

12064
Ilmenite Basalt
1214.3 grams

DRAFT



Figure 1: Lunar basalt 12064. Sample is 7 cm across. NASA # S70-44454.

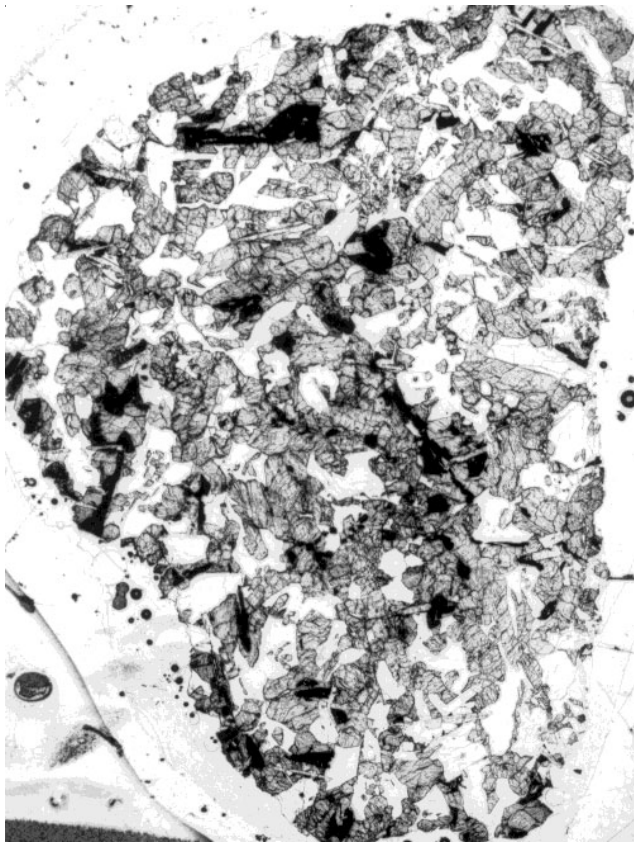


Figure 2a: Transmitted light photo of 12064,7. Scale about 2 cm. NASA S70-31562.

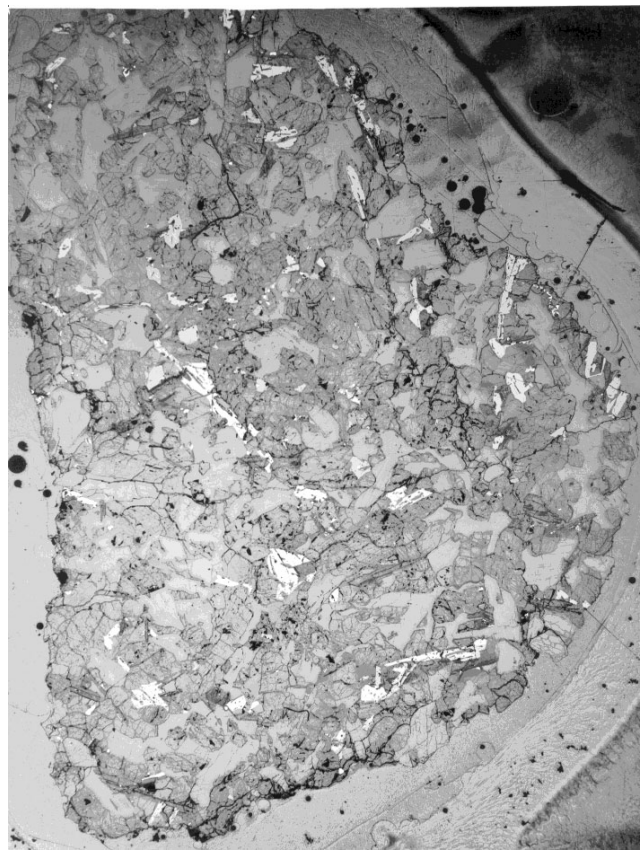


Figure 2b: Reflected light photo of thin section 12064,7. Scale about 2 cm. NASA S70-31580.

Introduction

12064 is an angular rock believed to be the one described by the astronauts as a “square rock” collected near the Surveyor spacecraft. It is a coarse-grained ilmenite basalt that is 3.2 b.y. old.

Petrography

Klein et al. (1971) and McGee et al. (1977) describe 12064 as “a coarse-grained subophitic basalt characterized by anhedral pyroxene crystals (0.4 to 2.0 mm) intergrown with plagioclase anhedra (0.8 – 1 mm) and rare subhedral plagioclase tablets (0.2 – 1 mm).” The rather coarse-grained mesostasis of 12064 is

characterized by intergrowths of fayalite, hedenbergite, and glass - also containing K-spar, whitlockite, apatite and two Zr-rich phases (Kushiro et al. 1971).

