## TABLE 2-1 SELECTION OF EXPOSURE PATHWAYS -- Phase 2 Risk Assessment UPPER HUDSON RIVER

Scenario	Source	Exposure	Exposure	Receptor	Receptor	Exposure	On-Site/	Type of	Rationale for Selection or Exclusion
Timeframe	Medium	Medium	Point	Population	Age	Route	Off-Site	Analysis	of Exposure Pathway
Current/Future	Fish	Fish	Upper Hudson Fish	Angler	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	PCBs have been widely detected in fish.
					Child **				
	Sediment	Sediment	Banks of Upper Hudson	Recreator	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Recreators may ingest or otherwise come in contact with contaminated river sediment while engaging in activities along the river.
						Dermal	On-Site	Quant	
					Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	
						Dermal	On-Site	Quant	
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	
						Dermal	On-Site	Quant	
	River Water	Drinking Water	Upper Hudson River	Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	Considered in Phase 1 Risk Assessment and determined to have de minimis risk. Concentrations below the MCL does not pose a risk during occasional exposure, such as during swimming. Not evaluated further in this HHRA.
					Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Quant	
		River Water	Upper Hudson River (wading/swimming)	Recreator	Adult	Dermal	On-Site	Quant	Recreators may come in contact with contaminated river water while wading or swimmming.
					Adolescent	Dermal	On-Site	Quant	
					Child	Dermal	On-Site	Quant	
		Outdoor Air	Upper Hudson River (River and near vicinity)	Recreator	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Recreators may inhale volatilized PCBs while engaging in river-related activities.
					Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	
					Child	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	
				Resident	Adult	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	Nearby residents may inhale volatilized PCBs outside of their home.
					Adolescent	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	
					Child	Inhalation	On-Site	Quant	
	Home-grown Crops	Vegetables	Upper Hudson vicinity	Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	Limited data; studies show low PCB uptake in forage crops.
					Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	
	Beef	Beef	Upper Hudson vicinity	Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	Limited data; studies show non-detect PCB levels in cow's milk in NY.
					Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	
	Dairy Products	Milk, eggs	Upper Hudson vicinity	Resident	Adult	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	Limited data; studies show non-detect PCB levels in cow's milk in NY.
					Adolescent	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	
					Child	Ingestion	On-Site	Qual	

\*\* Child angler considered in Monte Carlo analysis.

### TABLE 2-2 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN UPPER HUDSON RIVER - Fish

Medium: Fish Exposure Medium: Fish Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish	Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Exposure Medium: Fish	
	Exposure Medium: Fish Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish

CAS Number	Chemical	(1) Minimum Concentration	Minimum Qualifier	(1) Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Frequency	•	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Value		COPC Flag	(2) Rationale for Contaminant Deletion or Selection
1336-36-3	PCBs (3)	0.005	N/A	13.1	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	FD, TX, ASL

## (1) Minimum/maximum modeled concentration between 1999-2069 (USEPA, 1999d).

(2)	Rationale Codes	Selection Reason:	Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)
			Frequent Detection (FD)
			Toxicity Information Available (TX)
			Above Screening Levels (ASL)
		Deletion Reason:	Infrequent Detection (IFD)
			Background Levels (BKG)
			No Toxicity Information (NTX)
			Essential Nutrient (NUT)
			Below Screening Level (BSL)
(3)	Occurrence and d	listribution of PCBs in fis	h were modeled, not measured (USEPA, 1999d).

### Definitions: N/A = Not Applicable

SQL = Sample Quantitation Limit

COPC = Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement/To Be Considered

MCL = Federal Maximum Contaminant Level

SMCL = Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level

- J = Estimated Value
- C = Carcinogenic
- N = Non-Carcinogenic

### TABLE 2-3 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN UPPER HUDSON RIVER - Sediment

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Sediment Exposure Medium: Sediment Exposure Point: Banks of Upper Hudson

CAS Number	Chemical	(1) Minimum Concentration	Minimum Qualifier	(1) Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Frequency	Ũ	Concentration Used for Screening	Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source		(2) Rationale for Contaminant Deletion or Selection
4000.00.0	DCD- (2)	0.0	N1/A	70.0	N1/A		N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	NI/A	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	Vee	
1336-36-3	PCBs (3)	0.6	N/A	76.8	N/A	mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	FD, TX, ASL

(1) Minimum/maximum modeled concentration between 1999-2069 (USEPA, 1999d).

