

DIESEL PARTICULATE MATTER (DPM) SAMPLING





OBJECTIVES

DPM Sampling Only - Not Intended To Be Comprehensive IH Training

DPM Sampling Requirements - §57.5071
MSHA Compliance Sampling Procedures
DPM Sampling Equipment
Sample Analysis & Interpretation

§57.5071 Environmental Monitoring does not specify sampling or analytical method

Must identify overexposures to PEL

DPM Sampling Per §57.5071

- Sample as often as necessary to determine whether exposures exceed the applicable PEL
- Miners have option of observing sampling
- If exposure exceeds PEL, operator must
 - Post corrective action
 - Initiate corrective action by next work shift, and
 - Promptly complete corrective action
- All sampling results must be posted and copy provided to miner's representative
- Records of sampling method and sampling results must be retained for 5 years

DPM Sampling & Analytic Methods

Gravimetric (weight) Submicron dust (size selective + weight) Respirable combustible dust (weigh, burn off combustibles, then re-weigh) Weighing-based systems not accurate enough at low DPM concentrations Submicron sampling + carbon analysis NIOSH method 5040 This presentation focuses on MSHA compliance sampling

DPM Sampling Compliance Sampling

Equipment and procedures used by MSHA for DPM compliance sampling are fully described in the MSHA MNM Health Inspection Procedures Handbook – Chapter 22

Handbook accessible on-line at: http://www.msha.gov/READROOM/HANDBOOK/PH06-IV-1(1)MNMHealthInspectionProc.pdf

DPM SAMPLING OVERVIEW

- Use sampling pump to draw air through tandem quartz fiber filters
- Filters captures DPM, which is analyzed for organic and elemental carbon (OC & EC)
- OC on dynamic blank subtracted from OC on sample filter
- Net carbon mass divided by volume of air drawn by pump is carbon concentration

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carbon mass (µg) volume of air (m³)

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 $\frac{\text{carbon mass (µg)}}{\text{volume of air (m³)}} = \text{carbon concentration (µg/m³)}$

Units of Measurement

Micrograms per cubic meter of air















> Filter Submicron Impactor

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Send filter to lab for analysis

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Send filter to lab for analysis Lab analyzes filter for OC & EC



Send filter to lab for analysis Lab analyzes filter for OC & EC Lab reports OC, EC, TC concentration



DPM Filter Cassette



DPM filter cassette and cyclone components



DPM filter cassette mounted on cyclone in lapel holder

DPM sampling train connected to sampling pump





Personal DPM sampler



Area DPM Sampler

Sampling Train

Sampling train is the hose, filter, and cyclone assembly attached to the pump

When assembling and attaching, insure:

- Connections tight
- Proper components are included (cyclone, DPM cassette)

 Filter is new (not used for calibration), properly labeled, plugs removed, in correct direction (will only fit properly if correctly installed)

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Conduct Sampling

Always follow manufacturer instructions

- Sampling equipment
- Accessories
- Use and environmental limitations (duration, temperature, humidity)
- Pre-calibrate
- Sample
- Post-calibrate

$\frac{\text{mass of DPM}}{\text{volume of air}} = \mu g/m^3$

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For DPM sampling, cyclone and submicron impactor function properly <u>ONLY IF</u> pump operates at 1.7 liters/min

Pump Calibration

Connect sampling train to pump and calibration device

 Air must be drawn through calibration device, then through sampling train, then into pump (must be in this order)

Turn on pump (let run for 10 minutes)

Adjust pump speed until desired flow rate is achieved

• 1.7 liters/minute for DPM

DPM Sampling Priorities

Sample the underground occupation(s), miner(s), and shift(s) where the greatest DPM exposures are most likely to be experienced

Take as many samples as necessary to document "worst case" conditions

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Take as many samples as necessary to document "worst case" conditions

If these conditions are controlled to acceptable levels, all other exposures will be at least as well controlled

