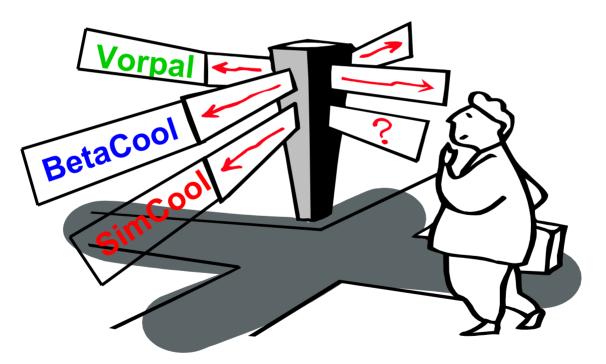


SimCool: recent developments









Eidelman

First original version (V. Parchomchuk):

- > The following values for each "time slices" are calculated:
 - Five individual coordinates for each of the "probe" particles
 - Two transversal emittances (x and z)
 - Radial distributions of the ion beam density
- > Calculations take into account the following effects:
 - Space charge influence on the motion of the electrons
 - Cooling
 - Intra beam scattering (IBS)
 - Diffusion
 - Recombination





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Eidelman Y

The following approaches to calculate the velocity kicks are used (moving frame and "Parchomcuk" units):

$$Cooling: \quad \frac{\Delta V_{i_rel}}{V_{i_rel}} = \exp\left[-\frac{4r_e r_i c \Lambda n_e(r_\perp) \beta_{cool}^3 \Delta t}{(\beta \gamma V_{i_rel})^3 L_{cool} / L_{ring}}\right]$$

$$IBS: \quad \Delta V_i = \sqrt{"12 "} \cdot \frac{2 r_i^2 c \Lambda l_i \beta_{cool}^3 \Delta t}{(\beta \gamma a_{ib})^3}$$

$$Diffusion: \quad \Delta V_i = \sqrt{"12 \cdot \log 100"} \cdot \frac{2(r_i/Z)^2 c \Lambda n_e(r_\perp) \beta_{cool}^3 \Delta t}{(\beta \gamma)^3 V_{i_rel}}$$

Important: All kicks are the same for all three components of the velocity !





- Second generation (I. Ben-Zvi; It is my own understanding of the code changes):
- > The following features were added:
 - Calculation of the widths of the beam density distributions (FWHM and for 95% of the beam)
 - Luminosity calculation
 - Beam-beam parameter calculation
 - Possibility to take into account the number of bunches
 - Possibility kept constant luminosity by adjusting electron current (Flag "Gain" and factor "tiecor")
- > The first comments in the code were included

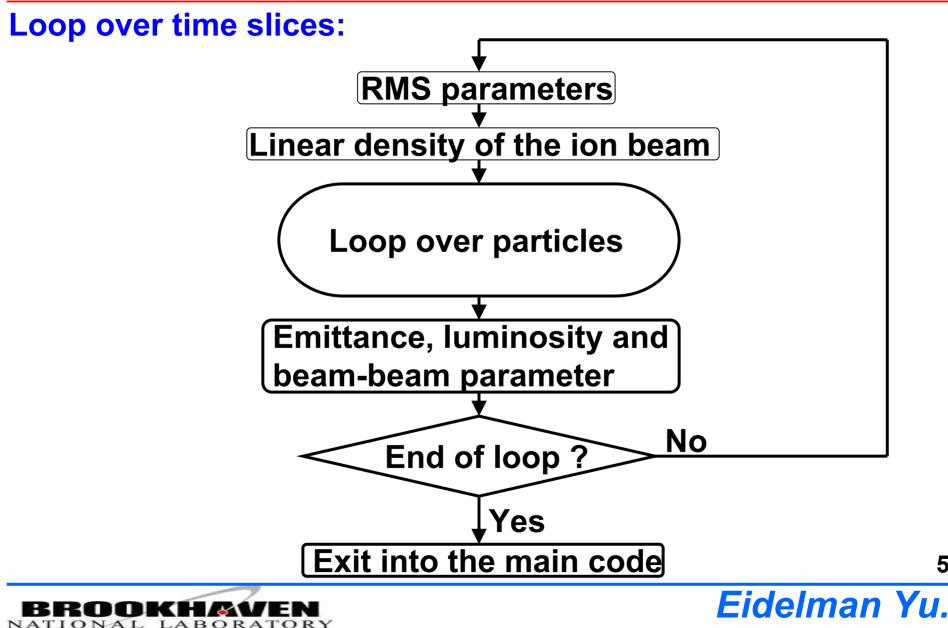


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Flow-chart (2)



