Ref: RX-RP-52-1336 Issue/Revision: 1/0 MAR. 30, 2004 Date:

Sea Ice Monitoring Using ENVISAT ASAR AP Data **Summary of Results**

Contract No. KM149-3-85-039

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CHANGE RECORD

ISSUE DATE

1/0

Mar. 30, 2004

PAGE(S) DESCRIPTION

All

First Release

RELEASED BY CONFIGURATION CONTROL

RELEASE

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AP	Alternating Polarization
ASAR	Advanced Synthetic Aperture Radar
CIS	Canadian Ice Service
CSA	Canadian Space Agency
EOADP	Earth Observation Application Development Program (funded by CSA)
ESA	European Space Agency
ENVISAT	ENVIronmental SATellite
FYI	First Year Ice
HH	Horizontal polarization
HV	Horizontal Vertical polarization
LUT	Look-Up Table
MDA	MacDonald, Dettwiler and Associates Ltd.
NESZ	Noise Equivalent Sigma Zero
RGB	Red, Green and Blue
SAR	Synthetic Aperture Radar
VH	Vertical Horizontal polarization
VV	Vertical polarization





1 INTRODUCTION

Spaceborne Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) systems represent the single most important data source for the Canadian Ice Service (CIS). RADARSAT-1 data are currently used for operational monitoring. RADARSAT-2 will provide a continuation of the service with improvements in the amount of information that will be retrievable due to dual polarization and polarimetric capabilities of the sensor. Multi-polarization SAR data has in fact been available since early 2003, from the Advanced Synthetic Aperture Radar (ASAR) on the ESA ENVISAT. In Alternating Polarization (AP) mode ASAR can provide any two polarizations over standards swaths up to 100 km wide. Initial analysis of AP data at MDA has demonstrated improved capabilities for separating sea ice from open water and for identifying different ice classes, as compared to using single polarization data [R-3]. This initial work was based on a limited data set and part of the recommendations was to verify results using a larger, more representative data set.

1.1 **Project Objective**

The objective of this study was to use a more extensive, spatial and temporal, set of ENVISAT ASAR AP data to further validate and extended the EOADP analysis on how best to use dual polarization data for operational monitoring of sea ice, specifically to:

- more fully evaluate the additional information provided by the cross-polarization channel for ice type classification and ice edge detection
- determine how this additional information can be most appropriately visualized for operator interpretation
- investigate how classification and visualization are affected by incidence angle
- identify implications for exploitation of RADARSAT-2 dual polarimetric data



1.2 **Project Tasks**

The work was broken down into two main workpackages

- 1. Data Analysis:
 - calibration of the data based on ESA information
 - statistical analysis of the data to evaluate the additional information provided by the cross-polarization channel for ice type classification and ice edge detection and whether it can be exploited by automatic classification
 - determining how these new capabilities are affected by variation of backscatter with incidence angle
 - identifying implications for exploitation of RADARSAT-2 dual polarimetric data
- 2. Visualization:
 - selection of appropriate data ranges (based on statistics gathered during data analysis) for scaling
 - selection of appropriate parameters and development of parameter normalization scheme
 - generating example visualizations covering as comprehensive a variety as the data permits, of ice types and sea states over a range of incidence angles
 - comparison of how visualization of the same ice types varies with incidence angle
 - obtaining end-user feedback from the CIS on proposed visualization schemes

1.3 Document Scope

This document summarizes the main project results and conclusions.

Detailed project results are provided in a Power Point presentation titled "Sea Ice Monitoring Using ENVISAT ASAR AP Data". The Power Point presentation represents the main project deliverable. It contains the following Sections:

- Review of project objectives
- Review of data available
- Environmental information



- Data visualization & ice chart information
- Discussion of incidence angle effects
- Alternative visualizations
- Data calibration
- Data classification
- Conclusions

1.4 Document Structure

Section 2, lists reference documents.

Section 3, summarizes the project conclusions.

Appendix A, provides an overview of the image data available.





2 DOCUMENTS

2.1 Reference Documents

R-1	RX-RP-51-2570	Multi-polarimetric SAR products for operational sea ice monitoring, MacDonald Dettwiler, Final Report, Issue/Revision 2/1, November 2001.
R-2	RX-RP-51-3699	Analysis of CV-580 Fully Polarimetric Data of Sea-Ice, MacDonald Dettwiler, Final Report, Issue/Revision 3/1, October 2003.
R-3	RX-RP-51-4919	Utilisation of Multi-Polarisation and Polarimetric Data for Sea-Ice Monitoring in an Operational Environment, MacDonald Dettwiler, Final Report, Issue/Revision 1/0, November 2003.





