9.7 WESTERN FEDERAL LANDS PROCEDURE

Section 9.6 STANDARD FORMAT - Subsection A. Plans. Replace the text with the following:

Purpose. Project plans as described under Section 9.4.I should be prepared using the guidance provided in this section. Following these guides will produce plan sheets that are accurate, neat, presentable, and that will reproduce legibly.

The following sections detail the format, drafting standards, and organization of the plan sheets into a PS&E assembly.

1. Format. Prepare all plan sheets using a CADD system. MicroStation from Bentley is the current FHWA standard CADD package. There may be some exceptions, e.g., conceptual drawing, architectural renditions, emergency projects, etc., to accommodate special needs of internal sections or cooperating agencies, but these should be few in number. When manual drafting becomes necessary, it should be accomplished in a manner that duplicates the appearance of CADD drafting to the extent possible.

Figure H shows a listing of sample plan sheets prepared using the guidance in this section. Hand-shaped symbols show the recommended fonts (FT), text sizes (TX), line spacing (LS), justification (JT), level (LV), line style (LC), weights (WT), and color (CO) to be used in the preparation of the plans.

Place a margin block containing the designer's name, checker's name, filename, and date on each project specific plan sheet.

2. Drafting Standards. The use of drafting standards establishes uniformity and quality in the drafting of contract plans.

When a CADD system is used to develop plans, the dexterity of a manual drafter is no longer critical; letter spacing is correct and lines are uniform throughout their lengths. However, a CADD system operator must have the same knowledge of drawing layout and detailing as a manual drafter to produce a good drawing. The CADD operator must use care in laying out details when placing text on a plan sheet. The relationship between the text and what it applies to must be clear.

Notes on plan drawings should clarify the drawing and provide necessary information for a complete understanding of the work. Notes shall be clear, concise, descriptive, and as brief as possible to convey the message. Do not include on the plan sheets any instructions covered in the specifications or information that would be more appropriate in the specifications.

Proper spacing between figures, symbols, and words will assure clarity, improve neatness, and increase accuracy.

Deviations from these guidelines are acceptable provided basic drafting practices are followed, and the deviation will improve the drawings. There are situations where the size and weights should be adjusted to emphasize or clarify specific information on a plan sheet. For example, centerline stationing along the plan alignment may require a heavier weight for clarity where culture or other background data tends to clutter the drawing.

a. Line Work. Use line weights to accent the proposed construction work. Make a good, clear delineation of all lines so the proposed work will stand out in contrast to existing features.

Do not draw hidden contours under a structure with the long dash line style (LC=3). Use the medium dash line style (LC=2) instead. Show hidden lines of structures with the same style.

Do not place lines, hatching, or patterning through words or figures. Place hatching at approximately 45 degree angle to the object being hatched.

See Figure F for standard line weights, styles, and colors.

b. Lettering. When placing text on plan sheets, do not crowd other information. Carefully choose locations for text labels that are as close as possible to the point of application. In general, show text labels identifying proposed work one line weight heavier than the text for existing features. Place text in a manner such that it is not upside down. Text is to be legible when the plan set is oriented either 1) with the binding on the left side of the plan set or 2) with the binding on the top of the plan set (rotated 90 degrees clockwise). Text orientation should be consistent on individual sheets.

Do not use the letters "I," "O," "N," or "Z" as cross-section indicators. I and O resemble symbols shown on drawings and N and Z are the same shape, but oriented 90 degrees. When you reach the end of the alphabet, use AA, BB, etc. Place the section letters at the end of the section arrow, not on one side.

Use abbreviations on plan and profile sheets only where there is not enough space to spell out the word. In instances where the meaning of an abbreviation appears doubtful, the word should be spelled out. Do not capitalize abbreviations unless the word or words represented are ordinarily capitalized, or unless the abbreviation itself has become established as a capital letter, such as N for north. A period usually follows each part of an abbreviation that represents a single word. This aids in quick interpretation of an abbreviation, such as "a.m.", not "am". The exception to a period following an abbreviation is with units of measure where periods are not used. The abbreviations shown on the "Plan Symbols & Abbreviations" sheet in Figure H have been adopted for use on plan sheets.

Use fonts 2 and 24 for most plan sheets. Other fonts are available and may be used as indicated in Figure A.

	Figure	Α
TEXT	FONT	USAGE

Font (FT)	Usage
2 (Vertical)	Use for features and conditions that currently exist on the ground
24 (Italic)	Use for quantities and instructions for work being constructed under this contract.
3 (Uniform spacing)	May be used in tables where uniform letter spacing is desired.
47 (Hollow)	Use on NPS title sheet
81 (Century)	Use on non-NPS title sheet
85 (Geometric)	Use for title block text
91 (Ribbon)	Use for signature block on title sheet
92 (Swiss)	Use on title sheet
95 (Swiss bold)	Use on title sheet

Standard lettering sizes are shown in Figure B. Text line spacing (LS) should generally be half of the text size.

Figure B (Metric) **LETTERING SIZES (TX)**

		Plot scale		Less used
Standard size Scale	1:2000	1:1000	1:400	1:500
Corresponding Full size Scale	1:1000	1:500	1:200	1:250
Minimum text size	2	1	0.4	0.5
File location and date	2.5	1.25	0.5	0.625
Sheet number block	3	1.5	0.6	0.75
Small text	3.5	1.75	0.7	0.875
Normal text size	4	2	0.8	1.0
Large text	4.5	2.25	0.9	1.125
Drawing headings	5	2.5	1	1.25
Standard/Detail Title block text	6	3	1.2	1.5
	7.5	3.75	1.5	1.875
Title block text	9	4.5	1.8	2.25
Plan/Profile length (m)	700	350	140	175

NOTE: Multiples of the plot scales (1:4000, 1:20, 1:100, etc.) are also acceptable.