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- **Current version (Yu. Eidelman)**
- Calculations development:
 - Initial distributions for positions and velocities of the "probe" particles can be generated as homogeneous or Gaussian
 - Cooling, IBS, and diffusion can be included into calculation in any combination
 - Synchrotron motion of the particles is included
 - Energy spread and longitudinal beam size are recalculated for each time slice
 - RMS parameters of the beam are calculated
 - Possibility to decrease a time step if the kick due to cooling is larger then predefined value (for example, 5%)



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- Calculation development (cont'd):
 - Ion linear density (for IBS effect) is recalculated taking into account the longitudinal beam size

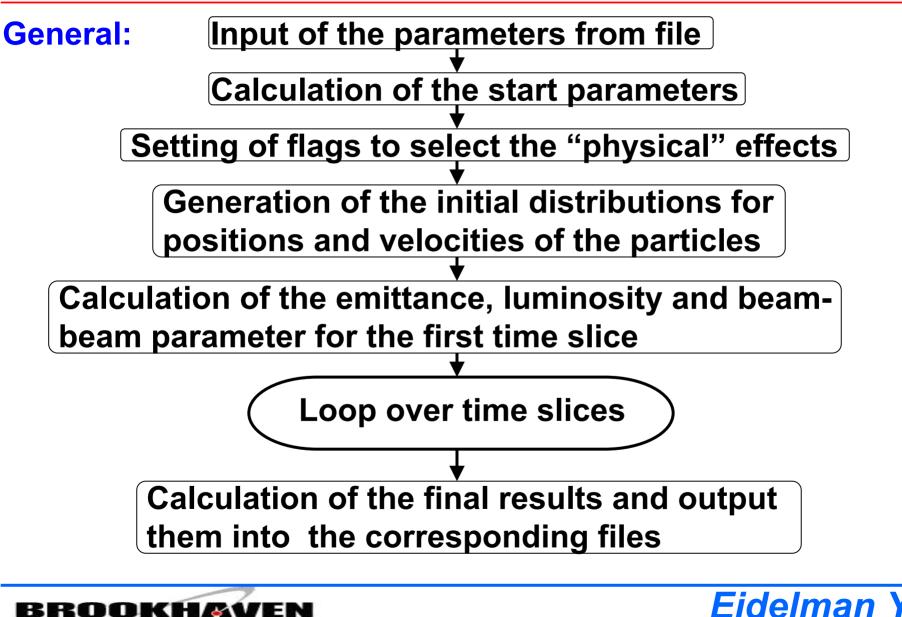
> **Programming**:

- Subroutines and functions are created to improve the program structure
- Some misprints were fixed
- Additional output for "physical" testing is included
- Gistogramming of the distributions for "physical" testing is added
- Very detail comments were written



Flow-chart (1)

