

Figures

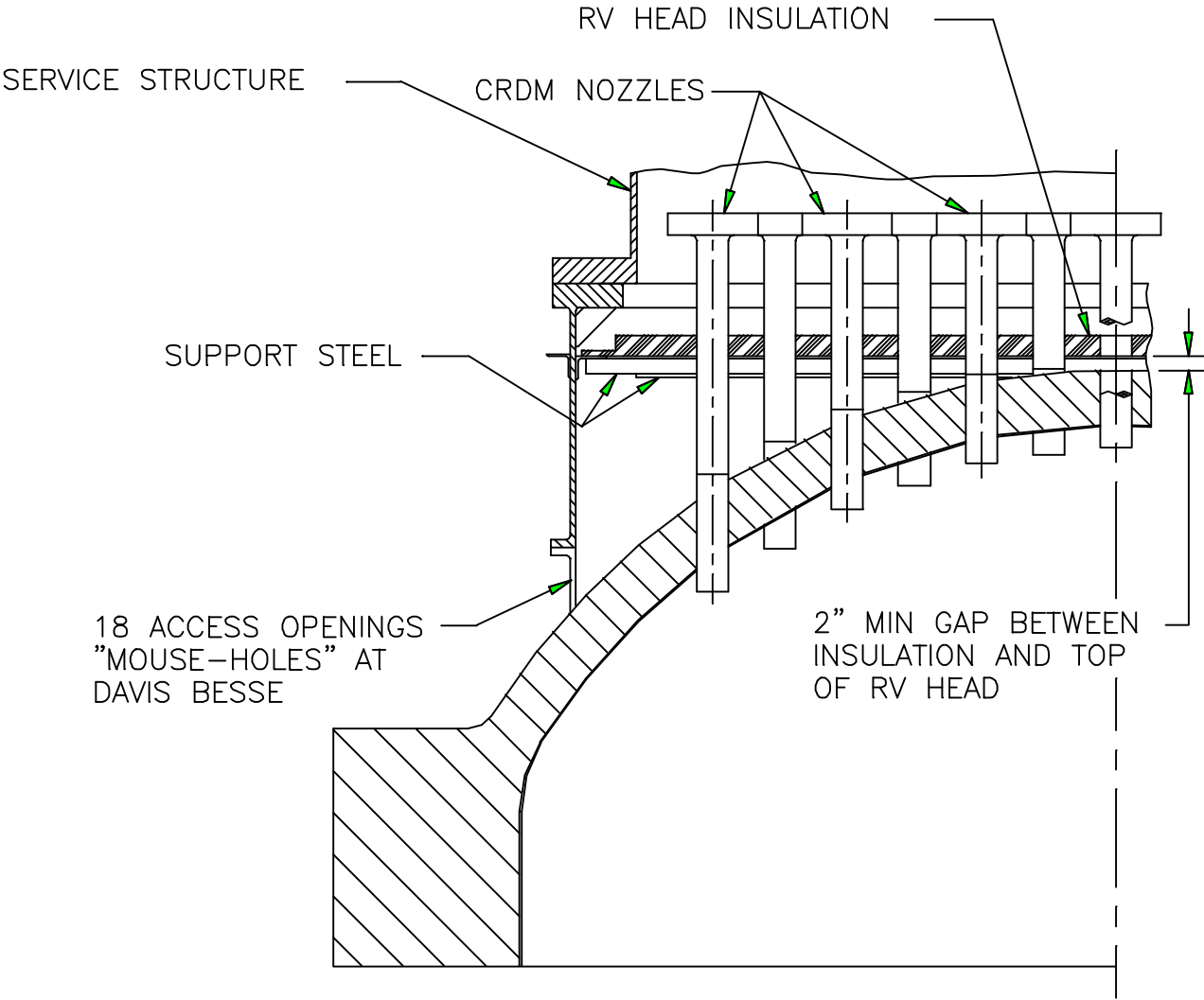


Figure 1. Davis-Besse RPV Top of Head Section View

Source: EPRI/DEI

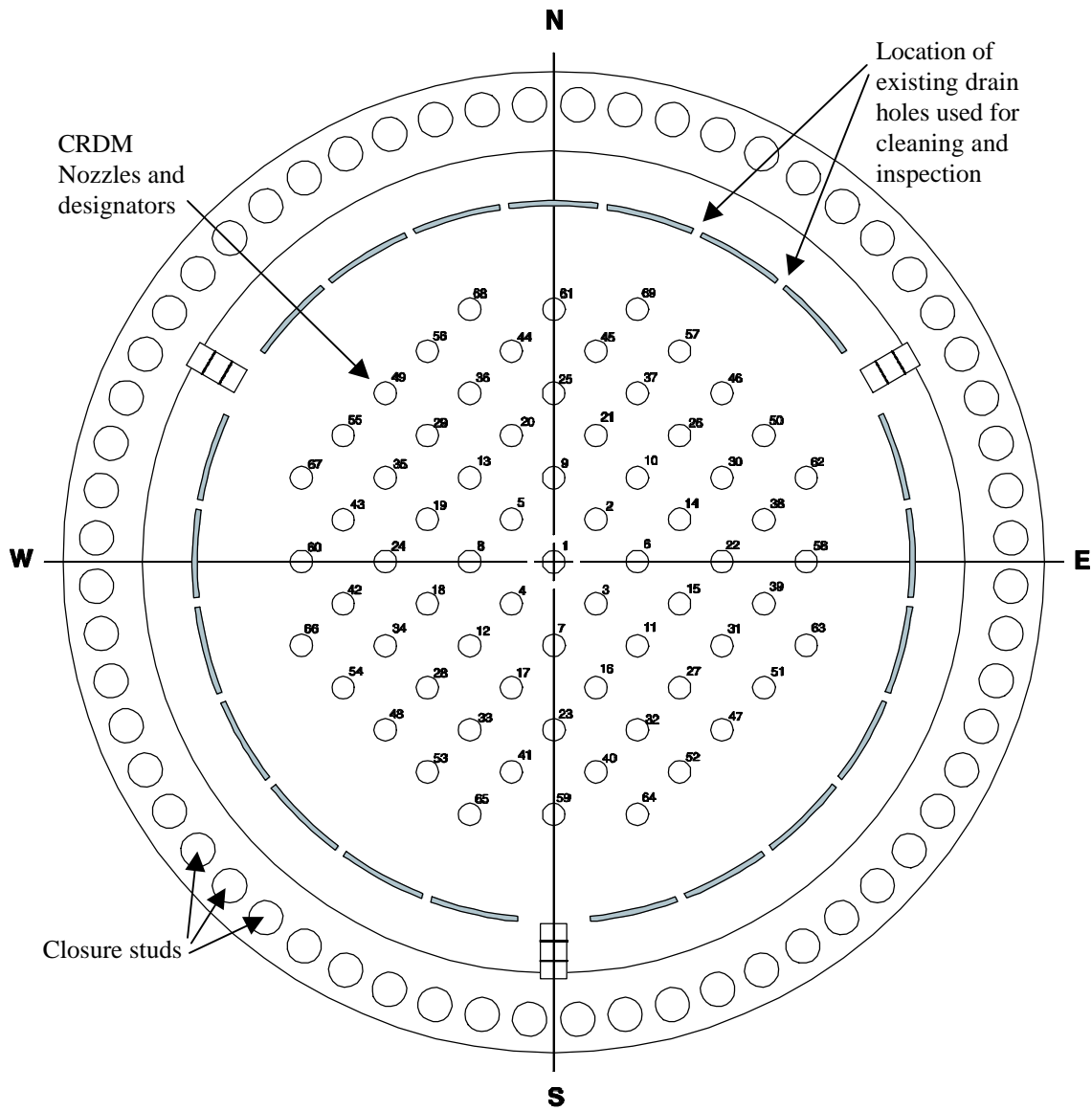


Figure 2. Davis-Besse RPV Top of Head Plan View

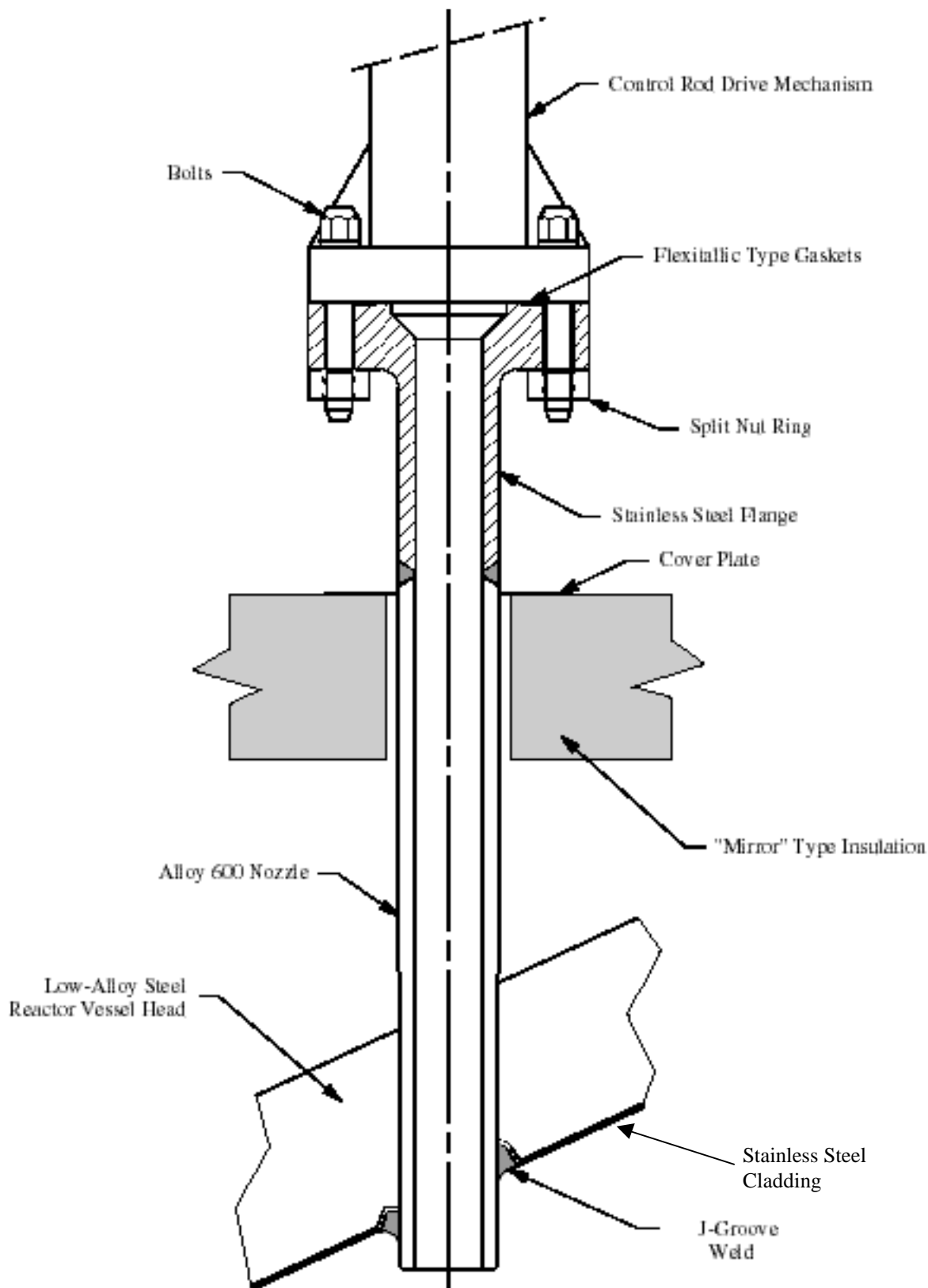


Figure 3. Davis-Besse CRDM Nozzle General Arrangement



Figure 4. Boric Acid and Iron Oxide on Vessel Flange at 12RFO

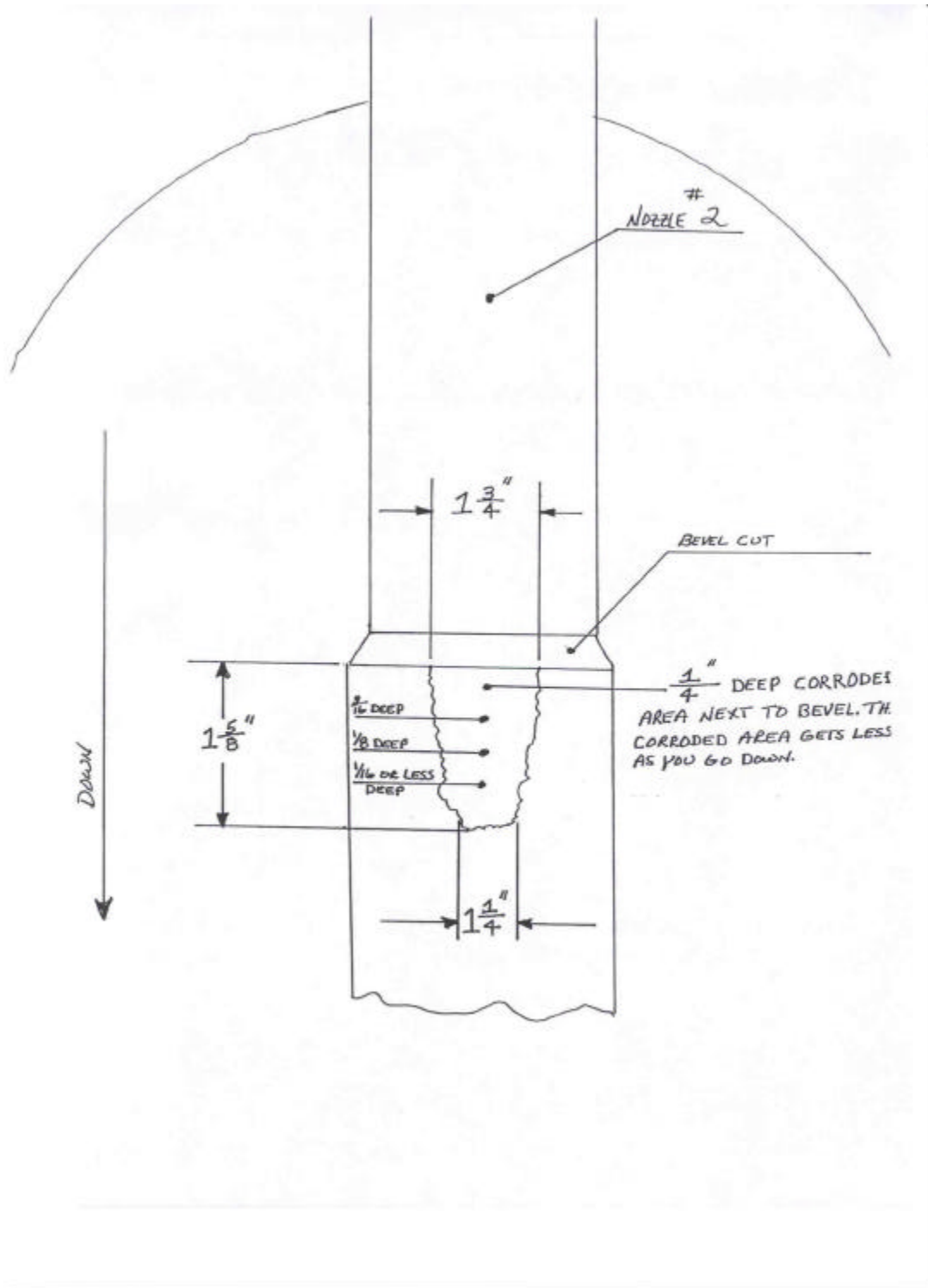


Figure 5. Corrosion at Nozzle 2 Drawing Side View

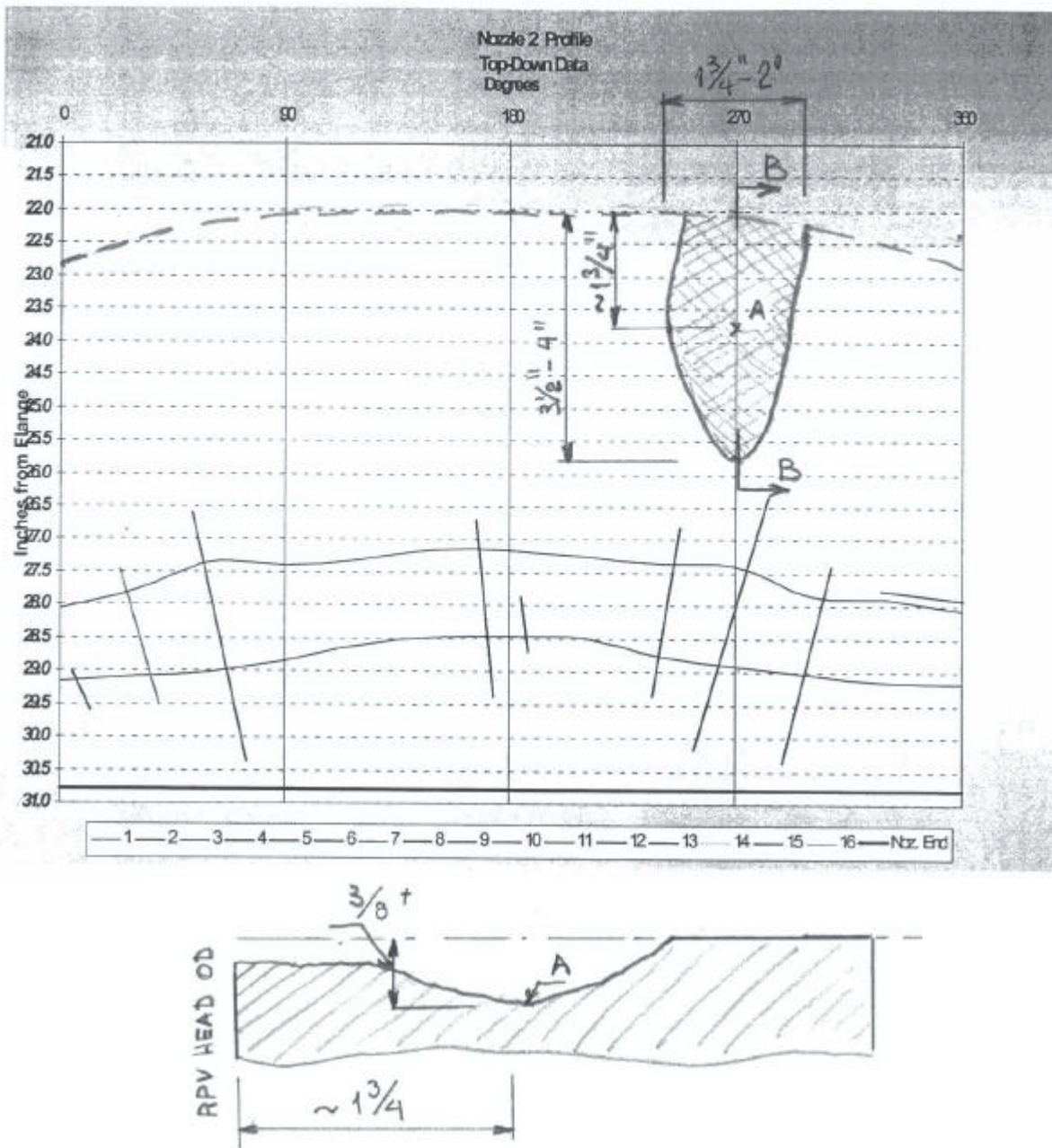


Figure 5a. Nozzle 2 Corrosion Area Location, Size, and Profile.