Figure B (US Customary) **LETTERING SIZES (TX)**

LETTERING GIZEG (TX)					
		Plot scale		Less used	
Standard size Scale	1" = 200 ft	1" = 100 ft	1" = 40 ft	1" = 60 ft	
Corresponding Full size Scale	1" = 100 ft	1" = 50 ft	1" = 20 ft	1" = 30 ft	
Minimum text size	8	4	1.6	2.4	
File location and date	10	5	2	3	
Sheet number block	12	6	2.4	3.6	
Small text	14	7	2.8	4.2	
Normal text size	16	8	3.2	4.8	
Large text	18	9	3.6	5.4	
Drawing headings	20	10	4	6	
Standard/Detail Title block text	24	12	4.8	7.2	
	30	15	6	9	
Title block text	36	18	7.2	10.8	
Plan/Profile length (ft)	3000	1500	600	900	

NOTE: Multiples of the plot scales (1" = 20 ft, 1" = 400 ft, etc.) are also acceptable.

Place text labels with a leader line and filled arrowhead by using the built-in "Place Note" function. Use the default arrowhead terminator (terminator geometry width equal to 1 and height equal to 0.5) with a size proportionate to the placed text, rather than special custom terminators. This increases drafting speed and maintains uniformity. Use a "Footnote" to supplement labels where insufficient space is available at the label location. Use a "Note" for general information that is relevant to the entire sheet. Do not use the term "General Notes". When possible, place Notes and Footnotes on the right hand side of the sheet with Notes placed above Footnotes.

Write numbers with commas separating millions or thousands (i.e. 99,999 rather than 99999 or 99 999).

c. Color. Color may be used to clarify complex plan and profile sheets. Color plan and profile sheets should be considered for complex projects. When used, color plan sheets should be distributed for plan reviews and construction sets. Color plans will not normally be distributed to bidders. Shades of gray may also be used to clarify plan sheets. Standard colors to be used for colored plan and profile sheets are shown in Figure C. By default color plotters will plot colors as they appear in the CADD drawing. Special pen tables are available that will plot drawings using the standard colors. These pen tables are set to "fade" and/or turn "gray" the existing features (Levels 6-12, 14-17, 20-21).

Figure C
STANDARD COLORS

CADD	Plotted	
Color	Color	Feature
CO = 0	Black	Information not listed below
CO = 1	Blue	Water (river and streams) (LV = 5)
CO = 2	Green	Trees $(LV = 5)$
CO = 3	Red	Proposed centerline (LV = 29-32), construction cut and fill limits (LV = 40), and profile grade (LV = 55)
CO = 79	Purple	Proposed ROW (LV = 47)
CO = 0	Gray	Existing features (LV = 6-12,14-17)
CO = 137	Brown	Major contours (LV = 20)
CO = 6	Orange	Minor contours (LV = 21)

- **d. Levels.** Place elements on the levels identified in Figure F.
- **e. Stationing.** Do not use "Station" or "Sta" as a prefix to station numbers. Any numbering including a plus sign (for example 2+959 or 30+00) is understood to be a station number.
- **f. CADD Filenames.** Most plan sheets are created with references to other files that contain the planimetrics (existing ground features), contours, and new work.

Planimetric files may either have an extension of **PLM** or have **PLM** in the name (*plm.dgn). Some WFLHD color pen tables are set to plot the existing features (levels 6-12, 14-17) "gray".

Contour files may either have an extension of **CON** or have **CON** in the name (*con.dgn). These files contain the surface lines representing points of the same elevation. WFLHD plotters (black/white and color) are set to "fade" the contours in levels 20 and 21.

Property and R/W files may either have an extension of **PRW** or have **PRW** in the name (*prw.dgn). These files contain the property lines and existing right-of-way information. After the proposed right-of-way is identified, this preliminary file is revised and returned to Project Development as a proposed right-of-way file. This file either has an extension of **ROW** or has **ROW** in the name (*row.dgn). These files contain existing property lines and both the existing and proposed right-of-way information.

All other CADD files should have the default extension **DGN**. The filenames should contain a descriptive reference to the project number as shown in Figure D.

g. Cell Libraries. Graphics that are used on a consistent basis such as plan sheet borders, key maps, and symbols are located in cell libraries. Cell libraries are located on the WFLHD network (currently at F:\Resource\Cell_lib\) and on the web at http://www.wfl.fhwa.dot.gov/design/cells/.

Figure D
CADD FILE NAMING CONVENTIONS

	Forest Highway	Park, Refuge Road	Other
Project Number	AK PFH 9-1(5)	WY PRA YELL 10(6)	MT OMAD 18(33)
State/Park/Program	Alaska	Yellowstone NP	Missile Road
Highway Route	9	10	18
Segment of Route	1	N/A	N/A
Project Number	5	6	33
CADD Filename	AK0915xx.DGN	YELL1006xx.DGN	OMAD1833xx.DGN

Note: The "xx" refers to the sheet letter designation shown in Figure E. See Figure H for example file names.

