### July 22, 2008 VTC - - Dialouge Session Talking Points

#### 1 Post Treatment - Off Site

Off Site Incineration - Baseline and Initial Target Reductions (GE program GPRA goals)

Off Site: Other Post Treatment activities

### 2 Post Treatment - On site

Baseline for stream flows to on site post treatment

Ability to separate soluble from insoluble

Stream diversions from off to on site post treatment

#### 3 Separate / isolate

A Isolation / Separation of Insoluble streams: Ability to divert to: Energy Recovery - incineration

solvent recovery - solvent recovery / distillation

B Isolation / Separation of **Soluble** streams: Ability to divert to: Heat Integration - solvent recovery

## **4** Recoverability and new RCRA law, Revisions to the Definition of Solid Waste; Proposed Rule 40 CFR Pars 260 & 261, Monday, March 26, 2007

Ability to Recover solvent upstream

cost estimates with and without RCRA rule

#### 5 Reduce, Recover, Reuse, Resale

Proposed improvements / metrics in each category

Reduce Ideal sets of solvents, process optimizations, reaction concentrations, power and steam

Reuse: High purity, focus on insoluble

3rd party markets: \$\$ toward resell of soluble after use as cooling / heating agent

### 6 Resell

3rd party markets - Tabs 5 & 6. Economics for soluble vs insoluble

additional support: DOC / NIST / MEP - MEP in PR

Methanol Institute PRMA as resource / Broker

### 7 Partnership Mechanism - collectively developed Public Domain / linkage with Performance Tracks This is NOT an information collection and / or reporting exercise!!

- 8 Public Domain Home(s) for universal Database & Technology Transfer to industry and academia
  - \* GE academic materials and Center for Sustainable Engineering (supporting PPT)
  - \* Prentice Hall Book Build (supporting PPT)
  - \* Adapted EPA Sustainable Futures Workshops: covers property estimation and chemsteer tools, add GSK / NCU modules

# Pollution Prevention and Stewardship in the Pharmaceutical Sector Initiative

# Puerto Rico Manufacturing Association - July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2008 Meeting Taking Points

Greetings! I just wanted to let you know that last week I met with two pharmaceutical representatives from Pfizer and the Puerto Rico Manufacturing Association (PRMA). As part of the meeting, we discussed the upcoming video conference event for which they showed a genuine enthusiasm, and expressed some general comments that I truly believe we should focus before the event as follows:

