

# “Alignment framework” with RCP R/W

D0 workshop, NIU

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## What's there

A system to read alignment constants for each detector element from an ASCII file (RCP), and create the corresponding geometry for the entire detector. It serves two main purposes:

1. Making survey data available to reconstruction software.
2. Simulation of detector misalignments necessary for the development of alignment software.

## Software packages (CVS modules)

### alignment\_system:

(non-D0-specific components of the alignment framework)

#### GeometryAddress:

A storage class for IP-address-style names (string) for `GeometryElements` with methods to construct an address through level-by-level concatenation, determine parent-child relationships etc.

#### GeometryAddressManager:

A singleton registry (one-to-one map) of `GeometryElement-GeometryAddress` pairs. A `GeometryElement` has to be registered with this with a “name”. Provides various utilities to traverse the geometry tree using char strings.

## BaseAligner:

A virtual base class for individual XAligners to derive from (X=SMT/CFT/CAL/CPS/FPS/MUO). Provides common methods such as moveElement, write, etc. Individual Xaligners are responsible for the implementation of detector-specific methods such as registerElements, align etc.

- **d0\_alignment:**

- D0Aligner:

- The singleton global aligner responsible for invoking XAligners for individual detectors (only SMT and FPS are currently implemented). Takes one RCP.

- Test program

- creates default detector from Geometry RCPs, creates D0Aligner, invokes its align() and write() methods. The (modified) geometry is written out in D0Alignment.rcp

- **fps\_alignment:**

- FPSAligner:

Creates `GeometryAddress` for every FPS `GeometryElement`, and registers it with the `GeometryAddressManager`.

For each element, searches `fps_move.rcp` for a corresponding `GeometryXform`. If one is found, it searches `fps_reference.rcp` for the initial `GeometryXform`. If one is found, then the result is a sum of the two, else just the first. The results are written out in `fps_positions_out.rcp`

Example (a `ReferencePoint`):

```
double D0_FPSN_layer0 = ( // element name
    -0.987 -100 399.58 // translation vector
    0 -1 0 // rotation axis
    3.14159) // rotation angle
```

- **smt\_alignment:**

- SMTAligner:

Creates GeometryAddress for every SMT GeometryElement, and registers it with the GeometryAddressManager.

For each element, searches smt\_move.rcp for a corresponding GeometryXform. If one is found, it searches smt\_reference.rcp for the initial GeometryXform. If one is found, then the result is a sum of the two, else just the first. The results are written out in smt\_positions\_out.rcp

Example (a leaf-level GeometryElement)

```
double D0_SMT_central_NBH1_barrel_layer3_ladder04 = (  
    // element name  
    -0.0922813 -4.33372 -7.43925 // translation vector  
    0.222286 -0.788959 0.572828 // rotation axis  
    2.7958) // rotation angle
```

## How to use it?

- > setup n32
- > setup D0Runll test
- > newrel -t test test
- > cd test
- > d0setwa
- > addpkg -h d0\_alignment
- > gmake all
- > bin/IRIX6-KCC\_3\_3/test\_aligner

See `fps_aligner` or `smt_aligner` for an example of `X_aligner`

More detailed documentation will be available very soon in the doc areas of the respective packages.

## Examples:

### (fps\_reference.rcp)

```
double D0_FPSN_layer0 = ( // element name
    0 0 -397.35 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0) // rotation angle
double D0_FPSN_layer0_wedge0 = ( // element name
    0 0 -397.35 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0) // rotation angle
```

### (fps\_move.rcp)

```
double D0_FPSN_layer0 = ( // element name
    1.23 0 -3.45 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0) // rotation angle
double D0_FPSN_layer0_wedge0 = ( // element name
    0 0 0 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0.1) // rotation angle
```

### (fps\_positions\_out.rcp)

```
double D0_FPSN_layer0 = ( // element name
    1.23 0 -400.8 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0) // rotation angle
double D0_FPSN_layer0_wedge0 = ( // element name
    1.23 0 -400.8 // translation vector
    0 0 1 // rotation axis
    0.1) // rotation angle
```



## What's missing

- X\_alignment:  
For X=CFT,CAL,CPS,MUO
- Classes for alignment by track-fitting:  
Residual, AlignmentTrack, TrackSelector, ...

Needed: Input from users (FPS and SMT ready to use for storing survey data)