JTRS ORD Waveforms R/Evolution

(With New JROC Approved Version 3.2 of 9 April 03)

Special Presentation to ICNS Conference

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- JTRS ORDs
 - Waveforms Changes & Additions
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 - Proposed Waveforms
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- Summary











Philosophy

- The JTRS Program is a military tactical radio program, period! (At least initially)
- And JTRS (& SDR) present a dramatic potential for *military*, *civil*, and worldwide aviation applications & r/evolution
- Waveforms are the "Heart" of the ORD
- Thus JTRS (& SDR) provide
 - An unprecedented & flexible capability
 - And an outstanding technical & operational

JTRS ORD Revision History

- 1998 ver 1.0 was first "real" ORD
 - Just notional waveform (WF) placeholders
- 2001 ver 2.2 WFs better, but still vague
 - Table organization improved, but not WFs
 - Numerous technical & operational errors
 - Unlikely interoperability & performance
- 2002 ver 2.3 (no WF changes)
- 2003 ver 3.2 dramatic WF improvement
 - Clear, concise, correct, comprehensive...
 - Product of two-year crusade to "fix it right"

JTRS ORDs & Waveform Counts

- Three Waveform Categories in ORDs
 - "Key Performance Parameters (KPPs)"="K"
 - "Threshold" Waveforms = "T"
 - "Objective" Waveforms = "O"
- Ver 1.0 23 Mar 1998
 - -6-K + 32-T + 4-O = 42 waveforms
- Ver 2.2 31 Jan 2001
 - -5-K + 24-T + 4-O = 33 waveforms
 - Ver 2.3 13 Mar 2002 (no WF changes)
 - Ver 3.2 9 Apr 2003 (newly approved)
- 6-K + 25-T + 2-O = "32" waveform/families

JTRS ORD Ver 2.3 - 2002 - Table 4-2

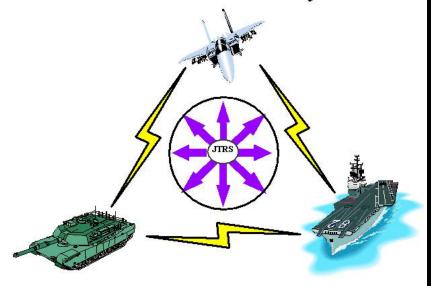
Entire Set of **Waveforms** in a Single **Page** Table...

WAVEFORM	FREQ. BAND	BANDWIDTH	DATA RATES	K/T/O
*SINCGARS ESIP w/MIL-STD 188-220	30-88 MHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	K-T
*HAVE QUICK II	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	K-T
*UHF DAMA SATCOM (MIL-STD-188- 181/182/183 Compliant)	225-400 MHz	5 and 25 KHz	75, 300, 600 bps; 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 16, 19.2, 28.8, 32, 38.4, 48, 56, 64Kbps	K-T
*Enhanced Position Location Reporting System (EPLRS)	420-450 MHz	3 MHz	57 Kbps VHSIC SIP 114 Kbps VECP	K-T
*Wideband Networking Waveform (WNW) (new, modified or existing waveform)	Government or Vendor Developed	Government or Vendor Developed	Government or Vendor Developed	K-T
UHF DAMA SATCOM (MIL-STD-188-184 Compliant	225-400 MHz	5 and 25 KHz	TBD	Т
HF Independent Side Band (ISB) w/ Automatic Link Establishment (ALE)	2-30 MHz	3 -12 KHz	4.8/9.6 Kbps	Т
HF Single Side Band (SSB) w/Automatic Link Establishment (ALE)	2-30 MHz	3 KHz	2.4/9.6 Kbps	Т
Link 11	2-30 MHz and 225-400 MHz	3 KHz and 25 KHz	2.25 Kbps	Т
STANAG 5066 (HF)	2-30 MHz	3 KHz	9.6 Kbps	T
STANAG 4529	2-30 MHz	1.24 KHz	1.8 Kbps	T
ATC HF Data Link	2-30 MHz	3 KHz	300,600,1200,1800 Bps	T
VHFFM	30-88 MHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	T
VHF for ATC (replaces 25 KHz spacing)	112-137 MHz	8.33 KHz	TBD	T
VHFAM	118-156 MHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	Т
VHF FM Public Service (APCO 25) (Land Mobile Radio)	138-150.8 MHz and 162-174 MHz	6.5, 12.5,25 KHz	16 Kbps	Т
ATC VHF Data Link	112-137 MHz	25 KHz	31.5 Kbps	T
UHF AM/FM PSK LOS	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	Т
STANAG 4231 (UHF SATCOM)	225-400 MHz	TBD	TBD	T
Link 4A	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	5 Kbps	T
Link 11B	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	0.6, 1.2, 2.4 Kbps	Т
Integrated Broadcast Service Module (IBS-M)	225-400 MHz	5 and 25 KHz	19.2 Kbps (tunable 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2)	Т
SATUŔŃ	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	TBD	T
UHF FM Public Service APCO 25(Land Mobile Radio)	380-420 MHz	5 and 12.5 KHz	25 KHz: 16 Kbps	Т
Link 16	960-1215 MHz	3 MHz	118/236 Kbps w/FEC	Т
STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5	1030/1090 MHz	3.5 MHz/3 MHz	TBD	T
Digital Wideband Transmission System (DWTS)	1350-1850 MHz	125 KHz	144,256,288,512,1024, 1544,2048 Kbps	Т
Soldier Radio	1.75 - 1.85 GHz	25 KHz	16 Kbps	T
COBRA	340-400 MHz	TBP	TBP	T
MUOS	240-320 MHz	5 MHz, 25 MHz	2.4, 9.6, 16, 32 Kbps	0
Cellular Radio	TBD	TBD	TBD	0
Link 22	3-30 MHz and 225- 400 MHz	TBD	TBD	0
Mobile Satellite Service (MSS)	1.61- 2 GHz	TBD	2.4 - 9.6 Kbps	0



JROC APPROVED UNCLASSIFIED 9 April 2003

Joint Tactical Radio System





JOINT TACTICAL RADIO SYSTEM (JTRS)

OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT (ORD)

Version 3.2 JROC Approved, JROCM 087-03, 9 April 2003

(Supersedes previous version 2.3 dated 24 April 2002)

ACAT: 1D

JTRS ORD Ver 3.2 - 2003 - Table 4-2

TED C STATISTICS DAG	O D L W IZDD	CTT 1 11 COLL 41 S
JIRS WAVEFORMS	(By Priority: KPP	/ Threshold / Objective)

JTRS WAVEFORMS (By Priority: KPP / Threshold / Objective)						
	ID	KPP (K)	ID	THRESHOLD (T)	ID	OBJECTIVE (O)
	W1	*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Military Tactical AJ)	W7	UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)	W30	MSS [Waveform Family]
	W2	*HAVE QUICK II (UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical AJ)	W8	HF-ISB ALE	W32	BOWMAN (UK HF/UHF Military Tactical) [Waveform and Equipment Family]
	W3	*UHF SATCOM Military (181-182-183 "DAMA")	W9	HF-SSB ALE AJ		
	W4	*EPLRS	W10	Link-11 / TADIL-A	1	
	W5	*WNW	W11	STANAG 5066 (HF Message Protocol)	1	
	W6	*Link 16 / TADIL-J	W12	STANAG 4529 (HF NB Modem)		
			W13	VHF-FM – Military Tactical		
	4		W14	HF ATC Data Link		((0): - (1 - 1)
			W15	VHF-AM ATC		"Objective"
			W16	VHF-AM ATC Extended	4	
			W17	VHF/UHF-FM LMR: (Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/ Project-25 and TETRA) [Waveform Family]		Waveforms
Way Dark	.	22.0 0.00	W18	VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM)	1	or "(O)"
"Key Performance			W19	UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical]	
_			W20	Link-4A / TADIL-C		
Parame	ste	re"	W21	Link-11B / TADIL-B	1	
raranic			W22	SATURN (UHFPSK AJ NATO)		7
Movef	~ ~		W23	STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5		
Wavef		1115	W24	DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS)	↓ ` `	
			W25	Soldier Radio & WLAN & Advanced Capability [Waveform Family]		
(KPPs) o	r'	"(K)"	W26	COBRA	1	
(14.10)		(**)	W27	MUOS-CAI (UHF SATCOM Military	1	"Threshold"
in BC			140 0000000	Obj.)		1111 C 311010
III DU			W28	Cellular Radio & PCS [Waveform		Movefores
!41- 0	_	1 D	W29	Family] Link 22 / NILE	ł	Waveforms
with STAR			W29	IBS-M	1	
				BOWMAN (VHF)	1	or "(T)"

TABLE 4-2

Note: Individual waveform characteristics are shown in Annex E.