 (2) Rationale Codes Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST) Frequent Detection (FD) Toxicity Information Available (TX) Above Screening Levels (ASL)
Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD) Background Levels (BKG) No Toxicity Information (NTX) Essential Nutrient (NUT) Below Screening Level (BSL)
(2) Comparison of the transmission of transmission of the transmission of the transmission of the transmission of transmission of

### Definitions: N/A = Not Applicable

SQL = Sample Quantitation Limit

COPC = Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement/To Be Considered

MCL = Federal Maximum Contaminant Level

SMCL = Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level

- J = Estimated Value
- C = Carcinogenic
- N = Non-Carcinogenic

(3) Occurrence and distribution of PCBs in sediment were modeled, not measured (USEPA, 1999d).

### TABLE 2-4 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN UPPER HUDSON RIVER - River Water

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water Exposure Medium: River Water Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River

CAS Number	Chemical	(1) Minimum Concentration	Minimum	(1) Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	Units		Detection Frequency	Range of Detection Limits		Background Value	Screening Toxicity Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Value	Potential ARAR/TBC Source		(2) Rationale for Contaminant Deletion
																or Selection
1336-36-3	PCBs (3)	0.00E+00	N/A	4.90E-04	N/A	mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	FD, TX, ASL

(1) Minimum/maximum modeled concentration between 1999-2069 (USEPA, 1999d).

 (2) Rationale Codes Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST) Frequent Detection (FD) Toxicity Information Available (TX) Above Screening Levels (ASL)
Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD) Background Levels (BKG) No Toxicity Information (NTX) Essential Nutrient (NUT) Below Screening Level (BSL)

(3) Occurrence and distribution of PCBs in river water were modeled, not measured (USEPA, 1999d).

Definitions: N/A = Not Applicable

SQL = Sample Quantitation Limit

COPC = Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement/To Be Considered

MCL = Federal Maximum Contaminant Level

SMCL = Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level

- J = Estimated Value
- C = Carcinogenic
- N = Non-Carcinogenic

#### TABLE 2-5 OCCURRENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN UPPER HUDSON RIVER - Outdoor Air

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Water Vapor

CAS Number	Chemical	(1) Minimum Concentration	Minimum Qualifier	(1) Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	Units	Location of Maximum Concentration	Frequency	•	Concentration Used for Screening	(2) Background Value	(3) Screening Toxicity Value	Potential	Potential ARAR/TBC Source	COPC Flag	(4) Rationale for Contaminant Deletion
																or Selection
1336-36-3	PCBs (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	FD, TX, ASL

(1) Minimum/maximum concentration.

(2) N/A - Refer to supporting information for background discussion.

Background values derived from statistical analysis. Follow Regional guidance and provide supporting information.

- (3) Provide reference for screening toxicity value.
- (4) Rationale Codes Selection Reason: Infrequent Detection but Associated Historically (HIST)

Frequent Detection (FD) Toxicity Information Available (TX) Above Screening Levels (ASL) Deletion Reason: Infrequent Detection (IFD) Background Levels (BKG) No Toxicity Information (NTX) Essential Nutrient (NUT)

Below Screening Level (BSL)

(5) Occurrence and distribution of PCBs in outdoor air is based on modeled river water concentrations, not measured (USEPA, 1999d).

#### Definitions: N/A = Not Applicable

SQL = Sample Quantitation Limit

COPC = Chemical of Potential Concern

ARAR/TBC = Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement/To Be Considered

MCL = Federal Maximum Contaminant Level

- SMCL = Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level
- J = Estimated Value
- C = Carcinogenic
- N = Non-Carcinogenic

## TABLE 2-6 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC MODELED EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER FISH - Thompson Island Pool

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Fish
Exposure Medium: Fish
Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish - Thompson Island Pool