3 SUMMARY OF RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

3.1 Data Analysis

- The data set covers a wide variety of environmental conditions including low and high wind, melting and freezing conditions.
- The Ice charts identify mostly thick FYI and old ice for the region of interest. Some scenes contain areas of open water.
- The dynamic range of cross-pol data is significantly smaller than that of co-pol data.
- The lower limit for cross-pol data is clearly limited by the NESZ of the system.

3.2 Common Scaling

- A common scaling scheme is proposed for visualization:
- Co-pol: -10 dB to -22 dB
- X-pol: -19 dB to -25 dB
- This results in colour consistency but reduces individual scene contrast, particularly in high incidence scenes at steep incidence (IS1).
- Both common and scene specific visualizations should be offered with a toggle switch.
- Channel ratios are not recommended; tradeoffs between processing requirements and information gain need to be investigated.



3.3 Backscatter Analysis

- NESZ variations are observed over low backscatter areas, particularly in cross-pol scenes. One example over open water shows a 4 dB variation in HV (IS4).
- If NESZ variation is ignored, the cross-polarized backscatter appears to be mostly determined by ice type and temperature. There is no visible variation in these signatures with incidence angles.
- Available VV signatures are on the upper end of the linear scale proposed for visualization. The example data are not representative (include 2 IS1 scenes), nevertheless, a separate VV scale is suggested.

3.4 Calibration

- ASAR and RADARSAT-2 data calibration is a well defined process, all information is provided in the header.
- RADARSAT-2 calibration simply involves applying a range dependent Look-Up Table (LUT) to the image.
- The same LUT is used for both polarization channels and the LUT is fixed for any given beam.
- Hence, the data is relatively calibrated both from channel to channel and from acquisition to acquisition.

3.5 Classification

- The classification shows good results for most images, results correspond well to the RGB images.
- Problems encountered include the NESZ variation over the swath, which results in classification artifacts for scenes with low backscatter. These artifacts are clearly visible and can be accounted for in result interpretation.
- One scene with generally high backscatter (due to mostly old ice) shows an unsatisfactory classification result as leads are overestimated.
- Generally, a blind 4-class classification gives good results, which need to be interpreted by an analyst. The classifier can potentially be used for ice type concentration measurements.



A AVAILABLE DATA

Date	Image Name			RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional Chart	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft) Chart
03/04/ 2003	ev_05698_03AR03_ 0338_020141.img	HV	ΗH						EArcticR_CO_01ap r2003_1800_S.gif	
									WArcticR_CO_01a pr2003_1800_S.gif	
08/05/ 2003	ev_06199_08MY03_ 0338_020143.img	ΗV	ΗН	R1_030506_23091 3_01.sard.avg	R1_030506_23091 3_01.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 01may2003_18 00_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 01may2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								WArcticR_CO_ 15may2003_ 1800_S.gif		

Table A-1 Summary of Image Data Provided by Environment Canada



Date	Image Name			RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft)
								Chart		Chart
								15may2003_ 800_S.gif		
	ev_06700_12JN03_	HV	HH							
12/06/ 2003	0338_020146.img			R1_030612_23285 4.sard.avg	R1_030612_23285 4_01.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 15jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
					R1_030612_23301 0_02.jpg			EArcticR_CO_ 15jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
20/06/ 2003	ev_06814_20JN03_ 0247_020147.img	VH		R1_030619_23260 4_02.sard.avg	R1_030619_23260 4_02.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 23jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 23jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
				R1_030620_22570 4_02.sard.avg	R1_030620_22570 4_02.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 23jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 23jun2003_ 1800_S.gif		
	ev_07201_17JL03_	HV	HH							
17/07/ 2003	0338_020150.img			R1_030717_23091 8_02.sard.avg	R1_030717_23091 8_02.jpg		Resolute_CO_ 19jul2003_ 1800_S.gif	WArcticR_CO_ 14jul2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 14jul2003_ 1800_S.gif		