JTRS ORD Ver 3.2 - 2003 - Table 4-2

ID	KPP (K)	ID	THRESHOLD (T)	ID	OBJECTIVE (O)
W1	*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Military Tactical AJ)	W7	UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)	W30	MSS [Waveform Family]
W2	*HAVE QUICK II (UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical AJ)	W8	HF-ISB ALE	W32	BOWMAN (UK HF/UHF Military Tactical) [Waveform and Equipment Family]
W3	*UHF SATCOM Military (181-182-183 "DAMA")	W9	HF-SSB ALE AJ		
W4	*EPLRS	W10	Link-11 / TADIL-A	I	

 W5
 *WNW
 W11
 STANAG 5066 (HF Message Protoco

 W6
 *Link 16 / TADIL-J
 W12
 STANAG 4529 (HF NB Modem)

ı	W13	VHF-FM – Military Tactical
ı	W14	HF ATC Data Link
ı	W15	VHF-AM ATC
I	W16	VHF-AM ATC Extended
	W17	VHF/UHF-FM LMR. (Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/ Project-25 and TETRA) [Waveform Family]
ı	W18	VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM)
,	W19	UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical
	THE PERSON NAMED IN	

V20	Link-4A/TADIL-C
V21	Link-11B/TADIL-B

W23	STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5
W24	DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS)
W25	Soldier Radio & WLAN & Advanced Capability [Waveform Family]
W26	COBRA
W27	MUOS-CAI (UHF SATCOM Military Obj.)
W28	Cellular Radio & PCS [Waveform

W29 Link 22 / NILE

W31 IBS-M

W32 BOWMAN (VHF)

Aviation
Waveforms
Extract

- 9 May 2003
- Version C1

Military Specific
in BLUE
(including many
Air-Ground and BLOS)

and Civil Applications in YELLOW

JTRS ORD Ver 3.2 - 2003 - Table 4-2

JTRS WAVEFORMS (By Priority: KPP / Threshold / Objective)

ID	KPP (K)	ID	THRESHOLD (T)	ID	OBJECTIVE (O)
W1	*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Military Tactical AJ)	W7	UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)	W30	MSS [Waveform Family]
W2	*HAVE QUICK II (UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical AJ)	W8	HF-ISB ALE	W32	BOWMAN (UK HF/UHF Military Tactical) [Waveform and Equipment Family]
W3	*UHF SATCOM Military (181-182-183	W9	HF-SSB ALE AJ		

 W4
 *EPLRS
 W10
 Link-11 / TADIL-A

 W5
 *WNW
 W11
 STANAG 5066 (HF Message Protocol

"DAMA")

W6 *Link 16 / TADIL-J W12 STANAG 4529 (HF NB Modem)

W13 VHF-FM - Military Tactical

W14 HF ATC Data Link
W15 VHF-AM ATC

W16 VHF-AM ATC Extended
W17 VHF/UHF-FM LMR:

(Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/ Project-25 and TETRA) [Waveform Family]

VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM)
UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical

W20 Link-4A/TADIL-C
W21 Link-11B/TADIL-B

V22 SATURN (UHF PSK AJ NATO)
V23 STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5
V24 DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS)

W25 Soldier Radio & WLAN & Advanced Capability [Waveform Family]

26 COBRA

MUOS-CAI (UHF SATCOM Military Obj.)

W28 Cellular Radio & PCS [Waveform Family]
W29 Link 22 / NILE

W31 BS-M
W32 BOWMAN (VHF)

TABLE 4-2

C-SAR & GPRS
Waveforms
Extract

- 9 May 2003
- Version C1

SAR, CSAR,
Distress & Calling,
Guards, and
Emergency Operations
Applications
in YELLOW

ORD Functional Waveform Families

- Military Line-of-Sight (LOS)
- Military Beyond-Line-of-Sight (BLOS)
- Military Aviation & Navigation
- Military Tactical Data Links
- Non-Military LOS
- Non-Military BLOS
- Non-Military Aviation & Navigation
 - Note The *primary* Aviation Waveforms are shown in *BOLD Italics* in the following slides.

Military Line-of-Sight (LOS) Family

- W1 -*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Mil Tac AJ)
- W13 VHF-FM Military Tactical
- W2 -*HAVE QUICK II (UHF-AM/FM/PSK AJ)
- W19 UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical
- W22 SATURN (UHF PSK AJ NATO)
- W26 COBRA
- W32 BOWMAN (UK VHF/UHF Mil Tactical)
- W4 -*EPLRS
- W25 Soldier Radio & WLAN (& Civil)
- W24 DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS) (non-Air?)
- W5 -*WNW (WB Networking WF)

Military Beyond-LOS (BLOS) Family

- W3 -*UHF SATCOM Military (181-182-183 "DAMA")
- W7 UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)
- W27 MUOS-CAI (UHF SATCOM Mil Obj)
- W31 IBS-M
- W8 HF-ISB ALE (& Civil)
- W9 HF-SSB ALE AJ (& Civil)
- W11 STANAG 5066 (HF Msg Proto)(& Civil)
- W12 STANAG 4529 (HF NB Modm) (& Civil)
- W32 BOWMAN (UK HF Mil Tactical Family)

Military AV-NAV-TADIL Families

- Military Aviation & Navigation Family
 - W23 STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5 (& Civil)
- Military Tactical Data Link Family
 - W20 Link-4A / TADIL-C
 - W10 Link-11 / TADIL-A (non-Air?)
 - W21 Link-11B / TADIL-B (non-Air?)
 - W6 -*Link-16 / TADIL-J
 - W29 Link 22 / NILE (non-Air?)

Non-Military B/LOS Families

- Non-Military LOS Family
 - W17 VHF/UHF-FM LMR (P-25 & TETRA)
 - W28 Cellular Radio & PCS
 - W25 Soldier Radio & WLAN (& MIL)
- Non-Military BLOS Family
 - W30 MSS (Mobile Satellite Services)
 - W8 HF-ISB ALE (& MIL)
 - W9 HF-SSB ALE AJ (& MIL)
 - W11 STANAG 5066 (HF Msg Prot)(&MIL)
 - W12 STANAG 4529 (HF NB Mod) (&MIL)

Non-Military Aviation & Nav Family

- W15 VHF-AM ATC
- W16 VHF-AM ATC Extended
- W18 VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM)
- W14 HF ATC Data Link
- W23 STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5 (& MIL)

New "Criteria [& Comments]" Fields

- Provide information essential to success
 - Ensure interoperability & performance
 - Ensure operational mission effectiveness
- "Criteria" includes mandatory elements
 - Standards, specifications, regulations...
 - ARINC, FAA, FCC/NTIS, Federal & Military...
 - Missions, applications, safety, guards...
 - Specifies "Thresholds" & "Objectives"
- "[Comments]" includes clarifications
 - Operational procedures, needs, uses...
- Associated systems, beneficial "Options"...
 9 May 2003 JTRS ORD Waveforms ver-mE-ICNS (c) G. Harrison MITRE