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean*	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Re	asonable Maxim	um Exposure		Central Ter	Idency
Potential			Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern							EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs												
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Brown Bullhead	weight	2.8	**	13.1	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	4.7	Mean-N	ED	9.2	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet		**						Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Largemouth Bass	weight	1.4	**	6.4	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.3	Mean-N	ED	4.6	Mean-N	ED
in Yellow Perch	mg/kg wet weight	1.3	**	5.1	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.1	Mean-N	Averaged over RME ED	3.7	Mean-N	Averaged over CT ED
	mg/kg wet	-		5.1		ing ng not noight	2.1	modiliti	Averaged over RME	5.7	modirit	Averaged over CT
Species-weighted (1)	weight	1.9	**	8.5	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	3.3	Mean-N	ED	6.1	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet					-			Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
Species-weighted for chronic exposure (2)	weight	1.9	**	8.5	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	7.6	Mean-N	ED	6.1	Mean-N	ED

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

- Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).
- \* Arithmetic mean calculated from 50th percentile (median) and 95th percentile modeled concentrations assuming lognormal distributions. Mean is for 70 year time period. See text for discussion.
- \*\* 95% UCLM not calculated (see text).
- ED = Exposure Duration
- CT = Central Tendency

(1) PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (40 years) to calculate the RME EPC for cancer risks.

(2) PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the

central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (7 years) to calculate the RME EPC for non-cancer hazards.

## TABLE 2.7 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC MODELED EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER FISH - River Mile 168

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future
Medium: Fish
Exposure Medium: Fish
Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish - River Mile 168

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean*	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Re	asonable Maxim	um Exposure		Central Ten	dency
Potential			Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern							EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs												
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Brown Bullhead	weight	1.5	**	6.4	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.6	Mean-N	ED	4.8	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Largemouth Bass	weight	1.1	**	5.6	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.0	Mean-N	ED	4.1	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Yellow Perch	weight	0.95	**	4.7	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	1.6	Mean-N	ED	3.5	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
Species-weighted (1)	weight	1.3	**	5.6	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.2	Mean-N	ED	4.4	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
Species-weighted for chronic exposure (2)	weight	1.3	**	5.6	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	5.1	Mean-N	ED	4.4	Mean-N	ED

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

Arithmetic mean calculated from 50th percentile (median) and 95th percentile modeled concentrations assuming lognormal distributions. Mean is for 70 year time period. See text for discussion.

\*\* 95% UCLM not calculated (see text).

ED = Exposure Duration

CT = Central Tendency

(1) PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (40 years) to calculate the RME EPC for cancer risks.

(2) PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (7 years) to calculate the RME EPC for non-cancer hazards.

## TABLE 2-8 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC MODELED EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER FISH - River Miles 157 and 154 (averaged)

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Fish Exposure Medium: Fish Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish - River Miles 157 and 154 (averaged)

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean*	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Re	asonable Maxim	um Exposure		Central Ter	idency
Potential			Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern							EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs												
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Brown Bullhead	weight	0.51	**	2.8	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	0.9	Mean-N	ED	1.9	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Largemouth Bass	weight	0.62	**	3.3	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	1.1	Mean-N	ED	2.4	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
in Yellow Perch	weight	0.53	**	2.8	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	0.9	Mean-N	ED	2.1	Mean-N	ED
	mg/kg wet								Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
Species-weighted (1)	weight	0.54	**	2.8	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	1.0	Mean-N	ED	2.2	Mean-N	ED
									Averaged over RME			Averaged over CT
Species-weighted for chronic exposure (2)	mg/kg wet	0.54	**	2.8	N/A	mg/kg wet weight	2.6	Mean-N	ED	2.2	Mean-N	ED

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

Arithmetic mean calculated from 50th percentile (median) and 95th percentile modeled concentrations assuming lognormal distributions. Mean is for 70 year time period. See text for discussion.

\*\* 95% UCLM not calculated (see text).

ED = Exposure Duration

CT = Central Tendency

(1) PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (40 years) to calculate the RME EPC for cancer risks.

PCB concentrations for each species were weighted based on species-group intake percentages (Connelly et al., 1992) and averaged over the central tendency exposure duration (12 years) to calculate the CT EPC, and over the RME exposure duration (7 years) to calculate the RME EPC for non-cancer hazards.

## TABLE 2-9 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC MODELED EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER SEDIMENT

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Sediment Exposure Medium: Sediment Exposure Point: Banks of Upper Hudson

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Rea	asonable Maxim	num Exposure		Central Ten	dency
Potential		(1)	Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern				(1)			EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs	mg/kg	14.9	**	77	N/A	mg/kg	28.7	95th percentile area average	High-end estimate	14.9	mean area average	Central estimate

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

\*\* Not applicable because sediment data was modeled, not measured (see text).