Mineralogy

Olivine: 12064 contains trace fayalite (Kushiro et al. 1971).

Pyroxene: The clinopyroxene in 12064 shows pronounced optical zoning from light tan at the center to dark brown border zones at the edge (Klein et al.

Mineralogical Mode of 12064

	McGee et al. 1977	Neal et al. 1994	Klein et al. 1971	Papike et al. 1976
olivine	1-2		1.6	
pyroxene	56-57	55.5	55.8	57.2
plagioclase	29-33	39.1	29.4	33.1
opaques	7		7.1	6.7
ilmenite		3.9		
chrom + usp		0.6		
“silica”	2-5	--	5	2.3
mesostasis	1	0.9	0.9	0.7

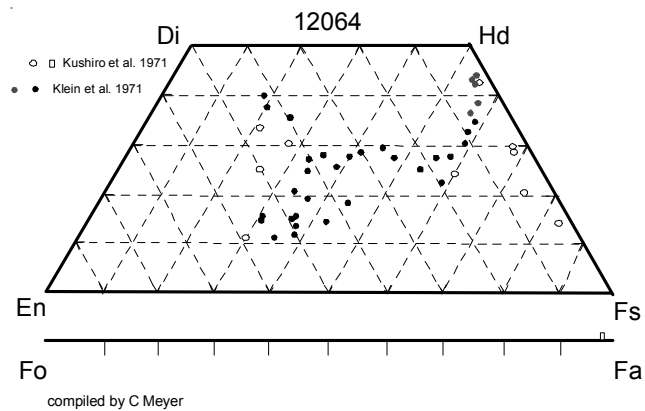


Figure 3: Pyroxene composition for 12063 (data mined from Hollister et al. 1971 and Klein et al. 1971).

1971). The composition of pyroxenes in 12064 are plotted in figure 3.

Pyroxferroite: Klein et al. (1971) remarked: “Pyroxferroite occurs sporadically as distinctly yellowish, transparent areas next to clinopyroxene. When the clinopyroxene and pyroxferroite coexist a clear and sharp optical contact is visible between them. The pyroxferroite shows a very limited range of composition, with FeO contents between 44 and 44.8 wt. % and CaO ranging from 5.9 to 6.8 %. The TiO₂ content is only 0.6 wt. %, which is considerably less than the coexisting brown clinopyroxene (1.1%).”

Hedenbergite: Kushiro et al. (1971) report that Fe-rich clinopyroxene ranges to hedenbergite composition in 12064 (figure 3).

Plagioclase: Anhedral plagioclase crystals are as large as 1.1 mm (Baldrige et al. 1979) and range from An₉₃ to An₈₆ (Kushiro et al. 1971).

Opagues: Ilmenite in 12064 occurs as rounded laths (1.0-2.4 mm). Ulvöspinel has ilmenite exsolution lamellae.

Silica: Long laths (1.5 mm) of tridymite are common in 12064 (Klein et al. 1971). Cristobalite occurs as anhedral to subhedral crystals.

K-spar: One K-feldspar in the coarse-grained mesostasis of 12064 was measured to have 11.6 % BaO (Kushiro et al. 1971).

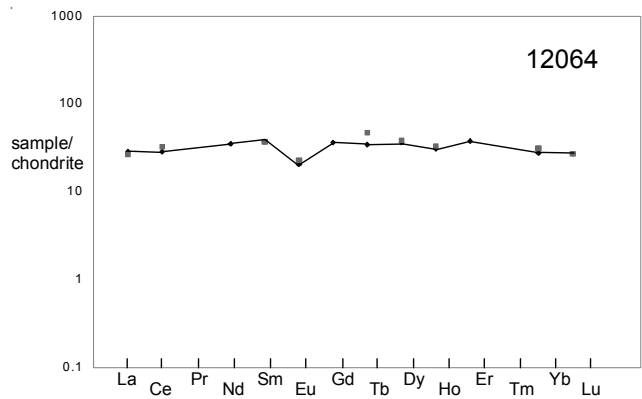


Figure 4: Normalized rare-earth-element diagram for lunar basalt 12064 (data from Haskin et al. 1971 connected by line).

