

RSS history and current status

**Peter Kiedron
ASRC/SUNY at Albany
14 March, 2005**

RSS at ARM



RSS's 103, 104, 105: 2003 Billings, OK

Data Availability			
	RSS105	RSS103	RSS102
Location	SGP	SGP	SGP
Operational epochs	05/09/03 - Present	09/29/01-06/27/02 08/12/97-10/05/98	07/22/99-08/04/00
Measurement period	From sunrise to sunset		
Measurement rate	1 shadowbanding cycle per min		
Number of spectra per day	From 570 spectra in Winter to 870 spectra in Summer		



RSS102: 2001 Billings, OK



RSS103: 1999 Barrow, AK

Principal Measured Quantity



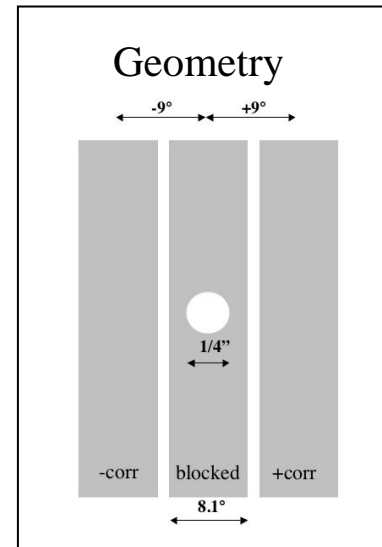
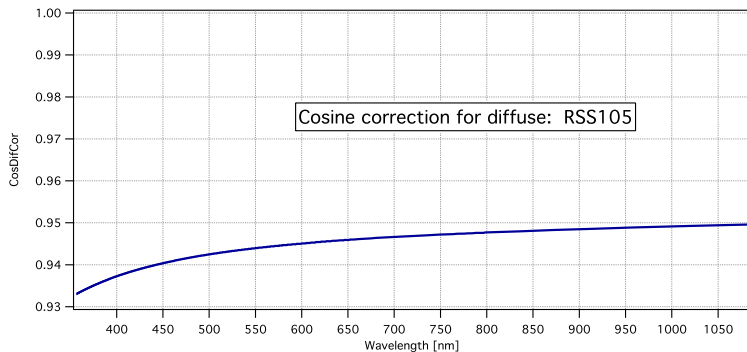
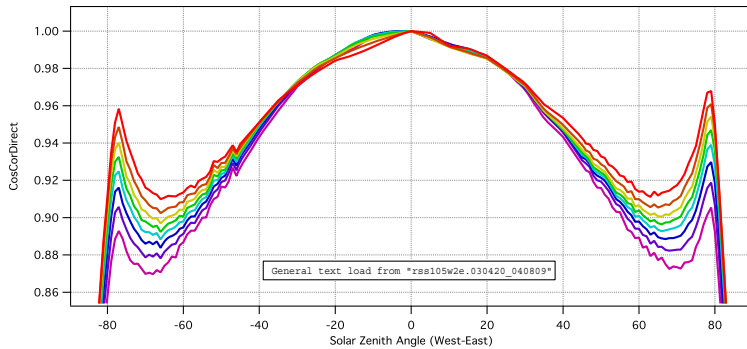
RSS103, UV-RSS104, RSS105 (from left to right)
Aerosol IOP at SGP. May 2003.

Shadowbanding Geometry			
	RSS105	RSS103	RSS102
Diffuser aperture		0.25"	
Shadowband width		8.1°	
Shadowband radius		3.50"	
Shadowband length		135°	
Shadowband position at corrections		±9°	
Shadowband axis angle	45°	Parallel with Earth axis	Parallel with Earth axis
Shadowband center on diffuser		yes	

$$I_{Diffuse} = [Unblocked - \frac{1}{2}(Cor^+ + Cor^-) + Blocked] / A_{Diff}$$

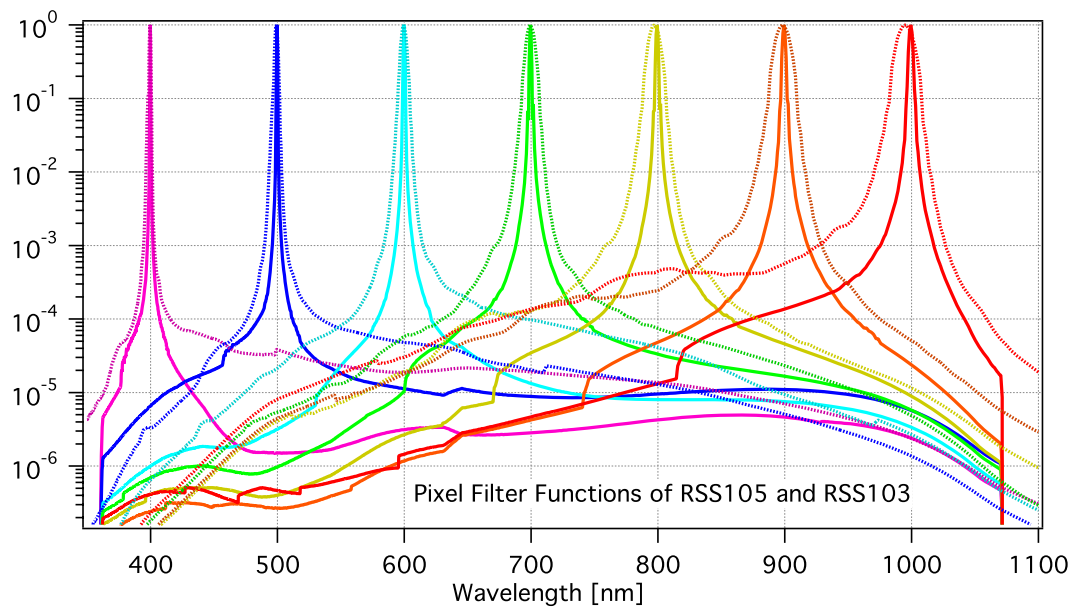
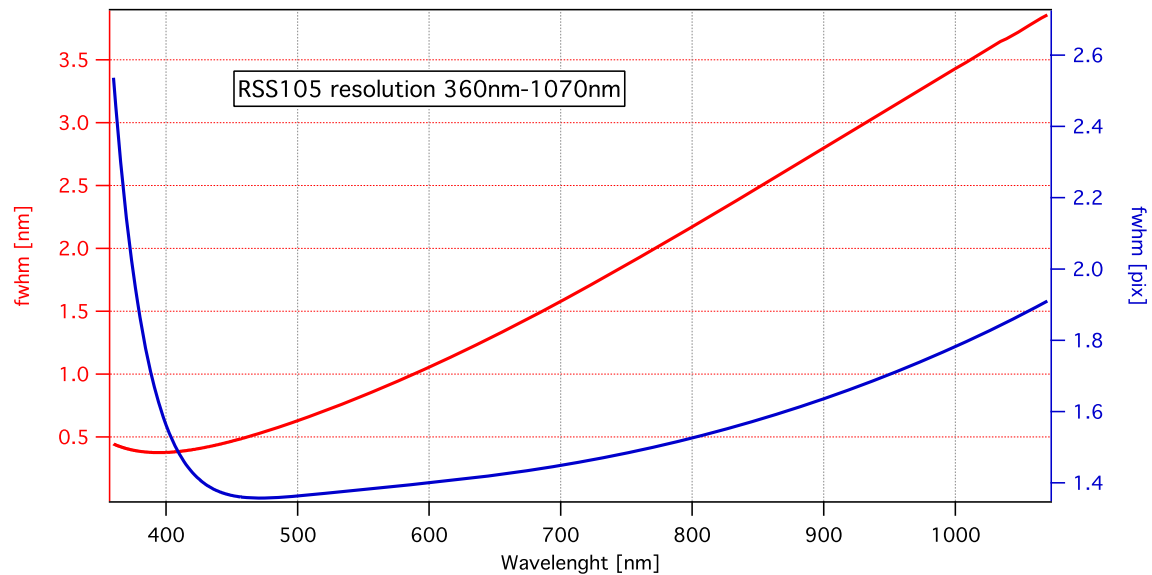
$$I_{Direct} = [\frac{1}{2}(Cor^+ + Cor^-) - Blocked] / A_{Dir}(\alpha, \zeta)$$