(1) Mean/maximum of modeled concentration 1999-2020 (USEPA, 1999d).

## TABLE 2-10 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC MODELED EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER WATER

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water Exposure Medium: River Water Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	EPC Units	Rea	asonable Maxim	num Exposure		Central Ter	dency
Potential		(1)	Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern				(1)			EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs	mg/L	2.4E-05	**	4.8E-04	N/A	mg/L	3.1E-05	95th percentile area average	High-end estimate	2.4E-05	mean area average	Central estimate

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

\*\* Not applicable because river water data was modeled, not measured (see text).

(1) Mean/maximum of modeled concentration 1999-2020 (USEPA, 1999d).

## TABLE 2-11 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION SUMMARY UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Chemical of	Units	Arithmetic Mean	95% UCL of Normal	Maximum Concentration	Maximum Qualifier	-		Reasonable Maximum Expos	Central Tendency			
Potential			Data				Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Concern							EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC	EPC
							Value	Statistic	Rationale	Value	Statistic	Rationale
PCBs	mg/m³	**	**	**	N/A	mg/m³	1.7E-05	Used high-end empirical transfer coefficient estimate	High-end estimate	1.0E-06	Used midpoint between modeled concentration and empirical transfer coefficient estimate	Central estimate

Statistics: Maximum Detected Value (Max); 95% UCL of Normal Data (95% UCL-N); 95% UCL of Log-transformed Data (95% UCL-T); Mean of Log-transformed Data (Mean-T);

Mean of Normal Data (Mean-N).

\*\* Not applicable because outdoor air concentrations based on modeled river water concentrations (refer to Table A-2) and water to air transfer coefficient.

# TABLE 2-12 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER FISH - Adult Angler

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Fish

Exposure Medium: Fish

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson Fish

Receptor Population: Angler

Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	C <sub>fish</sub> -C	PCB Concentration in Fish (Cancer)**	mg/kg wet weight	2.2	See Tables 2-6 through 2-8	4.4	See Tables 2-6 through 2-8	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	C <sub>fish</sub> -NC	PCB Concentration in Fish (Non-cancer)**	mg/kg wet weight	5.1	See Tables 2-6 through 2-8	4.4	See Tables 2-6 through 2-8	$C_{fish} x IR_{fish} x (1 - Loss) X FS x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT$
	IR <sub>fish</sub>	Ingestion Rate of Fish	grams/day	31.9	90th percentile value, based on 1991 NY Angler survey.	4.0	50th percentile value, based on 1991 NY Angler survey.	
	Loss	Cooking Loss	g/g	0	Assumes 100% PCBs remains in fish.	0.2	Assumes 20% PCBs in fish is lost through cooking.	
	FS	Fraction from Source	unitless	1	Assumes 100% fish ingested is from Upper Hudson.	1	Assumes 100% fish ingested is from Upper Hudson.	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	365	Fish ingestion rate already averaged over one year.	365	Fish ingestion rate already averaged over one year.	
	ED	Exposure Duration (Cancer)	years	40	95th percentile value, based on 1991 NY Angler and 1990 US Census data.	12	50th percentile value, based on 1991 NY Angler and 1990 US Census data.	
	ED	Exposure Duration (Noncancer)	years	7	see text	12	50th percentile value, based on 1991 NY Angler and 1990 US Census data.	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/g	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,555	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

\*\* Species-weighted PCB concentration averaged over river location.

### TABLE 2-13 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER SEDIMENT - Adult Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Sediment Exposure Medium: Sediment Exposure Point: Banks of Upper Hudson Receptor Population: Recreator Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
Ū	IR <sub>sediment</sub>	Ingestion Rate of Sediment	mg/day	50	Mean adult soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	50	Mean adult soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x IR <sub>sediment</sub> x FS x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	FS	Fraction from Source	unitless	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approximately 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	23	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	5	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	8,395	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,825	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	
Dermal	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	DA	Dermal Absorption	unitless	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x DA x AF x SA x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	AF	Adherance Factor	mg/cm²	0.3	50% value for adult (reed gatherer) : hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	0.3	50% value for adult (reed gatherer) : hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	
	SA	Surface Area	cm²/event	6,073	Ave male/female 50th percentile: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	6,073	Ave male/female 50th percentile: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	event/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	23	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	5	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	8,395	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,825	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