Date	Image Name			RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional Chart	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft) Chart
								WArcticR_CO_ 21jul2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 21jul2003_ 1800_S.gif		
25/07/ 2003	ev_07315_25JL03_ 0247_020153.img	VV	VH	R1_030724_23044 3.sard.avg	R1_030724_23044 3_01.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 24jul2003_ 2300_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 24jul2003_ 1800_S.gif			
					R1_030724_23055 9_02.jpg		Resolute_CO_ 25jul2003_ 1800_S.gif			
27/07/ 2003	ev_07344_27JL03_ 0324_020156.img	VH		R1_030726_23465 9_01f.sard.avg	R1_030726_23465 9_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 26jul2003_ 2346_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 26jul2003_ 1800_S.gif			
				R1_030727_13214 5_01f.sard.avg	R1_030727_13214 5_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 27jul2003_ 1321_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 27jul2003_ 1800_S.gif			27072003_WIS 301C_9131.gif
03/08/ 2003	ev_07444_03AG03_ 0304_020159.img	VV	VH	R1_030802_23424 8_01f.sard.avg	R1_030802_23424 8_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 02aug2003_ 2341_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 02aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
				R1_030803_13172 6_01.sard.avg	R1_030803_13172 6_01.jpg		Resolute_CO_ 03aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			



Date	Image Name			RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional Chart	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft) Chart
				R1_030803_23132 4_03.sard.avg	R1_030803_23132 4_03.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 03aug2003_ 2310_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 04aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
21/08/ 2003	ev_07702_21AG03_ 0339_020162.img	HV	HH	R1_030820_23173 9_02.sard.avg	R1_030820_23173 9_02.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 20aug2003_ 2316_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 20aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
				R1_030821_12523 6_01.sard.avg	R1_030821_12523 6_01.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 21aug2003_ 1252_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 21aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
31/08/ 2003	ev_07845_31AG03_ 0324_020165.img	VV	VH	R1_030830_23255 5_01f.sard.avg	R1_030830_23255 5_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 30aug2003_ 2327_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 30aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
				R1_030831_13005 4_01f.sard.avg	R1_030831_13005 4_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 31aug2003_ 1400_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 31aug2003_ 1800_S.gif			
				R1_030831_22564 4_01f.sard.avg	R1_030831_22564 4_01f.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 31aug2003_ 2253_S.gif				
05/10/ 2003	ev_08346_05OT03_0 324_020169.img	vv	VH	R1_031004_23045 0.sard.avg	R1_031004_23045 0_02.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 04oct2003_ 2304_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 04oct2003_ 1800_S.gif			
					R1_031004_23060 6_03.jpg					
				R1_031005_12400 9_01.sard.avg	R1_031005_12400 9_01.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 05oct2003_ 1240_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 05oct2003_ 1800_S.gif			



Date	Image Name			RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional Chart	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft) Chart
18/10/ 2003	ev_08532_18OT03_0 316_020172.img	VV	VH	R1_031017_23254 3.sard.avg	R1_031017_23254 3_02.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 17oct2003_ 2325_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 17oct2003_ 1800_S.gif			
					R1_031017_23265 9_03.jpg					
				R1_031018_13004 7_01.sard.avg	R1_031018_13004 7_01.jpg	WIS135_CO_ 18oct2003_ 1300_S.gif	Resolute_CO_ 18oct2003_ 1800_S.gif			
30/10/ 2003	ev_08704_30OT03_0 338_020226.img	ΗV	ΗH	R1_031031_23174 2_01f.sard.avg	R1_031031_23174 2_01f.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 27oct2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								EArcticR_CO_ 27oct2003_ 1800_S.gif		
05/11/ 2003	ev_08798_05NV03_1 723_020229.img	ΗH		R1_031104_23001 2.sard.avg	R1_031104_23001 2_01.jpg			WArcticR_cCO _03nov2003_ 1800_S.gif		
					R1_031104_23012 7_02f.jpg			EArcticR_CO_ 03nov2003_ 1800_S.gif		
								WArcticR_cCO _03nov2003_ 1800_S.gif		
09/11/ 2003	ev_08847_09NV03_0 324_020232.img	VV	VH	R1_031108_22443 5_02.sard.avg	R1_031108_22443 5_02.jpg			EArcticR_CO_ 03nov2003_180 0_S.gif		



Date	Image Name		RSAT CEOS	RSAT JPG	Image Anal Chart	Daily Ice Chart	Weekly Regional Chart	Monthly Regional Chart	CFR (Aircraft) Chart
			R1_031109_23550 8_01f.sard.avg	R1_031109_23550 8_01f.jpg			WArcticR_CO_ 10nov2003_ 1800_S.gif		
							EArcticR_cCO_ 10nov2003_ 1800_S.gif		