$$I_{Total} = I_{Diffuse} + I_{Direct}$$



Spectral Characteristics			
	RSS105	RSS103	RSS102
Number of pixels	1024	512	1024
Nominal Spectral Range (NSR)[nm]	360-1050	360-1050	360-1050
Number of Pixels within NSR	1001	442	988
Resolution (FWHM) [nm]/[pixels]			
@400nm	0.37/1.56	1.24/2.32	0.37/1.52
@500nm	0.62/1.36	2.57/2.47	1.14/2.44
@600nm	1.05/1.40	4.84/2.81	1.77/2.32
@700nm	1.57/1.44	7.80/3.12	2.21/2.00
@800nm	2.16/1.52	11.02/3.37	2.53/1.75
@900nm	2.79/1.63	14.32/3.61	2.81/1.62
@1000nm	3.42/1.78	17.11/3.83	3.10/1.58
Filter functions			
95% below maximum	Gaussian	Gaussian	Gaussian
Gaussian parameter from	rss105_GaussWidth	rss103_GaussWidth	rss102_GaussWidth
Below 95% is defined by following files	rss105_ff_respEQ1 rss105_respQM rss105_RespW	rss103_ff_respEQ1 rss103_RespQM rss103_RespW	rss102_ff_respEQ1 rss102_RespQM rss102_RespW