Figure 6. Cavity in Reactor Vessel Head Between Nozzle 3 and 11

Source: EPRI/DEI

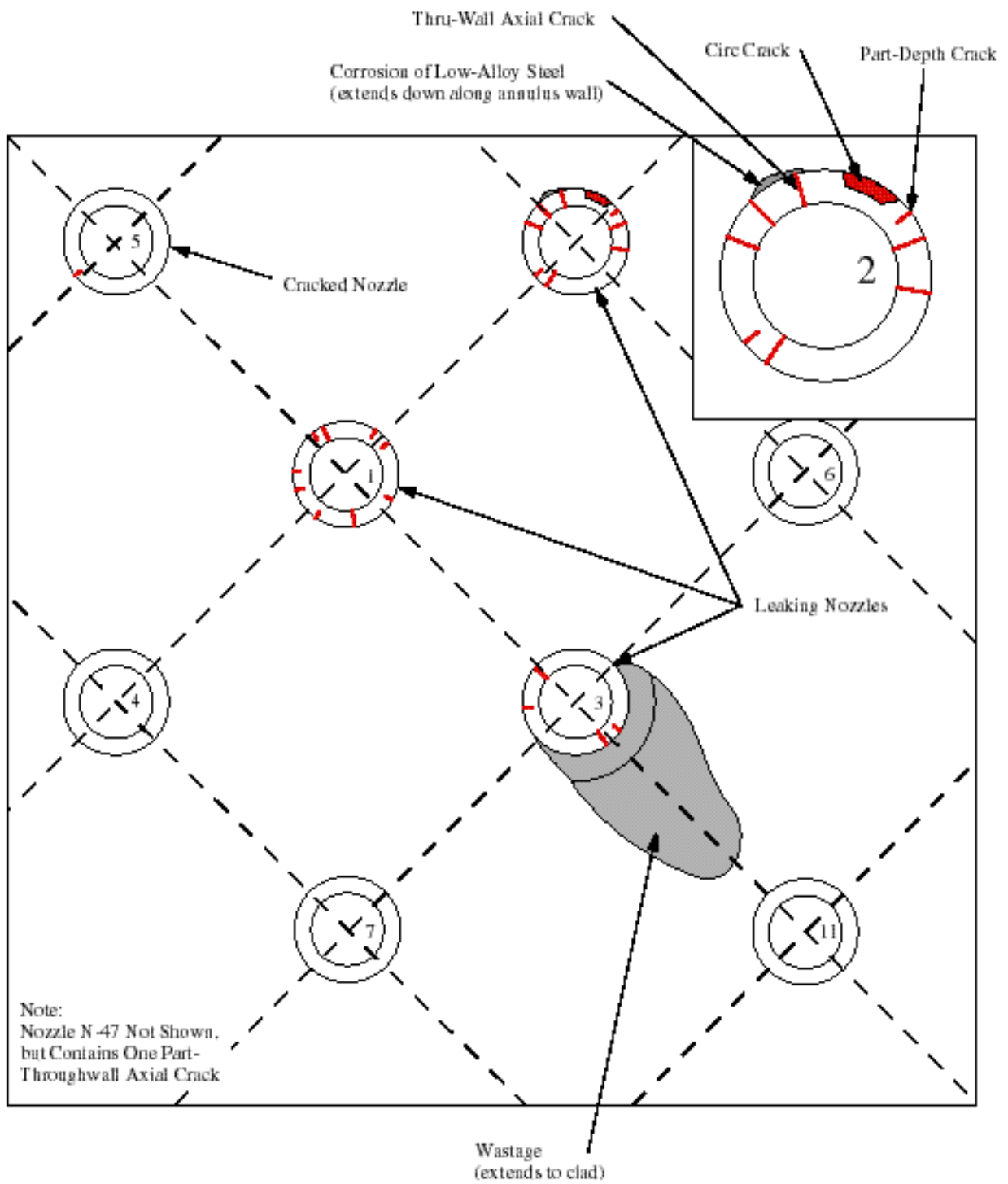


Figure 7. Locations of Cracks and Corrosion on Davis-Besse RPV Head at 13RFO

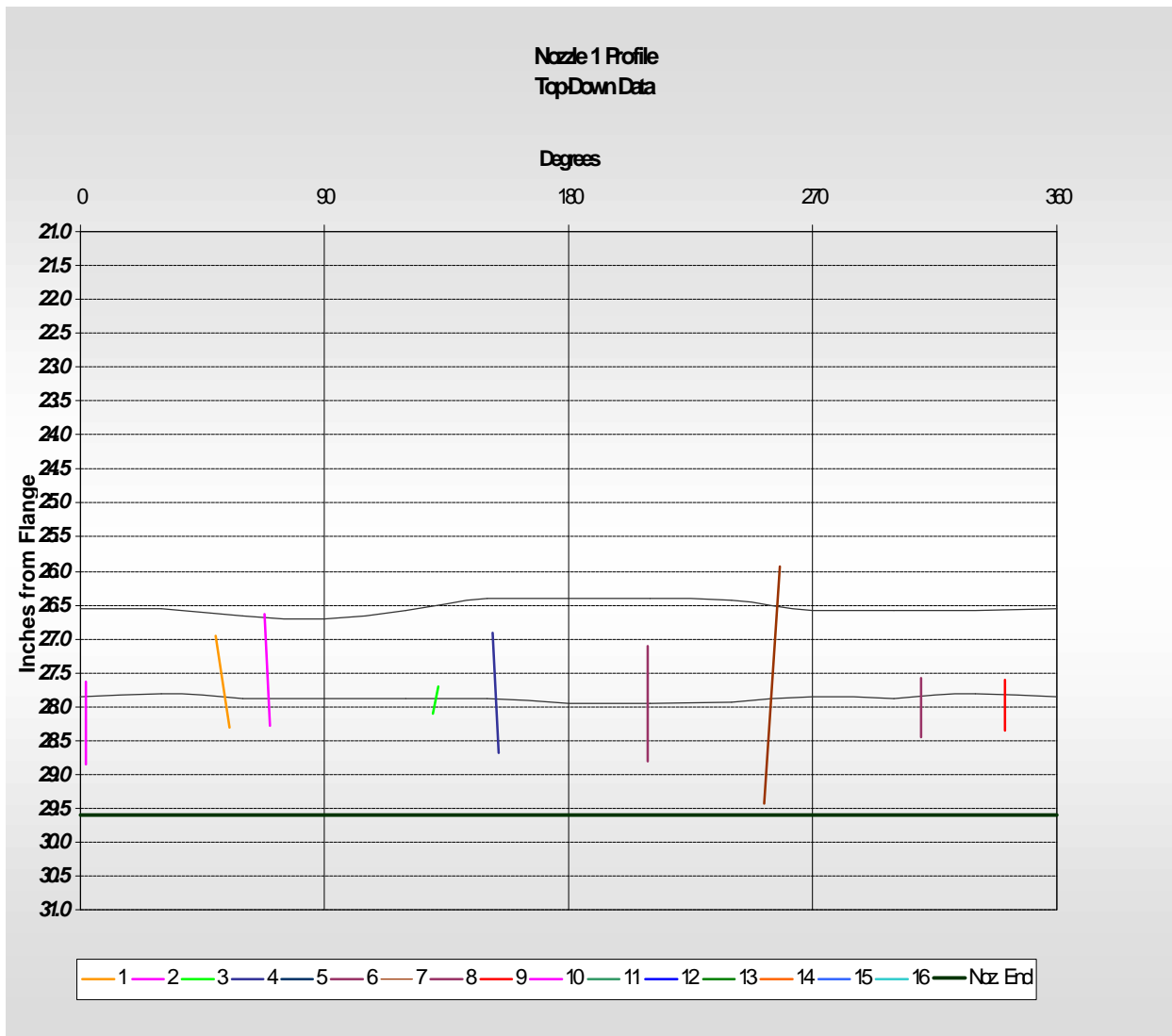


Figure 8. Nozzle 1 Crack Locations and Sizing

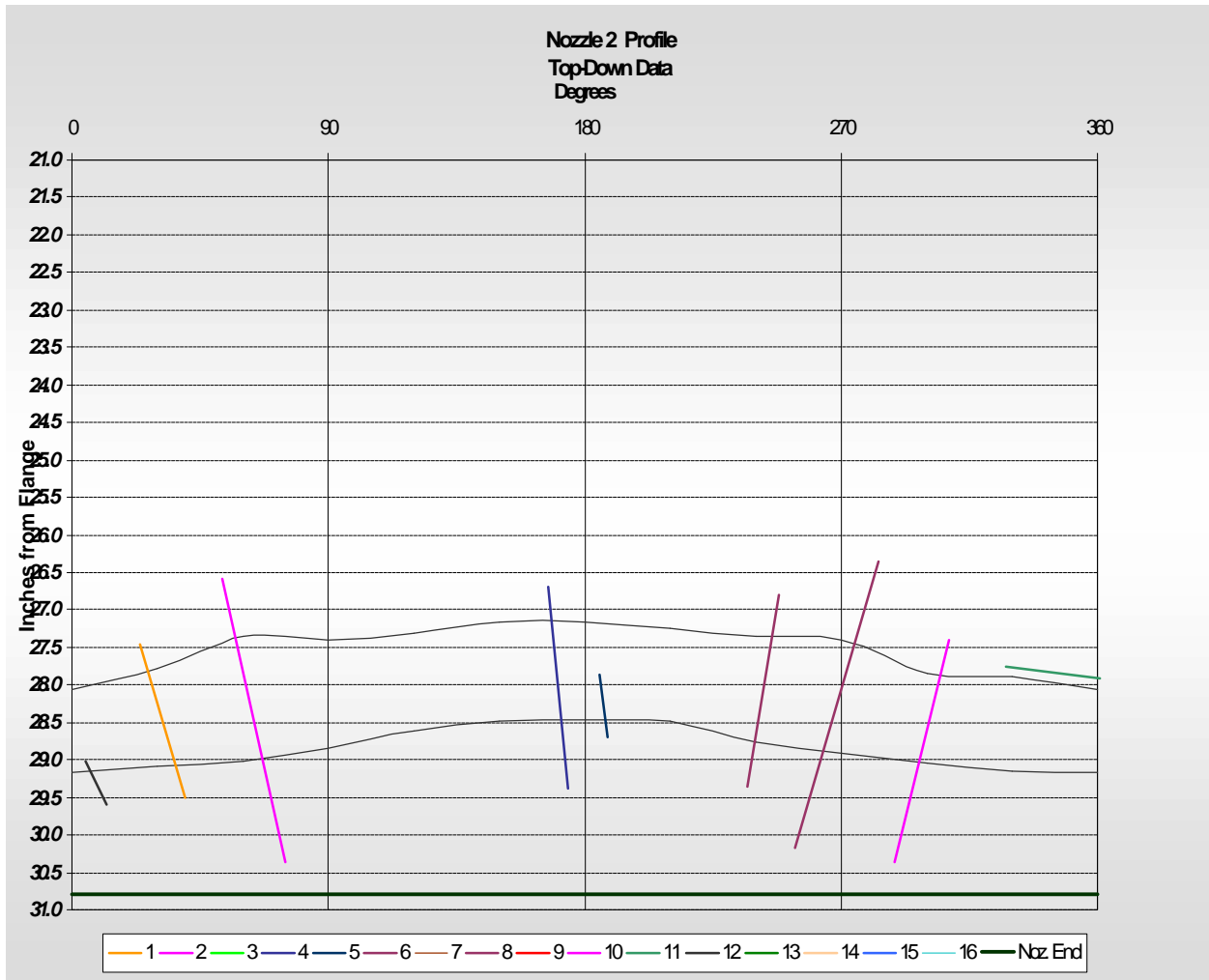


Figure 9. Nozzle 2 Crack Locations and Sizing

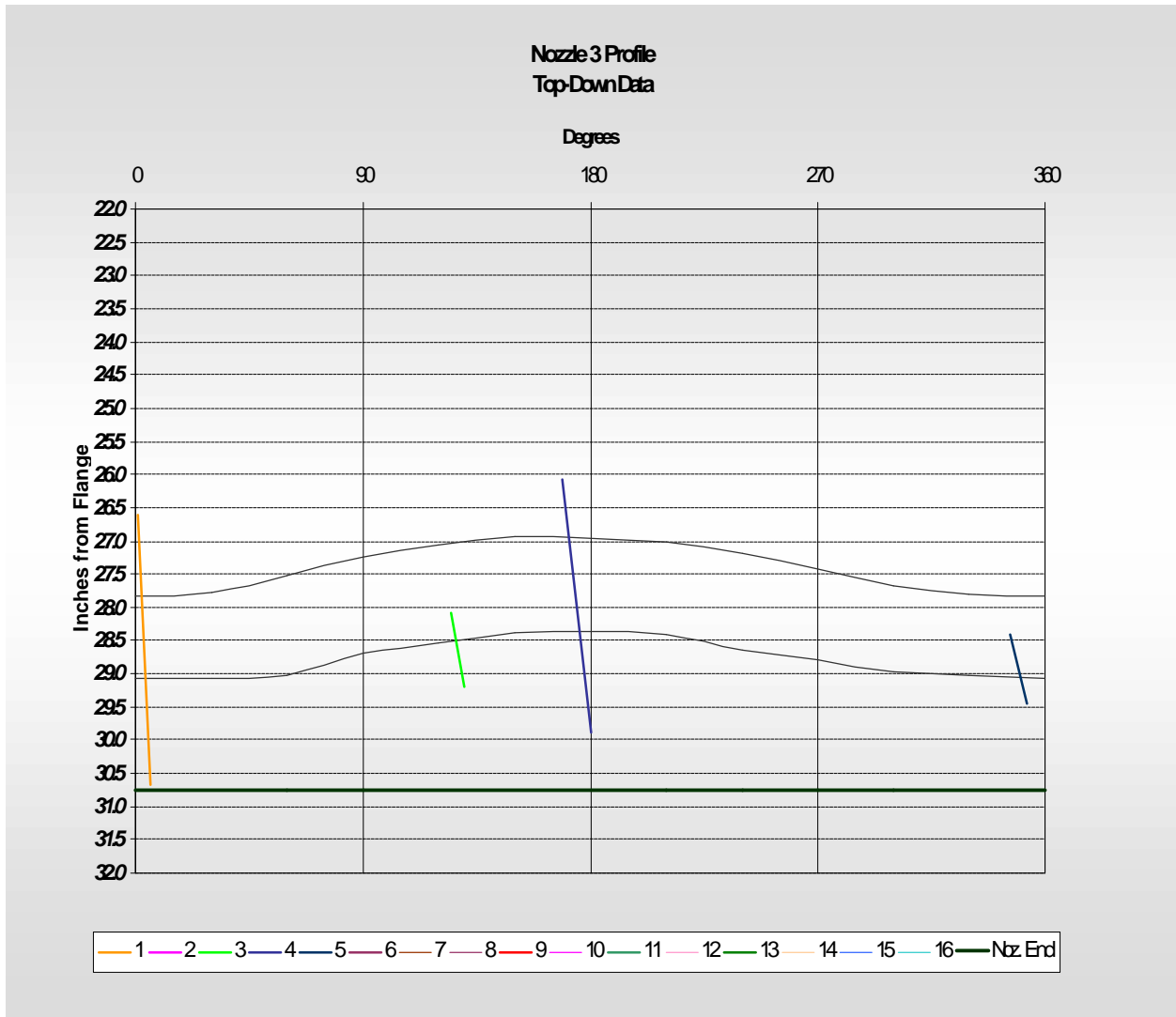


Figure 10. Nozzle 3 Crack Locations and Sizing

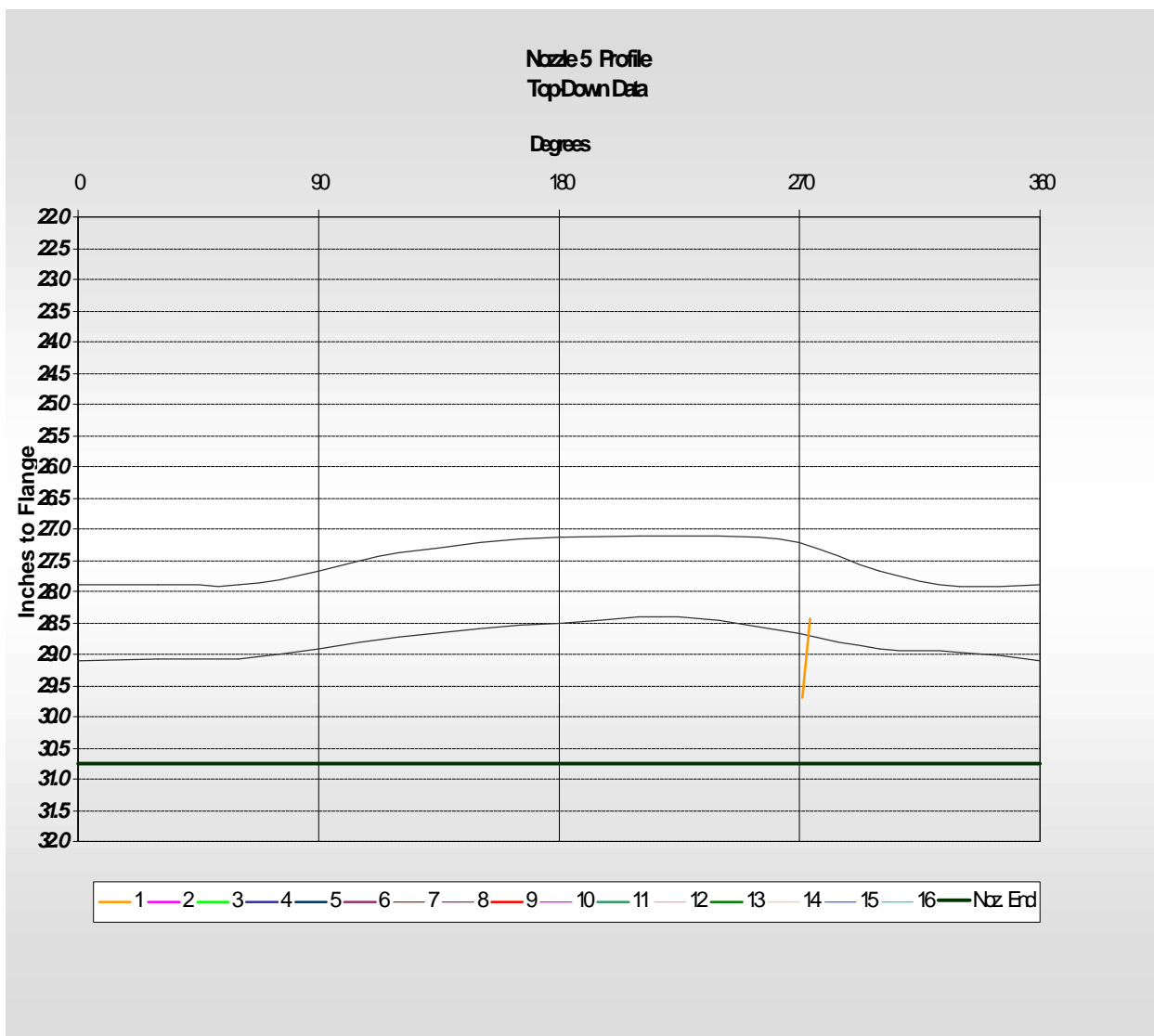


