

§ 301-10.180

41 CFR Ch. 301 (7-1-01 Edition)

SHIP

§ 301-10.180 Must I travel by a U.S. flag ship?

Yes, when a U.S. flag ship is available unless the necessity of the mission requires the use of a foreign ship. (See 46 U.S.C. App. Sec. 1241.)

§ 301-10.181 What is my liability if I improperly use a foreign ship?

You are required to travel by U.S. flag ship for the entire trip, unless use of a foreign ship has been authorized by your agency. Any cost that is attributed to improper or unauthorized use of a foreign ship is your responsibility.

[63 FR 15955, Apr. 1, 1998; 63 FR 35537, June 30, 1998]

§ 301-10.182 What classes of ship accommodations are available?

Accommodations on ships vary according to deck levels.

(a) *First-class*—All classes above the lowest first class, includes but is not limited to a suite.

(b) *Lowest first class*—The least expensive first class of reserved accommodations available on a ship.

§ 301-10.183 What class of ship accommodations must I use?

You must use the lowest first class accommodations when traveling by ship, except when your agency specifically authorizes/approves your use of first-class ship accommodations under paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

(a) Lowest first class accommodations are not available on the ship.

(b) When use of first-class is necessary to accommodate a disability or other special need. Disability must be substantiated in writing by competent medical authority. Special need must be substantiated in writing according to your agency's procedures. If you are authorized under § 301-13.3(a) of this chapter to have an attendant accompany you, your agency also may authorize the attendant to use first-class accommodations if you require the attendant's services en route.

(c) When exceptional security circumstances require first-class travel. Exceptional security circumstances include, but are not limited to:

(1) The use of lowest first class accommodations would endanger your life or Government property; or

(2) You are an agent on protective detail and you are accompanying an individual authorized to use first-class accommodations; or

(3) You are a courier or control officer accompanying controlled pouches or packages.

LOCAL TRANSIT SYSTEM

§ 301-10.190 When may I use a local transit system (bus, subway, or streetcar)?

(a) To, from, and between places of work. The use of bus, subway, or streetcar is an allowable expense for local travel between places of business at your official station or a TDY station, and between places of lodging and place of business at a TDY station.

(b) To places where meals can be obtained. Where the nature and location of the work at your TDY station are such that meals cannot be obtained there, travel to obtain meals at the nearest available place is an allowable expense. You must, however, attach a statement to your travel voucher explaining why such travel was necessary.

Subpart C—Government Vehicle

§ 301-10.200 What types of Government vehicles may my agency authorize me to use?

You may be authorized to use:

(a) A Government automobile in accordance with § 301-10.220;

(b) A Government aircraft in accordance with § 301-10.260 through § 301-10.262 of this part; and

(c) Other type of Government vehicle in accordance with any Government-issued rules governing its use.

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§ 301-10.201 For what purposes may I use a Government vehicle other than a Government aircraft?

Only for official purposes which include transportation:

(a) Between places of official business;

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§ 301-10.302

(b) Between such places and places of temporary lodging when public transportation is unavailable or its use is impractical;

(c) Between either paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section and restaurants, drug stores, barber shops, places of worship, cleaning establishments, and similar places necessary for the sustenance, comfort, or health of the employee to foster the continued efficient performance of Government business; or

(d) As otherwise authorized by your agency under 31 U.S.C. 1344.

§301-10.202 What is my liability for unauthorized use of a Government vehicle?

You are responsible for any additional cost resulting from unauthorized use of a Government vehicle and you may be subject to administrative and/or criminal liability for misuse of Government property.

GOVERNMENT AUTOMOBILES

§301-10.220 What requirements must I meet to operate a Government automobile for official travel?

You must possess a valid State, District of Columbia, or territorial motor vehicle operator's license and have a travel authorization specifically authorizing the use of a Government-furnished automobile.

GOVERNMENT AIRCRAFT

§ 301-10.260 When may I use a Government aircraft for travel?

Only for official purposes in accordance with 41 CFR 101-37.402.

§ 301-10.261 What requirements must I meet to operate a Government aircraft?

You must meet the aircrew qualification and certification requirements contained in 41 CFR 101-37.1212.

§301-10.262 What is my liability for unauthorized use of a Government aircraft?

You will be personally responsible for any additional cost resulting from unauthorized use of the aircraft as provided in 41 CFR 101-37.402 and 101-37.403, and you may be subject to administrative and/or criminal liability for misuse of Government property.

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Subpart D—Privately Owned Vehicle (POV)

§301-10.300 When may I use a POV for official travel?

When authorized by your agency.

§301-10.301 How do I compute my mileage reimbursement?

You compute mileage reimbursement by multiplying the distance traveled, determined under §301-10.302 of this subpart by the applicable mileage rate prescribed in §301-10.303 of this subpart.

§ 301-10.302 How do I determine distance measurements for my travel?

If you travel by	The distance between your origin and destination is
Privately owned automobile or privately owned motorcycle.	As shown in standard highway mileage guides, or the actual miles driven as determined from odometer readings.
Privately owned aircraft	As determined from airway charts issued by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce. You may include in your travel claim with an explanation any additional air mileage resulting from a detour necessary due to adverse weather, mechanical difficulty, or other unusual conditions. If a required deviation is such that airway mileage charts are not adequate to determine distance, you may use the formula of flight time multiplied by cruising speed of the aircraft to determine distance.