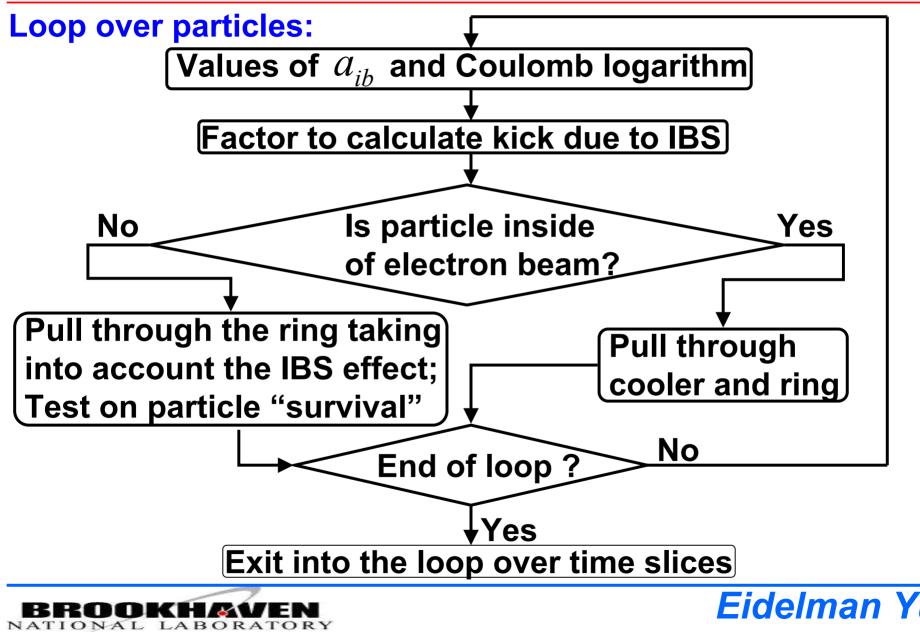




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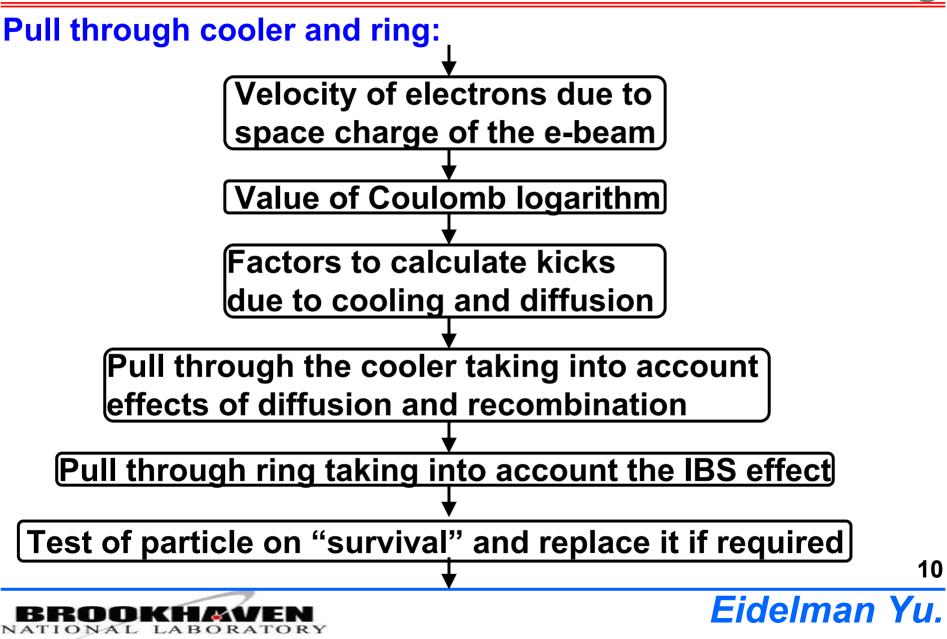
Flow-chart (3)