Figure 11. Nozzle 5 Crack Locations and Sizing

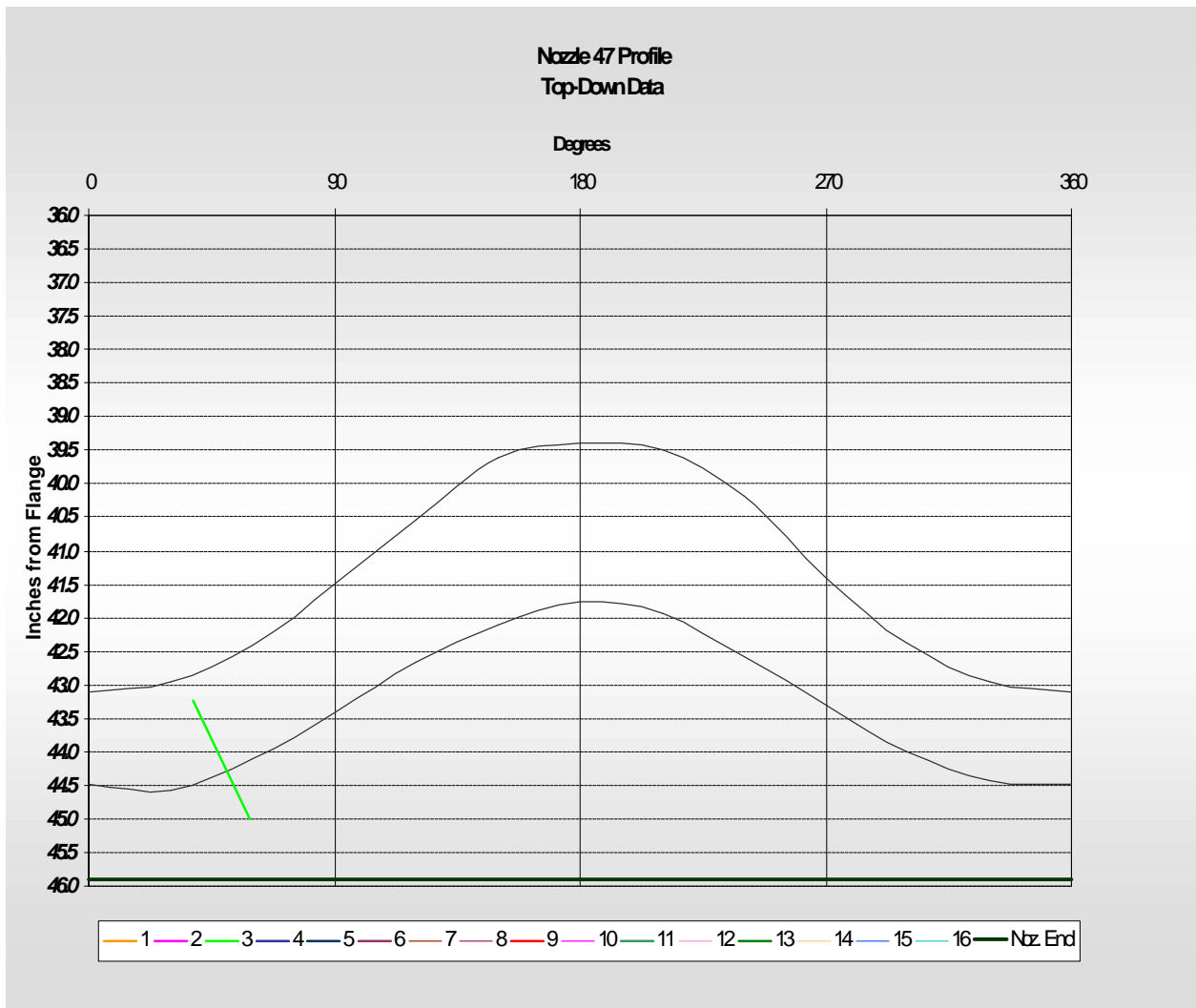


Figure 12. Nozzle 47 Crack Locations and Sizing

Source: EPR/DEI

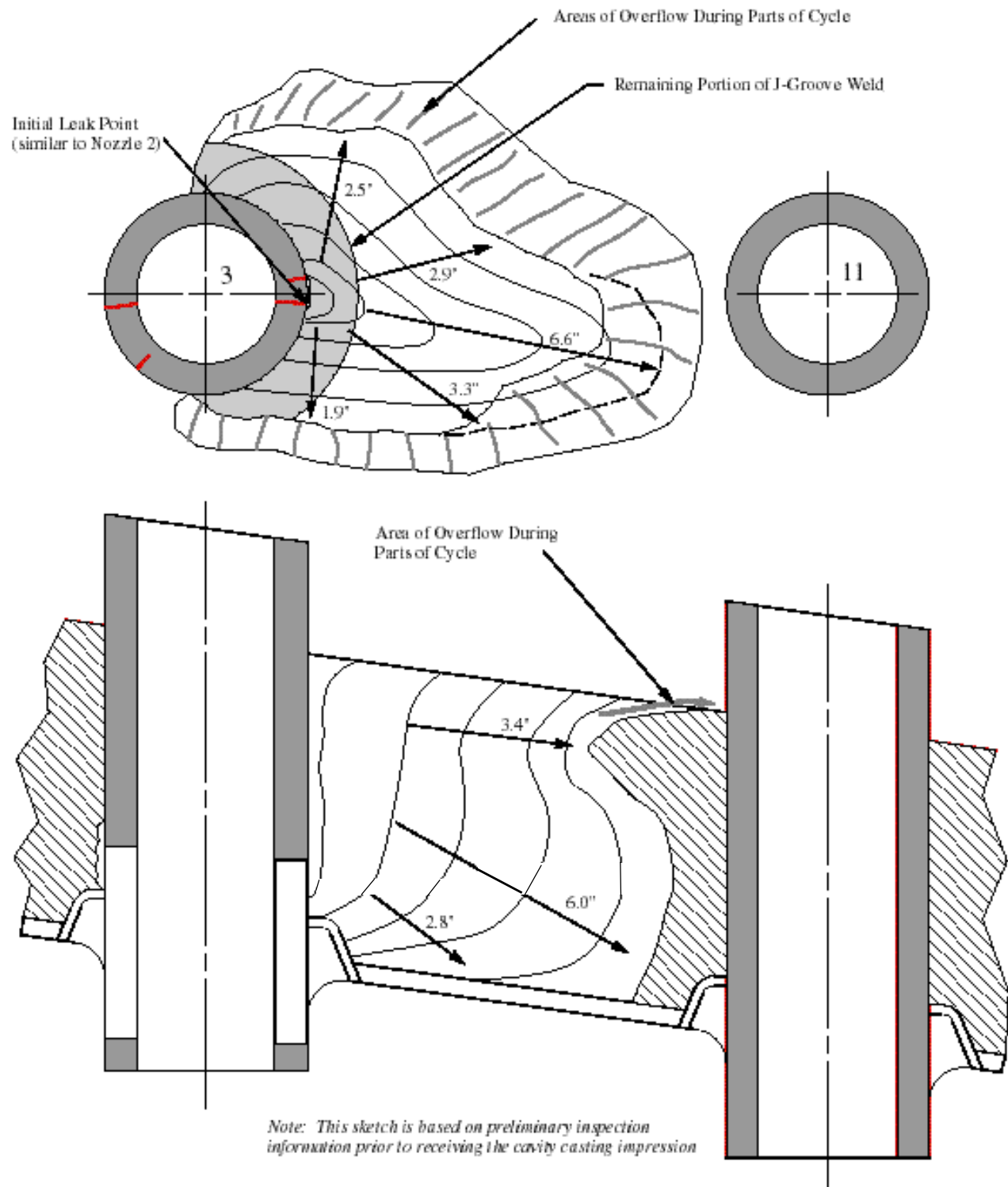


Figure 13. Characterization of Corrosion and Impingement at Nozzle N-3

DAVIS-BESSE RFO-13

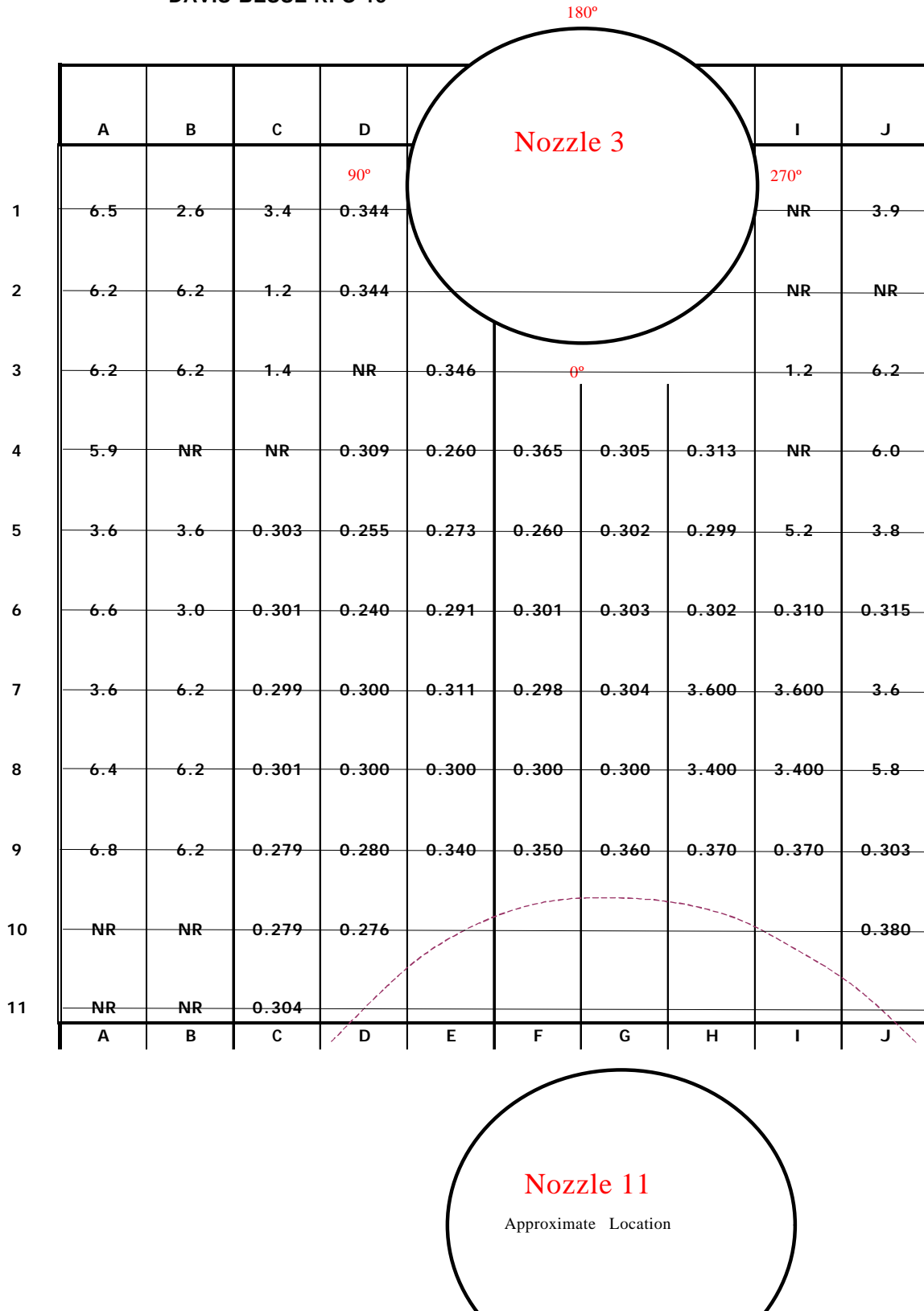


Figure 14. Nozzle 3 Clad Thickness Measurements

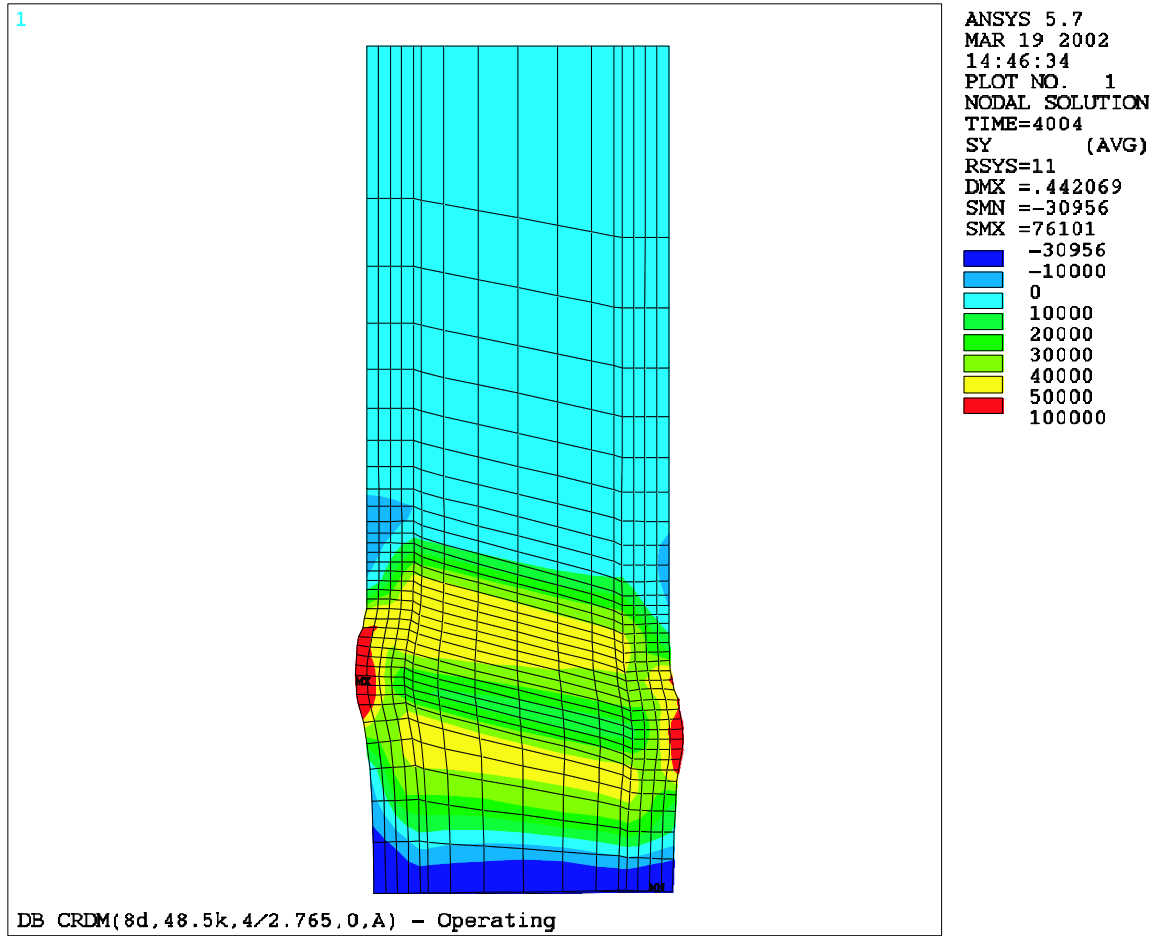


Figure 15. Hoop Stresses and Operating Condition Deflections in CRDM Nozzles 2-5

Source: EPRI/DEI

