VIII. REFERENCES

Amar S, Chung KM. Influence of hormonal variation on the periodontium in women. *Periodontol* 2000:1994;6:79–87.

American Academy of Periodontology. Position paper: Tobacco use and the periodontal patient. *J Periodontol* 1999;70:1419–27.

American Dental Association. *Distribution of Dentists in the United States by Region and State*, 1997. Chicago, IL: American Dental Association Survey Center;1999.

Beck JD, Offenbacher S, Williams R, Gibbs P, Garcia R. Periodontics: A risk factor for coronary heart disease? *Ann Periodontol* 1998;3(1):127–41.

Blot WJ, McLaughlin JK, Winn DM, Austin DF, Greenberg RS, Preston-Martin S. Smoking and drinking in relation to oral and pharyngeal cancer. *Cancer Res* 1988;48(11):3282–7.

Brown LJ, Wagner KS, Johns B. Racial/ethnic variations of practicing dentists. *J Am Dent Assoc* 2000;131:1750–4.

Bureau of Primary Health Care. Community Health Centers: Program information. 2005. Available at: http://www.bphc.hrsa.gov/programs/CHCPrograminfo.asp.

Burt BA, Eklund BA. *Dentistry, dental practice, and the community*. 5th ed. Philadelphia: WB Saunders; 1999.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Preventing and controlling oral and pharyngeal cancer. Recommendations from a national strategic planning conference. *MMWR* 1998; 47(No. RR-14):1–12.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Achievements in public health, 1900–1999: Fluoridation of drinking water to prevent dental caries. *MMWR* 1999;48(41):933–40.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Populations receiving optimally fluoridated public drinking water — United States, 2000. *MMWR* 2002;51(7): 144–7.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Recommendations for using fluoride to prevent and control dental caries in the United States. *MMWR* Recomm Rep 2001;50(RR-14):1–42.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Annual smoking-attributable mortality, years of potential life lost, and economic costs—United States, 1995–1999. *MMWR* 2002;51(14):300–3.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. National Health Expenditure (NHE) amounts by type of expenditure and source of funds: Calendar years 1965–2013. Updated October 2004. Available at: http://www.cms.hhs.gov/oralhealth/6.asp

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Health Accounts. CMS Web site. Available at: http://www.cms.hhs.gov/statistics/nhe/.

Christen AG, McDonald JL, Christen JA. The impact of tobacco use and cessation on nonmalignant and precancerous oral and dental diseases and conditions. Indianapolis, IN: Indiana University School of Dentistry; 1991.

Dasanayake AP. Poor periodontal health of the pregnant woman as a risk factor for low birth weight. *Ann Periodontal* 1998;3:206–12.

Davenport ES, Williams CE, Sterne JA, Sivapathasundram V, Fearne JM, Curtis MA. The East London study of maternal chronic periodontal disease and preterm low birth weight infants: Study design and prevalence data. *Ann Periodontol* 1998;3:213–21.

De Stefani E, Deneo-Pellegrini H, Mendilaharsu M, Ronco A. Diet and risk of cancer of the upper aerodigestive tract--I. Foods. *Oral Oncol* 1999;35(1):17–21.

Fiore MC, Bailey WC, Cohen SJ, et al. Treating tobacco use and dependence. Clinical practice guideline. Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service; 2000. Available at: http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/tobacco/treating_tobacco_use.pdf.

Gaffield ML, Gilbert BJ, Malvitz DM, Romaguera R. Oral health during pregnancy: An analysis of information collected by the pregnancy risk assessment monitoring system. *J Am Dent Assoc* 2001;132(7):1009–16.

Genco RJ. Periodontal disease and risk for myocardial infarction and cardiovascular disease. *Cardiovasc Rev Rep* 1998;19(3):34-40.

Griffin SO, Jones K, Tomar SL. An economic evaluation of community water fluoridation. *J Public Health Dent* 2001;61(2):78–86.

Herrero R. Chapter 7: Human papillomavirus and cancer of the upper aerodigestive tract. *J Natl Cancer Inst Monogr* 2003; (31):47–51.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 89, Smokeless tobacco and some related nitrosamines. Lyon, France: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer; 2005 (in preparation).

Johnson NW. Oral Cancer. London: FDI World Press, 1999.