JTRS ORD Ver 3.2 - 2003 - Annex E

WAVEFORM	ORD	FREQUENCY	NOMINAL	INFORMATION	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets]
(Short ORD	\mathbf{m}	BAND	CHANNEL	VOICE and/or	[Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Name &			BANDWIDTH	DATA RATES	59
Description)					
STANAG 5066	W11	N/A	N/A	N/A	Protocol only, transported over supporting HF waveforms HF-
(HF Message					ISB/SSB (W8 & W9) and employing MIL-STD-188-141 & -
Protocol)					110. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in pliance with STANAG-
					4203, QS' (1 12)
STANAG 4529	W12	(T) 2-30 MHz	1.24 K	DATA 7	wb:i ported over MIL-STD-
(HF NB Modem)		1.5-30	la vala	200	1 S Requires Forward Error
	7	AFIKA	MACIAI	0 1.	Arection (FEC) coding fully compliant with STANAG 4285
			770000	200	Annex E. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with
	_				STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al.
VHF-FM –	W13	30-88 MHz	25 KHz and	VOICE (A & D 16	MIL-STD-188-242 compliant. Includes guard (40.50 MHz et
Military Tactical			50 KHz	Kbps)	al) & inband signals ("new squelch" 150 Hz tone et al).
					Includes legacy non-AJ for Allied and Coalition
					imeroperaomty.
HF ATC Data	W14	, ,	3 KHz	VOICE (A) &	Air Traffic Control (ATC). RTCA DO-265, ARINC 635-3 &
Link		(O) 1.5-30		DATA 300, 600,	-735-3, and FAA TSO-C31d & -C32d compliant TDMA and
		MHz		1200, 1800 Bps	FDMA. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with
27-27-86-28 (77-70-70), 72-97-28 (407-7), 1840-7-72-28 (407-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-70-7			3000 COMPS NOUSS	9-30-30-1-20-0	STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al. [Packet data.]
VHF-AM ATC	W15	(T) 118-137	8.33 KHz	VOICE (A)	Air Traffic Control (ATC). RTCA DO-186a & ARINC 716
		MHz	[Includes 25	16 Kbps	compliant and NAS Architecture with future 108-118 MHz
		(O) 108-137	KHz]		(presently VOR/ILS and emergency ATC voice). Navigation
		MHz			uses may require increased reliability and availability.
					Includes legacy 25 KHz plus European 8.33 KHz. Includes
					VHF guards (121.5 & 123.1 MHz et al) & inband signals
VHF-AM ATC	3371 €	108-156 MHz	25 KHz	TV VOICE (A)	(ELT & SELCAL et al).
	W16	108-136 MHZ	25 KHZ	(T) VOICE (A)	Air Traffic Control (ATC), VHF Omni-Range (VOR), and
Extended				(O) VOR/ILS Nav	Instrument Landing System (ILS). QSTAG-706 & RTCA
				(A)	DO-186a & -195 & -196 & ARINC 716 compliant, and NAS Architecture with future 108-118 MHz (presently VOR/ILS
					and emergency ATC voice). Navigation uses may require
					increased reliability and availability. Includes extended legacy
					25 KHz. Includes VHF guards (121.5 & 123.1 MHz et al) &
					inband signals (ELT & SELCAL et al).
					inomic signals (ELT & SELCAL et al).

Significant Aviation Waveform Cases

- UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical
- Public Safety Interoperability & VHF/UHF-FM LMR
- Mobile Satellite Services (MSS)
- STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5

Ex: "UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical" [Waveform Family]

Old ORDs...

"UHF AM/FM PSK LOS" New Improved ORD...

"UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical" (New Name)

(T) 225-400 MHz

(T) 225-400 MHz(O) 225-450 MHz

Ex: "UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical" All NEW in ORD! MIL-STD-188-181B & -243 compliant. Includes FAA CONUS and overseas & military ATC operations. Includes UHF guards (243.0 / 282.8 / (O) 406.025 MHz et al) & inband signals (ELT & SELCAL, CTCSS & DTMF et al). OBJECTIVE includes ability to exploit (both transmit and receive) 406 beacon position location systems, including interface to GPS, IAW TSO C-126. [Data up to 16 Kbps w/ optional IDM.] [Optional implementation of VDL 2 & 3 NEXCOM FUW FAA CONUS up to 31.5 Kbps]

Ex: Public Safety Interoperability

- Almost all "public safety" in FCC LMR
 - JTRS is military & focused on NTIA bands
 - 1998 Poor Just 2 of many needed bands
 - Had VHF-High & UHF-450 basic LMR bands
 - 2001 Worse!
 - 150-162 MHz FCC segment removed!
 - But added military-only 380-420 MHz UHF
 - 2002 No WF improvements...
 - 2003 OK! Includes full LMR family
 - Military, NTIA, FCC, Allied, Euro & OCONUS
 - VHF-Low/Mid/High/220, UHF/T/700-800-900
- Conventional, analog/digital, Proj-25 & TETRA
 9 May 2003 JTRS ORD Waveforms ver-mE-ICNS (c) G. Harrison MITRE 22

Ex: "VHF/UHF-FM LMR..."

"Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/ Project-25 and TETRA" [Waveform Family]

Old ORDs...

"VHF or UHF FM **Public Safety** LMR APCO 25"

New Improved ORD...

(New & Better Name)

(T) "Low" = 25-54 MHz

(T) "Mid" = 72-76 MHz

(T) "High" = 136-174 MHz

(T) "High" = 136-174 MHz (T) "220" = 216-225 MHz

(T) "UHF"= 380-420 MHz (T) "UHF/T"= 380-512 MHz

["Missing Link" 150-162] (T) "800" = 764-869 MHz

(O) "TV" = 686-960 MHz

Ex: "VHF/UHF-FM LMR..."

All NEW in ORD! Includes Homeland Security (HLS) & Defense (HLD) legacy interoperability with both NTIA and FCC, digital & analog, "wideband," "narrowband," & future "very narrowband" systems, plus International Maritime VHF. Project-25 compliant includes Common Air Interface (CAI) for subscriber units (not infrastructure) for JTRS unit-unit and unit-infrastructure use. Includes capability for NSA/NIST Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. Includes VHF/UHF guards (47.42, 156.8 / 156.525 and 866.0125 MHz et al) & inband signals (ELT & DSC, CTCSS & DTMF et al). Shall include future upgrade to Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA) and frequency flexibility for overseas LMR bands, including 380-400 MHz NATO Emergency Services and 400-430 MHz European Civil bands, et al. "220" Band utilizes Single Side Band (SSB) and/or Narrow Band FM (NBFM) in 5 KHz. OBJECTIVE includes emerging "TV" bands (channels 70-83 806-in 890 MHz and 50-69 in 686-806 MHz.).

Ex: "Mobile Satellite Services (MSS)" [Waveform Family]

Old ORDs...

"MSS"

New Improved ORD... (New Name)

(O) "61."-2.5 GHz in 1998 (O) 137-150 MHz

or

(O) 1.61-2 GHz in 2001-2002 and

(O) 1.61-2 [2.5] GHz and per system

Ex: "Mobile Satellite Services (MSS)"

All NEW in ORD! Mobile Satellite Service (MSS). Includes both VHF and UHF MSS bands and both fielded and emerging LEOSAT & MEOSAT systems and standards, such as IRIDIUM, Globalstar, et al. Includes capability for NSA/NIST Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. OBJECTIVE includes capability to utilize GEOSAT systems such as Motient (formerly AMSC) and INMARSAT, et al. Addition of appropriate antenna systems may be required. OBJECTIVE also includes future expansion bands to 2.5 GHz. [OBJECTIVE includes transoceanic aviation use of INMARSAT AERO-I and AERO-H FUW GANS and GATM.]

Ex: "STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5"

(Civil air "transponders" from WW-II "IFF")
[Waveform Family]

Old ORDs...

"Mode S Level 4"

New Improved ORD...

(New Name)

(T) 1030-1090 MHz

(T) 1030-1090 MHz

Ex: "STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5"

All NEW in ORD! Fully compliant with STANAG 4193 including Mode Select (Mode S), Levels 5 & 4 lower. THRESHOLD includes both transponders and interrogators on platforms and at low transmit powers. OBJECTIVE includes upgrade to high power (ground-based and airborne warning et al) interrogators. Includes Mark X & XII/A with all Identification Friend or Foe (IFF) and Selective Identification Feature (SIF) Modes 1 through 5 and A & C, and ACP-160 and ICAO Annex 10 compliance. Includes civil secondary Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS), Airborne Collision Avoidance System (ACAS) and Traffic Alert & Collision Avoidance System (TCAS), and Automatic Dependent Surveillance – Addressable (ADS-A) and Broadcast (ADS-B) functionality. Includes supporting interface to GPS and other systems for flight, navigation and timing data. ADS requires interface to SATCOM, VHF Data Link, and other alternate channels IAW platform capabilities and mission needs. Includes generation of, and detection and alarm on, emergency messages, including ATCRBS (7700 emergency, 7600 communications failure, et al) and special military (4X) et al) codes.

