxymethylcellulose sodium and cationic polyacrylamide polymer | 872.3420 | KOS | 3 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, karaya | 872.3450 | КОР | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, karaya and ethylene-oxide homopolymer | 872.3450 | кхх | 1 | А | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, polyacrylamide polymer (modified cationic) | 872.3480 | KON | 3 | А | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Adhesive, denture, polyvinyl methylether maleic acid calcium-sodium double salt | 872.3490 | коо | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Carboxymethylcellulose sodium or polyvinyl methylether maleic acid calcium-sodium | 872.3490 | кот | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Polyvinyl methylether maleic anhydride &/or acid copolymer & carboxymethylce | 872.3500 | кхү | 3 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Cleanser, denture, over the counter | 872.3520 | EFT | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | | |
| Cleanser, denture, prescription | 872.3520 | NUX | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | | |
| Cleaner, denture, mechanical | 872.3530 | JER | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | | |
| Cad, denture, over the counter | 872.3540 | EHR | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Cushion, denture, over the counter | 872.3540 | EHS | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Cushion, pad, denture, wax impregnated cotton, over the Counter | 872.3540 | NKJ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Reliner, denture, over the counter | 872.3560 | EBP | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Kit, denture repair, over the counter | 872.3570 | EBO | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Feeth, preformed gold denture | 872.3580 | ELN | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Denture, plastic, teeth Denture preformed (partially prefabricated | 872.3590 872.3600 | ELM EKO | 2 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| denture) | 07 2.3000 | LNO | | | ı | Nule 3 | | | |
| Abutment, implant, dental, endosseous | 872.3630 | NHA | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | | |
| mplant, endosseous, root-form | 872.3640 | DZE | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | | |
| Blade-form endosseous dental implant | 872.3640 | NRQ | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | | |
| Implant, subperiosteal | 872.3645 | ELE | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | | |
| Material, impression | 872.3660 | ELW | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |

| Dental Device Risk Classification Chart | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|------|-----|-----------|---------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Device Category Name | FDA Regulation # | FDA | | lass Comp | arisons | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule | | |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # | | |
| Scanner, color | 872.3661 | KZN | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | |
| System, optical impression, computer assisted | | | | | | | | |
| design and manufacturing (cad/cam) of dental | 872.3661 | NOF | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule | | |
| restorations | | | | | | | | |
| Material, impression tray, resin | 872.3670 | EBH | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Materials, polytetrafluoroethylene vitreous carbon, for maxillofacial alveolar ridge augmentation | 872.3680 | NFE | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Material, tooth shade, resin | 872.3690 | EBF | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| mercury | 872.3700 | ELY | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Alloy, metal, base | 872.3710 | EJH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Pantograph | 872.3730 | KCS | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Pin, retentive and splinting, and access | 872.3740 | EBL | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Adhesive, bracket and tooth conditioner, | 872.3750 | DYH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Solution, cement disolving | 872.3750 | KZP | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Resin, denture, relining, repairing, reb | 872.3760 | EBI | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Sealant, pit and fissure, and conditione | 872.3765 | EBC | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Crown and bridge, temporary, resin | 872.3770 | EBG | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Post, root canal | 872.3810 | ELR | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Resin, root canal filling | 872.3820 | KIF | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Resin, root canal filling containing chloroform | 872.3820 | MMT | 3 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Point, paper, endodontic | 872.3830 | EKN | 1 | Α | 2a | Rule 6 | | |
| Point, silver, endodontic | 872.3840 | EKL | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Gutta-percha | 872.3850 | EKM | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | |
| Splint, endodontic stabilizing | 872.3890 | ELS | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Teeth, artificial, posterior with metal | 872.3900 | ELJ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Teeth, artificial, backing and facing | 872.3910 | ELK | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Teeth, porcelain | 872.3920 | ELL | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Bone grafting material, for dental bone | 872.3930 | LPK | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Bone grafting material, synthetic | 872.3930 | LYC | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Bone grafting material, animal source | 872.3930 | NPM | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Bone grafting material, dental, with bio | 872.3930 | NPZ | 3 | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | |
| Biologic material, dental | 872.3930 | NQA | 3 | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | |
| Bone grafting material, human source | 872.3930 | NUN | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Joint, temporomandibular, implant | 872.3940 | LZD | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Glenoid fossa prosthesis | 872.3950 | MPI | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Manidbular condyle prosthesis | 872.3960 | MPL | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Prosthesis, condyle, mandibular, temporary | 872.3960 | NEI | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Interarticular disc prosthesis (interpositional implant) | 872.3970 | MPJ | 3 | С | 2b | Rule 8 | | |