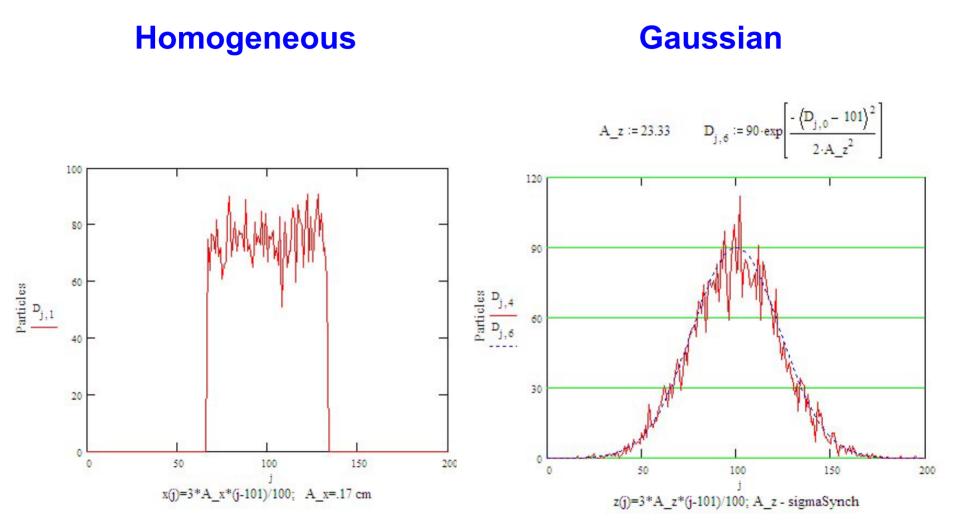












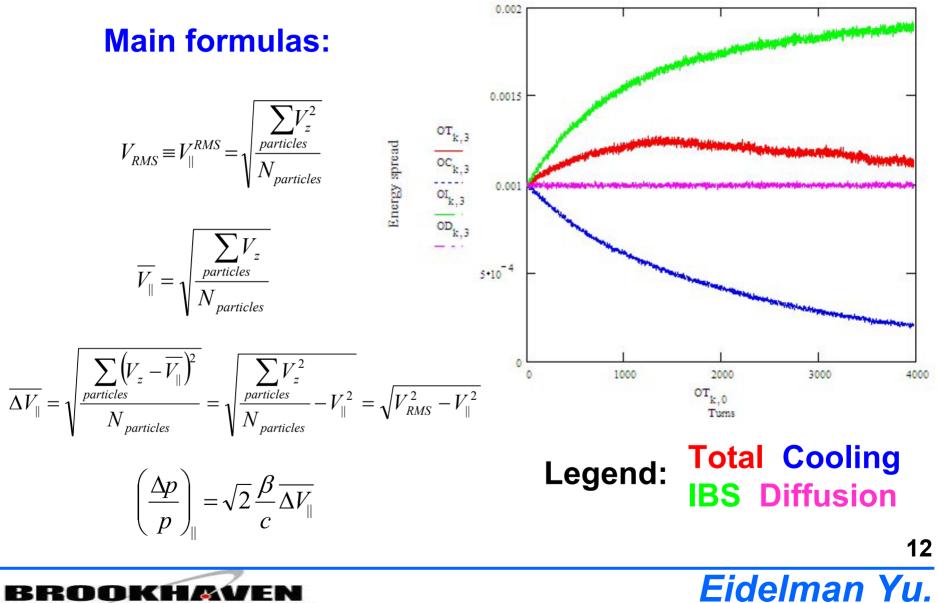
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Energy spread ("Origin")



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Longitudinal beam size ("Origin")

Synchrotron size:

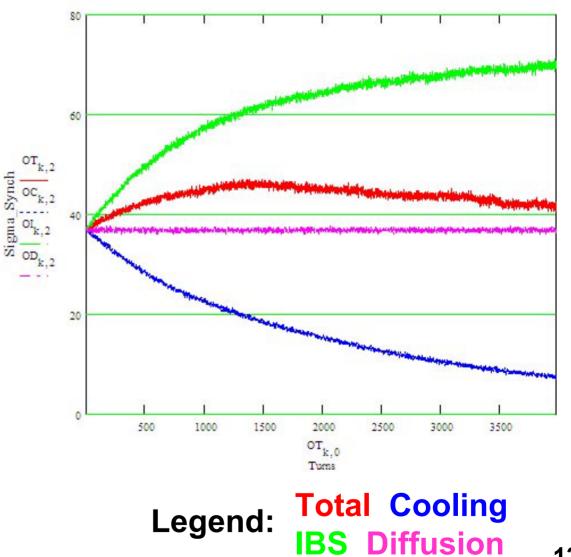
$$\sigma_{s} = \frac{L_{ring}\eta}{\Omega_{s}}$$

Phase-slip factor:

$$\eta = \frac{1}{\gamma_{tr}^2} - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}$$

Synchrotron frequency:

$$\Omega_{s} = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi h \eta ZeV_{RF}}{E_{o}}}$$



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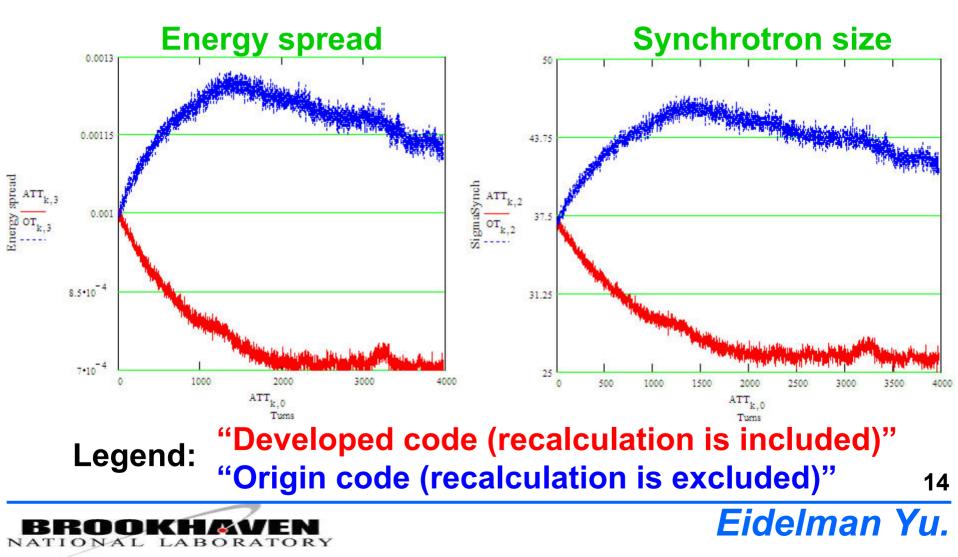
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Some preliminary results (1)