Waveform Issues Still in Process

- Other Aviation Possibilities
 - INMARSAT
 - Multiple Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)
- Potential Future JTRS Roles
 - SATCOM Ground Terminals
 - Extension above 2 GHz

Significant *Proposed* Aviation WFs

- Withheld Pending Further Consideration
 - Aviation POS/NAV & Landing Sys. [Family]
 - GNSS & JPALS [Family]
 - GPS itself is NOT enumerated as a JTRS "waveform" but is required in all JTR Sets
 - LAAS & JPALS DGPS [Family]
 - INMARSAT [Family] (with MSS)
 - VHF/UHF Emergency & Distress [Family]
 - NOT enumerated as "waveform," and cited and/or embedded elsewhere in Table

Ex: "Aviation POS/NAV & Landing Sys"

Proposed! Position and Navigation (POS/NAV) Systems. Includes Civil VHF OmniRange (VOR), Military TACtical Air Navigation (TACAN) and VORTAC, and shared Distance Measuring Equipment (DME), plus glideslope component required for Instrument Landing System (ILS).. Includes Joint Precision Aircraft Landing System (JPALS). Shall include necessary signal and system integrity assurance functions. Should permit optional reuse of legacy or external flight systems, such as Flight Management Systems (FMS) and Heads-Up Displays (HUD) and autopilots, plus human-machine interfaces, including Horizontal Situation Indicators (HSI) and Course Deviation Indicators (CDI).

Ex: "GNSS & JPALS [Family]"- 1

Proposed! (Part 1) Global Positioning System (GPS) and Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) Family. GPS itself is NOT enumerated as a JTRS "waveform" but is required in every JTR Set (K). GPS shall include civil "C/A code" Standard Positioning Service (SPS), plus military "P-code" Precise Positioning Service (PPS) that shall require incorporation of Selective Availability Anti-Spoofing Module (SAASM) or approved equivalent for security per National Policy. GPS shall also receive and provide Precise Time and Time Interval (PTTI) data. THRESHOLD also includes implementation of Differential GPS (DGPS) functionality, including Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) and Local Area Augmentation System (LAAS) interoperable with FAA systems, and ICAO Ground Based Augmentation System (GBAS), in accordance with RTCA DO-246B and DO-253 et al. (T) Military aviation implementation THRESHOLD specifically includes Joint Precision Approach and Landing System (JPALS) Local Area Differential Global Positioning System (LDGPS) and Shipboard-Relative GPS (SRGPS) variant. Compliant with JPALS-STD-002 and -003.

Ex: "GNSS & JPALS [Family]"- 2

Proposed! (Part 2) GPS implementations on aircraft, or in Safety-of-Life (SOL) or precision navigation applications, shall incorporate reliability assurance supervision and alerting per FAA TSO-C129 and TSO-C146. This specifically includes Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring (RAIM) and Fault Detection and Exclusion (FDE) in compliance with RTCA DO-236 and DO-229 or approved equivalent. This may mandate that JTR Set and channel Operational Availability A(o) in excess of that specified by ORD KPP criteria. This is also required to support Sole Means Primary Navigation use during all phases of flight or maneuver, including Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Category IIIC Instrument Landing Systems (ILS) (T). OBJECTIVE includes capability to implement and exploit synergistically alternative GNSS, specifically including GLObal Navigation Satellite System (GLONASS) and European GALILEO for reliability through redundancy and for increased precision.

Ex: "LAAS & JPALS DGPS [Family]"

Proposed! Military Joint Precision Approach and Landing System (JPALS) and Civil Local Area Augmentation System (LAAS). Compliant with JPALS-STD-002 and -003. Transports Differential GPS (DGPS) correction data for augmentation of associated GPS and navigation systems. LAAS serves as interim JPALS. Employment for navigation and Safety-of-Flight operations may mandate JTR Set and channel Operational Availability A(o) in excess of that specified by ORD KPP criteria. This is also required to support Sole Means Primary Navigation use during all phases of flight or maneuver, including Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Category IIIC Instrument Landing Systems (ILS) (T). [JPALS & LAAS VHF DGPS signals have similarities to VDB waveform, are one-way (ground to air et al), and JPALS is encrypted for military uses. Navy UHF SRDGPS utilizes a secure DSSS two-way interactive signal protocol.].

Ex: "INMARSAT [in MSS Family]"

Proposed! Mobile Satellite Service (MSS). Includes both VHF and UHF MSS bands and both fielded and emerging LEOSAT & MEOSAT systems and standards, such as IRIDIUM, Globalstar, et al. THRESHOLD requires GANS-GATM aviation implementations with INMARSAT, specifically including AERO-I and AERO-H that are required for transoceanic aviation et al. Includes capability for NSA/NIST Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. OBJECTIVE includes capability to utilize GEOSAT systems such as Motient (formerly AMSC). Addition of appropriate antenna systems may be required. OBJECTIVE also includes future expansion bands to 2.5 GHz.

NOTE - New ORD is similar but includes as "objective": [OBJECTIVE includes transoceanic aviation use of INMARSAT AERO-I and AERO-H FUW GANS and GATM.]

Ex: "VHF/UHF Emergency & Distress"

Proposed! (Part 1) [Waveform Family] [NOT enumerated as "waveform," and cited and/or embedded elsewhere in Table] Combat Search and Rescue (CSAR), Combat Survivor Evader Locator (CSEL) and emerging Global Personnel Recovery System (GPRS) and compliance with International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and International Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) agreements, TSO-C91a & C-126, et al. GPRS Family includes multiple waveforms and/or capabilities embedded in JTRS Waveforms listed elsewhere above. Waveforms include Demand Assigned Multiple Access Mode C (DAMA-C) transmissions, plus COBRA. THRESHOLD includes Downed Aircrew Location System (DALS) 225-299 MHz. Also includes transmit and parallel guard receiver capabilities.

Ex: "VHF/UHF Emergency & Distress"

Proposed! (Part 2) THRESHOLD requires at least one single frequency guard receiver function per operational channel, set to standard or organizationally determined guard frequency. OBJECTIVE adds a second guard receiver function on designated channels, set to organizational or user selected tactical frequency. Guard frequencies 121.5 / 123.1 & 156.8 / 156.525 & 243.0 / 282.8 & 406.025 MHz et al civil and military Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELTs) FUW SARSAT/COSPAS satellites and Direction Finding (DF). OBJECTIVE includes capability to perform Automatic Direction Finding (ADF) and Ranging (ADFR) by utilization of appropriate antenna systems.

JTRS Aviation Safety & Certification

- ATC & Safety of Flight Impacts JTRS
- Safety & Certification
 - Process guarantees ATC functions meet
 Civil safety, performance, interoperability...
 - ATC functions vary in Safety of Flight considerations and certification difficulty
 - GATM-ATC architectures over decades
 - JTRS reprogramability breaks new ground in certification concepts
 - New JTRS (& SDR) paradigms radically different, with unknown implications

JTRS Aviation System Issues

- Safety of Flight applications & mandates
 - Very high availability, reliability, RAIM...
 - ATC requirements may limit sharing radio resources among channels & processes
 - ATC waveforms, messages & protocols changing as ATC moves from voice to data
- Significant JTRS software concerns
 - Software Controlled Architecture (SCA) is combination: COTS, near-COTS & CORBA
 - Not yet to ATC certification requirements...
- RF & SDR hardware has similar issues...

