



EO-1 Advanced Land Imager (ALI) Technology Transfer Forum

Integration and Environmental Testing

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Test Guidelines

- Structural Thermal Model
- Flight Unit Mechanical Tests
 - Electronics Box and Instrument Level
 - Mass Properties
 - Mechanism Life
- Thermal Tests
- Mechanical Ground Support Equipment
- Documentation and Summary





- ALI environmental testing guidelines established in Environmental Test Specification - 30 (ETS - 30)
 - Lincoln Document Number ALI-S1003
 - Release Date 31 July 1997
- Vibration Test Levels for ALI established in the "EO-1 Spacecraft to Advanced Land Imager (ALI) Interface Control Document (ICD)"
 - GSFC Document Number EO-1 ICD-018
 - Release Date 4 February 1998 (Rev A)
- Temperature Cycling Profile for ALI established by mutual agreement with the EO-1 Project Office at GSFC
 - Lincoln Document Number ALI-S1031
 - Release date 17 September 1998





- Instrument design subjected to quasi-static loads of 12.5 g's axial & 10 g's lateral, applied simultaneously
 - Factors of Safety
 - 1.25 on microyield (telescope)
 - 1.60 on yield (ICD requires minimum 1.25)
 - 2.0 on ultimate (ICD requires minimum 1.4)
 - Design driven by minimum 65 Hertz instrument frequency requirement
- STM sine burst tested in each axis to qualify basic design
 - Qual-level quasi-static loads: 12.2 g's axial and 9.6 g's lateral
- Instrument random vibration inputs notched
 - 3 sigma g loads not allowed to exceed qual-level quasi-static load inputs at M1 or the focal plane (i.e. close to c.g.)
- No notching applied for electronics box testing



Outline



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- STM ALI Assembly Contains:
 - SSG STM Telescope and SBRS EDU Focal Plane Assembly

No optics or photon sensitive chips

 SBRS Breadboard Focal Plane Electronics (FPE) and Lincoln EDU Mechanisms, Radiators and ALICE

Mass mock-ups of FPE and ALICE on pallet during vibration

Mass mock-up of ALICE in vacuum tank during thermal balance tests; EDU ALICE outside tank







STM ALI Vibration Test Flow









- Nothing broke; almost everything worked afterward
- Two anomalies found
 - Diffuser fail-safe did not operate properly

Torsion spring disengaged during vibration

Problem corrected by elongating spring tangs

F1 mirror blank shifted

Problem traced to defect in the adhesive joint between silicon carbide mirror and nickel plated invar mount

Recommended Action: Conduct vibration test of as delivered flight telescope and look for mirror frequency shifts (done)

• Post vibration diffuser fail-safe design/testing dilemma

 Torque associated with deployment of diffuser fail safe exceeds maximum allowable back drive torque for motor gear head

i.e. "one time only" device works very well but can damage motor gear head during testing



ALI Silicon Carbide Mirrors









Objectives: Thermal Design Verification Analytical Model Verification Worst Case Condition Simulation Establish Criteria for Flight System Testing Set up Prototype Thermal Install IR Lamps, Heaters, Install MLI on STM: **Control System, Data** Calibrate Test Test GSE, Guard Heaters, Install STM **Acquisition System &** Arrangement Cables, MLI and Assembly in Thermal EDU ALICE Instrumentation in Tank Vacuum Tank **Outside The Tank** Test at Nominal Orbit Test at Mission Hot **Test at Mission Cold** Return to Room Conditions: **Conditions: Conditions: Temperature and Remove** Pallet = 20 C. Pallet = 50 C, Pallet = -10 C. from Tank **Cover Closed Cover Closed or Open Cover Closed**





- Mechanism Life Tests conducted using EDU mechanisms
 - EDU units made from same drawings & materials as flight units

Different surface treatments for non-bearing parts

- Governing Document:
 - "Mechanism Life Test Plan"; LL Document ALI-S1017; last revised 28 September 1998
- Testing Details:
 - No. of Cycles = 1.5 times design life

Thermal survival cycle (-10 C to + 50 C) before and after operational cycles

Operational cycle temperatures: Cold = 0 C; Hot = 40 C

 Testing successfully completed on Aperture Selector (240 cycles), Aperture Cover (3900 cycles) and Calibration Diffuser (240 cycles)