### TABLE 2-14 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER SEDIMENT - Adolescent Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Sediment Exposure Medium: Sediment Exposure Point: Banks of Upper Hudson Receptor Population: Recreator Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Ingestion	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
-	IR <sub>sediment</sub>	Ingestion Rate of Sediment	mg/day	50	Mean soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	50	Mean soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x IR <sub>sediment</sub> x FS x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	FS	Fraction from Source	unitless	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	39	3 days/week, 3 months/yr	20	Approximately 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	12	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	
Dermal	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	DA	Dermal Absorption	unitless	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x DA x AF x SA x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/A <sup>*</sup>
	AF	Adherance Factor	mg/cm²	0.25	Midpoint of adult and child AF: Hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	0.25	Midpoint of adult and child AF: Hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	
	SA	Surface Area	cm²/event	4,263	Ave male/female 50th percentile age 12: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	4,263	Ave male/female 50th percentile age 12: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	event/year	39	3 days/week, 3 months/yr	20	Approximately 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	12	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

### TABLE 2-15 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER SEDIMENT - Child Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: Sediment Exposure Medium: Sediment Exposure Point: Banks of Upper Hudson Receptor Population: Recreator Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/	CT Value	CT Rationale/	Intake Equation/ Model Name
	Code			value	Reference	value	Rationale/ Reference	Model Name
Ingestion	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>sediment</sub>	Ingestion Rate of Sediment	mg/day	100	Mean child soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	100	Mean child soil ingestion rate (USEPA, 1997f).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x IR <sub>sediment</sub> x FS x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	FS	Fraction from Source	unitless	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	1	Assumes 100% sediment exposure is from Upper Hudson.	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,190	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	
Dermal	C <sub>sediment</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Sediment	mg/kg	28.7	See Table 2-9	14.9	See Table 2-9	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	DA	Dermal Absorption	unitless	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	0.14	Based on absorption of PCBs from soil in monkeys (Wester, 1993).	C <sub>sediment</sub> x DA x AF x SA x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	AF	Adherance Factor	mg/cm²	0.2	50% value for children (moist soil) : hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	0.2	50% value for children (moist soil) : hands, lower legs, forearms, and face (USEPA, 1999f).	
	SA	Surface Area	cm²/event	2,792	50th percentile ave for male/female child age 6: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	2,792	50th percentile ave for male/female child age 6: hands, lower legs, forearms, feet, and face (USEPA, 1997f).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	event/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	kg/mg	1.00E-06		1.00E-06		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,190	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-16 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER WATER - Adult Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: River Water

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Dermal	C <sub>water</sub>	Chemical Concentration in River Water	mg/L	3.1E-05	See Table 2-10	2.4E-05	See Table 2-10	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	Кр	Dermal Permeability Constant (for PCBs)	cm/hour	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	$C_{water} x Kp x SA x DE x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT$
	SA	Surface Area	cm²	18,150	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	18,150	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	
	DE	Dermal Exposure Time	hours/day	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	23	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	5	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	L/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	8,395	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,825	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-17 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER WATER - Adolescent Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: River Water

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Dermal	C <sub>water</sub>	Chemical Concentration in River Water	mg/L	3.1E-05	See Table 2-10	2.4E-05	See Table 2-10	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	Кр	Dermal Permeability Constant (for PCBs)	cm/hour	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	$C_{water} x Kp x SA x DE x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT$
	SA	Surface Area	cm²	13,100	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	13,100	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	
	DE	Dermal Exposure Time	hours/day	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	39	3 days/week, 3 months/yr	20	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	12	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	L/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-18 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER WATER - Child Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: River Water