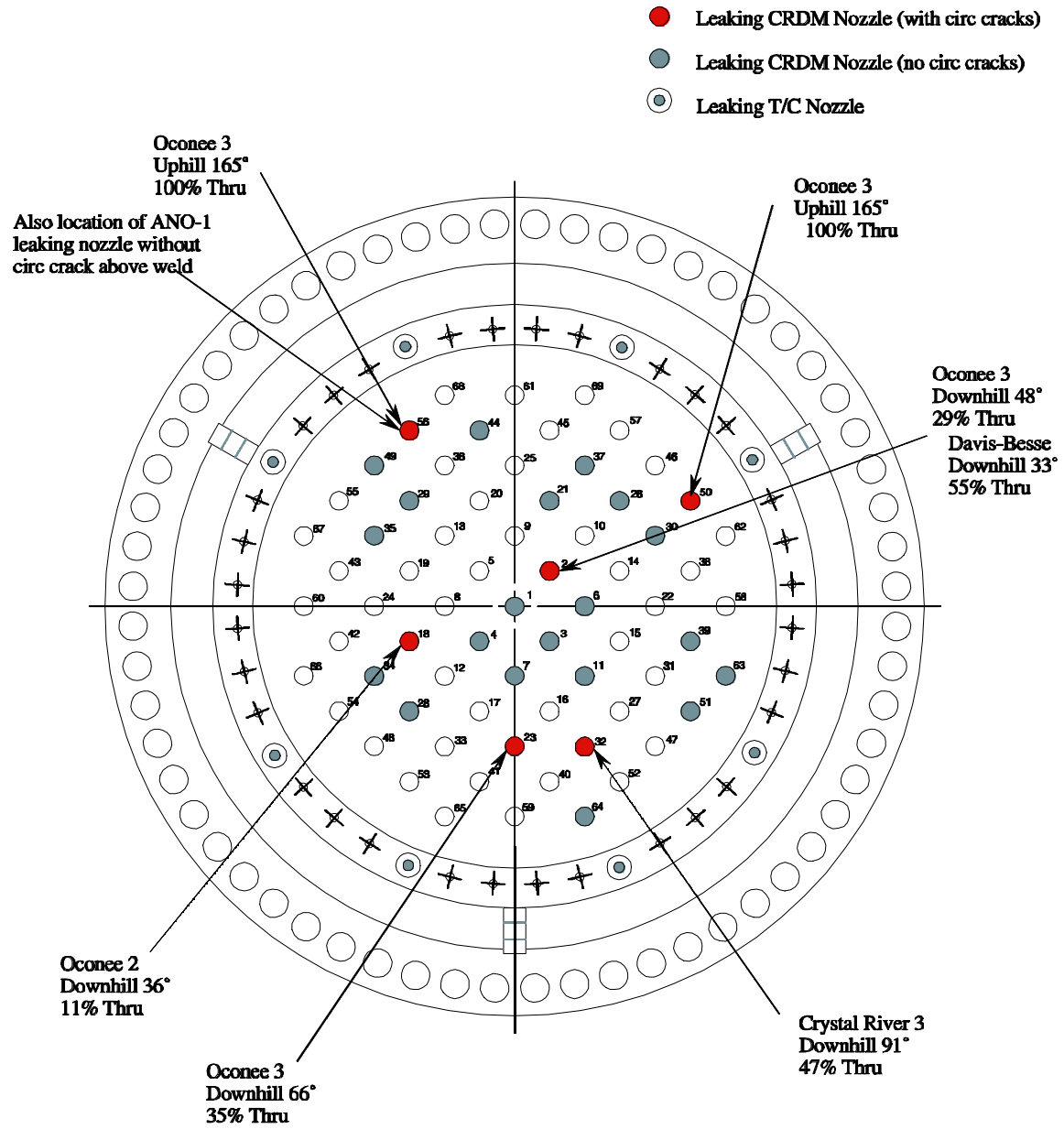


Figure 16. Location of Leaking Nozzles in B&W Design Plants

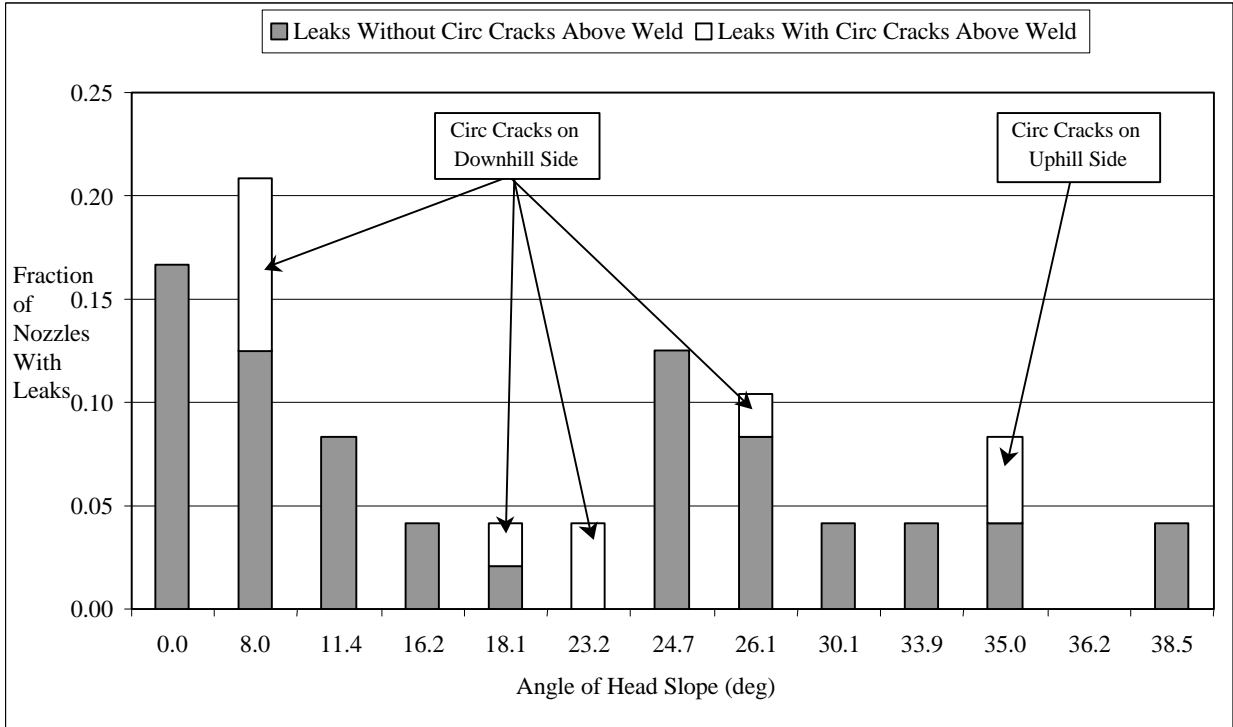


Figure 17. Distribution of Leaking Nozzles in B&W Design Plants



Figure 18. CRDM Nozzle Leakage Observed at Oconee 3

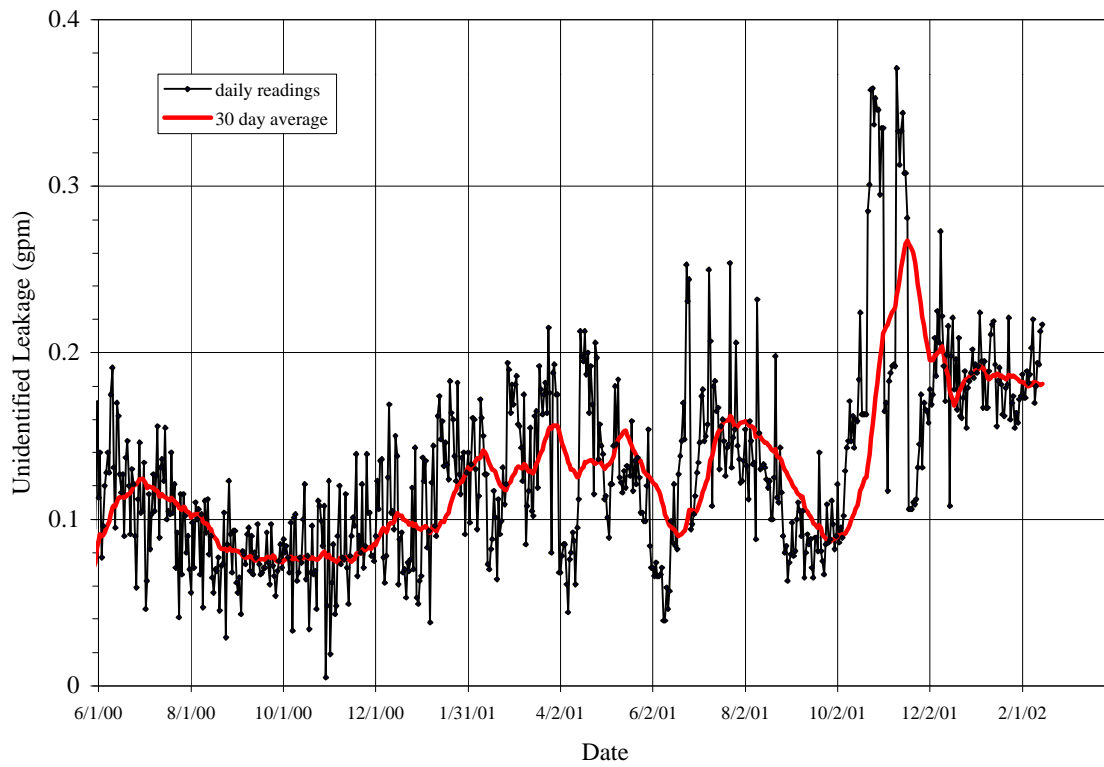


Figure 19. Unidentified Leak Rate at Davis-Besse (Cycle 13)

Source: EPRI/DEI

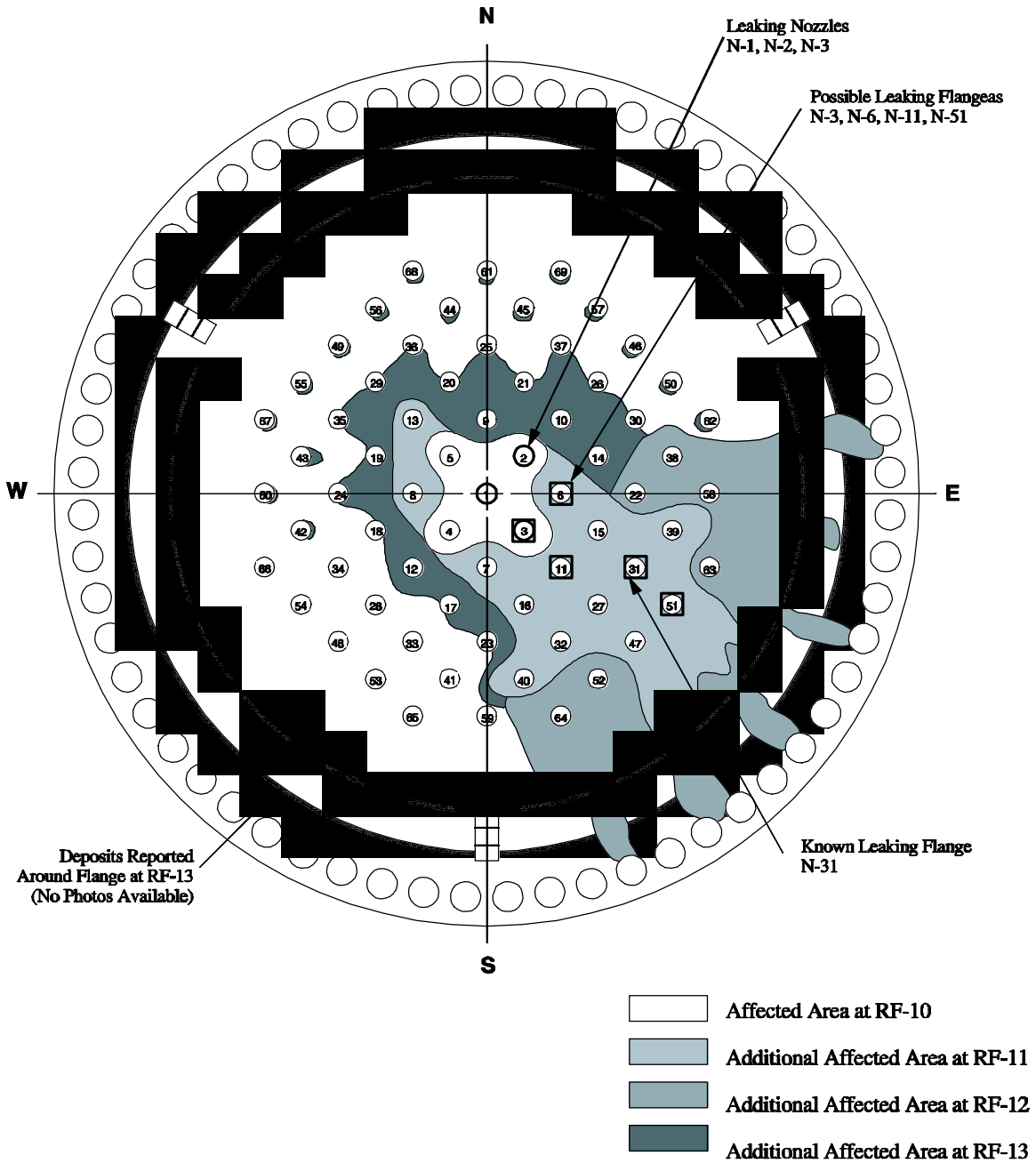


Figure 20. As Found Locations of Boric Acid Deposits on Davis-Besse Vessel Head (10RFO to 13RFO)