Resolution and Stray Light



RSS105 Performance

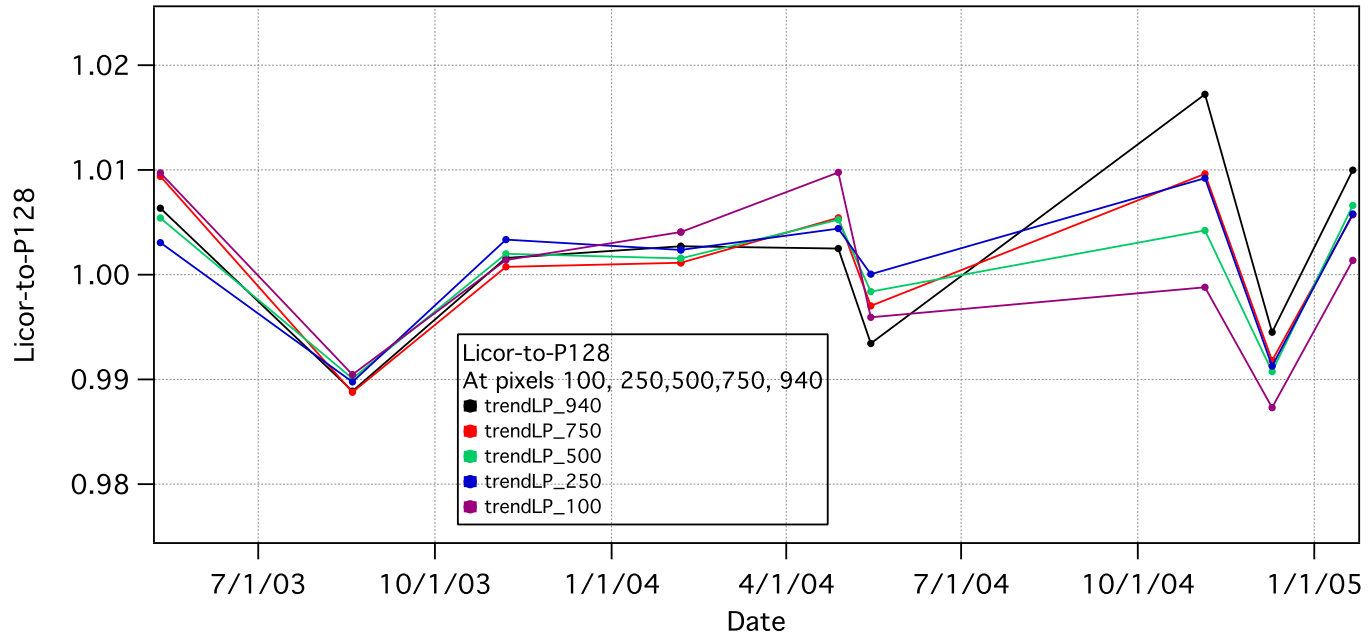


Calibration Schedule

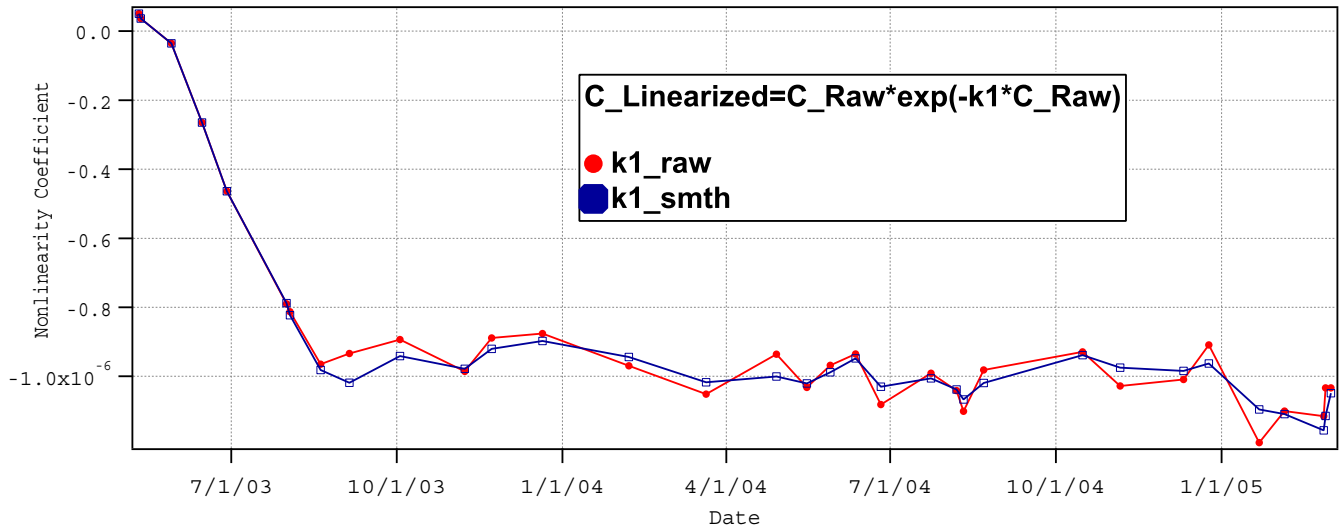
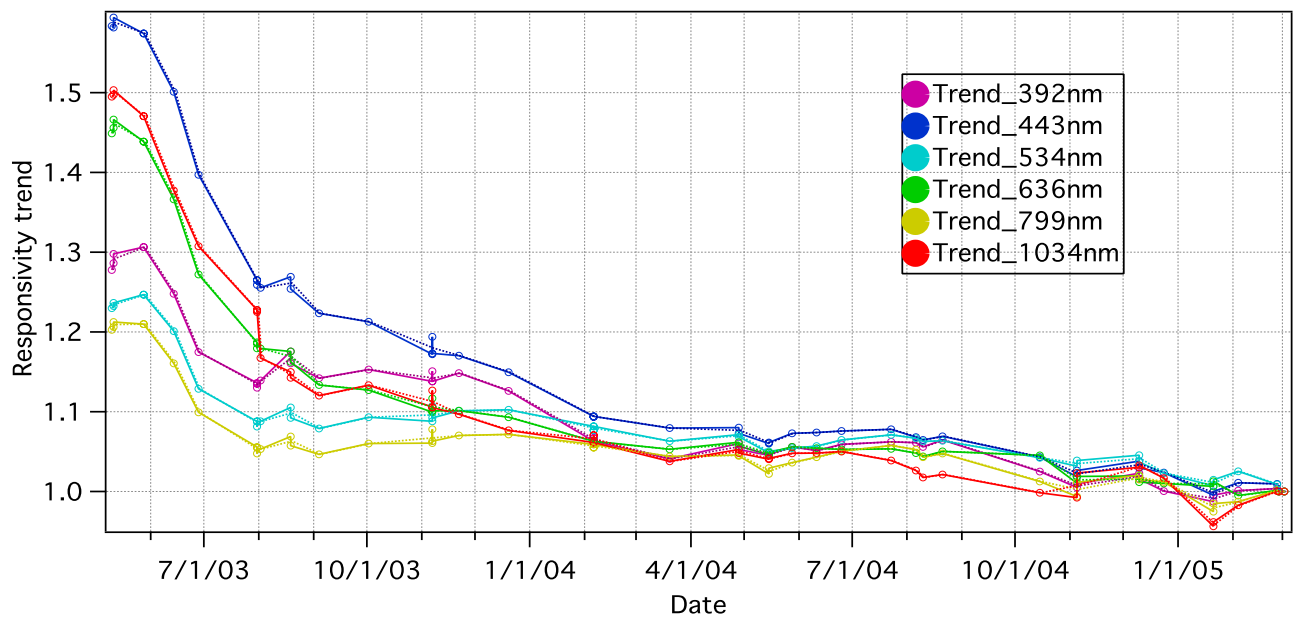
Portable Calibrator: 2/month