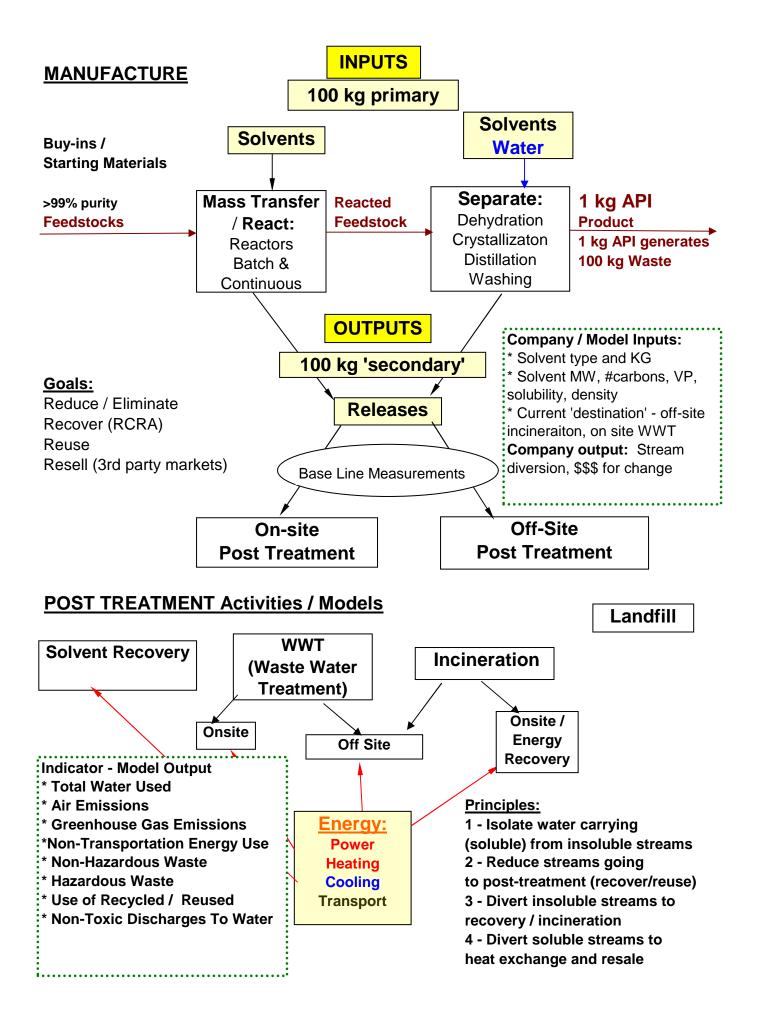
- They wanted to know how the partnership building for the business case development would function (step by step), and what would be required for them to do as participants. The invitation letter from EPA HQ is of utmost importance in order to justify their participation;
- They also wanted to know the main objective of the pilot project, long term commitments, timeframes, legal implications, and public appearance (information dissemination);
- They were interested on how to use the model software based on the TRI data. In the event that they become a participant, they would like to provide you with more specific data from their manufacturing processes;
- They asked details about the Solid Waste Final Rule and the expected date to be signed.
- It was mentioned that an effort can be made to deviate solvents from incineration destination, but needed to know about alternate disposal options, and a list of contacts regarding the 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Market Exchange;
- They asked about the pilot project metrics, project realistic goals, and specific timeline;
- They asked about the relationship between this pilot project and Performance Track, since they would like to get credits as participants;
- They wanted more details about individual technical assistance for the pilot project;
- It was mentioned if EPA can assist the local government environmental offices such as the Environmental Quality Board (EQB) and the Solid Waste Management Authority (SWMA) to become acquainted with the project efforts, and to be involved;
- They asked about the upcoming AICHE Convention and what would be presented about the project; and,
- If there would be any environmental recognition or incentives for the participants.

Chemical:	METHANOL		Chemical Use Profile	
CAS			This is a high volume chemical with production exceeding 1 million pounds	
Number:	67-56-1		annually in the U.S.	
		Referenc	Used in at least 17 industries. Which Industries Use	How is the Chemical Used in
Health Haz	ard	e(s)	This Chemical?	This Industry?
Recognized:			Antifreezing Agents	De-icing agents
Suspected:	Developmental Toxicant	<u>CERHR</u> JANK		
	Gastrointestinal or Liver Toxicant	<u>OEHHA-</u> <u>CREL</u> <u>RTECS</u>	Electroplating	Electroplating - Cold- cleaning Solvents Electroplating - Vapor
			Electroplating	Degreasing Solvents
	Kidney Toxicant	MERCK	  Heat Transferring Agents	Secondary Coolants
	Neurotoxicant	DAN EPA- HEN EPA- SARA	Laboratory Chemicals	Solvents - Dilution
	<u>Respiratory Toxicant</u> <u>Skin or Sense Organ Toxicant</u>	RTECS EPA-	Laboratory Chemicals	Solvents - Extraction Solvents - Liquid
			Laboratory Chemicals	Chromatography Solvents - Machinery
			Machinery Mfg and Repair	Manufacture and Repair
Dogulatory	Air Contaminants (Occupational		Paint Manufacture	Alcohol Solvents - Paint Solvents - Paint
<u>Regulatory</u> <u>Coverage</u> 5 federal	and Safety Health Act)		Paint Stripping	Stripping Outer Layer
regulatory	Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean		Printed Circuit Board Manufacturing	Etch/Plate - Print Circ
<u>lists.</u>	<u>Air Act)</u> <u>Hazardous Substances</u> (Superfund)		Printed Circuit Board	Brd Mfg Inner Layer Etching - Print Circ Brd Mfg
	Registered Pesticides (Federal		Printed Circuit Board	Making PCB Holes
	Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act) Toxic Release Inventory		Manufacturing	Conductive Solvents -
	<u>Chemicals</u>		Pharmaceuticals Mfg Paper Coating	Pharmaceuticals Solvents Solvents - Herbicide
			Pesticide Mfg (Herbicides)	Manufacture Solvents - Insecticide
			Pesticide Mfg (Insecticides)	Manufacture Solvents for Equipment
			Printing	Cleaning Diazotype Materials -
			Reprographic Agents	Misc. Chemicals Solvents - Rubber
			Rubber Manufacture	Manufacture <b>Cleaning -</b>
			Semiconductors	Semiconductors
			Wood Stains and Varnishes	Varnish Solvents