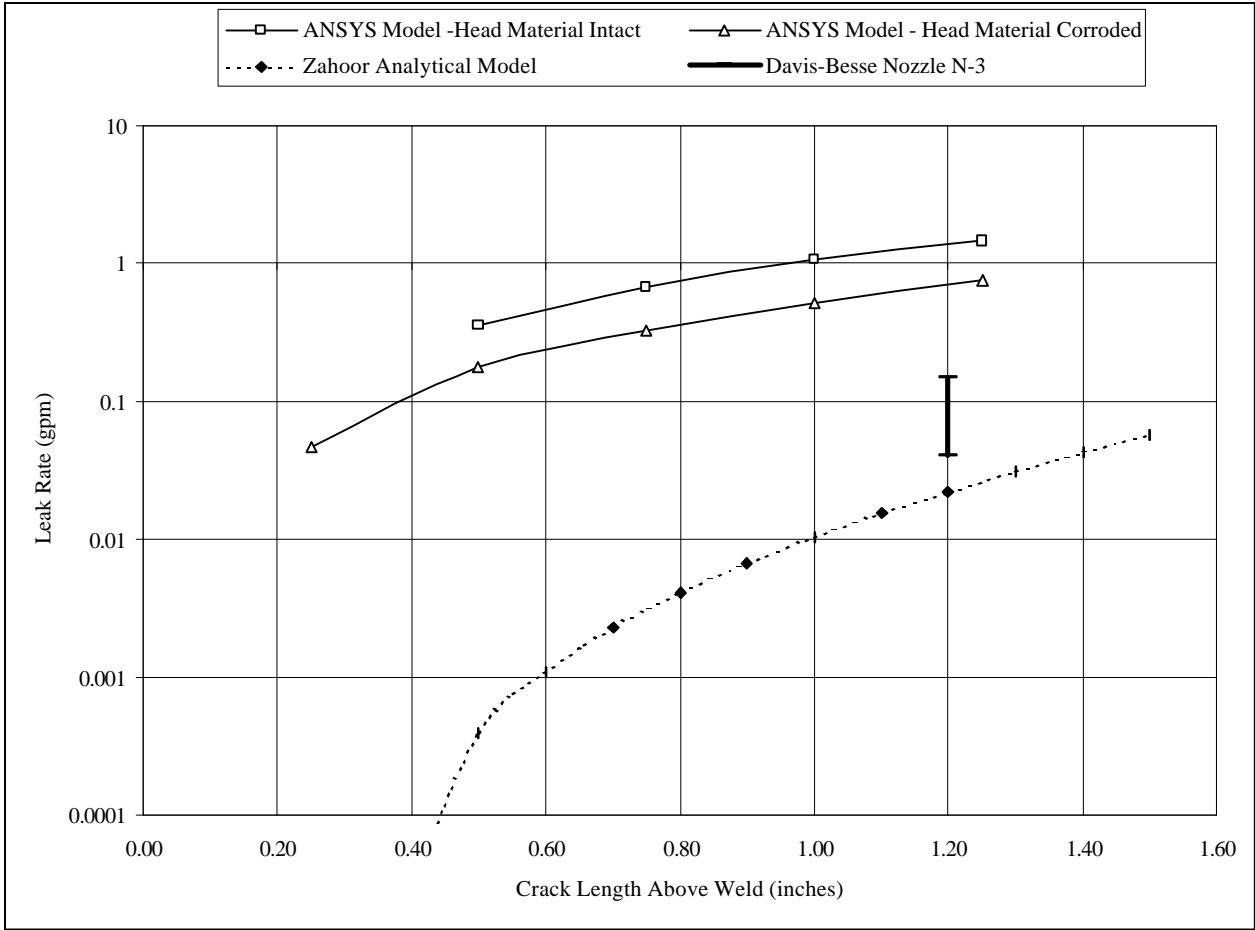
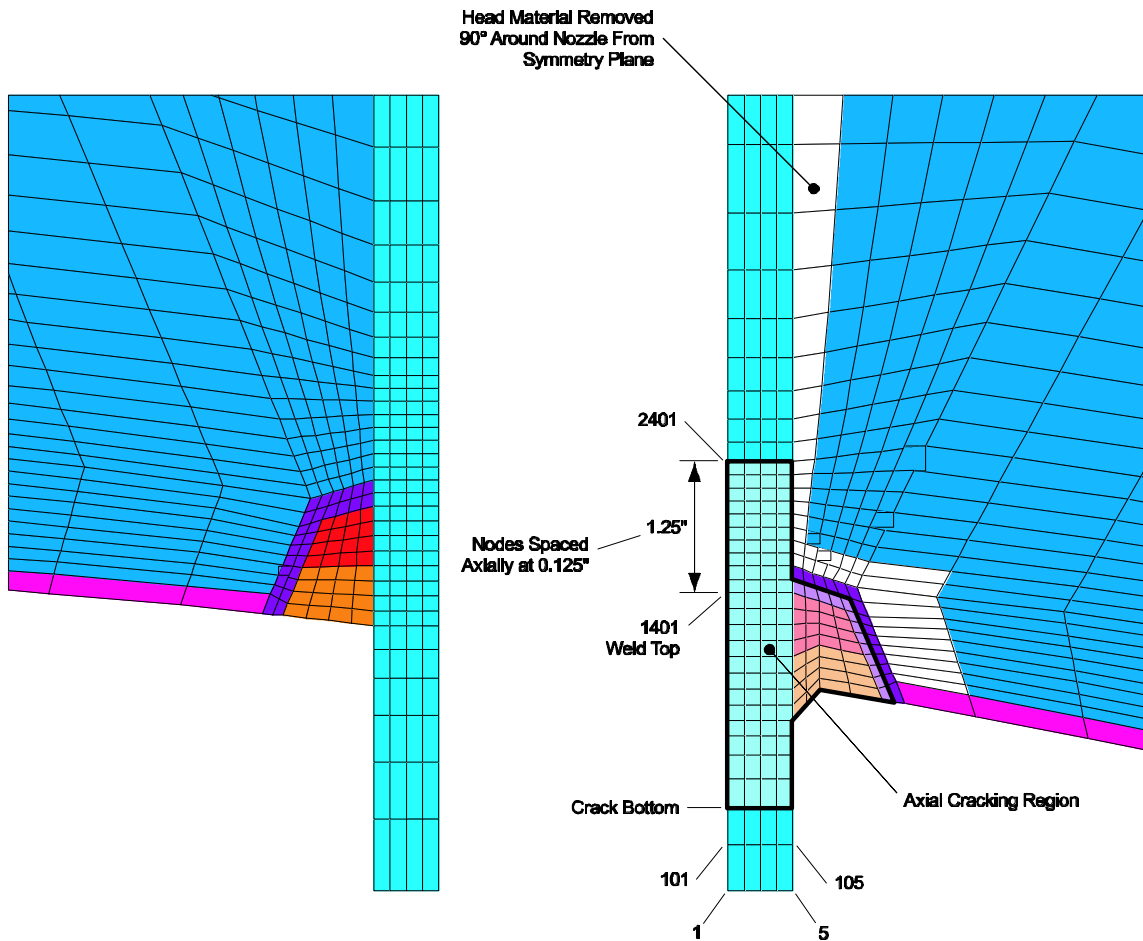


Figure 21. Nozzle Crack Leakage Rate Calculation Results



Downhill Plane Nodes are 0's Series
 Uphill Plane Nodes are 80,000's Series

Tube Node Series: 1's at Nozzle ID, 5's at Nozzle OD
 Shell Node Series: 5's at Shell ID (merged w/tube OD) in weld region
 6's at Shell ID above weld region
 15's at edge of shell section

Node Numbers Increase by 100 up the length of the tube and shell
 Node Numbers Increase by 1 along the tube and shell radius

Figure 22. Finite Element Model Boundary Conditions to Simulate Axial Crack

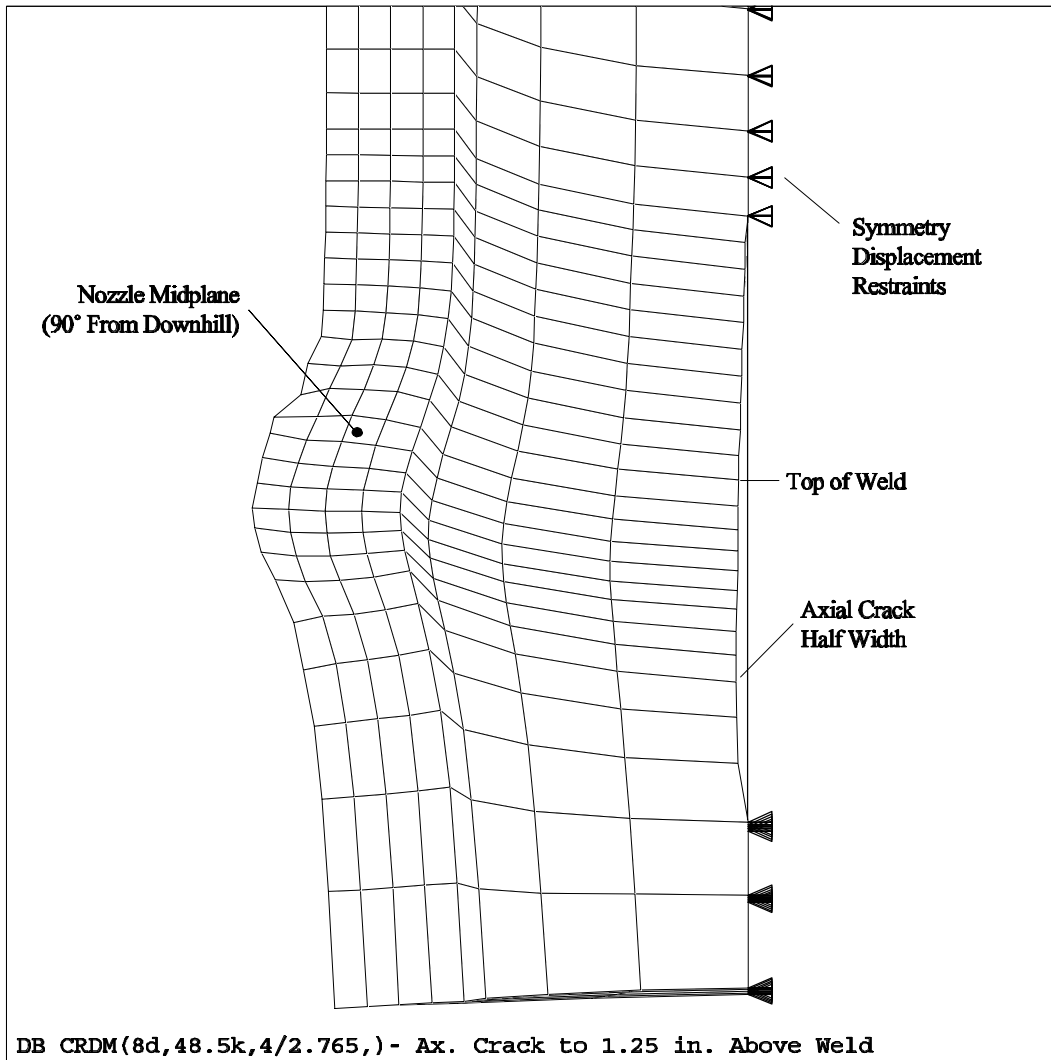


Figure 23. Crack Opening Displacement with the Crack Surface Nodes Released

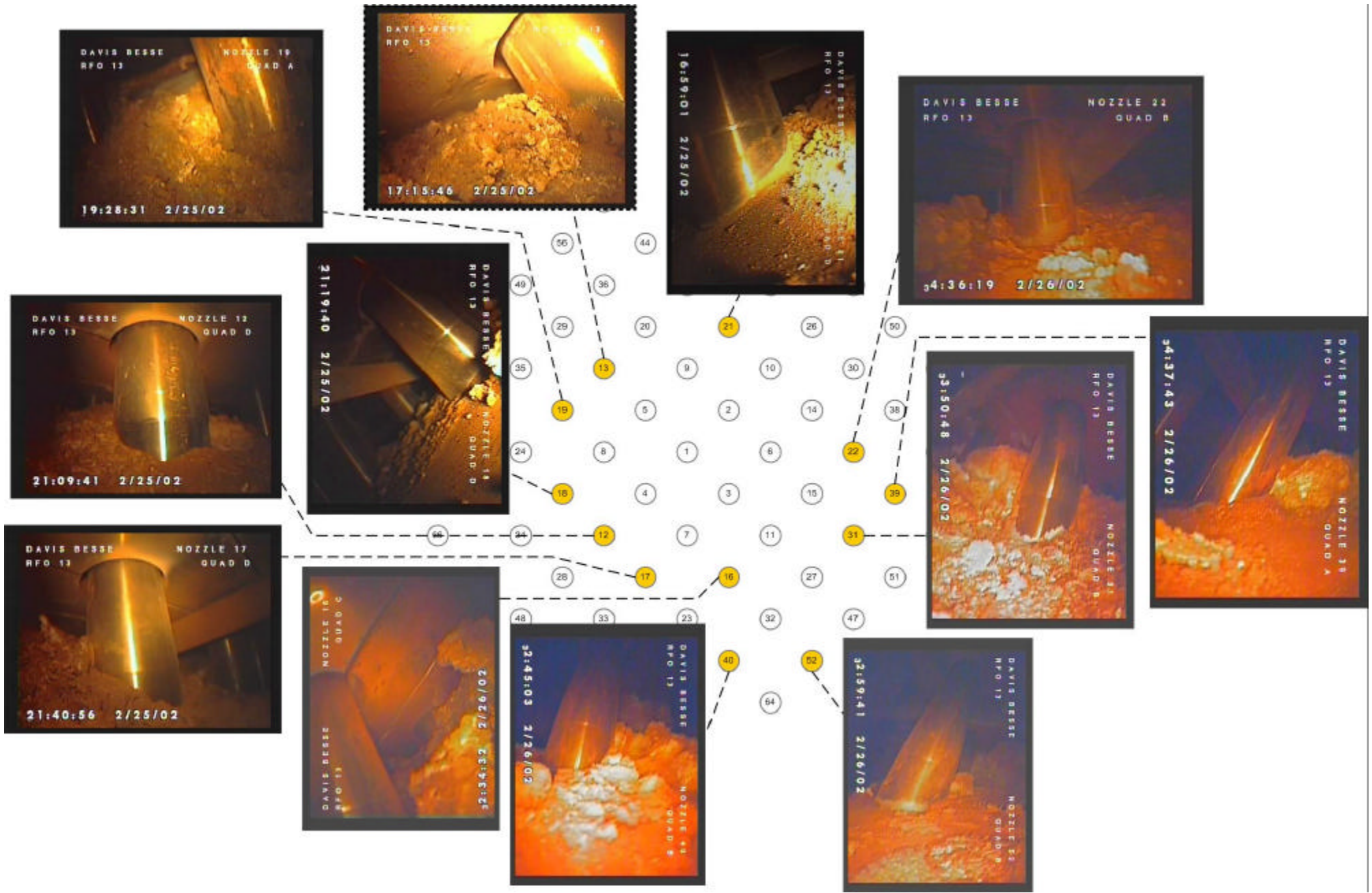


Figure 24. Boric Acid Deposits on Top of Head at Start of 13 RFO

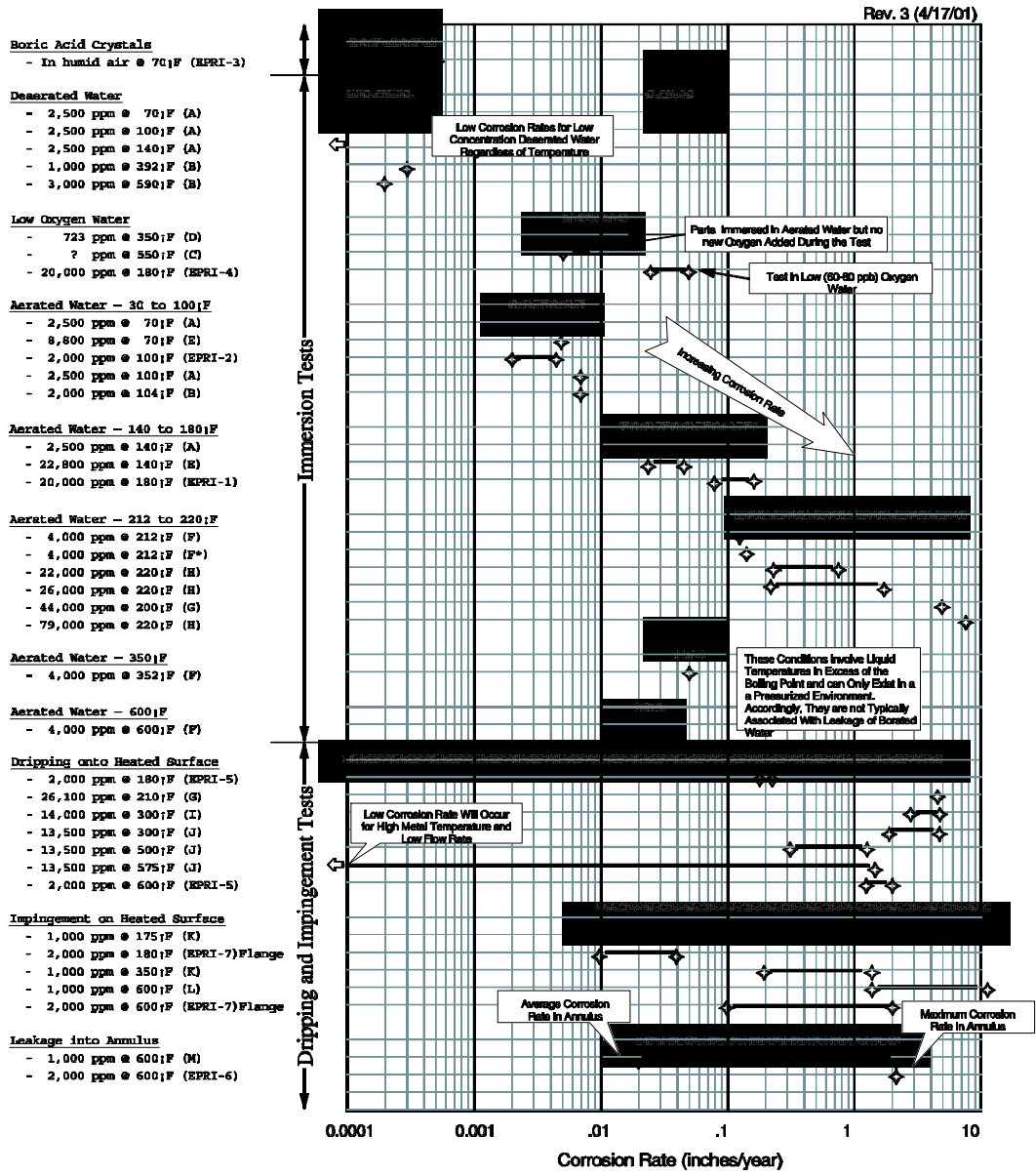


Figure 25. Corrosion Rate for EPRI Experiments

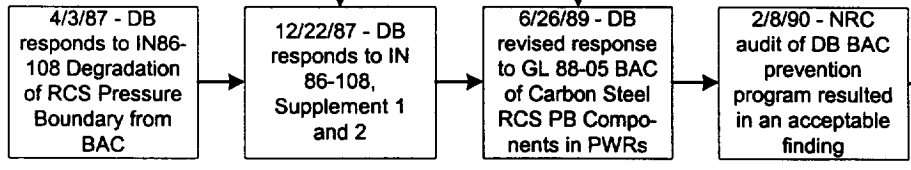
Figure 27. Events and Causal Factors Chart

On following 5 pages:

Possible Causes

- Primary Water Stress Corrosion Cracking
- Fabrication and inspection anomalies
- Thermal fatigue
- RCS chemistry control
- Resin intrusions
- Other failure mechanisms

Documents and Responses



RCS leak management policy: need to identify, if possible, where leakage is and evaluate BAC concerns.