Figure E SHEET LETTER DESIGNATIONS

AA-AZ	Title and Cover Sheets	OA-OZ	<<< Skipped >>>
BA-BZ	Vicinity Maps	PA-PZ	Permanent Traffic Control
CA-CZ	Typical Sections	PLM	Planimetrics (option)
CON	Contours (option)	PRW	Property & R/W (option)
DA-DZ	Summary of Quantities	QA-QZ	Miscellaneous Details
EA-EZ	Drainage Tables and Details	RA-RZ	Miscellaneous Details
FA-FZ	Plan-Profile Sheets	ROW	Final R/W (option)
GA-GZ	Plan-Profile Sheets	SA-SZ	Miscellaneous Details
HA-HZ	Horizontal Alignments	TA-TZ	Miscellaneous Details
IA-IZ	<<< Skipped >>>	UA-UZ	Miscellaneous Details
JA-JZ	Right-of-Way	VA-VZ	Vertical Alignments
KA-KZ	Right-of-Way	WA-WZ	<<< Skipped >>>
LA-LZ	Line Graphs	XA-XZ	Cross Sections
MA-MZ	Material Sources	YA-YZ	Cross Sections
NA-NZ	Temporary Traffic Control	ZA-ZZ	Cross Sections

Figure F **LEVEL ASSIGNMENTS**

Legend

LV	Level	CON	Contour File
CO	Color	HOR	Horizontal Alignment File
WT	Weight	PLM	Planimetrics File
LC	Line Style	PRW	Property & R/W File
FT	Font	PRXS	Used for Proposed Cross-Sections
CST	Set by Custom Line Style	ROW	Final R/W File
Cell	Set by Cell	S&M	Used by Surveys and Mapping
D&C	Set by D&C Manager	VERT	Vertical Alignment File

	MAPPING FILES (PLM, CON, PRW, ROW)					
LV	DESCRIPTION	CO	WT	LC	FT	
1	Grid for N-E coordinates	(PLM)	0	1	0	2
2	Control points, monuments, and hub & tack	(PLM)	0,3	1,2	0 & Cell	2
3	Jump hubs and traverse points/lines (temporary survey		0.2	1	0,4 &	2
	control)	(PLM)	0,3	I	Cell	
4	Labels for planimetrics (level 14 & misc info)	(PLM)	0	1	0	2
5	Rivers, streams, wetlands, and lakes	(PLM)	0,1,2	0,1	CST & Cell	
6	Existing utilities (electric, gas, phone, etc)	(PLM)	0	1	CST & Cell	
7	Labels for utilities	(PLM)	0	1	0	2
8	Existing manmade hydraulics (ditches, culverts, drop inlets manholes, etc)	(PLM)	1	1	CST	
9	Labels for hydraulics	(PLM)	0	1	0	2
10	Land-lines (property lines, corners, etc)	(PRW/ROW)	5	0-4	CST	
11	Labels for land-lines	(PRW/ROW)	0	0	0	2
12	Existing R/W alignment	(PRW/ROW)	5	0	CST	
13	North arrow, label, legend	(PLM)	0		CLS	
14	Planimetrics not shown on 15, 16, 17 (ie guardrail, railroad, and trails)	0	0	CST		
15	Existing fences & buildings	0	0	CST		
16	Existing roadway (shoulder co=0; edge of pavement co=4)	(PLM)	0,4	1	3	
17	Existing mailboxes, signs, and traffic control	(PLM)	0	0	Cell	
18	Misc scarp lines, rock lines, etc	(PLM)			CST	
19	Geopak DTM input	(S&M)	70		0	
20	Index contours	(CON)	137	2	0	2
21	Intermediate contours	(CON)	6	1	0	
22	Spot Elevations, bench marks	(S&M)				
23	Scan lines for x-sections	(S&M)				
24	Discontinuity lines	(S&M)				
25	High and low points	(S&M)				
26	Geopak DTM voids					
27	Miscellaneous survey info					
28	Existing Vegetation	2	1	CST		
29	P-line	, ,				
30 to 40	<unassigned></unassigned>					
41	Boring log symbols	(PLM)	0		CLS	
42	Boring log labels	(PLM)	0			2
43 to 62	<unassigned></unassigned>					
63	<reserved do="" not="" use="" –=""></reserved>					

Figure F **LEVEL ASSIGNMENTS** (continued)