JTRS Aviation Alternative Approaches

- Strict JTRS ATC-Qualified Paradigm
 - Develop all JTRS S/W & H/W to meet ATC!
- JTRS MIL-Spec or "GOTS" Equivalency
 - MIL- to ATC-Qual negotiation & resolution?
- Special JTRS ATC-Qual Configurations
 - Limited production builds to DO-178B, et al
 - Remaining "other" JTRS systems "non-ATC"
 - Potential stand-alone JTRS LRUs for ATC
 - Dedicated to necessary "ATC" channel subsets
 - Specialized, ATC-qualified S/W & H/W modules
 - Reuse S/W in "non-ATC" (or limited "non-SCA")

Summary

- JTRS & it's Waveforms are evolving
 - JTRS ORD is the "Driver," with many versions and drafts over five years
 - JTRS Waveforms are the "Heart" of ORD
- New JTRS ORD (ver 3.2 9 Apr 03)
 - Achieves dramatic WF improvements
 - Clear, concise, correct, comprehensive...
 - Product of two-year crusade to "fix it right"
 - OSD, JS, JPO, Services, Feds, MITRE...
- Additional waveforms in process...
 - ATC & Safety of Flight issues

Useful JTRS ORD Documents

- New JTRS ORD (ver 3.2 9 Apr 03)
- Mission or Program Oriented Extracts
 - Annotated Waveform Table 4-2 & Annex E
 - Aviation & Airborne
 - CSAR & GPRS
 - Homeland Security
 - Others...
- JTRS ORD R/Evolution Briefing
- JTRS ORD Critical Issues Briefing
- Gateway and Message Format Translation (GW & MFT) Briefings

Special Appreciation! ©

- U.S. Army SIGCEN Ft. Gordon
- OASD(C3I) C3 Programs
- U.S. Military Service Reps & Joint Staff
- U.S. Coast Guard
- Federal Agencies & Associates
 - FEMA, FBI, DoJ, USCS, FAA, HHS, ARC...
- JTRS JPO
- MITRE Staff
 - Thanks for Aviation JTRS Concerns Ms. Mary Girard mgirard@mitre.org



Thank You!

Gene Harrison 703-883-6142 Harrison@mitre.org

BACKUPS

JTRS ORD Ver 3.2 - 2003 - Table 4-2

JTRS WAVEFORMS	(By Priority: KPP)	/ Threshold / Objective)
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ID	KPP (K)	\mathbf{I}	THRESHOLD (T)	\mathbf{D}	OBJECTIVE (O)
W1	*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Military Tactical AJ)	W7	UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)	W30	MSS [Waveform Family]
W2	*HAVE QUICK II (UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical AJ)	W8	HF-ISB ALE	W32	BOWMAN (UK HF/UHF Military Tactical) [Waveform and Equipment Family]
W3	*UHF SATCOM	W9	HF-SSB ALE AJ		

 W4
 *EPLRS
 W10
 Link-11/TADIL-A

 W5
 *WNW
 W11
 STANAG 5066 (HF Message Protocol)

 W6
 *Link 16/TADIL-J
 W12
 STANAG 4529 (HF NB Modem)

Military (181-182-183

W14 HF ATC Data Link
W15 VHF-AM ATC

W16 VHF-AM ATC Extended
W17 VHF/UHF-FM LMR:
(Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/

VHF-FM - Military Tactical

Project-25 and TETRA) [Waveform Family] VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM)

UHF-AM/FM/PSK Military Tactica
 Link-4A / TADIL-C

21 Link-11B / TADIL-B
 22 SATURN (UHF PSK AJ NATO)
 23 STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5

W24 DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS)
W25 Soldier Radio & WLAN & Advanced
Capability [Waveform Family]

6 COBRA
7 MUOS-CAI (UHF SATCOM Military

Obj.)
Cellular Radio & PCS [Waveform Family]

W29 Link 22 / NILE W31 IBS-M

W32 BOWMAN (VHF)

Homeland Security,
Counter Terrorism,
and Public Safety
Interoperability
Waveforms Extract

- 9 May 2003

- Version C1

Civil HLS, CT, & PS Interoperability Applications in YELLOW

and Military Specific & Support in BLUE

ANNEX E

SUPPORTED JTRS WAVEFORMS CHARACTERISTICS

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
*SINCGARS ESIP (VHF-FM Military Tactical AJ)	W1	30-88 MHz	25 KHz	VOICE (A & D 16 Kbps) & DATA 75 Bps to 16 Kbps	Single Channel Ground Air Radio System (SINCGARS) with Enhanced SINCGARS Improvement Program (ESIP). MIL- STD-188-220 & -241-1/-2 compliant. Includes guard (non-hop 40.50 MHz et al) & inband signals ("SINCGARS squelch" 150 Hz tone, et al). Includes AJ.
*HAVE QUICK II (UHF- AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical AJ)	W2	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	(T) VOICE (A & D 16 Kbps) plus (O) DATA 75 to 16 Kbps (see)	MIL-STD-188-220 & -243 and ЛЕО-9120A compliant. Includes guard (non-hop 243.0 & 282.8 MHz et al) (but inband signals TBD.) Data 75, 150, 300, 600 Bps; 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 16 Kbps with required IDM.
*UHF SATCOM Military (181- 182-183 "DAMA")	W3	225-400 MHz	5 and 25 KHz	(T) VOICE (A & D) & DATA 75 Bps to 56 Kbps (see) / (O) 64 Kbps	MIL-STD-188-181 & -182 DAMA & -183 DAMA/TDMA compliant. Includes STANAG 4321 version 4. Includes DAMA-C FUW GPRS. Includes DAMA guard lists (but inband signals TBD.) THRESHOLD Data 75, 300, 600 Bps; 1.2, 2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 16, 19.2, 28.8, 32, 38.4, 48, 56 Kbps; and OBJECTIVE up to 64 Kbps (already demonstrated).
*EPLRS	W4	420-450 MHz	3 MHz [For each of 4 hop bands]	DATA 57 Kbps VHSIC SIP, plus 228 Kbps VECP	Enhanced Position Location Reporting System (EPLRS) with version 11 or higher (in lieu of Situational Awareness Data Link (SADL) functionality). TDMA /CDMA /FDMA. CDRL-4002W-001A compliant.
*WNW	W5	[Government or Vendor Developed]	[Government or Vendor Developed]	[Government or Vendor Developed]	Wideband Networking Waveform (WNW). Compliant with WNW Functional Description Document (FDD) version 2.31 or later. [New, modified or existing waveform, expected over 2 MHz to 2 GHz at up to 5 Mbps network throughput.] [Guards & inband signals TBD.]
*Link-16 / TADIL-J	W6	960-1215 MHz	3 MHz [51 to 37 freqs]	Kbps) & DATA w/ FEC 28.8 Kbps to 1.137 Mbps	

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name &	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Description)					
UHF SATCOM Military Protocol (184)	W7	N/A	N/A	N/A	MIL-STD-188-184 Data Control Waveform. Robust link protocol only, required for reliable data transport over UHF SATCOM, normally employing MIL-STD-188-181, -182, & -183 single access, 5 & 25 KHz channels.
HF-ISB ALE	W8	(T) 2-30 MHz (O) 1.5-30 MHz	3 / 6 / 12 KHz	VOICE (A & D) & DATA 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 3200, 4800, 6400, 8000, 9600 Bps, per ISB channel	High Frequency (HF) - Independent Side Band (ISB) with Automatic Link Establishment (ALE). Fully compliant with MIL-STD-188-141B including as mandatory Appendices A-(ALE) & B- Linking Protection (LP) & C- Third Generation (3G) and -MIL-STD-188-110B including as mandatory Appendices C- Data Above 2400 bps & F- Multiple Channel Systems. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al. Includes HF guards (non-hop 2182 & 5680 KHz et al) & inband signals (SELCAL et al). [Optional MD-1295/A DATA modem.]
HF-SSB ALE AJ	W9	(T) 2-30 MHz (O) 1.5-30 MHz	3 KHz	VOICE (A & D) & DATA 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 3200, 4800, 6400, 8000, 9600 Bps per SSB channel	High Frequency (HF) - Single Side Band (SSB) with Automatic Link Establishment (ALE) and Anti-Jam (AJ). Fully compliant with MIL-STD-188-141B including as mandatory Appendices A- (ALE) & B- Linking Protection (LP) & C- Third Generation (3G) and -MIL-STD-188-110B including as mandatory Appendices C- Data Above 2400 bps & F- Multiple Channel Systems and MIL-STD-188-148 HF AJ ECCM. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al. Includes HF guards (non-hop 2182 & 5680 MHz et al) & inband signals (SELCAL et al). [Optional MD-1295/A data modem.]
Link-11 / TADIL-A	W10	2-30 MHz and 225-400 MHz	3 and 25 KHz	DATA 1364 & 2250 Bps	MIL-STD-188-203-1A & STANAG 5511 compliant.