No commitment to inspect and remove boric acid from the head

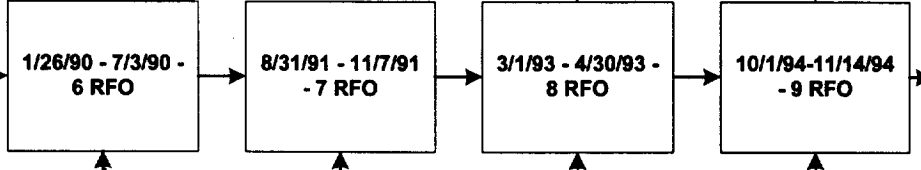
Alloy 600 nozzle susceptible to Primary Water Stress Corrosion Cracking

CAC Cleaning and RE4597 low flow alarms during cycle 8

Cleaned the head with deionized water. Post inspection not performed.

Scratches on and across seating surface of CRDM nozzle 21. Half moon gouge on CRDM flange 58

Around 1990 - CRDM nozzle cracks initiated



1994-1996 - Crack propagation through wall leak

Industry issue. Alloy 600 material heat M3935 has apparent higher susceptibility - nozzles 1-5

Replaced 23 CRDM flange gaskets (gasket leaks)

Replaced 15 CRDM flange gaskets (gasket leaks)

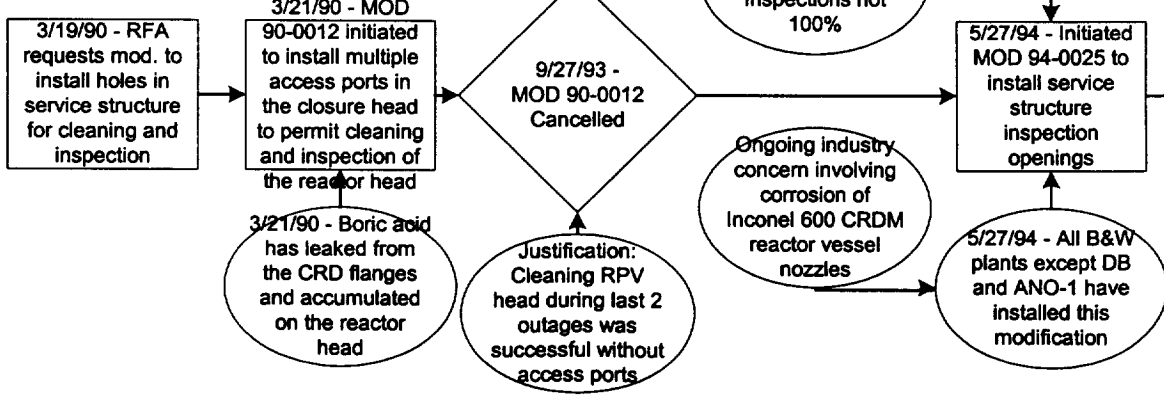
Replace 14 CRDM flange gaskets - Vent flange leaking at SG 1-2 has BAC

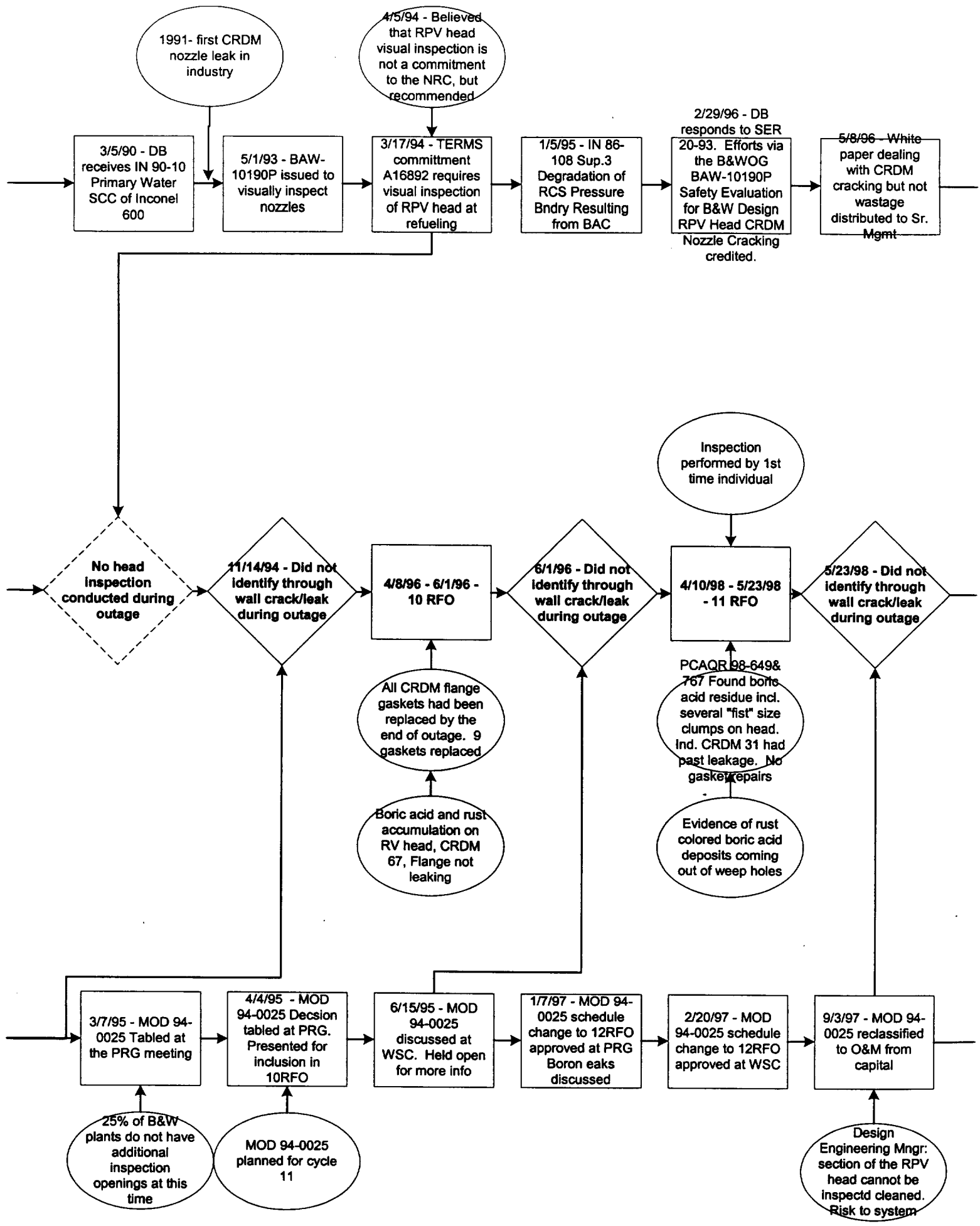
Replaced 8 CRDM flange gaskets (gasket leaks)

CRDM 37 flange has 2 small irregularities on face. CRDM 69 flange has slight erosion in outer gasket groove

RPV head flange had excessive boron. Boron flow ran down flange & closure bolts

Modifications





1991- first CRDM nozzle leak in industry

4/5/94 - Believed that RPV head visual inspection is not a commitment to the NRC, but recommended

3/5/90 - DB receives IN 90-10 Primary Water SCC of Inconel 600

5/1/93 - BAW-10190P issued to visually inspect nozzles

3/17/94 - TERMS commitment A16892 requires visual inspection of RPV head at refueling

1/5/95 - IN 86-108 Sup.3 Degradation of RCS Pressure Bndry Resulting from BAC

2/29/96 - DB responds to SER 20-93. Efforts via the B&WOG BAW-10190P Safety Evaluation for B&W Design RPV Head CRDM Nozzle Cracking credited.

5/8/96 - White paper dealing with CRDM cracking but not wastage distributed to Sr. Mgmt

No head inspection conducted during outage

11/14/94 - Did not identify through wall crack/leak during outage

4/8/96 - 6/1/96 - 10 RFO

6/1/96 - Did not identify through wall crack/leak during outage

4/10/98 - 5/23/98 - 11 RFO

5/23/98 - Did not identify through wall crack/leak during outage

All CRDM flange gaskets had been replaced by the end of outage. 9 gaskets replaced

Boric acid and rust accumulation on RV head, CRDM 67, Flange not leaking

PCAQR 98-649& 767 Found boric acid residue incl. several "fist" size clumps on head. Ind. CRDM 31 had past leakage. No gasket repairs

Evidence of rust colored boric acid deposits coming out of weep holes

Inspection performed by 1st time individual

3/7/95 - MOD 94-0025 Tabled at the PRG meeting

4/4/95 - MOD 94-0025 Decision tabled at PRG. Presented for inclusion in 10RFO

6/15/95 - MOD 94-0025 discussed at WSC. Held open for more info

1/7/97 - MOD 94-0025 schedule change to 12RFO approved at PRG Boron eaks discussed

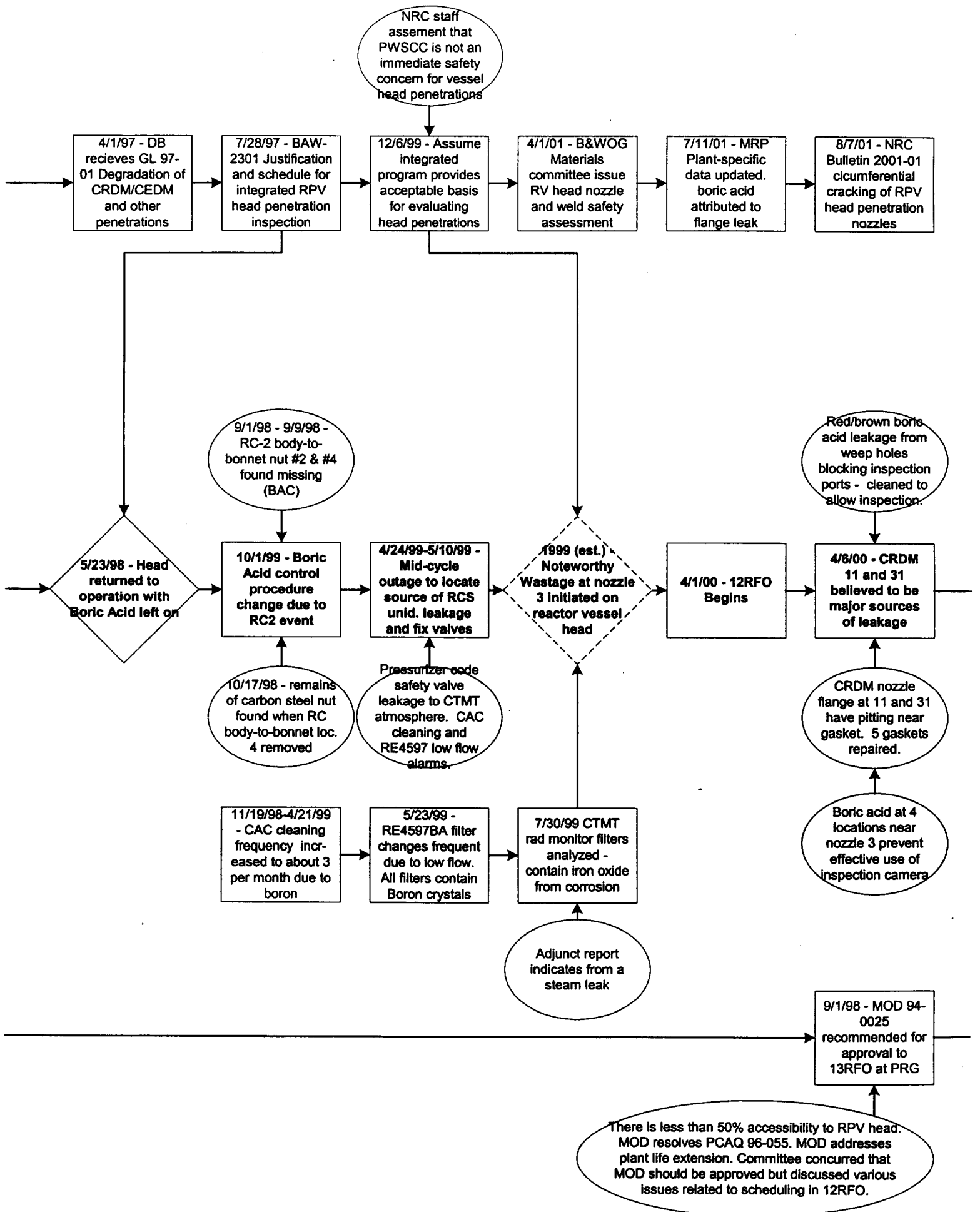
2/20/97 - MOD 94-0025 schedule change to 12RFO approved at WSC

9/3/97 - MOD 94-0025 reclassified to O&M from capital

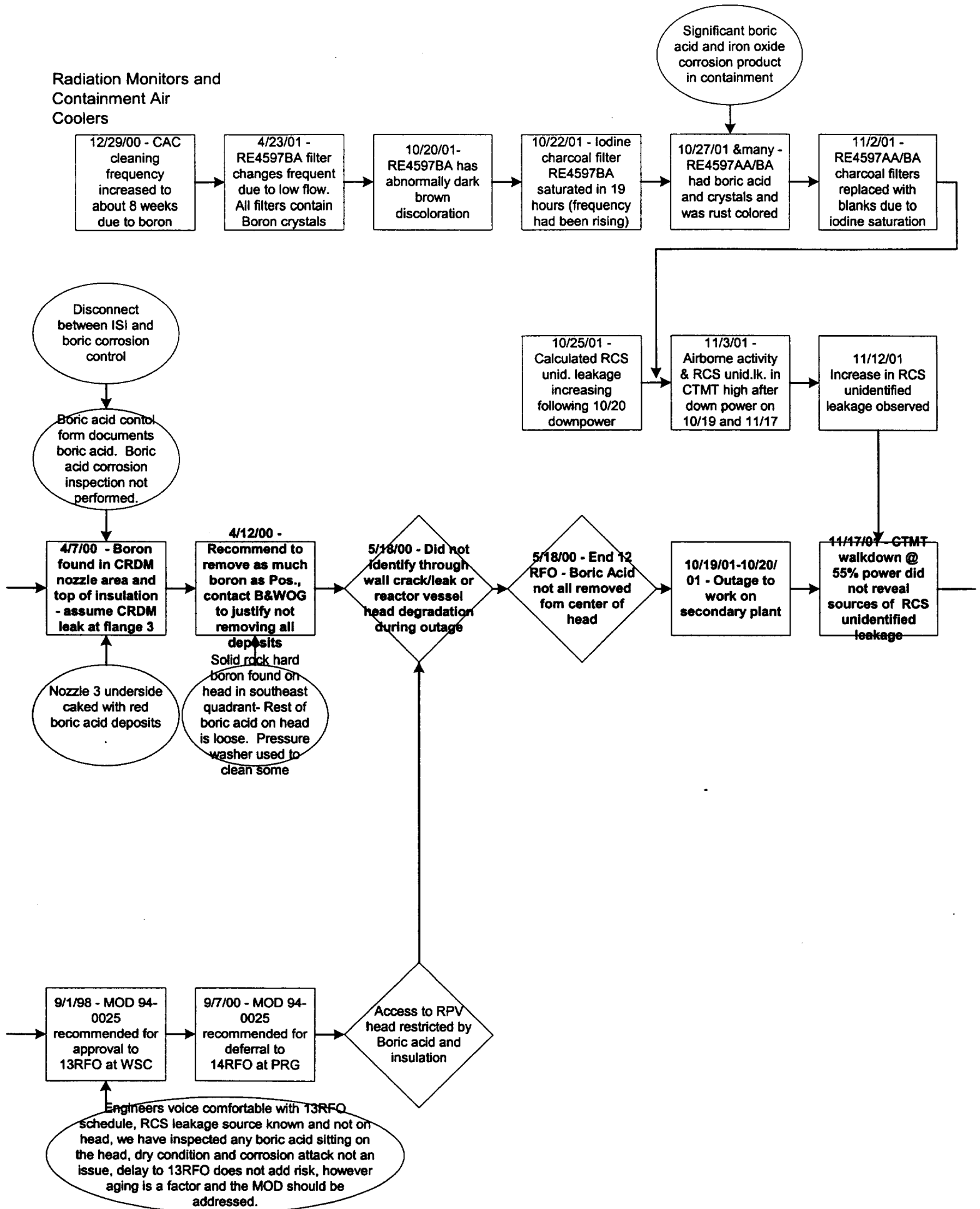
25% of B&W plants do not have additional inspection openings at this time