All cycles in vacuum; half hot, half cold

- No problems encountered
- EDU Mechanisms returned to STM after testing



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- Objective: Qualify mounting of largest ceramic leaded components on ALI Control Electronics FR-4 boards
 - Issue: Fatigue due to mismatched coefficients of thermal expansion (CTE) between board sandwich and components

Ceramic CTE ~ 6-7 ppm/C; Board sandwich CTE ~ 18-20 ppm/C

 Components: 392 lead Surface Mount Multi-Chip Module, 40 pin Dual In-Line Package & 28 pin Surface Mount Device



Test Board Sandwich



Board Mounted for Vibration



Replica of Multi-Chip Module

- Test Environments: Sine burst, sine sweep & random vibration
- Thermal cycling: -50 to 50 C, 20 cycles; 0 to 100 C, 200 cycles



Flight Control Electronics Vibration Testing



Protoflight Testing Suite - 3 Axes

- Sine Burst (quasi-static loads) 12.2 g's axial 9.6 g's lateral
- Sine Sweep (5-50 Hz)
 3.5 g's axial
 5.9 g's lateral (15-35 Hz)
 3.0 g's lateral (35-50 Hz)
- Random Vibration (20-2000 Hz) 10.6 g rms for electronics 5.8 g rms for instrument



ALICE on the Vibration Table





- Vibration Tests
 - First ALICE protoflight vibration test (prior to PER)
 Sine burst, sine sweep & random (for electronics)
 Problem: 5 of 6 wedgelock screws loosened
 - Second ALICE protoflight vibration retest
 Sine burst, sine sweep & random (for electronics)
 No problems encountered
 Wedgelocks remained tight over all tests
 Primary fix: installation procedure changed
 ALICE filter box protoflight vibration test
 - ALICE filter box protoflight vibration test Sine burst, sine sweep & random (for electronics) No problems encountered











 Telescope Thermal Vacuum at SSG 	13-17 April
 Telescope Vibration at LL 	19-21 May
 Focal Plane (FP) Vibration at SBRS 	18-20 May
 Focal Plane Electronics (FPE) Vibration 	
 at SBRS (sine sweep & random) 	8-12 May
 At LL (sine burst only) 	1 July
 FP & FPE Thermal Cycles at SBRS 	21-25 May
ALICE Thermal Cycles at LL	13-17 July, 3 Aug
• ALICE Vibration at LL	7 July, 7 Aug, 17 Sept (FB)
 Flight ALI Vibration at LL 	3-4 September
 Flight Thermal Cycles at LL 	4-25 October
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Vibration Test Configuration









- ALI weight & center of gravity
 - Weight 197.8 pounds (~90 kg)
 FPE to WARP data cable not included
 - Center of Gravity at x = -0.5 in., y = 5.7 in., z = 10.5 in.
 - All measurements within ICD allowables
- Weight Distribution
 - Telescope (Truss, Diffuser, Wiring)
 Housing (Structure, Mechanisms, Wiring)
 Pallet (Structure, Wiring)
 Focal Plane Radiator (Structure, Wiring)
 Focal Plane Electronics (Structure, Wiring)
 ALICE (Including Filter Box)
 19



Flight ALI Vibration Testing



Protoflight Testing Suite - 3 Axes

- (1) 0.5 Grms White-Noise Random Signature Test
- (2) Half-Level Sine Sweep Test
- (3) Full-Level Sine Sweep Test
- (4) 0.5 Grms White-Noise Random Signature Test
- (5) –12 dB down Random Level
- (6) –6 dB down Notched Random Level
- (7) Full-Level Notched Random
- (8) 0.5 Grms White-Noise Random Signature Test



ALI on the Vibration Table





- Test exceptions
 - Mass mock-up used for ALICE filter box
 - MLI not present
- Post-test results
 - All electrical, mechanical & optical checks successful

Optics in focus and all electrical & mechanical functions verified

Two anomalies found:

Aperture selector slightly ajar

Some black paint and lint particles on M1 & M3

Anomaly resolution

Aperture selector: Jam nut found loose; tightened and epoxy staked

Durability of fix verified through vibration testing of EDU selector

Particles: Feathered paint edges and thoroughly cleaned telescope at the truss level prior to instrument assembly