	ALIGNMENT FILES (? HDGI	N and ?	V .DGN)			
LV	DESCRIPTION		CO	WT	LC	FT
1	<unassigned></unassigned>					
2	PI location (suggested)*	(HOR)				
	Original tangents (suggested)*	(HOR)				
	Original curves (suggested)*	(HOR)				
5 to 12	<unassigned></unassigned>					
	Sheet setup-clipping blocks for plan & profiles, title blocks, gri	d	2,3	0	Cell	
14 to 28	<unassigned></unassigned>					
29	Tick marks and stations	(HOR)	3	1,3	0	24
30	Horizontal alignment - centerline	(HOR)	3	6	0	
31	Curve information	(HOR)	3	1	0	24
32	Curve labels and bearings	(HOR)	3	1	0	24
	Pavement markings (634 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	D&C
33	Proposed widening- A,B,C,D,E,F and Shoulder widening	(PRXS)	4-9,18		0	
	Proposed PCC curb (609 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	D&C
34	Proposed hydraulics (601 to 608 items)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	D&C
	Proposed drainage	(HOR)	1	3	CST	
	Hydraulics data – profile (user discretion)	(VERT)	-			
35	Proposed guardrail	(PRXS)	7		CST & 0	
00	Guardrail and termini (617 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	
36	Proposed fence (619 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	CST & D&C	
	Proposed walkways (615 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	CST & D&C	
	Proposed walkways (616 item)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	
	Proposed landscaping, plantings, etc (Note-Cell on LV=5)	(HOR)	2	Dao	Cell	
	Construction limits (cut/fills/transitions)	(HOR)	3	3,3,1	1,3, 4	
	Soil borings (plan)	(HOR)	0	3,3,1	CL	
	Proposed signing (word descriptions)	(HOR)	0	1	CL	2
	Proposed pavement markings, delineators, etc.	(HOR)	0	'	CL	
	Proposed utilities - user defined	(HOR)	0		CST	
	Proposed utilities - user defined	(HOR)	0		CST	
	Proposed utilities - user defined	(HOR)	0		CST	
	Proposed right-of-way	(ROW)	79	1	CST	
47	Permanent easements	(ROW)	63	1	CST	
40	Ownerships, addresses and takings			1	CSI	2
		(ROW) (PRXS)	0	1		2
	Edge of travel way Construction easements	(ROW)	18 79	1	CST	
				D&C	D&C	
51	Erosion control devices (157 item)	(HOR)	Dac	Dac	Dac	
F0	Patterns* - this is generally in a separate file	(PRXS)	Dec	Doc	Doc	
	Saw cut pavement, Roadway obliteration (203, 211 items)	(HOR)	D&C	D&C	D&C	
	Approach road match line	(HOR)	1		1	
	Proposed construction traffic control	(HOR)				2.1
	Proposed profile grade with labels	(VERT)	3	3,1	0	24
	Existing ground line profile (VERT) 2 1 2					
57	X and Y axis labels	(VERT)	4	0,2	0	2
	Rock line	(PRXS)	57			
	Walls	(PRXS)	58			
	Soil boring – profile (user discretion)	(VERT)				
	Dimensions (LD=60)			ļ		ļ
	As-constructed data					
62	<unassigned></unassigned>					
	Filled shapes - this is generally in a different file	(PRXS)				

^{*} Designer has option of using multiple files for this information.

Figure F LEVEL ASSIGNMENTS (continued)

1 General notes & annotation 0,3 1 2 Pavement structure		CROSS-SECTION FILES (? X to ? Z	.DGN)				
2 Pavement structure	LV	\	WT	LC	FT		
3	1	General notes & annotation	0,3	1	0		
A Pavement structure-pavement 2	2	Pavement structure	0	1	0		
A Pavement structure-base 1 5 1	3	Pavement structure-pavement 1	3	1	0		
5 Pavement structure-base 2 6 1 6 Pavement structure-base 3 7 1 8 Pavement foreslopes 244 1 9 Subexcavation 22 1 10 Fill/cut slopes 10,16 1 11 Wall Backslopes - from input file 10,16 1 12 Wall Backslopes - from input file 1 13 <u></u> <u></u>			4	1	0		
7			5	1	0		
7			6	1	0		
9 Subexcavation 22 1 10 Fill/cut slopes 10,16 1 11 Wall Backslopes - from input file 12 Wall Backslopes - from input file 13 <unassigned> </unassigned>			7	1	0		
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15							
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Rock line (EARTHWORK)* 57							
58 <unassigned></unassigned>							
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63 XSCELL (Do not delete-reference for cross section location) 2 1			2	1	1	0	

^{*} User discretion

3. Organization of Plans. Organize plan sheets to show a logical progression of the project work. Group plan sheets according to their type and give each section a sequential letter.

Follow the section order shown in Figure G. On most projects reserve Sections A, B, C, and D for the categories shown. Section E and following may be modified or deleted as applicable to the specific project. Other sections may be added as necessary. Sections should have sequential lettering. Designers should decide on an arrangement that best fits their needs within the guidelines. For instance, on a project that consists only of scattered work sites it may be advantageous to have a section for each site.

Number plan sheets consecutively within each section. Place tabulation of quantity sheets at the beginning of the section that shows the work item except as noted. The following discussion describes the content of the major sections.

- **a. General Information.** This section contains sheets of general interest to the project.
- **1) Title Sheet.** The *Title Sheet* serves to identify the location and limits of the project so bidders can find it in the field. Descriptive terms appearing on the title sheet should be readily identifiable by the topography, culture, or by use of State highway maps. The following items should be included on the title sheet:
- Title and project designation
- Project length
- State, county, city/town, National Forest/Park, etc.
- Key map of the State showing project location
- Index of sheets. The sheet description should match the sheet's title block.
- Design classifications such as the current Average Daily Traffic (ADT), design year ADT, directional distribution (D) when available, percent trucks (T) when available, design speed (V) and maximum superelevation rate (e)
- Design consultant logo (if applicable). Place logo in lower left corner and ensure that the logo is not larger than two-thirds the size of the FHWA logos. Do not show an address or phone number on the logo.
- Consultant PE stamp (if applicable)
- Provisions for dates and signatures of the appropriate approving officials
- Standard specifications to be used on the project
- Project Location Map (See below for more details)

Prepare the project vicinity map using a scale ratio of 1:100,000 or larger. Show the project area, the nearest towns appearing on a State highway map, other roads, railroads, major streams, etc. In instances where sufficient information cannot be placed on the project vicinity map to adequately identify the project work, prepare additional vicinity maps on separate sheets. Additional details that help to clarify the limits of the work or provide data needed to conveniently bid the work are encouraged.