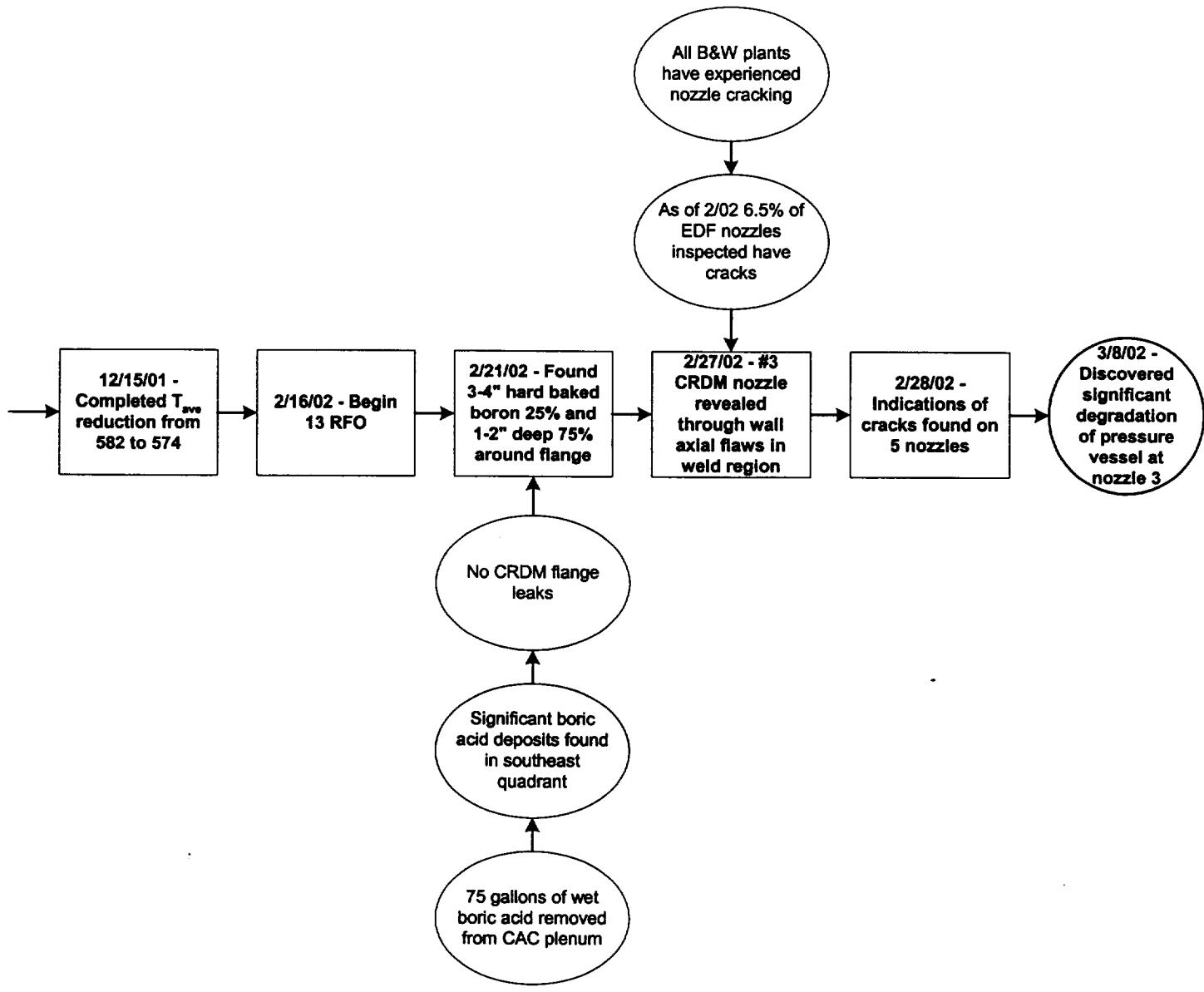
MOD 94-0025 planned for cycle 11

Design Engineering Mngr: section of the RPV head cannot be inspected/cleaned. Risk to system



Radiation Monitors and Containment Air Coolers





12/15/01 - Completed T_{ave} reduction from 582 to 574

2/16/02 - Begin 13 RFO

2/21/02 - Found 3-4" hard baked boron 25% and 1-2" deep 75% around flange

2/27/02 - #3 CRDM nozzle revealed through wall axial flaws in weld region

2/28/02 - Indications of cracks found on 5 nozzles

3/8/02 - Discovered significant degradation of pressure vessel at nozzle 3

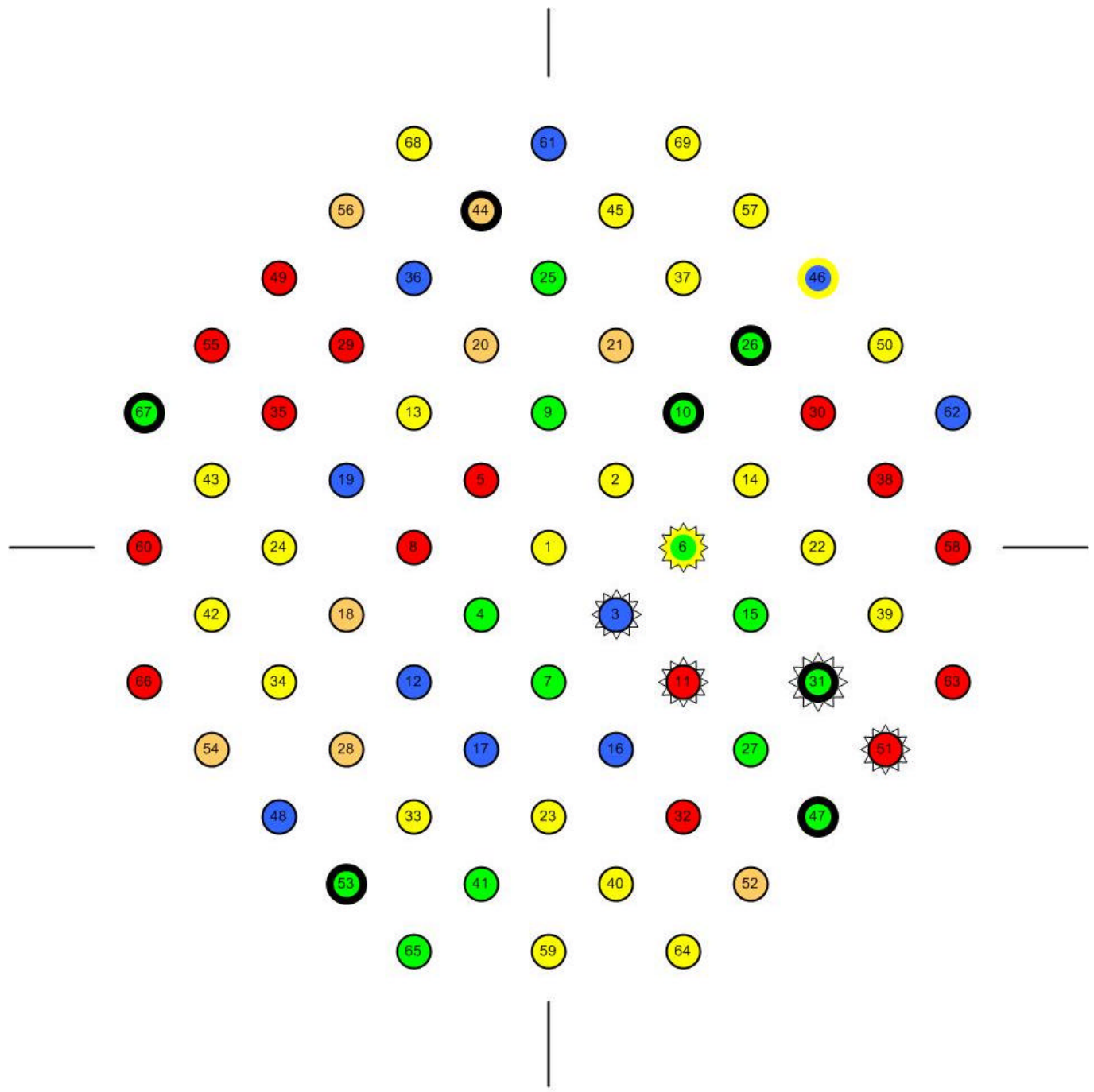
All B&W plants have experienced nozzle cracking

As of 2/02 6.5% of EDF nozzles inspected have cracks

No CRDM flange leaks

Significant boric acid deposits found in southeast quadrant

75 gallons of wet boric acid removed from CAC plenum










- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
|  | 1990 Repaired CRDM Flanges (23) |  | 1994 Repaired CRDM Flanges (8) |
|  | 1991 Repaired CRDM Flanges (15) |  | 1996 Repaired CRDM Flanges (10) |
|  | 1991 Leaking CRDM Flanges (7) |  | 2000 Repaired CRDM Flanges (5) |
|  | 1993 Repaired CRDM Flanges (15) | | |

Figure 28. Leaking Flanges Found and Repaired During Each Outage



Figure 29. Flange Leakage with Stalactite Formation from Insulation and Stalagmite Formation on top of Reactor Vessel Head (8RFO)



Figure 30. Flange Leakage Crusted On Side of Nozzles and Stalactites from Gaps in Insulation (8RFO)

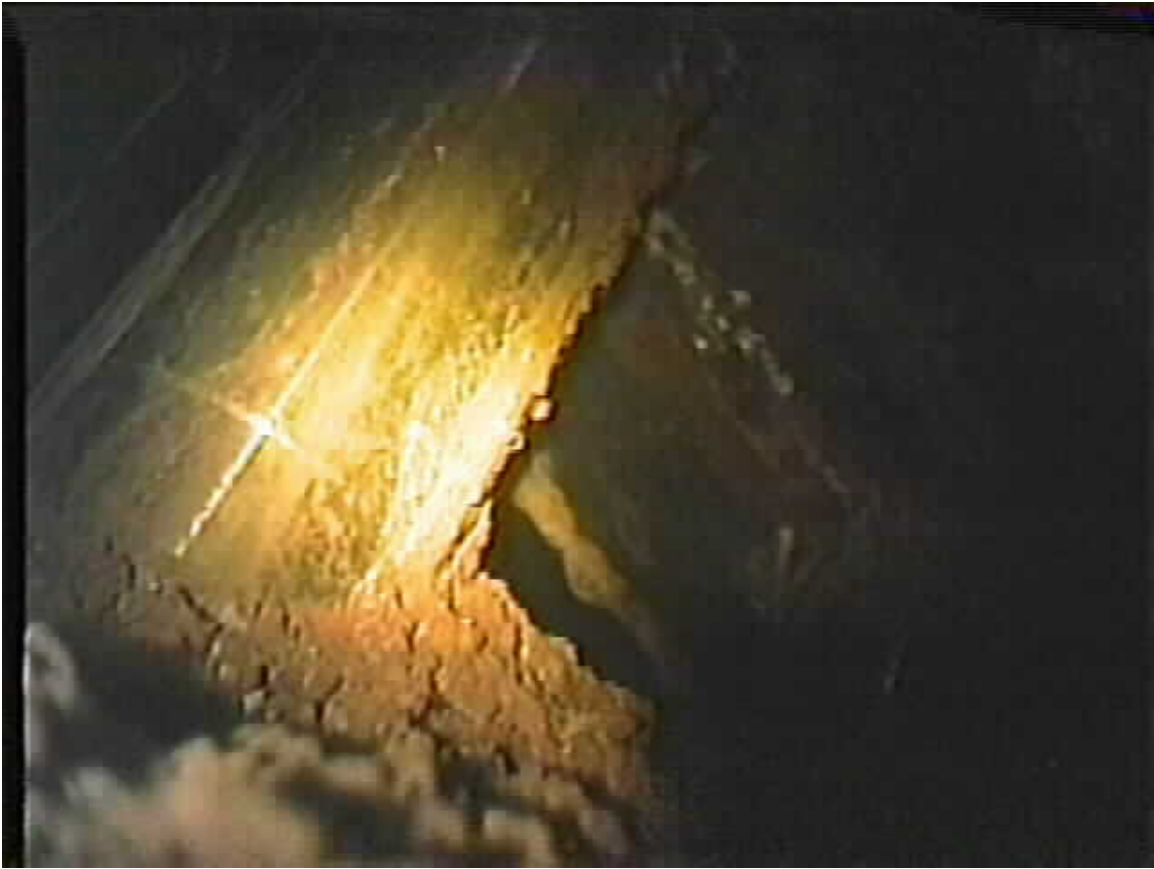


Figure 31. Reddish Brown Boron Deposits Crusted on Side of Nozzle (8RFO)



Figure 32. Boron Deposits – Source Unclear (8RFO)



Figure 33. North Side of Reactor Vessel Head (10RFO)



Figure 34. Boron Deposits Near Top of Reactor Vessel Head (10RFO)



Figure 35: Typical Deposits for Periphery (10RFO)



Figure 36. Red Rusty Boric Acid Deposits on Vessel Flange (12RFO)



Figure 37. Boron Piled Under the Insulation (11RFO)

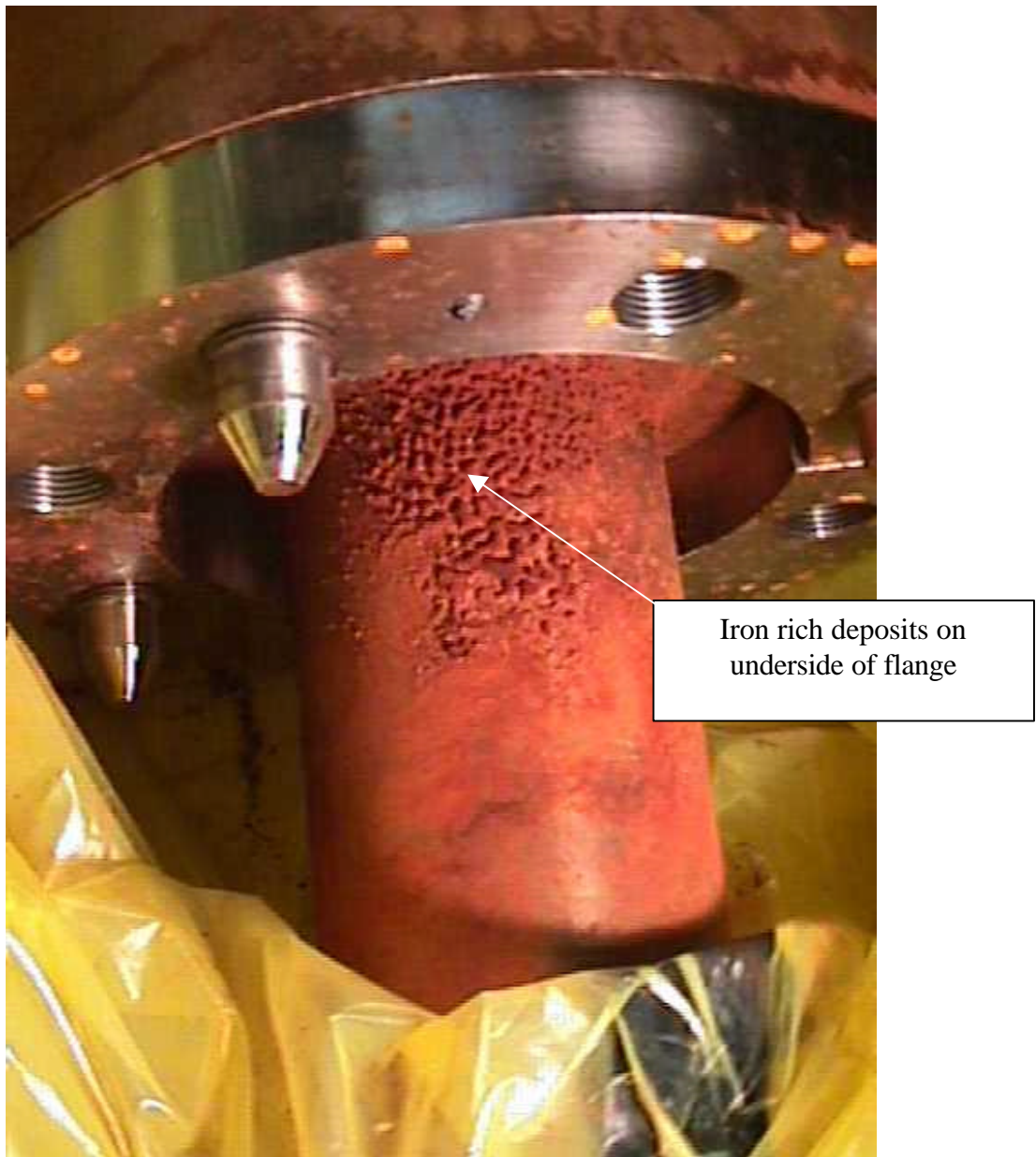


Figure 38. Boric Acid Deposits with Heavy Iron Concentration on Underside of Nozzle 3 (13RFO)