Licor Calibrator: 1/month

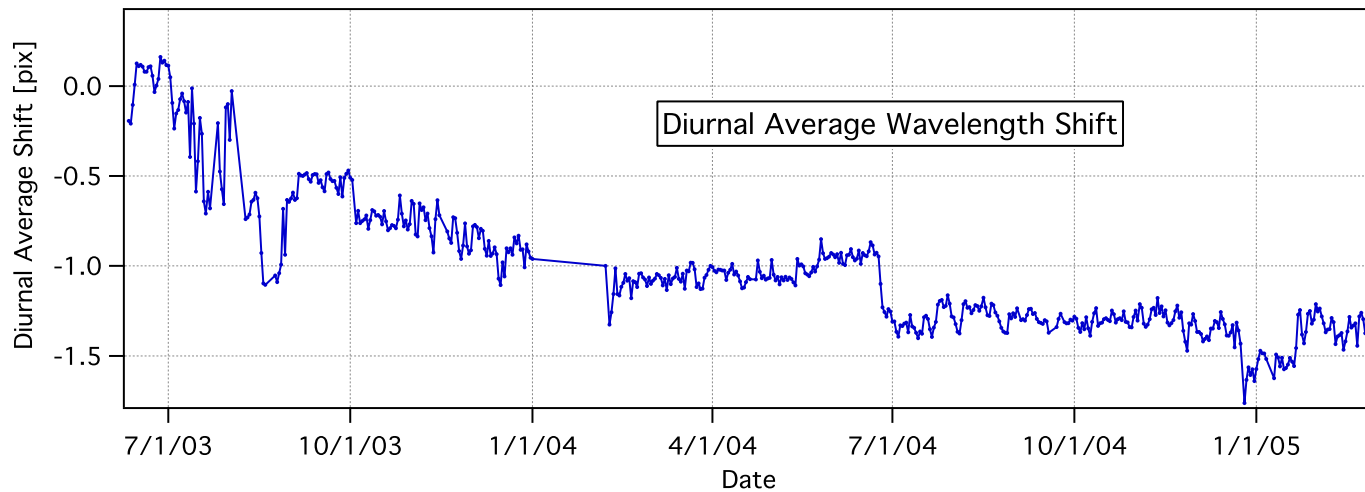
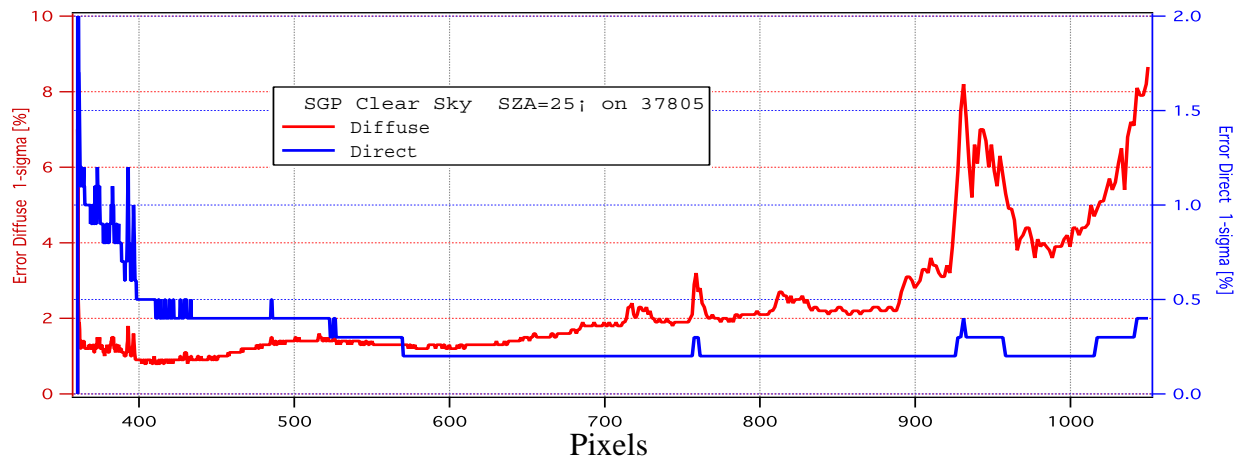
Oriel Spectral Lamp: 1/month



RSS105 Performance



RSS105 Performance

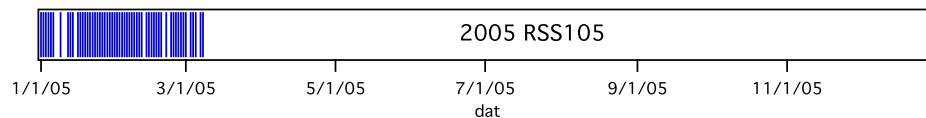
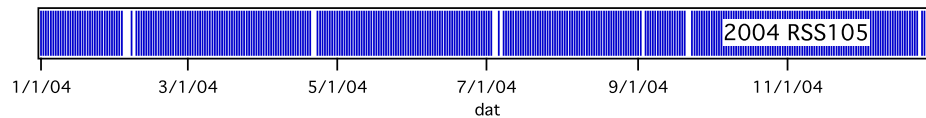
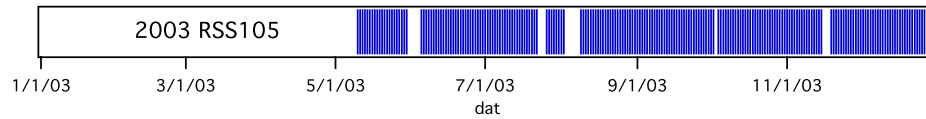
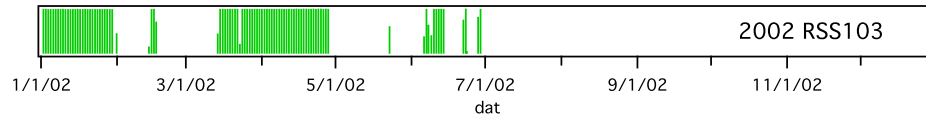
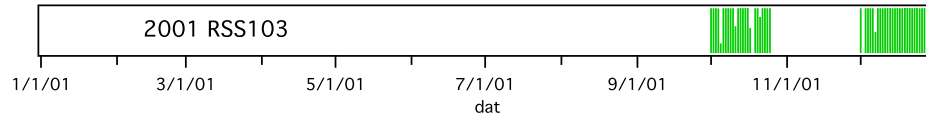
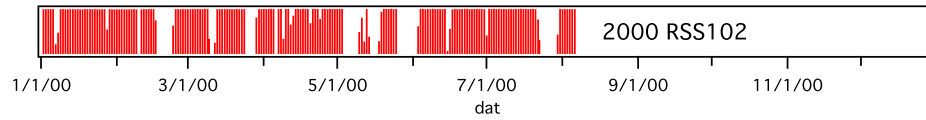
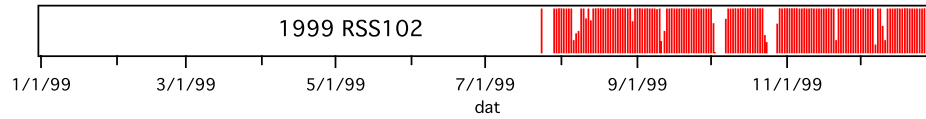
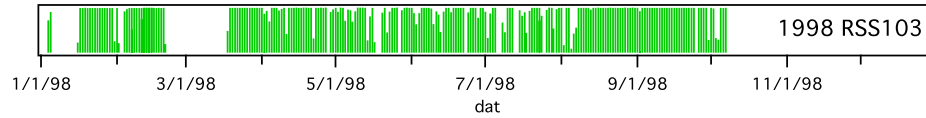
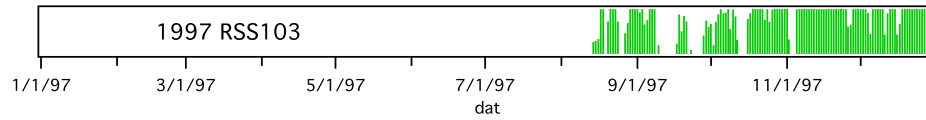