In addition to the above information, show the following on the project vicinity map:

- Distance from the project to nearest cities and towns linked to project termini
- North Arrow
- Location Map scale bar
- Beginning and ending stations or termini
- Schedule boundaries (when applicable)
- Material sources (when applicable)
- Disposal sites, stockpile sites, and storage areas (when applicable)
- Water sources (when applicable)
- Offsite Mitigation (when applicable)

Figure G SAMPLE SHEET INDEX

INDEX TO SHEETS A. GENERAL INFORMATION All projects A.1 Title Sheet A.2 Plan Symbols and Abbreviations A.3 Vicinity Map As applicable **B. SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES** All projects B.1-? Summary of Quantities C. TYPICAL SECTION Most projects **Tabulation of Typical Section Quantities** Typical Sections and Tabulations may C.1 C.2 - ? Typical Sections be on same sheet D. PLAN-PROFILE Most projects Tabulation of Plan-Profile Quantities May be renamed "LINE GRAPH" or D.1 D.? - ? Plan-Profile Mainline other type of plan sheets as D.? - ? (Others if applicable) applicable. Option: Could be split into two or E. APPROACH ROADS AND PARKING AREAS more sections. May also be included E.1 Tabulation of Approaches and Parking Area Quantities E.2 - ? Parking Area Plan in the Plan-Profile section. E.? - ? Parking Area Details F. EROSION CONTROL **Tabulation of Erosion Control Quantities** F.1 F.2 **Erosion Control Plans** F.3 Section 157 Standard Drawings **G. MATERIAL SOURCES** G.1 Material Source Details H. DRAINAGE **Tabulation of Drainage Quantities** H.1 H.2 **Drainage Cross-Sections** H.3 - ? Section 602 Standard Drawings H.? - ? (Other standard plans as appropriate) I. SAFETY FEATURES 1.1 - ? Section 617 Standard Drawings 1.? (Other concrete barrier or guardwall drawings) J. FENCES, GATES, AND CATTLE GUARDS Or other category, use same format as above section K. MISCELLANEOUS Drawings that fit no where else L. WETLAND MITIGATION **Tabulation of Wetland Mitigation Quantities** L.1 Wetland Mitigation Plans L.2 L.3 Wetland Mitigation Details M. LANDSCAPING PLANS M.1 Tabulation of Landscaping Quantities M.2 - ? Landscaping Plans M.? Landscaping Details N. TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL Tabulation of Temporary Traffic Control Quantities N.1 N.2 **Detour Plans** N.3 Temporary Signing N.4 Temporary Traffic Control Details O. PERMANENT TRAFFIC CONTROL 0.1 **Tabulation of Permanent Traffic Control Quantities** 0.2 Signing and Striping Plans Signing and Striping Details 0.3

P.1 - ? Bridge Drawings

P. BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

2) Plan Symbols & Abbreviations. The *Plan Symbols & Abbreviations* sheet details all of the standard plan symbols and abbreviations currently in use by the WFLHD. The current symbol sheet is designated as **Detail W(M)101-1**. For mapping created prior to 1999 use **oldplnsym.dgn**. The symbols sheet was developed using the cells from the WFLHD cell libraries. Scale and cell name may be determined using Microstation's command "element information" on symbols in this sheet.

When a special symbol is required that is not included on this sheet, show it in a legend on either the first plan sheet where the symbol appears or on the left side of the first plan-profile sheet. Abbreviations not shown may be placed on the plans similar to the way symbols are placed or may be added to the contract as a special contract requirement under Subsection 101.03 Abbreviations.

The symbols and abbreviations should not be changed on a project-to-project basis. When a change is required in the Plan Symbols & Abbreviations sheet to satisfy WFLHD's needs, change the master file so all future projects will have the same symbols and abbreviations. This prevents the need to check all the data on the sheet for every project.

b. Summary of Quantities. The *Summary of Quantities* tabulates, combines, and summarizes the contract quantities for all pay items. This summary informs prospective bidders where to locate work within the plan sheets, the difference between plan quantities and bid schedule quantities, if any, and expands on contract bid schedule information. It also serves as a helpful checklist to the designer to ensure that all elements of the design receive consideration.

This is generally one of the last plan sheets prepared in final form. The contents of this sheet are automatically generated using the Engineer's Estimate program. All the pay items are listed in numerical order and identified by appropriate descriptions. The bid schedule quantities duplicate those in the contract. Show any pertinent information by the use of remarks or footnotes at the bottom of the summary plan sheet. Items of work paid for under the contract quantity provision of Section 109 should be identified when preparing the engineer's estimate.

c. Typical Sections. The *Typical Section* shows the shape of the finished cross-section with the construction limits, and represents the appearance of the completed project. It must be specific enough to describe the proposed work, its location, and material needs. Identify all functional elements of the typical section to a relative scale. Show widths in meters [feet] and show thickness or depth in millimeters [inches].