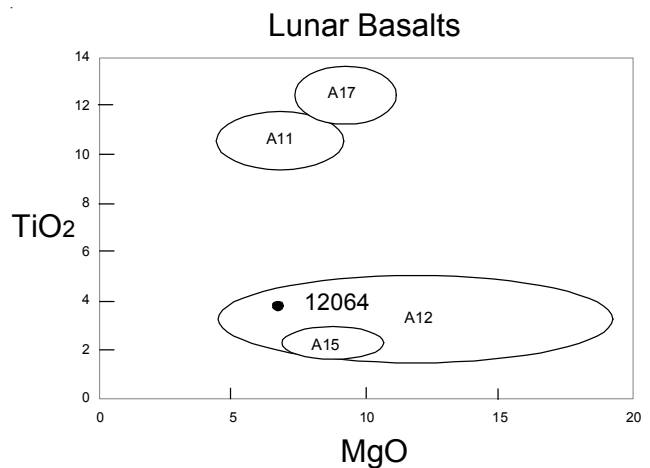


Figure 5: Composition of 12064 compared with other lunar basalts.

Chemistry

Kushiro and Haramura (1971), Scoon et al. (1971) and others determined the chemical composition of 12064 (table 1). Wänke et al. (1971) and Haskin et al. (1971) reported the REE pattern (figure 4).

Radiogenic age dating

Papanastassiou and Wasserburg (1971a) determined the age of 12064 by Rb/Sr (3.18 ± 0.09) (figure 7). Horn et al. (1975) carefully compared the Ar release pattern for plagioclase with pyroxene from 12064 (figure 6) and obtained an age of 3.18 ± 0.01 b.y. Tatsumoto et al. (1971) reported U-Th-Pb isotopic data for density separations of 12064.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

O’Kelly et al. (1971) determined the cosmic-ray-induced activity of ²²Na (40 dpm/kg), ²⁶Al (51 dpm/

Table 1a. Chemical composition of 12064.

reference weight	Kushiro71	LSPET70	LSPET70 1205 g	O'Kelly71 1205 g	Wanke71	Scoon71	Haskin71
SiO2 %	46.19	(a) 40				46.41	(a)
TiO2	3.83	(a) 4.9			4.34	(c) 4.14	(a)
Al2O3	10.96	(a) 12				10.5	(a)
FeO	19.83	(a) 22			19.43	(c) 19.95	(a)
MnO	0.26	(a) 0.32			0.294	(c) 0.27	(a)
MgO	6.6	(a) 8				6.38	(a)
CaO	11.84	(a) 12			14.3	(c) 11.71	(a)
Na2O	0.27	(a) 0.42			0.27	(c) 0.3	(a)
K2O	0.07	(a) 0.084	0.064	(b) 0.063	(b) 0.081	(c) 0.07	(a)
P2O5	0.02	(a)				0.04	(a)
S %						0.07	(a)
sum							
Sc ppm		60			63.1	(c)	
V		100					
Cr		3000			2160	(c) 2600	(a)
Co		40			27.2	(c)	
Ni		15					
Cu					6.6	(c)	
Zn							
Ga							
Ge ppb							
As							
Se							
Rb		0.76					
Sr		165					
Y		55					
Zr		170					
Nb							
Mo							
Ru							
Rh							
Pd ppb							
Ag ppb							
Cd ppb							
In ppb							
Sn ppb							
Sb ppb							
Te ppb							
Cs ppm							
Ba		55					
La					6.33	(c)	6.76 (c)
Ce					20	(c)	17.5 (c)
Pr							
Nd							16 (c)
Sm					5.5	(c)	5.51 (c)
Eu					1.3	(c)	1.161 (c)
Gd							7.2 (c)
Tb					1.75	(c)	1.27 (c)
Dy					9.48	(c)	9.03 (c)
Ho					1.87	(c)	1.72 (c)
Er							6 (c)
Tm							
Yb					5.25	(c)	4.59 (c)
Lu					0.67	(c)	0.67 (c)
Hf					3.9	(c)	
Ta					0.33	(c)	
W ppb							
Re ppb							
Os ppb							
Ir ppb							
Pt ppb							
Au ppb							
Th ppm			0.88	(b) 0.87	(b)		
U ppm			0.24	(b) 0.23	(b)		

technique: (a) conventional wet, (b) radiation counting, (c) INAA, (d) XRF, (e) IDMS

Table 1b. Chemical composition of 12064.