Corrections and Data Quality Control

- ✓ Calibration data analysis: nonlinearity, offset, dark vs. exposure, responsivity drift
- ✓ Wavelength shift: scan-to-scan correction
- ✓ Nonlinearity compensation: interpolated between calibration events
- ✓ Automatic responsivity correction: interpolated between calibration events

- Comparison with MFRSR channels: verification (poms)
- Langley regression responsivity drift: Forgan method
- Automatic calibration data analysis

Data Availability



ARM IOP Server
cialella@bnl.gov

ARM Archives
sutanay.choudhury@pnl.gov

What can we get from RSS data?

**Peter Kiedron
ASRC/SUNY at Albany
14 March, 2005**

Value Added Products

Primary measured quantities: direct, diffuse, total horizontal spectral irradiances in 360nm-1050nm range, one per minute

Irradiance

Langley regression: calibration correction and daily (0, 1 or 2 per day) optical depth (OD).

Instantaneous optical depth (OD): $\tau = \ln[\text{Direct}/\text{Extraterrestrial}]$ (once every minute).

Ozone column (O₃): from Chappuis ozone absorption band (440-760nm).

Water vapor column (H₂O): from 820nm and/or 940nm absorption bands.

Nitrogen dioxide (NO₂): from absorption maximum in 415nm region or correlation method

Aerosol optical depth (AOD): Angstrom coefficients from multi-wavelength fit to IOD (with NO₂ correction).

Aerosol effective radius: paper by Scott Gianelli

Oxygen A-band

Diffuse effective airmass: from O₂ A-band (760nm).

Photon path-length: first and second(?) moments from O₂ A-band (760nm).

All sky conditions retrievals: H₂O, O₃ and NO₂ using diffuse effective airmass.

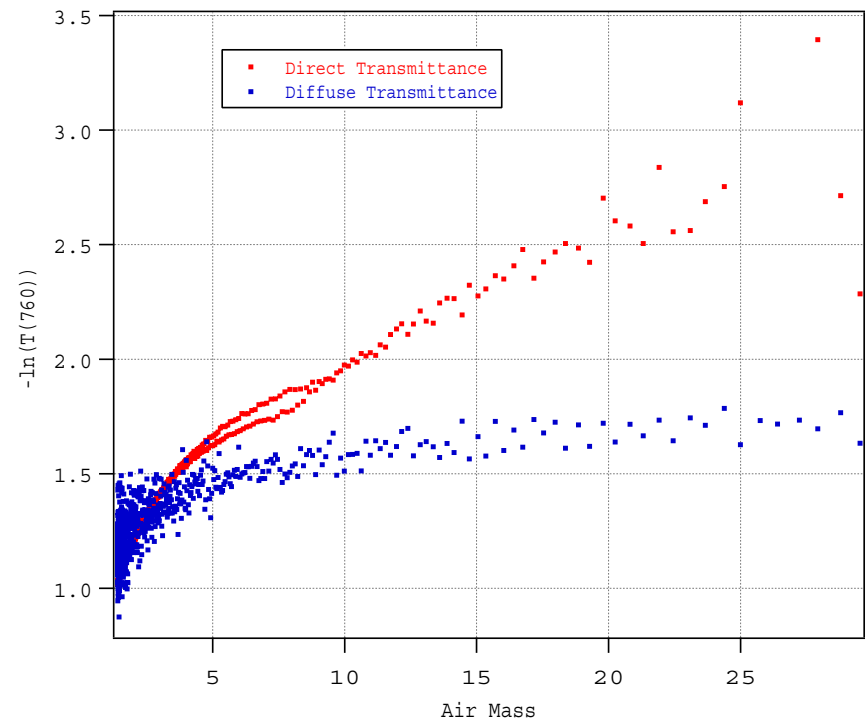
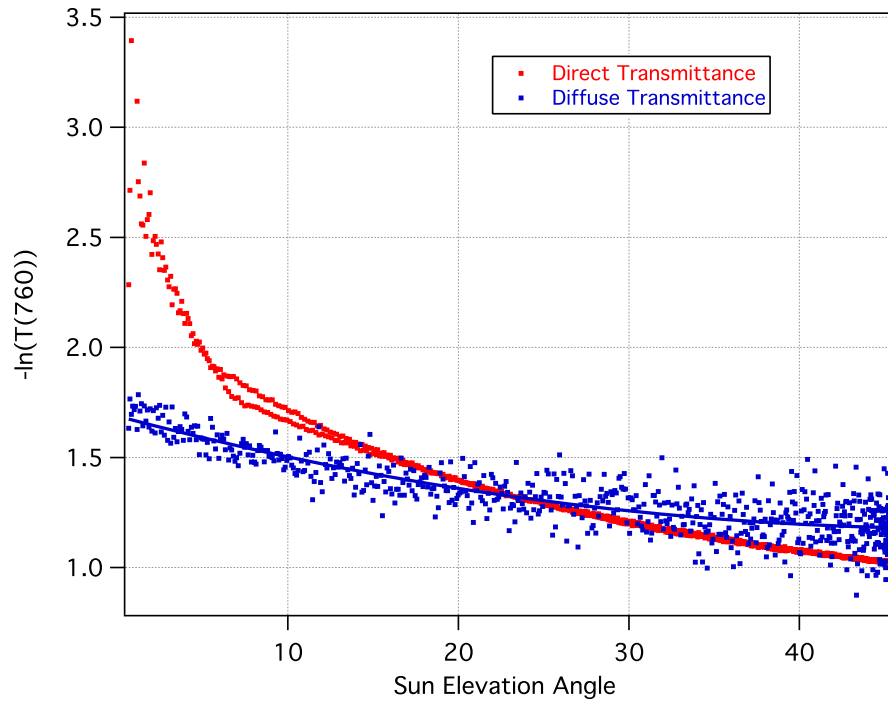
Subvisual cirrus detection: papers by Qilong Min