Use standard terminology matching the FLH Standard Drawings and the FP for features and pay items. Identify the following on the typical section:

- Indicate the location of the "Travel Way" and "Shoulder" on all sections where applicable
- Identify the typical section as "Mainline", the roadway name, or a specific approach road, along with the applicable stations (if more than one section), or companion site name by including a subtitle with each typical section.
- Use a "bubble" detail to clarify complex pavement structures.
- Use the full bid schedule item name to call out pavement structure features.
- Where an additional section uses the same pavement structure as the mainline, reference the mainline typical for surfacing depths (i.e. See Mainline Typical). This will reduce errors should the typical sections change during the development of the design.
- Include a curve widening table on the typical section if applicable. No slope ratio table is required.

Provide a slope rounding detail separate from the main line typical section. Show details for both the cut and fill slope rounding (if used). Separate details eliminate the need to duplicate these details on each typical section. Generic typical sections may be used to show different pavement structures and/or lane width/shoulder dimensions in one section to reduce the number of typical sections. Generic sections should be identified by TYPE (i.e. "Type 1" and "Type 2") using a table to describe the approach road station, type, class, roadway width, radiuses, etc.

Include the following notes as applicable:

- Superelevate roadway on curves at the rate 'e' as indicated on the Plan and Profile curve data.
- Construct slopes as shown in the Staking Report (see FAR 52.236-4).
- For cut heights less than the behind slope rounding distance (B), reduce the B dimension to the cut height dimension and reduce the front slope rounding distance proportionally.
- Apply [half of curve widening equally to both traveled ways] OR [full curve widening to inside travel way]. Curve widening is reflected in the field notes.

Place the tabulation of pavement structure quantities either on the typical section sheet or on the first sheet of this section. Show the estimating values (i.e. t/m3, lb/ft3) in the table for each item. (Refer to the Project Development Manual Section 9.4.J. for the appropriate significant figures.) See Plan-Profile Tabulation of Plan Quantities section for more information on tables.

- **d. Plan-Profile.** Under this subject area, the designer may incorporate plan and profile sheets, plan sheets, line graphs, or other descriptive sheets that describe the proposed work.
- 1) Tabulation of Plan Quantities. Place quantity tabulations for items pertaining to the plan sheets (for instance roadway obliteration, roadway excavation, guardrail, fence) either on the first plan sheet or on a separate tabulation sheet before the plan sheets. These tables aid the bidders in precisely locating the work areas and determining the effort required to perform the work.

Tabulation of quantities sheets consist of detailed summaries of work items presented in a tabular format. It provides bidders with more detailed information on the location and extent of the work required than can be shown on the summary of quantities sheet. Tabulations should show how a quantity is developed, not just repeat the quantity shown in the Summary of Quantities. Arrange the tables by increasing pay item number. Tables may either be drawn using CADD software or created in a spreadsheet made to look like a normal plan sheet. The WFLHD cell library (work_dd.cel) includes a table cell called "table3" which may be used or referred to as a guide. Sample spreadsheets are also available as guides.

2) Plan and Profile. Prepare plan and profile sheets at a scale that is adequate to show the necessary details as governed by the topography and the complexity of the work. Plans usually have a horizontal scale of 1:2000 [1" = 200 ft] when prepared on a standard size sheet. Larger or smaller scales may be used depending on the amount of detail to be shown. Profiles have the same horizontal scale as the plan, but the vertical scale should have an exaggeration of 5 or 10 times the horizontal scale.

When laying out plan and profile sheets, avoid dividing major structures, highway intersections, interchanges, or grade separations between sheets. Use supplemental sheets as necessary to make these drawings as clear as possible. Leave approximately a third of the first plan-profile sheet blank. Leave a similar blank space after the end of project on the final plan-profile sheet. Use the blank space on the first plan-profile sheet for project specific legends, utility information (name, type, contact and phone number) and other miscellaneous information beneficial to the contractor. Except for the first and last sheet attempt to place 700 meters [3000 feet] on a sheet, at 1:2000 scale [1"=200 ft], and break sheets at even 100 meter station [10 stations] numbers. Increasing stationing should run from left to right.

- **3) Plan View.** Show the following information on the plan view:
- A prominent **North arrow** for orientation on each sheet.
- All boundary lines, State, county, city, township, and section lines. Where ties are shown to section corners that fall off the sheet, break the line and show the corner with tie distance. Describe found corners and show their coordinates. Also show streams, lakes, swamps, estuaries, etc.
- Include contours on complex projects on an as-needed basis. Fade or fade and color contours when plotted.
- When available show control point (CP) coordinates in a Control Point Table. Use a CP symbol and symbol number on the plan view.
- Station coordinates and elevation of the beginning of the project and the end of the project on the first and final plan-profile sheets, as appropriate.
- Include clear and concise labels and notes in the plan view. Ensure they are short and to the point. Utilize special details and special contract requirements to clearly define the work to be performed.
- On all sheets show the construction limits, access control lines, easements, and right-of-way lines. Within the right-of-way, show all cultural features requiring relocation, such as utilities and fences (when not on the right-of-way line). Identify all ownerships for right-of-way purposes. Show all drainage structures. Show any cultural features adjacent to the right-of-way that may be affected by the project.
- Curve data consisting of delta angle, radius of curve, tangent length, length of curve, and superelevation should be shown. Curve widening may also be shown at this location. For spiral transitions, the spiral angle and length of spiral should be shown. Identify every 100 meter station along the centerline. Show bearings of all tangents.
- Show the location of borings, test pits, or other sites where subsurface investigations have been made on the plan portion of the plan-profile sheet. Do not show actual log or test results on the plan-profile. Use separate plan sheets for this data.
- Graphically show the proposed locations of culvert pipe (drawn to approximate skew), guardrail, wall, and other proposed work items. Where these items are called out in the profile view, no note is necessary in the plan view. Call out proposed work items either in the plan or profile view. Show exact station limits of proposed features in tables where applicable.
- Call out removal items and roadway obliterations with a note and show in a table as applicable.
- Include contours on complex projects on an as-needed basis. Fade or fade and color contours when plotted.
- Include companion site's (turnouts, parking areas, etc.) mainline stationing, centerline, outline, and cut/fill limits. Include approach road symbols.
- **4) Profile View.** On the profile portion of the plan-profile sheets show the profile grade and existing ground lines. Place a note indicating the profile grade and existing ground lines. Show gradients on the profile to four decimal places, grade elevations to two decimal places, and natural ground points (if any) to two decimal places. Show vertical and horizontal clearances for railroads, highways, and streambeds under proposed and existing structures.