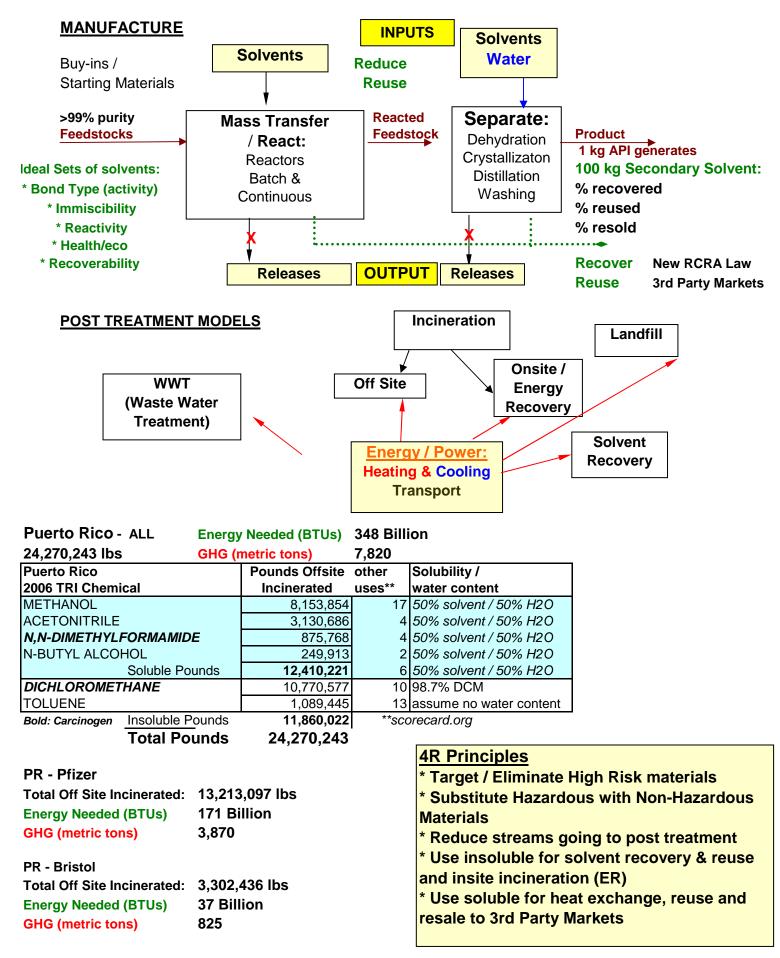
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Chemical:	DICHLOROMETHANE		<u>Chemical Use Profile</u> This is a high volume chemical	
CAS Number:	75-09-2		with production exceeding 1 million pounds annually in the	-
Human Health Haz			Used in at least 10 industries.	
Health Hazard		Referenc e(s)	Which Industries Use This Chemical?	How is the Chemical Used in This Industry?
Recognized:		<u>P65</u>	Circuit Board Manufacture	Image Photostrippers
Suspected:	Cardiovascular or Blood Toxicant	<u>KLAA</u> OEHHA-		Electroplating - Cold-
	Endocrine Toxicant	RTECS	Electroplating	cleaning Solvents Electroplating - Vapor
	Gastrointestinal or Liver Toxicant	ATSDR	Electroplating Integrated Iron and Steel	Degreasing Solvents
	<u>Kidney Toxicant</u> Neurotoxicant	RTECS RTECS ATSDR	Mfg Laboratory Chemicals	Solvents - Steel Solvents - Dilution
	Reproductive Toxicant	DAN EPA-	Laboratory Chemicals	Solvents - Extraction Solvents - Liquid
	Respiratory Toxicant	JANK RTECS	Laboratory Chemicals	Chromatography Solvents - Metal
	<u>·····································</u>		Metal Degreasing	Degreasing Solvents - Paint
	Air Contominanto		Paint Stripping	Stripping
<u>Regulatory</u> <u>Coverage</u>	Air Contaminants (Occupational and Safety Health Act)		Paper Coating	Solvents
<u>On at least 8</u> <u>federal</u> <u>regulatory lists.</u>	Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act)		Pesticide Mfg (Insecticides)	Solvents - Insecticide Manufacture
	Hazardous Constituents			
	(Resource Conservation and Recovery Act)		Pharmaceuticals Mfg	Solvents - Pharmaceuticals
	<u>Hazardous Substances</u> (Superfund)		Wood Stains and Varnishes	Resin Solvents
	Maximum Contaminant Levels (Safe Drinking Water			
	Act)		Wood Stains and Varnishes	Varnish Solvents
	Priority Pollutants (Clean Water Act)			
	Registered Pesticides (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act)			
	Toxic Release Inventory Chemicals			
Bold: Lists metha				