reference weight	Compston71	Brown71	Tats71
SiO2 %			
TiO2			
Al2O3			
FeO			
MnO		0.27	(d)
MgO			
CaO			
Na2O			
K2O		0.069	(d)
P2O5			
S %			
sum			
Sc ppm			
V	119	(d)	
Cr	2020	(d)	3150 (d)
Co	25	(d)	
Ni	7	(d)	9 (d)
Cu	7	(d)	10 (d)
Zn			
Ga	3.1	(d)	
Ge ppb			
As			
Se			
Rb	1	(d)	
Sr	134.8	(d)	138 (d)
Y	41	(d)	46 (d)
Zr	114	(d)	127 (d)
Nb	7	(d)	7 (d)
Mo			
Ru			
Rh			
Pd ppb			
Ag ppb			
Cd ppb			
In ppb			
Sn ppb			
Sb ppb			
Te ppb			
Cs ppm			
Ba	70	(d)	38 (d)
La	5	(d)	
Ce	13	(d)	
Pr			
Nd			
Sm			
Eu			
Gd			
Tb			
Dy			
Ho			
Er			
Tm			
Yb			
Lu			
Hf			
Ta			
W ppb			
Re ppb			
Os ppb			
Ir ppb			
Pt ppb			
Au ppb			
Th ppm			0.977 (e)
U ppm			0.278 (e)

technique: (a) conventional wet, (b) radiation counting, (c) INAA, (d) XRF, (e) IDMS

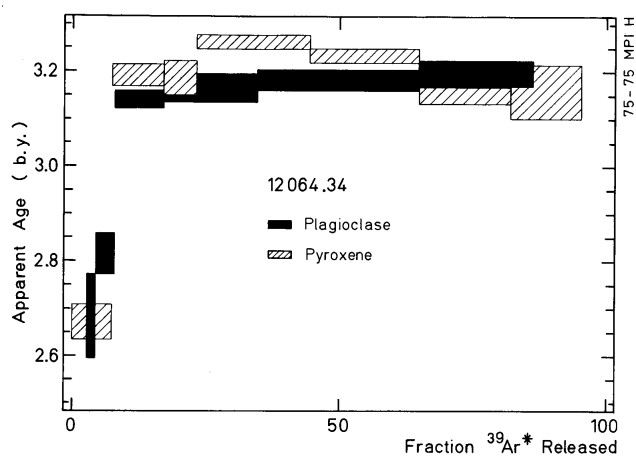


Figure 6: Argon release pattern for 12064 (from Horn et al. 1975).

kg), ^{46}Sc (5 dpm/kg), ^{48}V (22 dpm/kg), ^{52}Mn (33 dpm/kg), ^{54}Mn (35 dpm/kg) and ^{56}Co (32 dpm/kg).

Horn et al. (1975) report an exposure age of 12064 of 255 m.y. Hintenberger et al. (1971) determined exposure ages for 12064 using ^3He (210 m.y.), ^{21}Ne (220 m.y.) and ^{38}Ar (190 m.y.).

Crozaz et al. (1971) determined the track density and estimated the “surface dwell time” of 1.5 ± 0.2 m.y.

Other Studies

Bogard et al. (1971) and Hintenberger et al. (1971) reported the content and isotopic composition of rare gases in 12064.

Epstein and Taylor (1971) and Clayton et al. (1971) reported oxygen isotopic analysis of mineral separates.

Processing

12064 was broken up with a rather large (17 cm) chisel (figure 8).

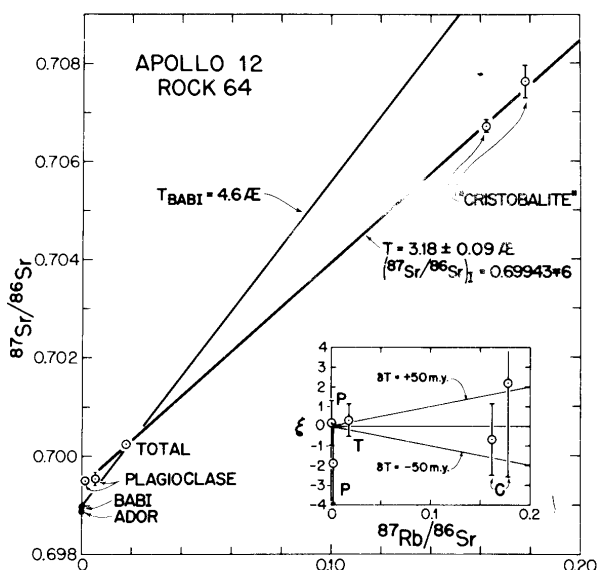


Figure 7: Rb-Sr isochron for lunar basalt 12064 (from Papanastassiou and Wasserburg 1971a).

