September 9, 2008

Species regulated by title 9 CFR Parts 83.1 through 83.7, 93.900 and 93.910 through 93.916 (the Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia (VHS) Interim Rule)

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Veterinary Services (VS) has identified the following species as having originated in freshwater locations in the United States and/or Canada, and as having been infected by VHS virus under natural (i.e. non-experimental) conditions of exposure; and from which VHS virus has been isolated by cell culture, with confirmation of strain identity through molecular detection. Anadromous fish species that have migrated into freshwater and from which VHS strain type IV(a) is isolated are excluded from this definition.

For regulatory purposes, presence of the viral pathogen and clinical expression of disease caused by the virus are considered synonymous.

Black crappie Pomoxis nigromaculatus Bluegill Lepomis macrochirus Bluntnose minnow *Pimephales notatus* Amieurus nebulosus Brown bullhead Brown trout Salmo trutta Burbot Lota lota Channel catfish *Ictalurus punctatus* Oncorhynchus tshawytscha Chinook salmon Emerald shiner *Notropis atherinoides* Freshwater drum *Aplodinotus grunniens* Gizzard shad Dorosoma cepedianum Lake whitefish *Coregonus clupeaformis* Micropterus salmoides Largemouth bass Muskellunge *Esox masquinongy* Shorthead redhorse Moxostoma macrolepidotum Northern Pike Esox lucius Pumpkinseed Lepomis gibbosus Rainbow trout Oncorhynchus mykiss Ambloplites rupestris Rock bass Round goby Neogobius melanostomus Silver redhorse Moxostoma anisurum Smallmouth bass Micropterus dolomieu Spottail shiner Notropis hudsonius Trout-Perch Percopsis omiscomaycus Walleye Sander vitreus White bass Morone chrysops White perch Morone americana Yellow perch Perca flavescens