| Accessories, implant, dental, endosseous | 872.3980 | NDP | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Saw, bone, ac-powered | 872.4120 | DZH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Drill, bone, powered | 872.4120 | DZI | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Driver, wire, and bone drill, manual | 872.4120 | DZJ | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Handpiece, rotary bone cutting | 872.4120 | KMW | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| System,dental,hydrokinetic,carries remov | 872.4120 | MXF | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Drill, dental, intraoral | 872.4130 | DZA | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Controller, foot, handpiece and cord | 872.4200 | EBW | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Handpiece, belt and/or gear driven, dental | 872.4200 | EFA | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |

| | FDA | FDA | | | | GHTF & MDD |
|---|--------------|------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Device Category Name | Regulation # | | Risk C | lass Comp | Risk Rule | |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # |
| Handpiece, air-powered, dental | 872.4200 | EFB | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| Handpiece, contra- and right-angle attachment, | 872.4200 | EGS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| dental | 672.4200 | E03 | ' | В | Za | Rule 9 |
| Handpiece, direct drive, ac-powered | 872.4200 | EKX | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| Handpiece, water-powered | 872.4200 | EKY | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| njector, jet, gas-powered | 872.4465 | EGQ | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| njector, jet, mechanical-powered | 872.4475 | EGM | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Instrument, diamond, dental | 872.4535 | DZP | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Instrument, diamond, dental, reprocessed | 872.4535 | NLD | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Instruments, dental hand | 872.4565 | DZN | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Mirror, mouth | 872.4565 | EAX | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Jnit, syringe, air and/or water | 872.4565 | ECB | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 |
| nstrument, ligature tucking, orthodontic | 872.4565 | ECP | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Aligner, bracket, orthodontic | 872.4565 | ECQ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Setter, band, orthodontic | 872.4565 | ECR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Pusher, band, orthodontic | 872.4565 | ECS | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Driver, band, orthodontic | 872.4565 | ECT | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Forceps, articulation paper | 872.4565 | EFK | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Forceps, dressing, dental | 872.4565 | EFL | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Parallelometer | 872.4565 | EGI | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Scissors, surgical tissue, dental | 872.4565 | EGN | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Syringe, irrigating (dental) | 872.4565 | EIB | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 |
| Syringe, periodontic, endodontic, irrigating | 872.4565 | EIC | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 |
| Syringe, restorative and impression mate | 872.4565 | EID | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 |
| Accessories, retractor, dental | 872.4565 | EIF | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Retractor, all types | 872.4565 | EIG | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Carver, wax, dental | 872.4565 | EIK | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Gauge, depth, instrument, dental | 872.4565 | EIL | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Scissors, collar and crown | 872.4565 | EIR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 |
| Remover, crown | 872.4565 | EIS | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Probe, periodontic | 872.4565 | EIX | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| nstrument, filling, plastic, dental | 872.4565 | EIY | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Handle, instrument, dental | 872.4565 | EJB | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 |
| Pliers, operative | 872.4565 | EJY | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Knife, margin finishing, operative | 872.4565 | EJZ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| File, margin finishing, operative | 872.4565 | EKA | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Explorer, operative | 872.4565 | EKB | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Excavator, dental, operative | 872.4565 | EKC | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| nstrument, cutting, operative | 872.4565 | EKD | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Curette, operative | 872.4565 | EKE | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| nstrument, contouring, matrix, operative | 872.4565 | EKF | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Condenser, amalgam and foil, operative | 872.4565 | EKG | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Carver, dental amalgam, operative | 872.4565 | EKH | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Carrier, amalgam, operative | 872.4565 | EKI | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Burnisher, operative | 872.4565 | EKJ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Spreader, pulp canal filling material, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKK | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Reamer, pulp canal, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKP | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Reparer, root canal endodontic | 872.4565 | EKQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |

| Dontal Davisa | Biok Class | ificati | on Ch | ort | | |
|---|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------|----------|-------------------------|
| Dental Device Device Category Name | FDA Regulation # | FDA | | lass Comp | parisons | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # |
| Plugger, root canal, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKR | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| File, pulp canal, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Curette, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKT | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Broach, endodontic | 872.4565 | EKW | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Instrument, hand, calculus removal | 872.4565 | ELA | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Hemostat, surgical | 872.4565 | EMD | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Punch, biopsy, surgical | 872.4565 | EME | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Forceps, tooth extractor, surgical | 872.4565 | EMG | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Forceps, rongeur, surgical | 872.4565 | EMH | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| File, bone, surgical | 872.4565 | EMI | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Elevator, surgical, dental | 872.4565 | EMJ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Curette, surgical, dental | 872.4565 | EMK | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Chisel, bone, surgical | 872.4565 | EML | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Chisel, osteotome, surgical | 872.4565 | ЕММ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Scaler, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMN | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Knife, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMO | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Marker, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMP | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Hoe, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| File, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMR | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Curette, periodontic | 872.4565 | EMS | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Retainer, matrix | 872.4565 | JEP | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Plier, orthodontic | 872.4565 | JEX | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Lock, wire, and ligature, intraoral | 872.4600 | DYX | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 |
| Light, fiber optic, dental | 872.4620 | EAY | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 |
| Light, operating, dental | 872.4630 | EAZ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 |
| Light, surgical headlight | 872.4630 | EBA | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 |
| Needle, dental | 872.4730 | DZM | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Needle, dental, reprocessed | 872.4730 | NMW | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 6 |
| Plate, bone | 872.4760 | JEY | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 |
| Implant, transmandibular | 872.4760 | MDL | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 |
| External mandibular fixator and/or distractor | 872.4760 | MQN | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 |
| Scaler, rotary | 872.4840 | ELB | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| Scaler, ultrasonic | 872.4850 | ELC | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 |
| Wire, fixation, intraosseous | 872.4880 | DZK | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 |
| Screw, fixation, intraosseous | 872.4880 | DZL | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 8 |
| Unit, electrosurgical, and accessories, | 872.4920 | EKZ | 2 | С | 2b | Rule 9 |
| Retainer, screw expansion, orthodontic | 872.5410 | DYJ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Band, material, orthodontic | 872.5410 | DYO | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Wire, orthodontic | 872.5410 | DZC | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Tube, orthodontic | 872.5410 | DZD | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Band, elastic, orthodontic | 872.5410 | ECI | 1 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| Band, preformed, orthodontic | 872.5410 | ECM | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Clamp, wire, orthodontic | 872.5410 | ECN | 1 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| Spring, orthodontic | 872.5410 | ECO | 1 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| Bracket, metal, orthodontic | 872.5410 | EJF | 1 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| Bracket, metal, orthodontic, reprocessed | 872.5410 | NQS | 1 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| Bracket, plastic, orthodontic | 872.5470 | DYW | 2 | В | 2a 2a | Rule 5 |
| | 872.5470 872.5470 | | 2 | В | | |
| Bracket, ceramic, orthodontic | | NJM | | | 2a | Rule 5 |
| Bracket, plastic, orthodontic, reprocess | 872.5470 | NLC | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 |

| Dental Device Risk Classification Chart | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------|--------|-----------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Device Category Name | FDA Regulation # | FDA Product | Risk C | lass Comp | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule | | | |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # | | |
| Headgear, extraoral, orthodontic | 872.5500 | DZB | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | |
| Maintainer, space preformed, orthodontic | 872.5525 | DYT | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Positioner, tooth, preformed | 872.5525 | KMY | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Ring, teething, fluid-filled | 872.5550 | кко | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Ring, teething, non-fluid filled | 872.5550 | MEF | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Device, jaw repositioning | 872.5570 | LQZ | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Device, anti-snoring | 872.5570 | LRK | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Pillow,cervical(for mild sleep apnea) | 872.5570 | MYB | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | |
| Rinse, oral, antibacterial (by physical means) | 872.5580 | NTO | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| guard, disk | 872.6010 | EEJ | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Disk, abrasive | 872.6010 | EHJ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Point, abrasive | 872.6010 | EHL | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Strip, polishing agent | 872.6010 | ЕНМ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Wheel, polishing agent | 872.6010 | EJQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Agent, polishing, abrasive, oral cavity | 872.6030 | EJR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Cotton, roll | 872.6050 | EFN | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Absorber, saliva, paper | 872.6050 | KHR | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Activator, ultraviolet, for polymerization | 872.6070 | EBZ | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 12 | | |
| Airbrush | 872.6080 | KOJ | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Warmer, anesthetic tube | 872.6100 | EFC | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | |
| Paper, articulation | 872.6140 | EFH | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Plate, base, shellac | 872.6200 | EEA | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Chair, dental, with operative unit | 872.6250 | KLC | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Chair, dental, with operative unit | 872.6250 | NRU | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 12 | | |
| Cup, prophylaxis | 872.6290 | EHK | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Clamp, rubber dam | 872.6300 | EEF | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Dam, rubber | 872.6300 | EIE | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Frame, rubber dam | 872.6300 | EJE | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 1 | | |
| Forceps, rubber dam clamp | 872.6300 | EJG | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Detector, ultraviolet | 872.6350 | EAQ | 2 | A | 1 | Rule 12 | | |
| Floss, dental | 872.6390 | JES | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 12 | | |
| Heat source for bleaching teeth | 872.6475 | EEG | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Jnit, oral irrigation | 872.6510 | EFS | 1 | В | | Rule 11 | | |
| Fube impression and matrix | | | 1 | A | 2a 1 | | | |
| Mouthpiece, saliva ejector | 872.6570 | KCQ | | | | Rule 5 | | |
| Jnit, suction operatory | 872.6640 | DYN | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 | | |
| • • • | 872.6640 | EBR | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 | | |
| Evacuator, oral cavity | 872.6640 | EHZ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 11 | | |
| Jnit, operative dental | 872.6640 | EIA | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Jnit, operative dental, accessories | 872.6640 | NRD | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | |
| Pick, massaging | 872.6650 | JET | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Fip, rubber, oral hygiene | 872.6650 | JEW | 1 | A | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Powder, porcelain | 872.6660 | EIH | 2 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Protector, silicate | 872.6670 | EFX | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 5 | | |
| Sterilizer, boiling water | 872.6710 | ECG | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 15 | | |
| Sterilizer, glass bead | 872.6730 | ECC | 3 | В | 2a | Rule 15 | | |
| Sterilizer, endodontic dry heat | 872.6730 | кок | 3 | В | 2a | Rule 15 | | |
| Syringe, cartridge | 872.6770 | EJI | 2 | Α | 1 | Rule 2 | | |
| Foothbrush, manual | 872.6855 | EFW | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |
| Scraper, tongue | 872.6855 | LCN | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | |

| Dental Device Risk Classification Chart | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------|--------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Device Category Name | FDA Regulation # | | Risk C | lass Comp | GHTF & MDD Risk Rule | | | | |
| (FDA Product Code Name) | | Code | FDA | GHTF | MDD | Rule # | | | |
| Eraser, dental stain | 872.6855 | MAU | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Unit, ultraviolet sanitation/sterilization (for toothbrushes), sterile | 872.6855 | MCF | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 15 | | | |
| Unit, ultraviolet sanitation/sterilization (for toothbrushes), non-sterile | 872.6855 | NOB | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 15 | | | |
| Toothbrush, powered | 872.6865 | JEQ | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | | |
| Toothbrush, ionic, battery-powered | 872.6865 | MMD | 1 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | | |
| Tray, fluoride, disposable | 872.6870 | KMT | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Tray, impression, preformed | 872.6880 | EHY | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Wax, dental, intraoral | 872.6890 | EGD | 1 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| FDA UNCLA | SSIFIED DEVICE as | of January 200 | 06 | | | | | | |
| Device, electrical dental anesthesia | Pending | LWM | *2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | | |
| Device, finger-sucking | Pending | LQX | Un | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Locator, root apex | Pending | LQY | *2 | В | 2a | Rule 9 | | | |
| Barrier, synthetic, dental | Pending | NPK | Un | D | 3 | Rule 8 | | | |
| Barrier, animal source, dental | Pending | NPL | Un | D | 3 | Rule 8 | | | |
| Restoration, noble metal | Pending | NSJ | Un | В | 2a | Rule 8 | | | |
| Dentures, partial | Pending | NSK | Un | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Dentures, full | Pending | NSL | Un | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Restoration, resin | Pending | NSM | Un | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Restoration, resin, crown and bridge | Pending | NSN | Un | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Restoration, porcelain-fused-to-metal | Pending | NSO | Un | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Restoration, porcelain | Pending | NSP | Un | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Restoration, base metal | Pending | NSQ | Un | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Prosthesis, orthodontic | Pending | NSR | Un | В | 2a | Rule 7 | | | |
| Mouthguard | Pending | MQC | *2 | Α | 1 | Rule 5 | | | |
| Material, investment | Pending | EGC | Un | Α | 1 | Rule 1 | | | |
| Cleanser, root canal | Pending | KJJ | Un | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | | |
| Cord, retraction | Pending | MVL | *2 | A or D | 1 or 3 | Rule 5 or Rule 13 | | | |
| Saliva, artificial | Pending | LFD | Un | D | 3 | Rule 13 | | | |

LEGEND
GHTF and EU Risk Classes Are Lower than FDA
GHTF and EU Risk Classes Are Higher than FDA
Dental Panel Meeting Proposed Risk Class