WAVEFORM	ORD	FREQUENCY	NOMINAL	INFORMATION	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets]
(Short ORD	ID	BAND	CHANNEL	VOICE and/or	[Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Name &			BANDWIDTH	DATA RATES	59 1999 02
Description)					
STANAG 5066	W11	N/A	N/A	N/A	Protocol only, transported over supporting HF waveforms HF-
(HF Message					ISB/SSB (W8 & W9) and employing MIL-STD-188-141 & -
Protocol)					110. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with STANAG-
			800200000000000000000000000000000000000		4203, QSTAG-733, et al.
STANAG 4529	W12	(T) 2-30 MHz	1.24 KHz	[100m] 100m] 100m][100m] 100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m][100m	Narrowband HF modem standard, transported over MIL-STD-
(HF NB Modem)		(O) 1.5-30			188-141 or STANAG 4203 Requires Forward Error
		MHz		up to 1.8 Kbps	Correction (FEC) coding fully compliant with STANAG 4285
					Annex E. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with
STITE TEN	33710	20.00.3411-	25 7/11 1	MOIGE (A. D. D. 16	STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al.
VHF-FM —	W13	30-88 MHz	25 KHz and	The state of the s	MIL-STD-188-242 compliant. Includes guard (40.50 MHz et al) & inband signals ("new squelch" 150 Hz tone et al).
Military Tactical			50 KHz	Kbps)	Includes legacy non-AJ for Allied and Coalition
					interoperability.
HF ATC Data	W14	(O) 2-30 MHz	3 KHz	VOICE (A) &	Air Traffic Control (ATC). RTCA DO-265, ARINC 635-3 &
Link	****	(O) 1.5-30	JKIL	DATA 300, 600,	-735-3, and FAA TSO-C31d & -C32d compliant TDMA and
Linix		MHz		1200, 1800 Bps	FDMA. OBJECTIVE to 1.5 MHz in compliance with
		6.A.V-8.B.E.S			STANAG-4203, QSTAG-733, et al. [Packet data.]
VHF-AM ATC	W15	(T) 118-137	8.33 KHz	VOICE (A)	Air Traffic Control (ATC). RTCA DO-186a & ARINC 716
		MHz	[Includes 25	16 Kbps	compliant and NAS Architecture with future 108-118 MHz
		(O) 108-137	KHz]	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(presently VOR/ILS and emergency ATC voice). Navigation
		MHz			uses may require increased reliability and availability.
					Includes legacy 25 KHz plus European 8.33 KHz. Includes
					VHF guards (121.5 & 123.1 MHz et al) & inband signals
			,		(ELT & SELCAL et al).
VHF-AM ATC	W16	108-156 MHz	25 KHz	(T) VOICE (A)	Air Traffic Control (ATC), VHF Omni-Range (VOR), and
Extended				(O) VOR/ILS Nav	Instrument Landing System (ILS). QSTAG-706 & RTCA
				(A)	DO-186a & -195 & -196 & ARINC 716 compliant, and NAS
					Architecture with future 108-118 MHz (presently VOR/ILS
					and emergency ATC voice). Navigation uses may require increased reliability and availability. Includes extended legacy
					25 KHz. Includes VHF guards (121.5 & 123.1 MHz et al) &
					inband signals (ELT & SELCAL et al).
					mount signais (ELT & SELCAL & ai).

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
VHF/UHF-FM LMR: (Land Mobile Radio & Public Safety w/ Project-25 and TETRA) [Waveform Family]	W17	(T) "Low"= 25-54 MHz (T) "Mid"= 72- 76 MHz (T) "High"= 136-174 MHz (T) "220"= 216-225 MHz (T) "UHF/T"= 380-512 MHz (T) "800"= 764-869 MHz (O) "TV"= 686-960 MHz	"Low" NTIA & FCC (T) 20 KHz "Mid" & "High" FCC (T) 30 & 15 KHz / (O) 7.5 KHz "High" thru "TV" NTIA & FCC (T) 25 & 12.5 KHz / (O) 6.25 KHz "220" FCC (T) 5 KHz FM & SSB	Kbps) & DATA up to 16 Kbps	Includes Homeland Security (HLS) & Defense (HLD) legacy interoperability with both NTIA and FCC, digital & analog, "wideband," "narrowband," & future "very narrowband" systems, plus International Maritime VHF. Project-25 compliant includes Common Air Interface (CAI) for subscriber units (not infrastructure) for JTRS unit-unit and unit-infrastructure use. Includes capability for NSA/NIST Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. Includes VHF/UHF guards (47.42, 156.8 / 156.525 and 866.0125 MHz et al) & inband signals (ELT & DSC, CTCSS & DTMF et al). Shall include future upgrade to Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA) and frequency flexibility for overseas LMR bands, including 380-400 MHz NATO Emergency Services and 400-430 MHz European Civil bands, et al. "220" Band utilizes Single Side Band (SSB) and/or Narrow Band FM (NBFM) in 5 KHz. OBJECTIVE includes emerging "TV" bands (channels 70-83 806-in 890 MHz and 50-69 in 686-806 MHz.).
VHF ATC Data Link (NEXCOM) UHF- AM/FM/PSK Military Tactical	W18	(T) 225-400 MHz (O) 225-450 MHz	25 KHz 5 and 25 KHz	& DATA 31.5 Kbps (T) VOICE (A & D 16 Kbps) & (O) DATA up to 16 Kbps (w/ IDM)	RTCA DO-186a & -224a compliant, a.k.a. VDL 2 & 3 Next Generation Communications (NEXCOM) FUW FAA CONUS and overseas & military ATC. MIL-STD-188-181B & -243 compliant. Includes FAA CONUS and overseas & military ATC operations. Includes UHF guards (243.0 / 282.8 / (O) 406.025 MHz et al) & inband signals (ELT & SELCAL, CTCSS & DTMF et al). OBJECTIVE includes ability to exploit (both transmit and receive) 406 beacon position location systems, including interface to GPS, IAW TSO C-126. [Data up to 16 Kbps w/optional IDM.] [Optional implementation of VDL 2 & 3 NEXCOM FUW FAA CONUS up to 31.5 Kbps]

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Link-4A / TADIL-C	W20	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	DATA 5 Kbps	MIL-STD-188-203-3 compliant.
Link-11B / TADIL-B	W21	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	DATA 600, 1200, 2400 Bps	MIL-STD-188-212 & STANAG 5511 compliant
SATURN (UHF PSK AJ NATO)	W22	225-400 MHz	25 KHz	VOICE (D) & DATA [Rates TBP]	Second generation Anti-jam Tactical UHF Radio for NATO (SATURN). STANAG-4372 & JIEO-9120A compliant. [See also W2 AJ, and W19 non-AJ.]
STANAG 4193 Mode S Level 4/5	W23	1030 & 1090 MHz	3.5 MHz/ 3 MHz	DATA 689.7 Bps (1.45 uS PCM) IFF Family, and 9.6 to 128 Kbps Mode S, plus others per Standards.	Fully compliant with STANAG 4193 including Mode Select (Mode S), Levels 5 & 4 lower. THRESHOLD includes both transponders and interrogators on platforms and at low transmit powers. OBJECTIVE includes upgrade to high power (ground-based and airborne warning et al) interrogators. Includes Mark X & XII/A with all Identification Friend or Foe (IFF) and Selective Identification Feature (SIF) Modes 1 through 5 and A & C, and ACP-160 and ICAO Annex 10 compliance. Includes civil secondary Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS), Airborne Collision Avoidance System (ACAS) and Traffic Alert & Collision Avoidance System (TCAS), and Automatic Dependent Surveillance – Addressable (ADS-A) and Broadcast (ADS-B) functionality. Includes supporting interface to GPS and other systems for flight, navigation and timing data. ADS requires interface to SATCOM, VHF Data Link, and other alternate channels IAW platform capabilities and mission needs. Includes generation of, and detection and alarm on, emergency messages, including ATCRBS (7700 emergency, 7600 communications failure, et al) and special military (4X et al) codes.