Considerably less particles found than after truss vibration test



Vibration Test Data



		Sine Sweep Component Responses (g's)						
D F .		Components	Х	peak	Y	peak	Ζp	eak
Resonance Fr	equencies		5-35 Hz	35-50 Hz	5-35 H:	z 35-50 Hz	5-35 Hz	35-50 Hz
Component	Frequency (Hz)	Input	5.9	3.0	5.9	3.0	3.5	3.5
Telescope	68, 78, 170	Telescope	8.2	7.0	7.0	7.0	3.8	4.4
Housing	68, 110	Housing	7.0	4.6	9.2	9.8	4.5	6.0
	110, 180	FPE	7.0	4.6	7.2	4.8	3.6	3.6
Focal Plane Radiator 68 100 190	68, 100, 190	ALICE	5.8	3.3	6.0	3.2	3.9	4.1
	,,,	FP Radiato	r 8.1	6.2	9.4	10.0	4.0	3.6

Resona

3s Random	Peak Responses	at f _n <200Hz (g's)
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Components	Х	Y	Z
Allowables @ c.c	ı. 9.6	9.6	12.2
M1	, 9.5	9.5	11.0
Housing	2.7	6.6	9.8
FPE	3.7	2.8	4.2
ALICE	6.7	5.7	2.0
FP Radiator	4.6	6.8	6.4



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Control Electronics Thermal Cycling





Protoflight Temperature Limits Survival -30 to +50 C Operating -20 to + 40 C

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ALI in Tank with MLI











* Reference: Nick Teti (Swales) to Ralph Welsh (GSFC) memo of 13 August 1998





- MLI installation 14-22 September
- ALI installed in vacuum tank 25 September
 - Pre-cycling optical focus measurements completed with ALI in tank at room temperature 28 Sept - 1 Oct
 - Thermal cycling initiated 4 Oct; completed 25 Oct

50 C spacecraft simulator "hot soak"& "bakeout" conditions at start

30 C spacecraft simulator "baseline" data condition established

All temperature sensors, heaters and mechanisms operated properly Anomalies:

Focal plane thermal control system noisy & operating improperly; new system implemented in ALICE software

Best ALI focus position altered by tank window thermal gradients; optical test equipment adjusted to compensate for focus shift

Thermal cycling & data taking continued to completion

Cold soak at - 30C; data taking at -10C & 40C over 4 cycles

1 week delay due to LN₂ plumbing problem outside clean room

- ALI thermal computer model verified



ALI Thermal Vacuum Cycling







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Mechanical Ground Support Equipment



- Instrument lifting fixture
 - Successfully used throughout all I&T handling operations
 - Proof tested to 1000 pounds (5 X ALI weight)
- Instrument shipping container
 - Shock isolation system
 - External electrical and purge connections







Vacuum Tank Handling Fixture





Upright



90° Rotation for insertion in tank



Mounting ALI on EO-1 Spacecraft







EO-1 Spacecraft Integration at Swales Aerospace

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- Drawings
 - Detail drawings from LL, SBRS & SSG completed
 - Many assembly drawings red lined
 - LL Drawing Listing available
- Vibration Test Reports

_	STM	21 April
_	Telescope	19-21 May 98
_	FPE Sine Burst	1 July
_	ALICE	7 July, 28 July, 7 Aug
_	ALI	3 Sept
_	EDU Aperture Selector	15 Sept
_	ALICE Filter Box	17 Sept
_	Focal Plane & FPE at SBRS	8 May, 18 May
		MIT Lincoln Laboratory





- Thermal Cycle Testing
 - Instrument data files available
 - Mechanism Life Test summary report, 29 Sept 98
- Log Books
 - STM I&T activities
 - Flight unit I & T activities (not including calibration)
- Materials (ML) and Electronic Parts (EPL) Lists
 - ML submitted to GSFC 24 July, 17 Sept 97; approved 9 Oct 97
 - EPL submitted to GSFC 1 July, 1 Sept 98; not formally approved by GSFC Parts Engineer
- Computer Models
 - Pre-Hyperion ALI structural finite element model (NASTRAN)
 - Post- Hyperion ALI thermal models (SSPTA & LLTTA)





- ALI integration and environmental testing successfully completed with few anomalies
 - All test-related anomalies documented and resolved
 - Test data documented in reports and at Web site
- ALI mass properties met ICD guidelines
- Design drawings mostly completed
 - Some red lined
- Handling and shipment MGSE available