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Dermal	C <sub>water</sub>	Chemical Concentration in River Water	mg/L	3.1E-05	See Table 2-10	2.4E-05	See Table 2-10	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	Кр	Dermal Permeability Constant (for PCBs)	cm/hour	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	0.48	Hexachlorobiphenyl (USEPA, 1999f)	$C_{water} \ge Kp \ge SA \ge DE \ge EF \ge ED \ge CF \ge 1/BW \ge 1/AT$
	SA	Surface Area	Cm <sup>2</sup>	6,880	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	6,880	Full body contact (USEPA, 1997f)	
	DE	Dermal Exposure Time	hours/day	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	2.6	National average for swimming (USEPA, 1989b).	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	L/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,190	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-19 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Adult Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	C <sub>air</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/hour	1.6	Mean inhalation rate for adults during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	1.6	Mean inhalation rate for adults during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	$C_{air} \times IR_{air} \times DE \times EF \times ED \times CF \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	DE	Duration of Event	hours/day	4	Site-specific assumption	4	Site-specific assumption	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	23	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	5	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	8,395	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,825	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-20 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Adolescent Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	Cair	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/hour	1.6	Mean inhalation rate for adults during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	1.6	Mean inhalation rate for adults during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	$C_{air} \times IR_{air} \times DE \times EF \times ED \times CF \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	DE	Duration of Event	hours/day	4	Site-specific assumption	4	Site-specific assumption	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	39	3 days/week, 3 months/yr	20	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	12	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-21 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Child Recreator

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Recreator

Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	C <sub>air</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/hour	1.2	Mean inhalation rate for children during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	1.2	Mean inhalation rate for children during short-term, moderate activities (USEPA, 1997f).	$C_{air} \times IR_{air} \times DE \times EF \times ED \times CF \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	DE	Duration of Event	hours/day	4	Site-specific assumption	4	Site-specific assumption	
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	13	1 day/week, 3 months/yr	7	Approx. 50% of RME	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,190	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-22 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Adult Resident

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future

Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Resident

Receptor Age: Adult

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	C <sub>air</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/day	20	RME inhalation rate (USEPA, 1991b).	20	RME inhalation rate (USEPA, 1991b).	C <sub>air</sub> x IR <sub>air</sub> x EF x ED x CF x 1/BW x 1/AT
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	USEPA (1991b)	350	USEPA (1991b)	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	23	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	5	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	70	Mean adult body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	8,395	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,825	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-23 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Adolescent Resident

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Resident

Receptor Age: Adolescent

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	C <sub>air</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/day	13.5	Mean long-term inhalation rate for adolescents, aged 12-14 (USEPA, 1997f).	13.5	Mean long-term inhalation rate for adolescents, aged 12-14 (USEPA, 1997f).	$C_{air} \times IR_{air} \times EF \times ED \times CF \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	USEPA (1991b)	350	USEPA (1991b)	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	12	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	43	Mean adolescent body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	4,380	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	

# TABLE 2-24 VALUES USED FOR DAILY INTAKE CALCULATIONS UPPER HUDSON RIVER AIR - Child Resident

Scenario Timeframe: Current/Future Medium: River Water

Exposure Medium: Outdoor Air

Exposure Point: Upper Hudson River -- Volatilized PCBs

Receptor Population: Resident

Receptor Age: Child

Exposure Route	Parameter Code	Parameter Definition	Units	RME Value	RME Rationale/ Reference	CT Value	CT Rationale/ Reference	Intake Equation/ Model Name
Inhalation	C <sub>air</sub>	Chemical Concentration in Air	µg/m³	1.7E-02	See Table 2-11	1.0E-03	See Table 2-11	Average Daily Intake (mg/kg-day) =
	IR <sub>air</sub>	Inhalation Rate of Air	m³/day	8.3	Mean long-term inhalation rate for children aged 3-5 years (USEPA, 1997f).	8.3	Mean long-term inhalation rate for children aged 3-5 years (USEPA, 1997f).	$C_{air} \times IR_{air} \times EF \times ED \times CF \times 1/BW \times 1/AT$
	EF	Exposure Frequency	days/year	350	USEPA (1991b)	350	USEPA (1991b)	
	ED	Exposure Duration	years	6	derived from 95th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	3	derived from 50th percentile of residence duration in 5 Upper Hudson Counties (see text)	
	CF	Conversion Factor	mg/µg	1.00E-03		1.00E-03		
	BW	Body Weight	kg	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	15	Mean child body weight, males and females (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-C	Averaging Time (Cancer)	days	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	25,550	70-year lifetime exposure x 365 d/yr (USEPA, 1989b).	
	AT-NC	Averaging Time (Noncancer)	days	2,190	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	1,095	ED (years) x 365 days/year.	