List of Photo #s for 12064

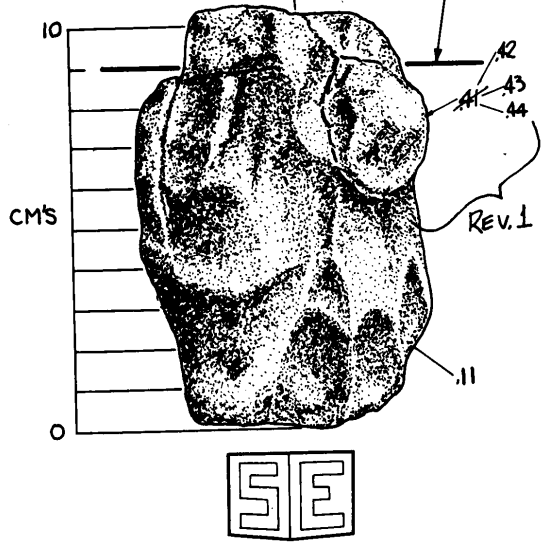
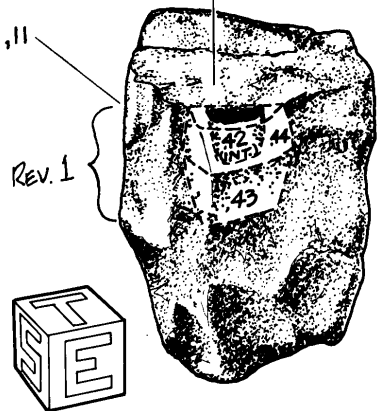
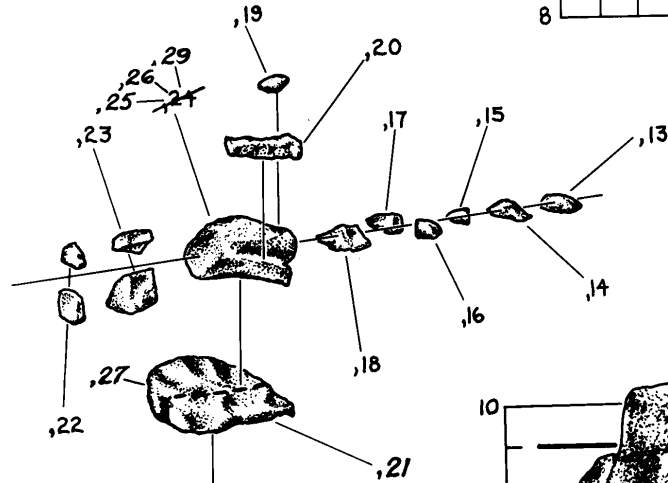
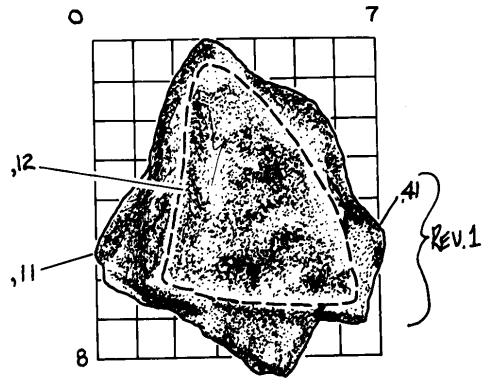
S69-19071 – 19080	B & W mug
S69-60884 – 60907	B & W mug
S70-16774 – 16775	
S70-44450 – 44459	
S70-31562	TS
S70-31580	TS
S75-33930 – 33933	texture, color
S79-27110 – 27112	

Summary of Age Data for 12064

	Ar/Ar	Rb/Sr	Nd/Sm
Horn et al. 1975	3.18 ± 0.01 b.y.		
	3.20 ± 0.04		
Papanastassiou and Wasserburg 1971a		3.18 ± 0.09	

