Clear Softwater Lake/Pond

MNHESP State Rank: Unranked

PHYSICAL

Hydrology Ponded with water depth exceeding 2 m (6.5 ft).

Soil Inundated, with mineral and organic substrate.

Topography Located in drainage basins.

Elevation Usually occurring between 448 and 622 m (1470 and 2041 ft) in Berkshire County.

Form Lakes in areas with acidic bedrock such as schist or gneiss. Shorelines sometimes abruptly transitioning to upland communities. Exposed bedrock or course mineral soil is a common shoreline substrate.

DOMINANT PLANT SPECIES¹

Canopy Absent.

Subcanopy Absent.

Shrubs Absent.

Herbs Water lobelia, spiny-spored quillwort, grass-leaved arrowhead, common pipewort, narrow-leaved bur-reed, snail-seed pondweed, alga pondweed, Oakes pondweed, and yellow water-lily.

Climbing Plants Absent.

Bryophytes Largely absent.

Notes Many aquatic plants have a rosette growth form.

COMMON ANIMAL SPECIES²

Mammals Snowshoe hare, white-tailed deer, porcupine, American beaver, coyote, mink, fisher, black bear, and river otter.



Birds Swallows and waterfowl.

Herpetiles Eastern newt and green frog.

Fish Unknown.

Invertebrates Crayfish.

Notes Few surveys performed in summer season.

CONSERVATION, DISTRIBUTION, AND NOTES

MNHESP State Rank Unranked.

Rare Species None observed.

Distribution in MA Unknown.

Distribution in the Study Area Several occurrences in October Mountain State Forest and nearby highland areas.

Variation None observed.

Synonyms Lacustrine Open Water, Lacustrine Aquatic Bed, Lacustrine Unconsolidated Bottom (Cowardin *et al.* 1979).

REFERENCES

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deep Water Habitats of the United States. U.S. Government Printing Office.

¹ Scientific names provided in Attachment F.

² Scientific names provided in Attachment C.