General		Detailed	_	
Indicator	Category	Indicator	LCI post Treatment	
			Model Output	Company Input kg solvent to post
	Life Cycl	e Stage: Upstream		treatment
	Meterial	Described as start		
Use of Recycled /	Material Procurement	Recycled content Hazardous/toxic		X
Reused Materials	1 roourement	components		x
	Life Cy	cle Stage: Inputs		
		Materials used	х	
		Hazardous materials used	Y	
	Material Use		x	
		Total packaging materials used		x
Use of Recycled /		Reused or recycled		^
Reused Materials		materials used	x	
Total Water Used	Water Use	Total water used	Water incinerated; TOC, BOD, COD, TDS	
Non-Transportation		Total (non-transportation)		
Energy Use Greenhouse Gas	Energy Use	energy use Transportation energy	x	
Emissions		<u>USE</u>		
	Life Cycle Sta	ge: Nonproduct Outputs		
Greenhouse Gas				
Emissions		Total greenhouse gases	CO2, CH4	
		Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)	x	
	Air Emissions			
			x	
		<u>Sulfur oxides (SOx)</u> Carbon monoxide	X	
Air Emissions		Air toxics	x x	
	Discharges to		х	
	Water	water		
Water Discharges		Toxic discharges to water	x	
-				1
Non-hazardous waste	Waste	Non-hazardous waste	x	
Hazardous Waste		Hazardous waste	x	
	Life Cycle	Stage: Downstream		
			cumulative ouput streams	
			from post-treatment	
		from disposal or recovery	modules	



