### §216.181

marginata), bowhead whale (Balaena mysticetus), and gray whales (Eschrichtius robustus).

(2) Odontocete whales-Risso's dolphin (Grampus griseus), rough-toothed dolphin (Steno bredanensis), Fraser's dolphin (Lagenodelphis hosei), rightdolphin (Lissodelphis spp.), whale bottlenose dolphin (Tursiops truncatus), common dolphin (Delphinus delphis). Dall's porpoise (Phocoenoides dalli), harbor porpoise (Phocoena phocoena), beluga whale (Delphinapterus leucas), Stenella spp. Lagenorhynchus spp., Cephalorhynchus spp. melon-headed whale (Peponocephala spp.), beaked whales (Berardius spp., Hyperoodon spp., Mesoplodon spp.), Cuvier's beaked whale (Ziphius cavirostris), Shepard's beaked whale (Tasmacetus shepherdi). Longman's beaked whale (Indopacetus pacificus), killer whale (Orcinus orca), (Pseudorca killer whale false crassidens), pygmy killer whale (Feresa attenuata), sperm whale (Physeter macrocephalus), dwarf and pygmy sperm whales (Kogia simus and K. breviceps). and short-finned and long-finned pilot whales (Globicephala macrorhynchus and G. melas).

(3) Pinnipeds—harbor seals (Phoca vitulina), spotted seals (P. largha), ribbon seals (P. fasciata), gray seals (Halichoerus grypus), hooded (Cystophora cristata), elephant seals (Mirounga angustirostris and M. leonina). Hawaiian monk seals (Monachus schauinslandi), Mediterranean monk seals (Monachus monachus), northern fur seals (Callorhinus ursinus): southern fur seals (Arctocephalus spp.), Steller sea lions (Eumetopias jubatus), California. sea lions (Zalophus californianus), Australian sea lions (Neophoca cinerea), New Zealand sea lions (Phocarctos hookeri), and South American sea lions (Otaria flavescens).

### § 216.181 Effective dates.

Regulations in this subpart are effective from August 15, 2002 through August 15, 2007.

# § 216.182 Permissible methods of taking.

(a) Under Letters of Authorization issued pursuant to §§ 216.106 and 216.188, the Holder of the Letter of Authorization may incidentally, but not inten-

tionally, take marine mammals by Level A and Level B harassment within the areas described in §216.180(a), provided the activity is in compliance with all terms, conditions, and requirements of these regulations and the appropriate Letter of Authorization.

(b) The activities identified in §216.180 must be conducted in a manner that minimizes, to the greatest extent practicable, any adverse impacts on marine mammals, their habitat, and the availability of marine mammals for subsistence uses.

#### §216.183 Prohibitions.

Notwithstanding takings authorized by §216.180 and by a Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 216.188, no person in connection with the activities described in §216.180 shall:

- (a) Take any marine mammal not specified in §216.180(b);
- (b) Take any marine mammal specified in §216.180(b) other than by incidental, unintentional Level A and Level B harassment;
- (c) Take any marine mammal by receiving a sound pressure level greater than 180 dB while operating under a Letter of Authorization in any geographic area for which a Letter of Authorization has not been issued;
- (d) Take a marine mammal specified in §216.180(b) if such taking results in more than a negligible impact on the species or stocks of such marine mammal; or
- (e) Violate, or fail to comply with, the terms, conditions, and requirements of the regulations in this subpart or any Letter of Authorization issued under §§ 216.106 and 216.188.

## §216.184 Mitigation.

The activity identified in §216.180(a) must be conducted in a manner that minimizes, to the greatest extent practicable, adverse impacts on marine mammals and their habitats. When conducting operations identified in §216.180, the mitigation measures described in this section and in any Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 216.188 must be implemented.

(a) Through monitoring described under § 216.185, the Holder of a Letter of