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
DWTS (UHF PSK WB LOS)	W24	1350-1850 MHz (NATO Band 3)	125 KHz	VOICE Order Wire (A & D) and DATA 144, 256, 288, 512, 576, 1024, 1152, 1544, 2048, 2304 Kbps	Digital Wideband Transmission System (DWTS). Shipboard system for high capacity secure & nonsecure, line-of-sight (LOS), ship-to-ship, and ship-to-shore, digital voice/data/imagery communications in the UHF range and interface into Marines ashore and Army Mobile Subscriber Element (MSE) et al.
Soldier Radio & WLAN [Waveform Family]	W25	(T) 1.755- 1.850 GHz Army LW 2.450-2.483.5 GHz COTS	13 MHz (COTS provides 11 overlapping channels)	(T) VOICE (D 16 Kbps) & DATA 1 Mbps DATA 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN). Army Land Warrior (LW) Program includes basic Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) IEEE 802.11 wireless Ethernet LAN standard at 1 Mbps. Includes security capability up to NSA Type 1. Includes COTS multiple channels in 2.4 GHz band and upgrade to 802.11b 11 Mbps. 802.11e FEC & 802.11g 54 Mbps et al, plus use of dual diversity antennas. Advanced Capability: 350 MHz – 2.5 GHz; 350 MHz – 1GHz (Band 2); & 1 GHz – 2.5 GHz (Band 3) [Guards & inband signals not known to be applicable.]
COBRA	W26	340-400 MHz	ТВР	ТВР	Includes interoperability with CSEL et al and support for GPRS and CSAR. [Characteristics to be provided to authorized users.]
MUOS-CAI	W27	240-320 MHz	5 & 25 KHz	DATA 2.4, 9.6, 16, 32, 64 Kbps	Mobile User Objective System (MUOS) – Common Air Interface (CAI). [Guards & inband signals TBD.]

WAVEFORM	ORD	FREQUENCY	NOMINAL	INFORMATION	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets]
(Short ORD	ID	BAND	CHANNEL	VOICE and/or	[Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Name &			BANDWIDTH	DATA RATES	
Description)					
Cellular Radio &	W28	(T) 824-894	30 KHz to 1.6	VOICE a/o DATA	Includes multiple US and overseas standards – TR-45.1
PCS		MHz	MHz	– 10 Kbps nominal	AMPS & IS-54 TDMA & -IS-95b CDMA & IS-136 HS
[Waveform		(T) 890-960	3G to 5xN	3G DATA up to	TDMA & GSM & 3GSM & 2.5G & 3G & WCDMA &
Family]			MHz	144/384 Kbps & 2	CDMA-2000 et al compliant. Includes both cellular
9C09-4		(T) 1850-1990		Mbps	telephone and Personal Communications Services (PCS),
		MHz	& Host Nation	IAW standard &	providing voice, data, short message services (SMS), et al
		(O) 1850-		Host Nation	Includes Enhanced Specialized Mobile Radio (ESMR),
		2200 MHz			interoperable with 900 MHz band and iDEN (NEXTEL,
		IAW standard			Southern-Link, et al) protocols, et al. Includes capability for
		& Host Nation			NSA/NIST Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. Shall include
					ability to use any available Wireless Priority Access
					Service (WPAS) or equivalent for assured access and
					capacity. Shall include ability to exploit cell phone
					position location systems, including interface to GPS.
					Includes inband signals (DTMF et al). [Note – 1994 FCC
					PCS plan 1850-2200 MHz.]
Link 22 / NILE	W29	3-30 MHz and	TBD	DATA (rate TBD)	NATO Improved Link Eleven (NILE). STANAG 5522
		225-400 MHz			compliant. Requires modem waveforms in STANAG 4539
					Annex D.
MSS	W30	137-150 MHz	TBD per	VOICE (D 2.4 to	Mobile Satellite Service (MSS). Includes both VHF and
[Waveform		1.61-2 [2.5]	system	9.6 Kbps et al) &	UHF MSS bands and both fielded and emerging LEOSAT
Family]		GHz		DATA 2.4, 9.6	& MEOSAT systems and standards, such as IRIDIUM,
9CC9-7C		and per system		Kbps up to 2.048	Globalstar, et al. Includes capability for NSA/NIST Type 1
		2000		Mbps per system	through 4 COMSEC. OBJECTIVE includes capability to
				270,0 20 39	utilize GEOSAT systems such as Motient (formerly
					AMSC) and INMARSAT, et al. Addition of appropriate
					antenna systems may be required. OBJECTIVE also
					includes future expansion bands to 2.5 GHz. [OBJECTIVE
					includes transoceanic aviation use of INMARSAT AERO-I
					and AERO-H FUW GANS and GATM.]

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
IBS-M	W31	225-400 MHz	5 and 25 KHz	DATA 2.4, 4.8, 9.6 & 19.2 Kbps	Integrated Broadcast Service Module (IBS-M). As a "Single JTRS Channel" and multiples as follows – THRESHOLD is parallel receive 4X & transmit 0X data streams, implemented in a single "JTRS channel" and OBJECTIVE is up to receive 12X & transmit 4X; potentially implemented as several "JTRS channels" with all cases including necessary multiple cryptographic streams. Integrated Broadcast Service (IBS) - Currently consists of three legacies UHF broadcasts (TIBS, TDDS, and TRIXS) which will be replaced in the future with a Common Interactive Broadcast (CIB). The CIB will be a DAMA compliant broadcast using a developing Integrated Waveform, MIL-STD-188-181C/-182B/-183B. Data carried over IBS will be an IBS Common Message Format (CMF), which will be a member of the J-Series family of message formats."
BOWMAN (UK HF/VHF/UHF Military Tactical) [Equipment Family]	W32	HF-1.6 60 MHz VHF- 30-80 MHz UHF-225-450 MHz	3 KHz 25 KHz 600 KHz & 4MHz	75-2400 bps 156 Kbps 500 Kbps	"BOWMAN" is the designator for the UK Tri-Service Tactical communications System. [Guards & inband signals TBD.] Includes BOWMAN-HF (per Harris RF-5800), BOWMAN-VHF (per ITT ADR+ variant of SINCGARS) and BOWMAN-UHF (per ITT High Capacity Data Radio (HCDR) variant of Naval Tactical Data Radio (NTDR)). [NOTE - US-UK interoperability criteria under negotiation by OSD and JS.]

TABLE E-1 SUPPORTED JTRS WAVEFORMS CHARACTERISTICS

Note: *= KPP (also shown in BOLD)

(Note – In this Extract, VHF-AM aviation SAR channel editorially corrected from "123.0" to "123.1."

Waveform Issues Still in Process

- Navigation Waveforms GANS...
 - "GPS" in every JTRS, but not counted WF
 - Required for timing, plus injection elsewhere
 - WAAS, LAAS, GLONASS, GALILEO...
- Aviation Waveforms GATM...
 - Civil: VOR, LOC, DME, ILS...
 - Military: TACAN, JPALS, SRGPS, DALS...
 - Safety of Flight applications mandate very high availability & reliability, RAIM...
 - Smart use of UHF "Military NEXCOM"?
 - Pending determination of impacts to JTRS

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied] NOTE - FOR REFERENCE & COMMENT ONLY - PROPOSED BUT NOT YET ENDORSED OR APPROVED
Aviation POS/NAV & Landing Systems [Waveform Family]	Wxx	ILS= 40 channels Localizer-108- 112 MHz Glideslope 329-335 MHz VOR= 120 channels 112-118 MHz VORTAC= TACAN 126 paired channels & DME 962-	(per signal standards)	(per signal standards)	MILITARY AVIATION & NAVIGATION Position and Navigation (POS/NAV) Systems. Includes Civil VHF OmniRange (VOR), Military TACtical Air Navigation (TACAN) and VORTAC, and shared Distance Measuring Equipment (DME), plus glideslope component required for Instrument Landing System (ILS) Includes Joint Precision Aircraft Landing System (JPALS). Shall include necessary signal and system integrity assurance functions. Should permit optional reuse of legacy or external flight systems, such as Flight Management Systems (FMS) and Heads-Up Displays (HUD) and autopilots, plus human-machine interfaces, including Horizontal Situation Indicators (HSI) and Course Deviation Indicators (CDI)