Also show the following information on the profile view:

- Identify locations for items such as underdrain, subexcavation, and special ditches within the profile view with a bar graph (preferred) or plan view (acceptable). Show exact stations, lengths, elevations, and other information in a summary.
- Place a note at the approximate locations of pipe culverts listing the size of the pipe culvert. It is not necessary to show pipe culvert symbols. Note exact station and lengths in drainage summary. Include Q25 and HW/D ratio for 1200 mm [48 inch] culverts and larger.
- Show bridges and major structures to be constructed on the plan and profile in outline only, with a note to see the appropriate drawings.

- Show the approximate location of guardrail on profile by using a bar graph. Use circles at end of bars with notation stating terminal end section type. Exact stationing is not required on the profile, but should be placed in a summary.
- Include a quantity bar showing unadjusted excavation and embankment quantities. Break the earthwork bars at the end of runs (i.e. If no earthwork is generated or required over a portion of the project, don't show the quantity bar in that location).
- Show proposed work items that have not been called out in the plan view.
- **e. Associated Roadways.** Plans, profiles, and details for approach roads, parking areas, turnouts, and other associated roadways may be placed in a single section or in multiple sections as appropriate. It may be appropriate to include approach road plans with the mainline plan and profile sheets. The designer should make the plans clear to the intended audience.

Use unique stationing for designed approach roads and secondary roads. Ensure that the stationing is different than stationing found on the mainline (i.e. the first approach road begins with 1+000, the second approach road begins with 2+000, etc...). Label matching stations where the designed approach road or secondary road intersects the mainline (i.e. M.L. 23+59 = Appr. 1+00). Either use the abbreviations "M.L." and "Appr." defined on the Standard Symbols and Abbreviation sheet, or use the roadway names.

Provide elevations and coordinates for critical points within parking areas, if centerline and staking notes are not provided. Include note stating, "Elevations shown are to finished grade unless otherwise noted."

f. Erosion Control. The Erosion Control section consists of plans, detail drawings and standard drawings that detail the measures required to protect resources and to comply with permit stipulations. The plan sheet details should reflect Best Management Practices (BMP); comply with Erosion and Sediment Control on Highway Construction Projects, FHWA, 23 CFR Part 650, Subpart B.; and be in agreement with the stipulations in the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. Include erosion and sediment control plans for all applicable projects, not just large or complex projects. It is not satisfactory to leave the development of erosion and sediment control plans to the contractor or project personnel after project award.

As a minimum, erosion and sediment control plans should identify erosion and sediment sensitive areas and provide a mechanism for minimizing any adverse effects. The plan sheets should show the contours and proposed erosion control features. For complex and/or environmentally sensitive projects also include topsoil, permanent seeding, and mulching locations in the erosion control section rather than the plan profile section.

- **g. Materials Sources.** When a material source is included, show the following:
- Baseline (Survey Data)
- Contours
- Disturbance limits
- Boundaries of the materials source
- Boundaries of main extraction area
- Maximum final slope ratio
- Rehabilitation Plan
- Geotechnical information
- Stripping notes
- Seeding plan
- Borehole locations
- Typical section for source development including benching requirements

h. Drainage. This section consists of the Tabulation of Drainage Quantities, details of large culvert installations, headwalls, inlet and outlet treatments, fish passage requirements, energy dissipators, catch basins, manholes, and other drainage installations. Drainage standard drawings should also be included in this section.

The Tabulation of Drainage Quantities sheet lists all permanent culverts and related drainage data. Show the location of the drainage installation under the station heading. Show related data in the row across the sheet under an appropriate column heading. Total the figures in the various columns to obtain the quantities to show on the summary of quantities sheet for the appropriate culvert item.

Provide drainage cross-sections for all culverts greater than 1200 mm [48 inches]. Show skew angle measured from a line perpendicular to centerline.