### Reduce, Recover, Reuse, Resell Opportunities and Principles



Puerto Rico - All				
Incineration treatment mo	odule calculation s	heet		
Puerto Rico - All	EPA TRI Solvents		Off Site Incineration	n
Calculation basis=	24,270,033.00	Pounds	348 Billion BTUs	
Information needed (enter in th	ne yellow cells)		7820 Metric Tons	GHG
Name of the organic substances to be incinerated	Molecular weight	Number of Carbon atoms in formula	Amount to be incinerated [kg]	Organic carbon to incinerator [kg]
methanol dichloromethane	<u>32</u> 84.9	1	839,565	314,837
toluene			2,189,198	,
acetonitrile	92.13 41	2	224,354	
N,N-dimethylformamide	73	3	<u>322,358</u> 90,175	· · ·
n-butyl alcohol	73	4	25,733	16,665
	/4.12	4	23,733	10,005
		Total Carbon	to incinerator [kg] =	1,078,652
			to incinerator [kg] =	3,691,383
			is to incinerator [kg]	1,306,291
		BTUS	Energy Recovered (%)	0%
Energy needed = [MJ of Natural gas]		348	Energy Recovered (MJ of Steam)	0
348 Billion BTUs		-		
GHG Metric Tons: 7,820	Total from incinerator	From incineration process	Energy usage-related	Energy recovery-related
Air emission [kg]			0.005.00	
СН4 СО	8,860.30	1.73E+03	8.86E+03 9.21E+02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00
CO2	2,646.73 7,812,361.16	3.92E+06	9.21E+02 3.90E+06	0.00E+00
NMVOC	21,869.48	3.92E+06		0.00E+00
NOx	12,358.47	1.732402	1.24E+04	
SOx	1,480.33		1.48E+03	0.00E+00
	1,400.00		1.402100	0.002100
Water emission [kg]				
тос	1.32		1.32E+00	0.00E+00
BOD	0.23		2.30E-01	0.00E+00
COD	3.79		3.79E+00	0.00E+00
TDS	1.51E+02		1.51E+02	0.00E+00
Solid wooto [kg]	4,859.16		4.86E+03	0.00E+00
Solid waste [kg]	4,059.10		4.002+03	0.002+00
Puerto Rico 2006 TRI Chemical	Off Site Inciner Pounds	ated Kilograms	RCRA	other uses
METHANOL	8,153,854	-	Y	17
ACETONITRILE	3,130,686			4
N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	875,768			2
	249,913	113,361	Y	6
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	210,010			
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	12,410,221	5,629,276		
DICHLOROMETHANE	<b>12,410,221</b> 10,770,577	4,885,534	Y	10
	12,410,221	4,885,534 494,172	Y Y	10 13

**Total Off Site Incinerated:** 

24,270,243 11,008,982 348 Billion BTUs Bold: Carcinogen

Summary - Including Companies

### Puerto Rico Total Off Site Incinerated:

24,270,243 pounds 348 Billion BTUs 7820 Metric Tons GHG

Pfizer Total Off Site Incinerated:

13,213,097 pounds 171 Billion BTUs 3,870 Metric Tons GHG

Bristol Total Off Site Incinerated:

3,302,436 pounds 37 Billion BTUS 825 metric tons GHG

### Pfizer - Arcibo and Barceloneta

### Incineration treatment module calculation sheet

	<b>EPA TRI Solvents</b>		Off Site Incineration
Calculation basis=	13,213,097.00	Pounds	171 Billion BTUs
			3,870 Metric Tons GHG

Information needed (enter in the yellow cells)

Name of the organic substances to be incinerated	Molecular weight	Number of Carbon atoms in formula	Amount to be incinerated [kg]	Organic carbon to incinerator [kg]
methanol	32	1	428,295	160,611
dichloromethane	84.9	1	1,505,270	212,759
toluene	92.13	7	101,578	92,614
acetonitrile	41	2	47,123	27,584
n-hexane	87.17	6	9,944	8,213
N,N-dimethylformamide	73	3	41,056	20,247
n-butyl alcohol	74.12	4	25,733	16,665
				0
			n to incinerator [kg] =	538,692
			s to incinerator [kg] =	
			us to incinerator [kg]	571,719
		BTUs	Energy Recovered (%)	0%
Energy needed = [MJ of Natural gas]	27,122,983	171	Energy Recovered (MJ of Steam)	0
171 Billion BTUs				
8,520 Metric Tons GHG	Total from incinerator	From incineration process	Energy usage-related	Energy recovery-related
Air emission [kg]				
CH4	4,339.71		4.34E+03	0.00E+00
со	1,312.95	8.62E+02	4.51E+02	0.00E+00
CO2	3,864,102.88	1.96E+06	1.91E+06	0.00E+00
NMVOC	10,713.17	8.62E+01	1.06E+04	0.00E+00
NOx	6,053.09		6.05E+03	0.00E+00
SOx	725.05		7.25E+02	0.00E+00
Water emission [kg]				
TOC	0.65		6.49E-01	0.00E+00
BOD	0.11		1.13E-01	0.00E+00
COD	1.86		1.86E+00	0.00E+00
TDS	7.38E+01		7.38E+01	0.00E+00
Solid waste [kg]	2,379.98		2.38E+03	0.00E+00

