

For additional copies of this card contact:

National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research National Oral Health Information Clearinghouse 1 NOHIC Way Bethesda, MD 20892-3500 301-402-7364 www.nidcr.nih.gov

> This publication is not copyrighted. Make as many photocopies as you need.





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

NIH Publication Number: 06-5032 Reprinted December 2005

A

The Oral Cancer Exam

An oral cancer exam is painless and quick — it takes only a few minutes. Your regular dental check-up is an excellent opportunity to have the exam.

Here's what to expect:

- Preparing for the exam: If you have dentures (plates) or partials, you will be asked to remove them.
 - Your health care provider will inspect your face, neck, lips and mouth to look for any signs of cancer.
- With both hands, he or she will feel the area under your jaw and the side of your neck, checking for lumps that may suggest cancer.
 - He or she will then look at and feel the insides of your lips and cheeks to check for possible signs of cancer, such as red and/or white patches.
- Next, your provider will have you stick out your tongue so it can be checked for swelling or abnormal color or texture.
 - Using gauze, he or she will then gently pull your tongue to one side, then the other, to check the base of your tongue. The underside of your tongue will also be checked.
- In addition, he or she will look at the roof and floor of your mouth, as well as the back of your throat.
 - Finally, your provider will put one finger on the floor of your mouth and, with the other hand under your chin, gently press down to check for lumps or sensitivity.