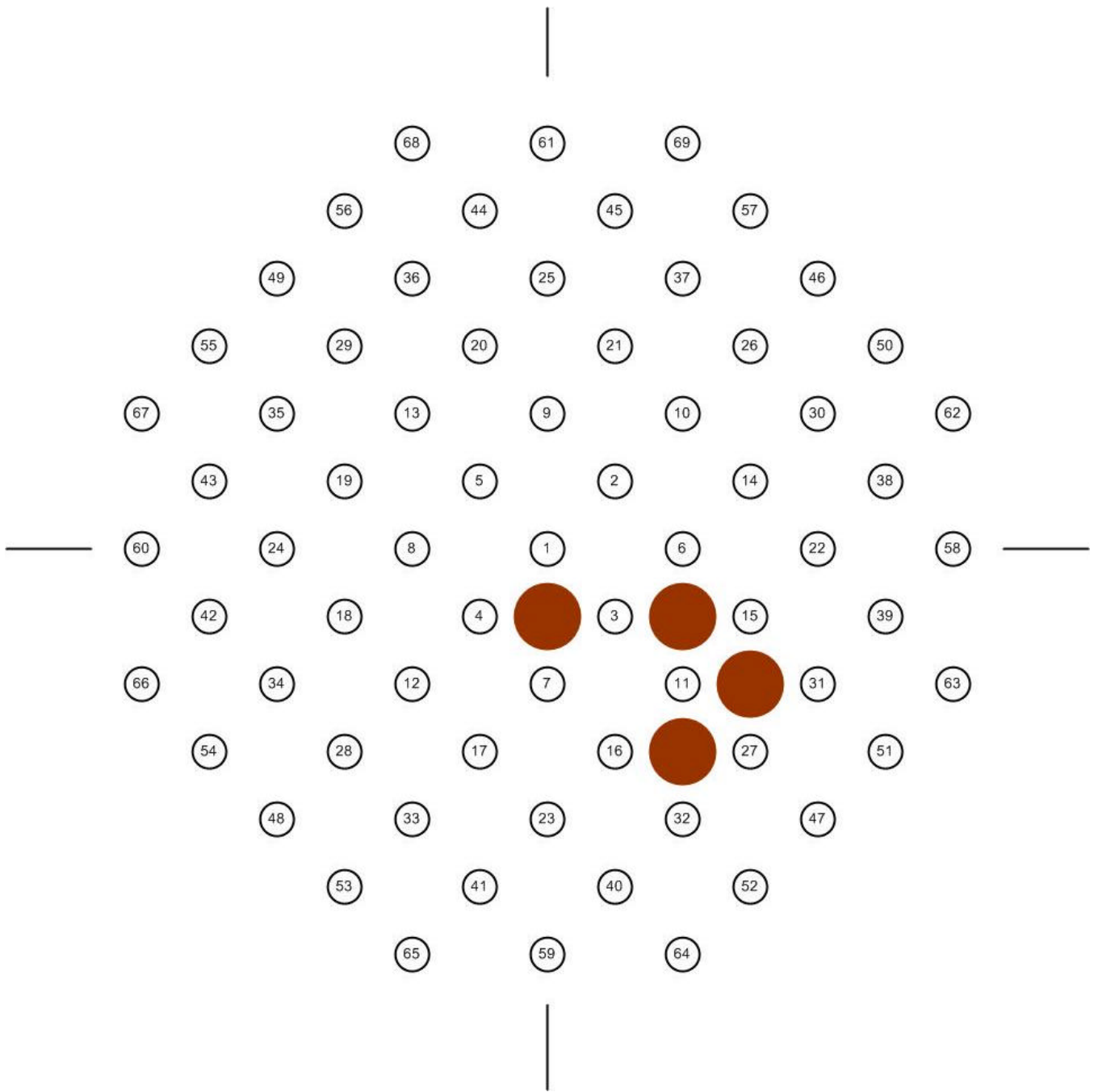


Figure 39. 2000 Interferences with CRDM Flange Inspection

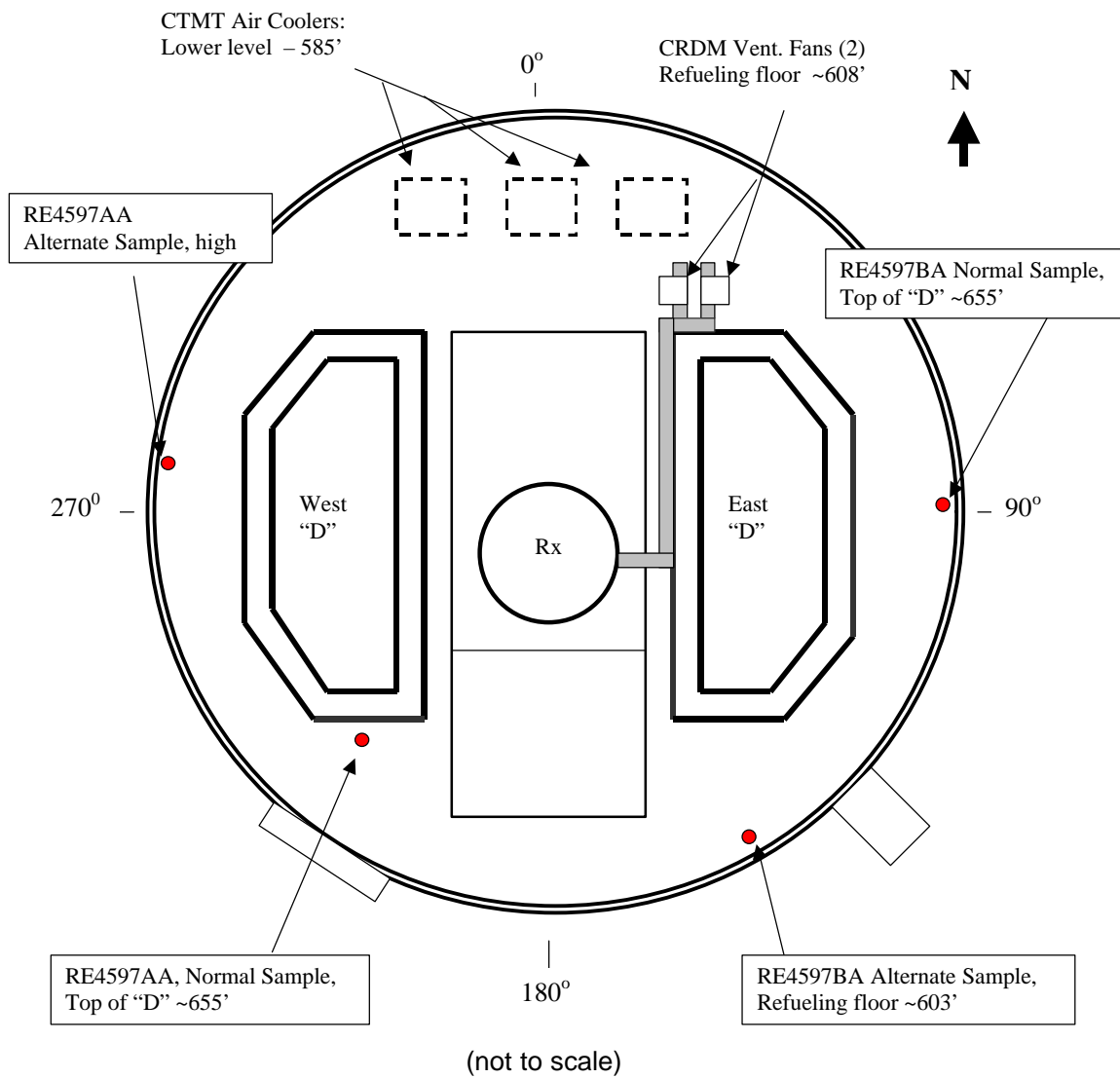


Figure 40. RE4597 Sample Location

CTMT Radiation Monitors RE4597AA/BA
(Combined Iodine Channels)

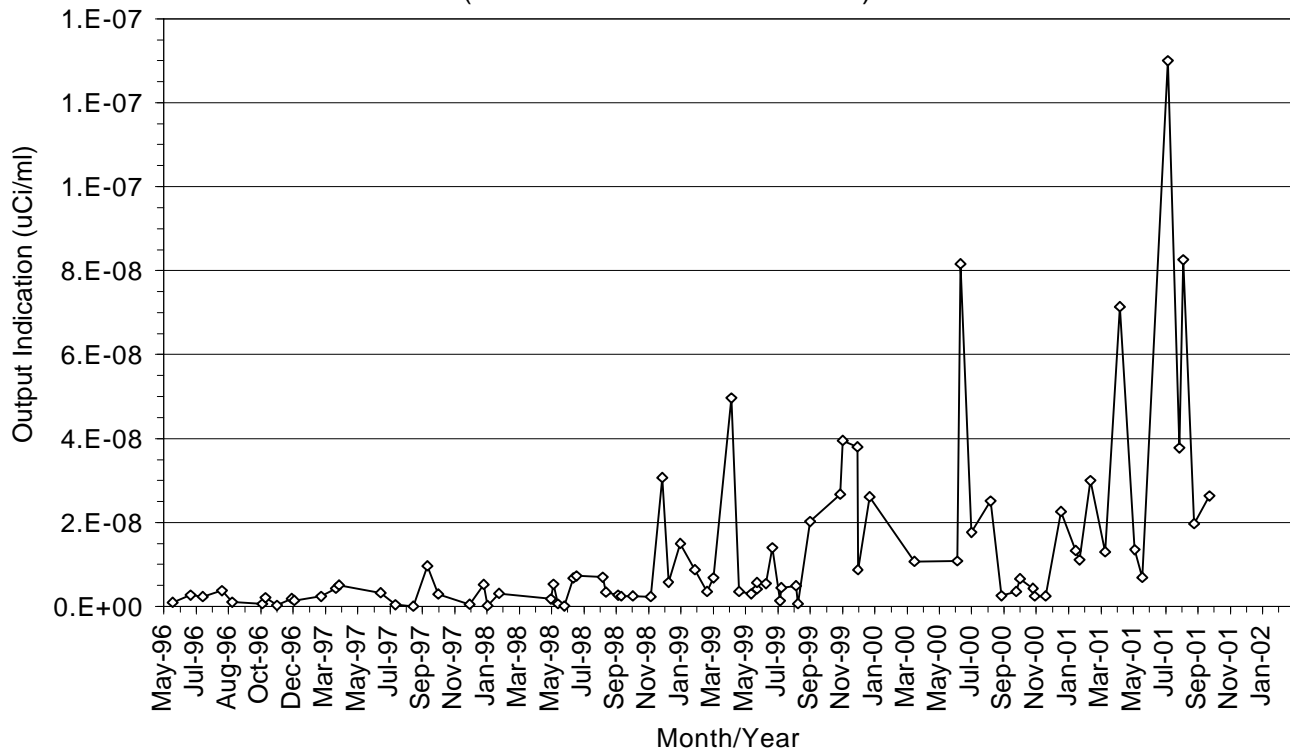


Figure 41. CTMT Radiation Monitors RE4597AA/BA
(Combined Iodine Channels)

CTMT Radiation Monitors RE4597AA & BA (Noble Gas Channels)

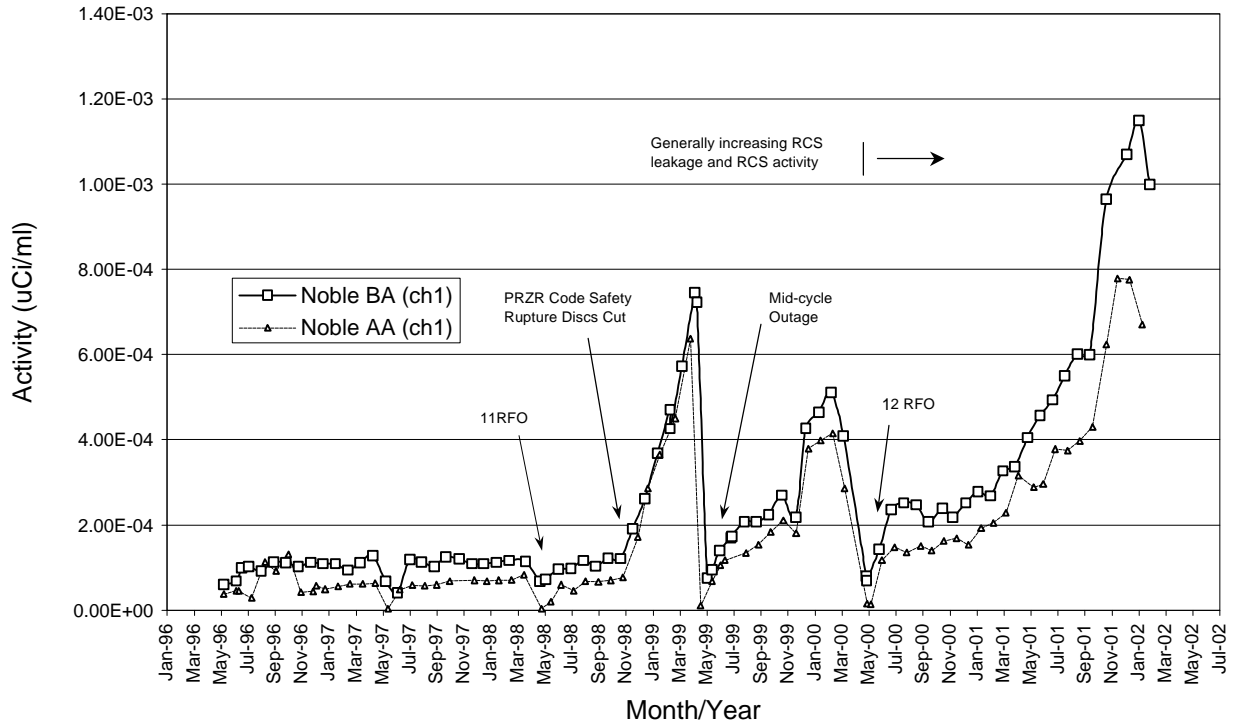


Figure 42. CTMT Radiation Monitors RE4597AA & BA (Both Noble Gas Channels)

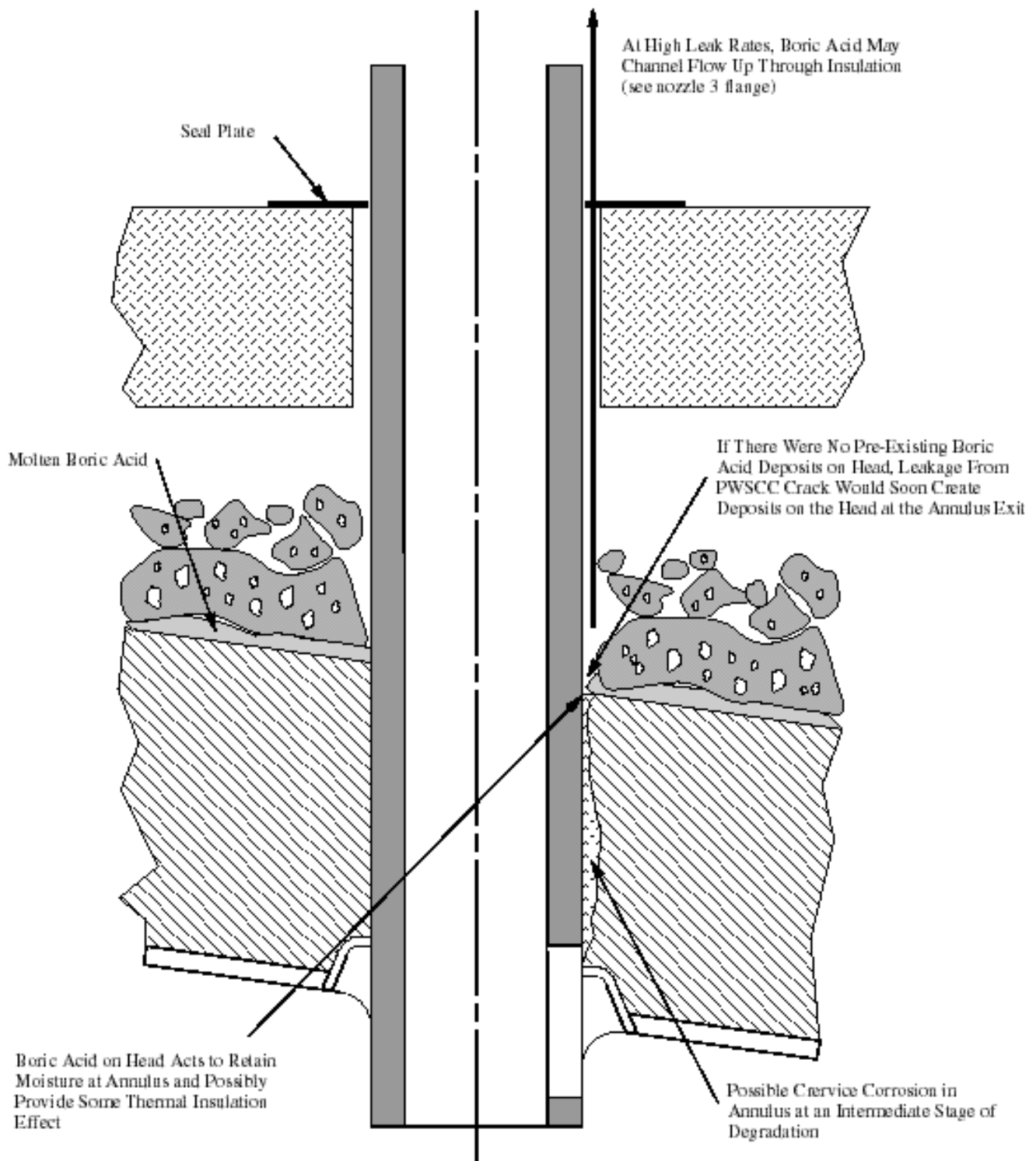


Figure 43. Potential Effects of Boric Acid Deposits on Vessel Top Head Surface.