Direct-to-diffuse

Single scattering albedo (SSA): from direct-to-diffuse ratio (B. Herman et al. *J. Atm. Sci.*, 32, 918-925 (1975))

Surface albedo (SA): from direct-to-diffuse ratio.

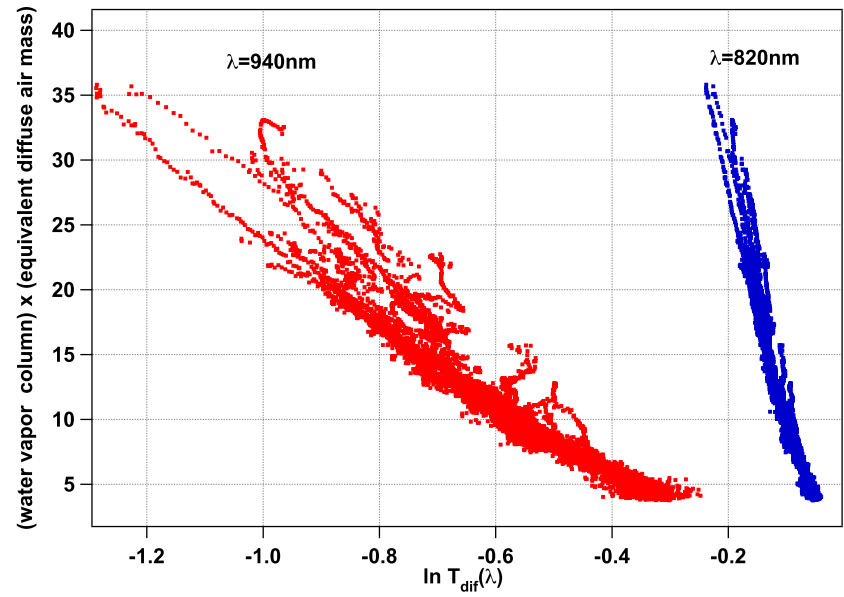
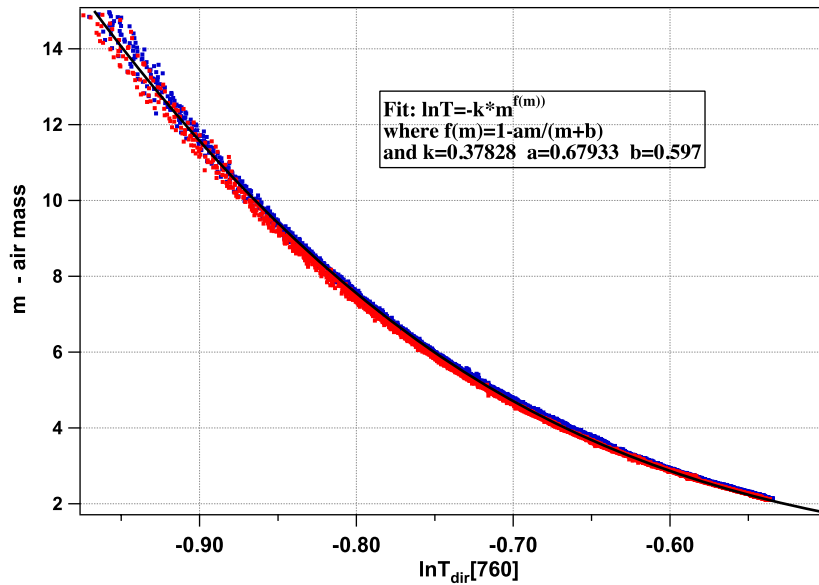
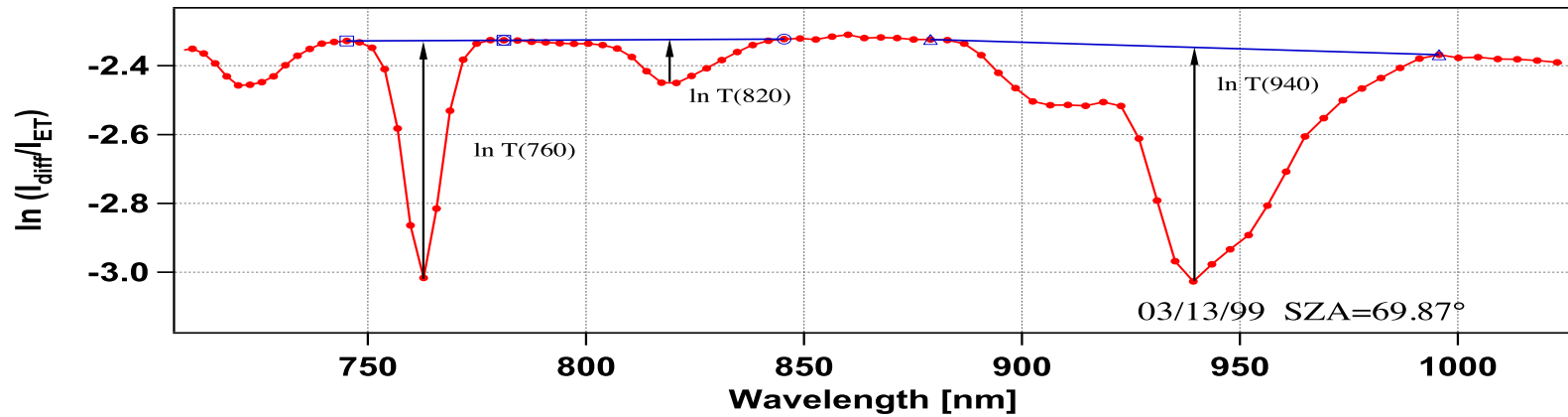
Equivalent diffuse air mass - photon path length



