#### §418.3201

- (b) When we make redeterminations. (1) We will redetermine your subsidy eligibility within one year after we determine that you are eligible for the subsidy.
- (2) After the first redetermination, we will redetermine your subsidy eligibility at intervals determined by the Commissioner. The length of time between redeterminations varies depending on the likelihood that your situation may change in a way that affects your eligibility and whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy.
- (3) We may also redetermine your eligibility and whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy when you tell us of a change in your circumstances described in §418.3120.
- (4) We may redetermine your eligibility when we receive information from you or from data exchanges with Federal and State agencies that may affect whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy or your eligibility for the subsidy.
- (5) We will also redetermine eligibility on a random sample of cases for quality assurance purposes. For each collection of sample cases, all factors affecting eligibility and/or whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy may be verified by contact with primary repositories of information relevant to each individual factor (e.g., we may contact employers to verify wage information). Consequently, we may contact a variety of other sources, in addition to recontacting you, to verify the completeness and accuracy of our information.

### FILING OF APPLICATION

## § 418.3201 Must you file an application to become eligible for a subsidy?

Unless you are a person covered by §418.3105, in addition to meeting other requirements, you or your personal representative must file an application to become eligible for a subsidy. If you believe you may be eligible for a subsidy, you should file an application. Filing a subsidy application does not commit you to participate in the Part D program. Filing an application will:

(a) Permit us to make a formal determination on your eligibility for the

subsidy and whether you should receive a full or partial subsidy;

- (b) Assure that you can receive the subsidy for any months that you are eligible and are enrolled in a Medicare Part D plan or Medicare Advantage plan with prescription drug coverage; and
- (c) Give you the right to appeal if you disagree with our determination.

# § 418.3205 What makes an application a claim for a subsidy?

We will consider your application a claim for the subsidy if:

- (a) You, or someone acting on your behalf as described in §418.3215, complete an application on a form prescribed by us;
- (b) You, or someone acting on your behalf as described in §418.3215, file the application with us pursuant to §418.3220; and
- (c) You are alive on the first day of the month in which the application is filed.

## § 418.3210 What is a prescribed application for a subsidy?

If you choose to apply with SSA, you must file for the subsidy on an application prescribed by us. A prescribed application may include a printed form, an application our employees complete on computer screens, or an application available online on our Internet Web site (www.socialsecurity.gov). See §418.3220 for places where an application for the subsidy may be filed and when it is considered filed.

## § 418.3215 Who may file your application for a subsidy?

You or your personal representative (as defined in 42 CFR 423.772) may complete and file your subsidy application.

## § 418.3220 When is your application considered filed?

(a) General rule. We consider an application for a subsidy as described in §418.3210 to be filed with us on the day it is received by either one of our employees at one of our offices or by one of our employees who is authorized to receive it at a place other than one of our offices or it is considered filed on the day it is submitted electronically through our Internet Web site. If a