WAVEFORM		FREQUENCY	NOM.	INFORMATION	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets]
(Short ORD	ID	BAND	CHAN	VOICE and/or	[Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Name &			BAND-	DATA RATES	NOTE – FOR REFERENCE & COMMENT ONLY - PROPOSED BUT
Description)			WIDTH	-	NOT YET ENDORSED OR APPROVED
					MILITARY AVIATION & NAVIGATION
GNSS &	Wxx	(T) GPS=	20 MHz	GPS DATA 1.023	Global Positioning System (GPS) and Global Navigation Satellite System
JPALS		L1-1575.42		Mcps and 10.23	(GNSS) Family. GPS itself is NOT enumerated as a JTRS "waveform"
[Waveform		MHz		Mcps chip rates.	but is required in every JTR Set (K). GPS shall include civil "C/A code"
Family]		L2-1227.6			Standard Positioning Service (SPS), plus military "P-code" Precise
49/31/00		MHz		(Others per	Positioning Service (PPS) that shall require incorporation of Selective
[GPS itself is		L5-1176.45		Standards TBP)	Availability Anti-Spoofing Module (SAASM) or approved equivalent for
NOT		MHz			security per National Policy. GPS shall also receive and provide Precise
enumerated as					Time and Time Interval (PTTI) data. THRESHOLD also includes
a JTRS		(O)			implementation of Differential GPS (DGPS) functionality, including Wide
"waveform"		GLONASS=			Area Augmentation System (WAAS) and Local Area Augmentation
but is required		L1-1602			System (LAAS) interoperable with FAA systems, and ICAO Ground
in all JTR Sets]		+Nx0.5625			Based Augmentation System (GBAS), in accordance with RTCA DO-
412		MHz			246B and DO-253 et al. (T) Military aviation implementation
		L2-1246.0			THRESHOLD specifically includes Joint Precision Approach and
		+Nx0.4375			Landing System (JPALS) Local Area Differential Global Positioning
		MHz			System (LDGPS) and Shipboard-Relative GPS (SRGPS) variant.
		(avoiding radio			Compliant with JPALS-STD-002 and -003. GPS implementations on
		astronomy)			aircraft, or in Safety-of-Life (SOL) or precision navigation applications,
		28 96			shall incorporate reliability assurance supervision and alerting per FAA
		(O)			TSO-C129 and TSO-C146. This specifically includes Receiver
		GALILEO=			Autonomous Integrity Monitoring (RAIM) and Fault Detection and
		E1-1589 MHz			Exclusion (FDE) in compliance with RTCA DO-236 and DO-229 or
		E2-1511 MHz			approved equivalent. This may mandate that JTR Set and channel
		E3-N/A			Operational Availability A(o) in excess of that specified by ORD KPP
		E4-1256 MHz			criteria. This is also required to support Sole Means Primary Navigation
		E5-1189 MHz			use during all phases of flight or maneuver, including Instrument Flight
		E6-1280 MHz			Rules (IFR) and Category IIIC Instrument Landing Systems (ILS) (T).
					OBJECTIVE includes capability to implement and exploit synergistically
					alternative GNSS, specifically including GLObal Navigation Satellite
					System (GLONASS) and European GALILEO for reliability through
					redundancy and for increased precision.

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied] NOTE - FOR REFERENCE & COMMENT ONLY- PROPOSED BUT NOT YET ENDORSED OR APPROVED
LAAS & JPALS DGPS [Waveform Family]	Wxx	VHF Civil LAAS & Military JPALS= 108-118 MHz UHF Navy SRGPS= 225-400 MHz (potential sub- bands TBP)	VHF 25 kHz UHF SRGPS TBP	VHF 31.5 kbps UHF TBP	MILITARY AVIATION & NAVIGATION Military Joint Precision Approach and Landing System (JPALS) and Civil Local Area Augmentation System (LAAS). Compliant with JPALS-STD-002 and -003. Transports Differential GPS (DGPS) correction data for augmentation of associated GPS and navigation systems. LAAS serves as interim JPALS. Employment for navigation and Safety-of- Flight operations may mandate JTR Set and channel Operational Availability A(o) in excess of that specified by ORD KPP criteria. This is also required to support Sole Means Primary Navigation use during all phases of flight or maneuver, including Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Category IIIC Instrument Landing Systems (ILS) (T). [JPALS & LAAS VHF DGPS signals have similarities to VDB waveform, are one-way (ground to air et al), and JPALS is encrypted for military uses. Navy UHF SRDGPS utilizes a secure DSSS two-way interactive signal protocol.].
DALS	Wxx	225-299 MHz	ТВР	ТВР	Downed Aircrew Location System (DALS). Includes interoperability with CSEL et al and support for GPRS and CSAR. [Parameters to be provided.]

		W			- 100 miles
WAVEFORM	ORD	FREQUENCY	NOMINAL	INFORMATION	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets]
(Short ORD	ID	BAND	CHANNEL	VOICE and/or	[Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied]
Name &			BANDWIDTH	DATA RATES	NOTE - FOR REFERENCE & COMMENT ONLY -
Description)					PROPOSED BUT NOT YET ENDORSED OR APPROVED
					NON-MILITARY BEYOND LOS
MSS (W30) &	W30	137-150 MHz	TBD per system	VOICE (D 2.4 to 9.6	Mobile Satellite Service (MSS). Includes both VHF and UHF
INMARSAT	&	1.525-1.661	348 2/5000	Kbps et al) &	MSS bands and both fielded and emerging LEOSAT &
(Wxx)	Wxx	GHz		DATA 2.4, 9.6 Kbps	MEOSAT systems and standards, such as IRIDIUM,
[Waveform		1.61-2 [2.5]		up to 2.048 Mbps per	Globalstar, et al. THRESHOLD requires GANS-GATM
Family]		GHz		system	aviation implementations with INMARSAT, specifically
36-25G		and per system		795	including AERO-I and AERO-H that are required for
		T3 150			transoceanic aviation et al. Includes capability for NSA/NIST
					Type 1 through 4 COMSEC. OBJECTIVE includes capability
					to utilize GEOSAT systems such as Motient (formerly
					AMSC). Addition of appropriate antenna systems may be
					required. OBJECTIVE also includes future expansion bands
					to 2.5 GHz.

WAVEFORM (Short ORD Name & Description)	ORD ID	FREQUENCY BAND	NOMINAL CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	INFORMATION VOICE and/or DATA RATES	CRITERIA [and COMMENTS in brackets] [Latest Versions of Documents Shall be Applied] NOTE – FOR REFERENCE & COMMENT ONLY - PROPOSED BUT NOT YET ENDORSED OR APPROVED
VHF/UHF Emergency & Distress [Waveform Family] [NOT enumerated as waveform, and cited and/or embedded elsewhere in Table]	Wee	2182/5680 KHz 40.50/47.42 MHz 121.5/123.1 MHz 156.8/156.525 MHz 243.0/282.8 MHz 406.025 MHz 225-400 MHz and others per Standards	3 KHz,, 5 KHz,, per Standards	Alert Tone (A) & VOICE (A) & DATA 400 Bps (to DAMA-C rate) per Standards	EMERGENCY & DISTRESS — MULTIPLE BANDS & MODES Combat Search and Rescue (CSAR), Combat Survivor Evader Locator (CSEL) and emerging Global Personnel Recovery System (GPRS) and compliance with International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and International Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) agreements, TSO-C91a & C-126, et al. GPRS Family includes multiple waveforms and/or capabilities embedded in JTRS Waveforms listed elsewhere above. Waveforms include Demand Assigned Multiple Access Mode C (DAMA-C) transmissions, plus COBRA. THRESHOLD includes Downed Aircrew Location System (DALS) 225-299 MHz. Also includes transmit and parallel guard receiver capabilities. THRESHOLD requires at least one single frequency guard receiver function per operational channel, set to standard or organizationally determined guard frequency. OBJECTIVE adds a second guard receiver function on designated channels, set to organizational or user selected tactical frequency. Guard frequencies 121.5 / 123.1 & 156.8 / 156.525 & 243.0 / 282.8 & 406.025 MHz et al civil and military Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELTs) FUW SARSAT/COSPAS satellites and Direction Finding (DF). OBJECTIVE includes capability to perform Automatic Direction Finding (ADF) and Ranging (ADFR) by utilization