Contribution of the recalculation of the linear ion density (all effects are included)

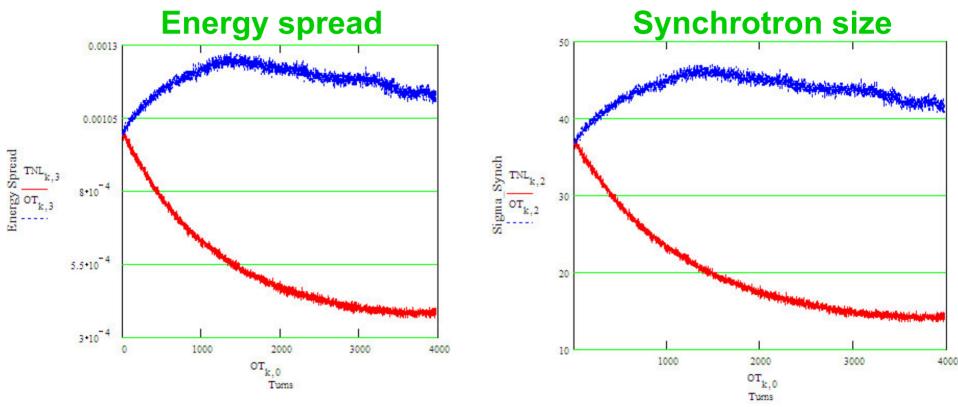


Some preliminary results (2)

BORA



Contribution of the factor "sqrt(12)" for the kick due to IBS (all effects are included)



Legend: "Developed code" (factor is excluded) "Origin code" (factor is included)

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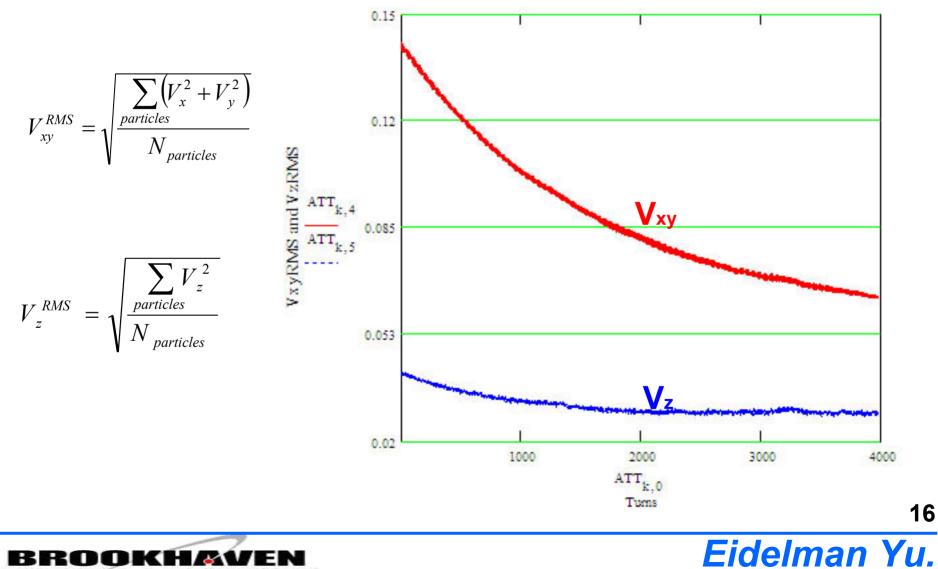
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Some preliminary results (3)



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Transversal and longitudinal RMS Velocities







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Will be corrected during this meeting



RHIC luminosity due to our combined efforts





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