PR - Pfizer	Energy Needed (B	TUs)	171 Billion	
13,213,097 lbs	GHG (metric tons)		3,870	
TRI Chemical	Arcibo	Barceloneta	Total = Pounds	kilograms
METHANOL	2,116,461	2,043,068	4,159,529	1,886,762
ACETONITRILE	440,050	17,600	457,650	207,590
N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	285,728	113,000	398,728	180,863
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	249,913	0	249,913	113,361
	3,092,152	2,173,668	5,265,820	
DICHLOROMETHANE	7,103,738	302,000	7,405,738	3,359,243
TOLUENE	142,354	350,900	493,254	223,740
N-HEXANE	48,285	0	48,285	21,902

	7,294,377	652,900	7,947,277	2,388,576
Totals	10,386,529	2,826,568	13,213,097	

**Total Off Site Incinerated:** 

3,870 Metric Tons GHG

# Bristol Myers Humaco and Barceloneta Incineration treatment module calculation sheet

	EPA TRI Solvents	<b>Off Site Incineration</b>
Calculation basis=	3,302,436.00	37 Billion BTUS
		825 metric tons GHG

Information needed (enter in the yellow cells)

Name of the organic substances to be incinerated	Molecular weight	Number of Carbon atoms in formula	Amount to be incinerated [kg]	Organic carbon to incinerator [kg]
methanol	32	1	123,610	46,354
dichloromethane	84.9	1	417,471	59,006
toluene	92.13	7	9,874	9,003
N,N-dimethylformamide	73	3	10	5
				0
		Total Carbor	n to incinerator [kg] =	114,368
		Total Organics	s to incinerator [kg] =	550,966
L		Total aqueo	us to incinerator [kg]	129,048
		BTUs	Energy Recovered (%)	0%
Energy needed = [MJ of Natural gas]	5,809,047	37	Energy Recovered (MJ of Steam)	0
37 Billion BTUS			,	
	Total from	From incineration	Energy	Energy
825 metric tons GHG	incinerator	process	usage-related	recovery-related
Air emission [kg]				
CH4	929.45		9.29E+02	0.00E+00
со	279.59	1.83E+02	9.66E+01	0.00E+00
CO2	823,940.43	4.15E+05	4.09E+05	0.00E+00
NMVOC	2,294.32	1.83E+01	2.28E+03	0.00E+00
NOx	1,296.42		1.30E+03	0.00E+00
SOx	155.29		1.55E+02	0.00E+00
Water emission [kg]				
TOC	0.14		1.39E-01	0.00E+00
BOD	0.02		2.41E-02	0.00E+00
COD	0.40		3.97E-01	0.00E+00
TDS	1.58E+01		1.58E+01	0.00E+00

TRI Chemical	Humacao		Barceloneta	Total Pounds	kilograms
METHANOL		8,400	1,192,083	1,200,483	544,539
DICHLOROMETHANE		21,701	2,032,203	2,053,904	931,651
TOLUENE		0	47,948	47,948	21,749
N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMID	E	0	101	101	46
Totals		30,101	3,272,335	3,302,436	1,497,985
Bold: Carcinogen				37 Billion BTUS	
				825 metric tons GH	G