- **i. Other Sections.** Provide separate sections for safety features (Items 617, 618, etc.), fences and related items (Items 619), and other items of work not described in other parts of the plans. These sections should contain the standard plans and other details pertaining to the work. Individual detail sheets that do not fit well into other sections may be placed in a Miscellaneous Details section.
- **j. Wetland Mitigation.** Plan sheets for wetland replacement or mitigation are special drawings that detail all work required to ensure successful mitigation. These may range from simple sketches to elaborate contour grading and planting plans that conform to the commitments in the environmental document.
- **k.** Landscaping Plans. Provide plan sheets and details showing the proposed landscaping plan.
- **I. Temporary Traffic Control.** Provide details to assure safe passage of traffic through a specific project construction zone. Use a table format to list the required traffic control devices and signs. For most low volume roads provide standard traffic control layouts that conform to the MUTCD. For areas with complex traffic control, graphically portray the striping and traffic control device locations. For projects with complex schedules, provide a complete work schedule summary showing work restrictions such as road closures and environmental restrictions either in the specifications or the plan sheets.
- **m. Permanent Traffic Control.** Provide tables and details showing the permanent pavement marking, sign, object marker, and delineator locations. For complex areas provide a graphical plan showing the proposed striping and sign locations in addition to the tables.
- **n. Bridges.** The Bridge sections design most bridges and other large structures. Number the drawings properly for insertion in the final package. Structure sheets may be inserted into the plan package anywhere following the plan-profile sheets.
- **o.** Contiguous Projects. A general plan or layout of contiguous construction projects may be beneficial to potential bidders in determining the cost of work on FLH projects. This is particularly true where another agency is constructing a project that will affect FLH contractors. It is essential that the relationship between the projects be well detailed on the plans.

There are instances where as-constructed plans should be included in the contract plan package. If a bridge or other structure is scheduled for salvage, a set of the as-constructed plans will greatly assist a contractor in determining the most effective method to disassemble the structure.

On occasion, right-of-way plans or utility plans may be too complicated to incorporate on the plan and profile sheets. They could be inserted into the plans under this subject area.

Figure H INDEX OF SAMPLE SHEETS

Sheet	Project		Filename	Description
Section		ral Inforn		Dosonption
A.1	ID PFH 62-1(1		id6211aa.dgn	Title Sheet
A.1	WY PRA GRT		grte1009aa.dgn	Title Sheet
A.2	MT RRP CHR		chru1012ab.dgn	Plan Symbols and Abbreviations
A.3	WY PRA YELL		yell1010ac.dgn	Vicinity Map
Section		mary of Q		Vicinity Map
B.1	ID PFH 56-1(1		id5611da.dgn	Summary of Quantities
B.2	WA PRA OLYI			Summary of Quantities
Section		al Sectio		Outilitary of Qualitation
C.1	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919ca.dgn	Typical Section
C.2	ID PFH 62-1(1		id6211ca.dgn	Subexcavation Details
Section		Profile	laoz i roa.agii	Oubexcavation Details
D.1	ID PFH 82-1(1		id8211da.xls	Tabulation of Plan-Profile Quantities
D.2	WY YELL 10(9		yell1009fa.dgn	Beginning of project
D.3	ID PFH 62-1(1		id6211fb.dgn	Plan/profile
D.4	OR PFH 23-1(or2313fc.dgn	Resume project
D.5	OR PFH 46-1(or4614fd.dgn	Line Graph
D.6	WY YELL 10(9	•	yell1009fe.dgn	End project
D.0	WI ILLE 10(S	,,	yen roosic.agn	Life project
E.1	AK PFH 9-1(9)	1	ak0919ta.dgn	Approach Road Plan with quantity summary, modified cell
E.2	WY PRA YELL		yell1010tb.dgn	Parking Area Layout Details
E.3	WY PRA YELL		yell1010tc.dgn	Parking Area Details
Section		on Contr		Taking Area Details
F.1	ID PFH 82-1(1		id8211da.xls	Tabulation of Temporary Erosion Control
F.2	AK PFH 9-1(9)	•	ak0919qb.dgn	Temporary Erosion Control Plan
F.3	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919qb.dgn	Temporary Erosion Control Plan
Section		rials Soui		Temporary Liosion Control Flan
G.1	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919mc.dgn	Borrow Source
G.2	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919ma.dgn	Materials Disposal Site
Section			akos i siria.ugii	Materials Disposal Site
H.1	ID PFH 82-1(1		id8211da.xls	Tabulation of Drainage Quantities
H.2	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919ea.dgn	Fish Passage Baffled Culvert
Section		ellaneous		uld be broken into multiple sections)
K.1	OR PFH 160-1		or16011ra.dgn	Geotextile Reinforced Slope
K.2	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919rb.dgn	Gabion Faced MSE Retaining Wall
K.3	WY PRA YELL		yell1010rc.dgn	Rockery Wall
Section			affic Control	TOOKOTY TVUII
N.1	ID PFH 82-1(1		id8211da.xls	Tabulation of Temporary Traffic Control Quantities
N.2	WY PRA GRT		grte1009nb.dgn	Project Signing
N.3	WY PRA YELL		yell1010na.dgn	Temporary Traffic Control Plan
N.4	AK PFH 9-1(9)		ak0919na.dgn	Temporary Traffic Control Plan
Section			affic Control	Tomporary Trainio Oditalori Idir
0.1	WY PRA GRT		grte1009pa.dgn	Permanent Traffic Control Pavement Marking Details
0.2	WY PRA GRT		grte1009pb.dgn	Intersection Permanent Pavement Marking Detail
O.3	ID PFH 62-1(1		id6211pa.dgn	Parking Area Permanent Pavement Markings
O.4	ID PFH 82-1(1		id8211da.xls	Tabulation of Temporary Traffic Control Quantities
O.5	WY PRA YELL		yell1010pa.dgn	Striping Layout and Sign Locations
<u> </u>		- 10(10)	, an io iopalagii	The state of the s