Documentation of Sampling

All sampling must be documented

- Observations of employee work activities
- PPE (respirator type, is it being used?)
- Sampling information (type of sampling, calibration data, pump type and serial number, filter number, etc.)
- Environmental conditions
- Sources of DPM and DPM controls in use
- Periodic sampling equipment checks

Helps to use a form or checklist

MSHA DPM Field Notes form is available

Labs and Filters

Need a lab to process samples Thermo-Optical Analysis for DPM Many analytical labs to choose from:

Data Chem, Salt Lake City, UTLA Testing, Los Alamitos, CAClayton Group Services, Novi, MIEMSL Analytical, Westmont, NJMine Ventilation Services, Fresno, CAGalson Laboratories, E. Syracuse, NYSunset Laboratory, Forest Grove, ORNATLSCO, Long Grove, ILGalson Laboratories, E. Syracuse, NYRJ Lee Group, Monroeville, PAWisconsin Occupational Health Laboratory, Clearwater, FL

(We regret any inadvertent omissions. MSHA does not endorse these laboratories nor does it take responsibility for, or exercise control over these organizations.)

Filter options

• SKC disposable DPM filter (tandem quartz fiber)

Shift Weighted Average

 Problem: PEL based on 8 hr exposure
 What happens when exposure is longer than 8 hrs?

Solution: Adjust exposure concentration to compensate for longer exposure time

SHIFT WEIGHTED AVERAGE

Shift Weighted Average
SWA is determined by adjusting measured DPM concentration

DPM = Weight of DPM conc. Pump Flow Rate x Sample Time x 0.001 Shift Weighted Average SWA is determined by adjusting measured DPM concentration

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SWA = Weight of DPM Pump Flow Rate x 480 Minutes x 0.001 Shift Weighted Average
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Shift Weighted Average SWA is determined by adjusting measured DPM concentration

All MSHA compliance determinations based on SWA

What Do I Do With My Sample Results? Compare SWA to PEL SWA Below Limit - OK SWA Above Limit - Overexposure If SWA Exceeds PEL: • Provide respiratory protection per §57.5060 Implement additional engineering and/or work practice controls Conduct additional sampling to verify effectiveness of new controls (SWA<PEL) Maintain records of sampling method and 5-yr sampling history

Sampling and Analytic Error Every measurement involves error Sampling (pump flow rate, air density) Laboratory (chemical analysis) Laboratory results incorporate uncertainty range (Error Factor) *****Example: • PEL = $308 \, \mu g/m^3$ • SWA = 335 μ g/m³ ± 12% Actual concentration is somewhere between 295 µg/m³ and 375 µg/m³ Actual SWA Could Be Less Than Limit

What Do I Need To Do So I Will Be In Compliance With § 57.5071

Review all available DPM sampling information on your mine

- Company records
- MSHA sampling history

Develop and implement DPM sampling strategy

- Is sampling necessary ? If so, who, where, when ?
- Do we perform sampling, or hire contractor ?
- Sampling equipment (buy, borrow, rent) ?
- Line up an analytical laboratory
- Conduct sampling, analyze results, take action
- Insure all requirements of §57.5071 satisfied
- Develop a good recordkeeping system

DPM Citations Issued Since 5/18/2006 (Includes a few citations that were later vacated)

Nevada	22	Colorado	
Missouri	10	Kansas	2
Montana	9	Oregon	
Indiana	8	Illinois	1
New York	6	Ohio	1
Alaska	5	Nebraska	
lowa	4	Pennsylvania	
Kentucky	3	TOTAL	77

DPM Compliance Sampling Results Since May 18, 2006 Entire U.S. Nevada < PEL > PEL **53** samples total 729 samples total 117 > PEL (16%) 22 > PEL (42%)13 citations (24.5%) 77 citations (10.5%)

MNM Citation Rates Since 6/6/2005 Resp. Quartz vs. Noise vs. DPM (Includes a few citations that were later vacated)

	<u>Samples</u>	<u>Citations</u>	Citation Rate
Resp. Quartz	4471	168	3.8%
Noise	5131	377	7.3%
DPM	729	77	10.5%

Thank You