Q. Min et al., *J. Geophys. Res.*, 109, D02202, (2004)

Q. Min and L. Harrison, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 26, 1425-1428, (1999)

Equivalent diffuse air mass



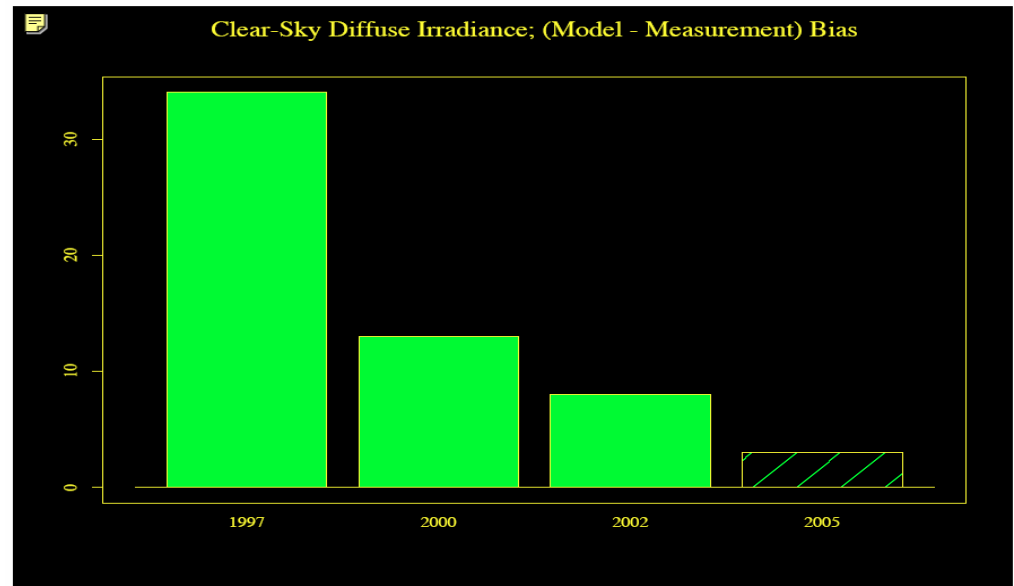
Clear-sky diffuse discrepancy



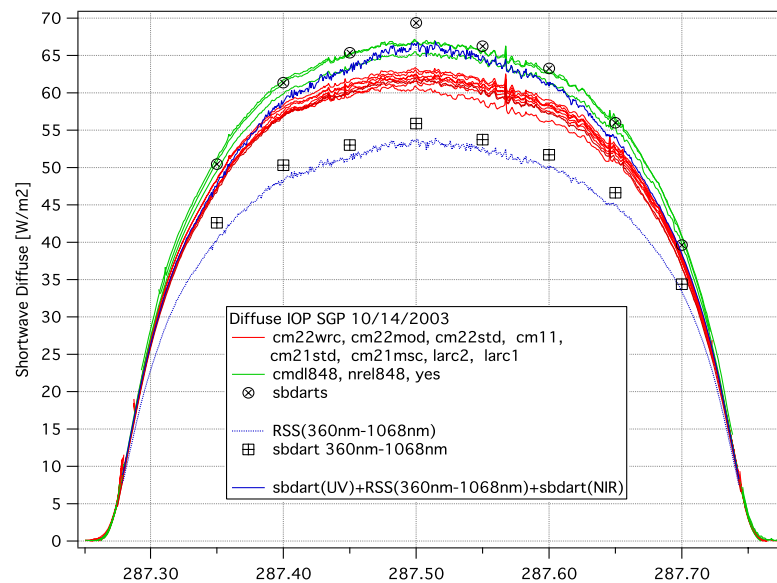
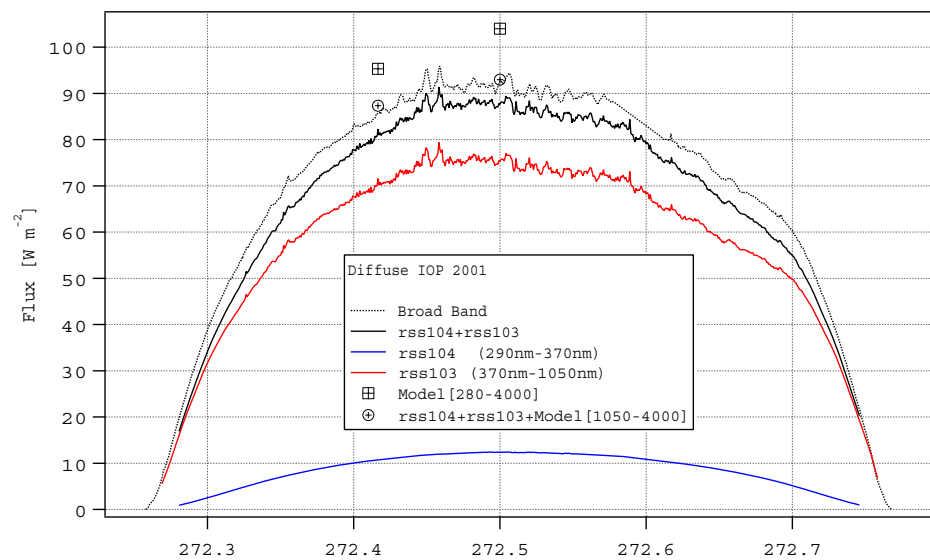
Table 1. Bias (Model-Obs) and Aerosol Forcing in Wm^{-2} at SGP during 2000.