Komaromy M, Grumbach K, Drake M, Vranizan K, Lurie N, Keane D, Bindman AB. The role of black and Hispanic physicians in providing health care for underserved populations. *N Engl J Med* 1996;334(20):1305–10.

Kressin NR, De Souza MB. Oral health education and health promotion. In: Gluck GM, Morganstein WM (eds). *Jong's Community Dental Health*, 5th ed. St. Louis, MO: Mosby; 2003:277–328.

Levi F. Cancer prevention: Epidemiology and perspectives. *Eur J Cancer* 1999;35(14):1912–24.

McLaughlin JK, Gridley G, Block G, et al. Dietary factors in oral and pharyngeal cancer. J Natl Cancer Inst 1988;80(15):1237–43.

Mealey BL. Periodontal implications: medically compromised patients. *Ann Periodontol* 1996;1(1):256–321.

Morse DE, Pendrys DG, Katz RV, et al. Food group intake and the risk of oral epithelial dysplasia in a United States population. *Cancer Causes Control* 2000;11(8):713-20.

Offenbacher S, Jared HL, O'Reilly PG, Wells SR, Salvi GE, Lawrence HP, et al. Potential pathogenic mechanisms of periodontitis associated pregnancy complications. *Ann Periodontol* 1998;3(1):233–50.

Offenbacher S, Lieff S, Boggess KA, Murtha AP, Madianos PN, Champagne CM, et al. Maternal periodontitis and prematurity. Part I: Obstetric outcome of prematurity and growth restriction. *Ann Periodontol* 2001;6(1):164–74.

Phelan JA. Viruses and neoplastic growth. Dent Clin North Am 2003;47(3):533-43.

Redford M. Beyond pregnancy gingivitis: Bringing a new focus to women's oral health. *J Dent Educ* 1993;57(10):742–8.

Ries LAG, Eisner MP, Kosary CL, Hankey BF, Miller BA, Clegg L, et al. (Eds). SEER Cancer Statistics Review, 1975–2001, National Cancer Institute: Bethesda, MD; National Cancer Institute; 2004. Available at: http://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2001/.

Scannapieco FA, Bush RB, Paju S. Periodontal disease as a risk factor for adverse pregnancy outcomes. A systematic review. *Ann Periodontol*. 2003;8(1):70–8.

Shanks TG, Burns DM. Disease consequences of cigar smoking. In: Cigars: Health effects and trends. Smoking and Tobacco Control Monograph 9. Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, 1998.

Silverman SJ, Jr. Oral Cancer, 4th edition. Atlanta, GA: American Cancer Society, 1998.

Taylor GW. Bidirectional interrelationships between diabetes and periodontal diseases: An epidemiologic perspective. *Ann Periodontol* 2001;6(1):99–112.

Tomar SL, Asma S. Smoking-attributable periodontitis in the United States: Findings from NHANES III. *J Periodontol* 2000;71:743–51.

Tomar SL, Husten CG, Manley MW. Do dentists and physicians advise tobacco users to quit? *J Am Dent Assoc* 1996;127(2):259–65.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *The Health Consequences of Using Smokeless Tobacco: A Report of the Advisory Committee to the Surgeon General*. Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service; 1986. NIH Publication No. 86-2874.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *Current Estimates from the National Health Interview Survey, 1996.* Series 10, No. 200. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics; 1999. DHHS Publication No. 99-1528. Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/pubs/pubd/series/sr10/200-210/200-210.htm

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *Oral Health in America: A Report of the Surgeon General.* Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research; 2000a. NIH Publication No. 00-4713.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Oral Health. In: *Healthy_People 2010*, 2nd edition. With Understanding and Improving Health and Objectives for Improving Health. 2 vols. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office; 2000b.

- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *National Call to Action to Promote Oral Health*. Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research; 2003. NIH Publication No. 03-5303.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *The health consequences of smoking: A report of the Surgeon General*. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office on Smoking and Health; 2004a. Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/sgr/sgr_2004/index.htm.
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *Healthy People 2010 progress review: Oral health.* Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service; 2004b. Available at: http://www.healthypeople.gov/data/2010prog/focus21/.

Weaver RG, Ramanna S, Haden NK, Valachovic RW. Applicants to U.S. dental schools: An analysis of the 2002 entering class. *J Dent Educ* 2004;68(8):880–900.