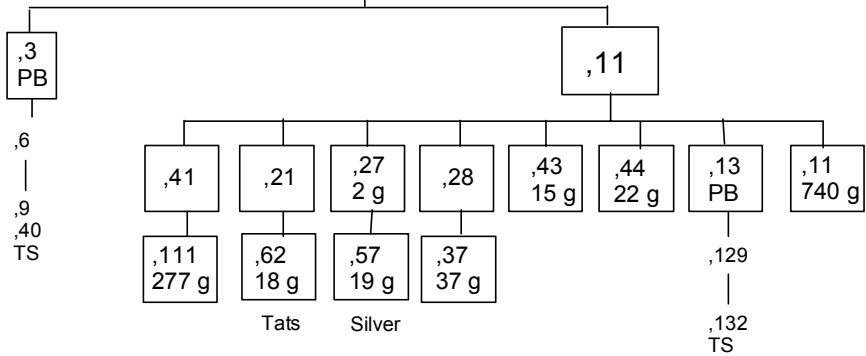
THE CHIPPING OF LUNAR ROCK 12064

DRAWING COMPLETED JUL 13, 70
 DRAWING REVISED 9/1/70
 (CHIPPING OF PEICE #, 41)



C Meyer
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12064
1214 g



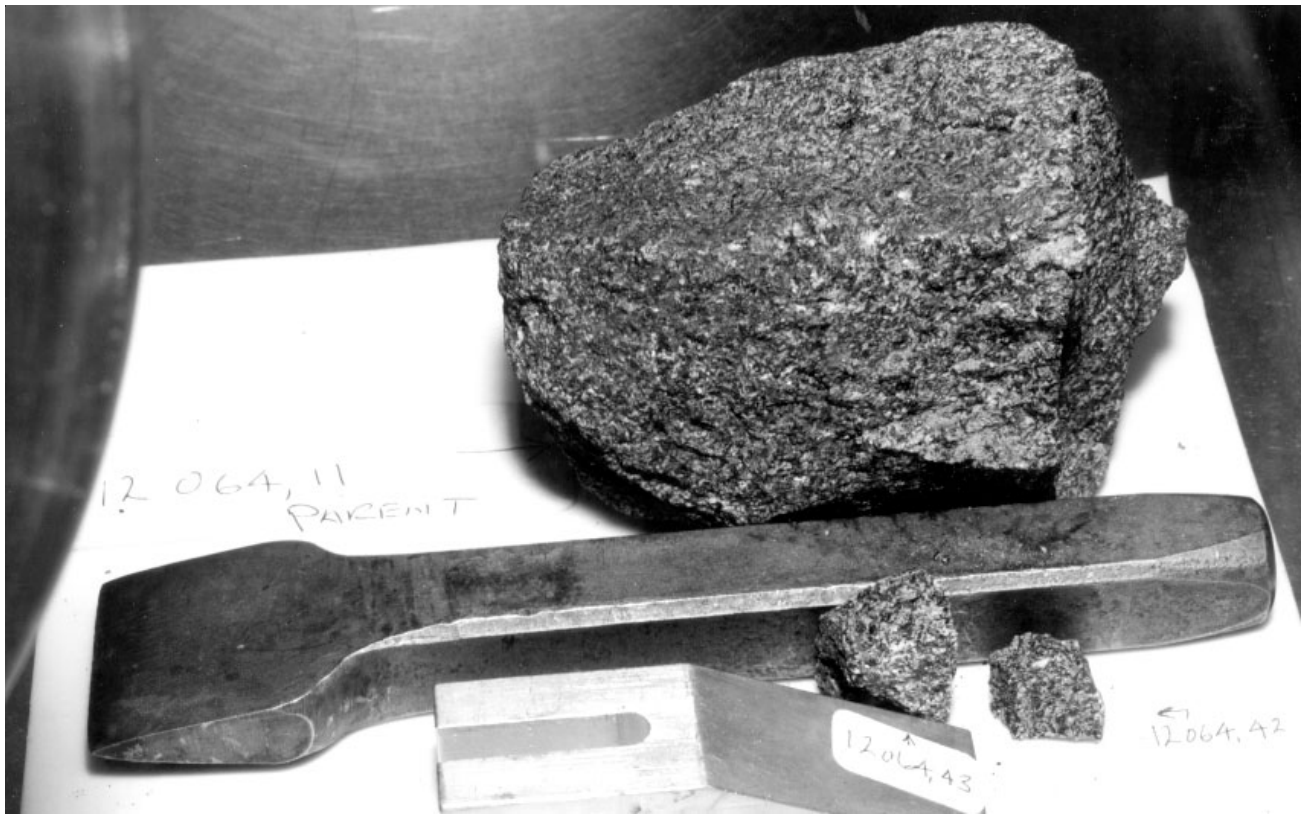


Figure 8: 12064,11 with chisel 17 cm long. NASA # S70-19624.



Figure 9: 12064,21 with dice. Scale is cm. (unnumbered photo)