	Model-Obs		Sample N	Aerosol Forcing
	E13	C01		
Surface				
Direct Normal	-4.1	-10.0	500	-131.3
Diffuse	6.7	5.2	500	58.6
Total	3.3	-2.1	500	-27.5
Direct horizontal = (dir norm)*cosSZA	-3.4	-7.3	500	-86.1
TOA reflected	13.2	27.0	44	←This N is tiny!

- ◆ Measurement errors
- ◆ Model inputs
- ◆ Model



Diffuse IOP 2001 and 2003



RSS and line-by-line model LBLRTM

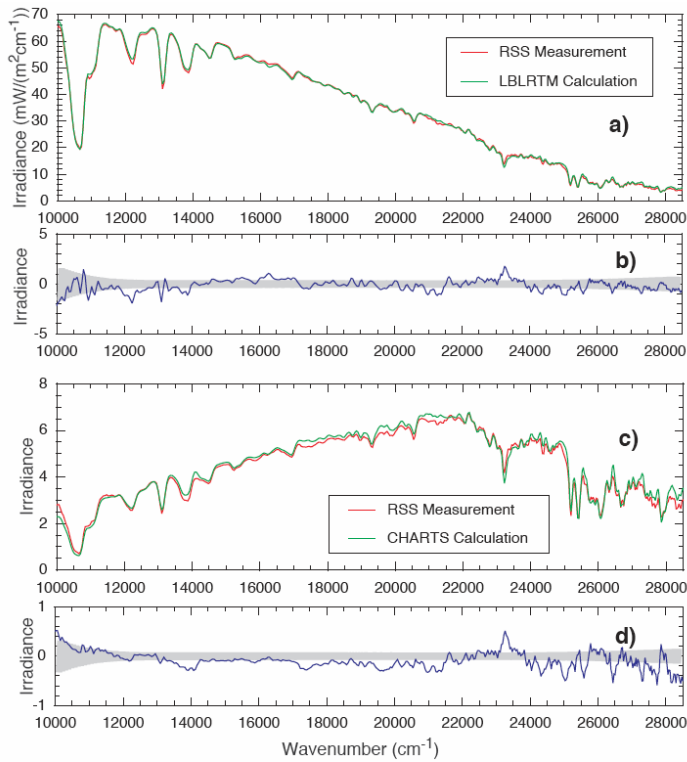


Figure 1. October 2, 1997 case [1.3 airmasses; 2.7 cm vertical PWV]: a) direct-beam spectral irradiances; b) direct-beam differences (RSS-LBLRTM); c) diffuse spectral irradiances; d) diffuse differences (RSS-CHARTS).

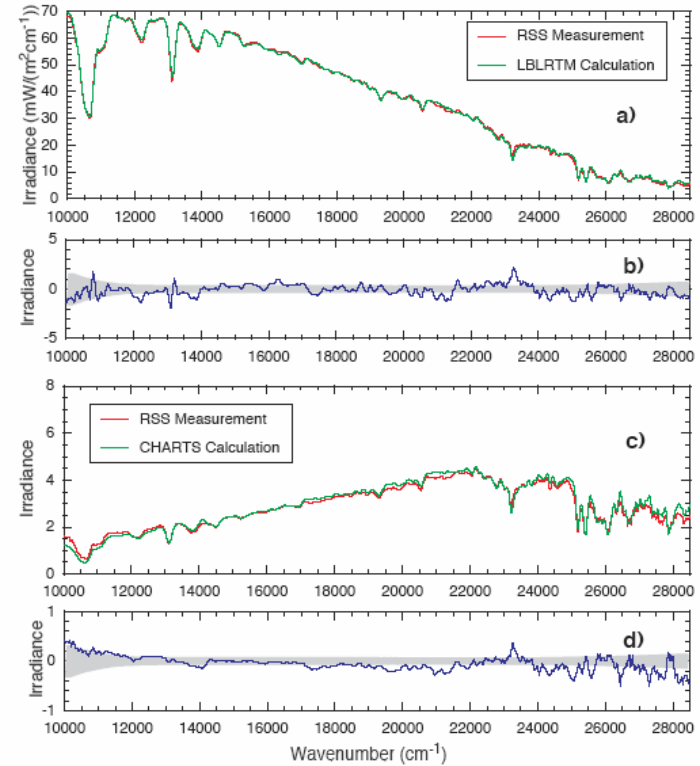


Figure 3. September 29, 1997 case [1.3 airmasses; 1.4 cm vertical PWV]: a) direct-beam spectral irradiances; b) direct-beam differences (RSS-LBLRTM); c) diffuse spectral irradiances; d) diffuse differences (RSS-CHARTS).

Case	Time	Solar Zenith Angle	Precipitable Water Vapor, cm		Direct-normal Irradiance, W/m ²			Diffuse Irradiance, W/m ²			Aerosol Properties Used in Calculations [†]		
			Vertical	Path	RSS(u)	LBLRTM(u)	Residuals(u)	RSS(u)	CHARTS(u)	Residuals	Optical Depth(u) [*]	Angstrom Exponent(u)	Single-scattering Albedo(u)
October 2, 1997	17:32 Z	41.8°	2.7	3.5	637.6(6.4)	640.2(1.8)	-2.6(6.6)	82.2(1.3)	83.8(1.5)	-1.6	0.084(11)	1.82(20)	0.85(05)
September 18, 1997	23:28 Z	77.7°	4.2	19.2	306.8(3.1)	308.9(0.7)	-2.2(3.2)	44.9(1.1)	46.4(0.6)	-1.5	0.375(10)	1.45(04)	0.85(02)
September 29, 1997	17:26 Z	41.2°	1.4	1.8	700.9(7.0)	702.9(0.6)	-2.0(7.0)	52.5(1.1)	53.6(0.4)	-1	0.036(10)	1.06(33)	0.60(10)

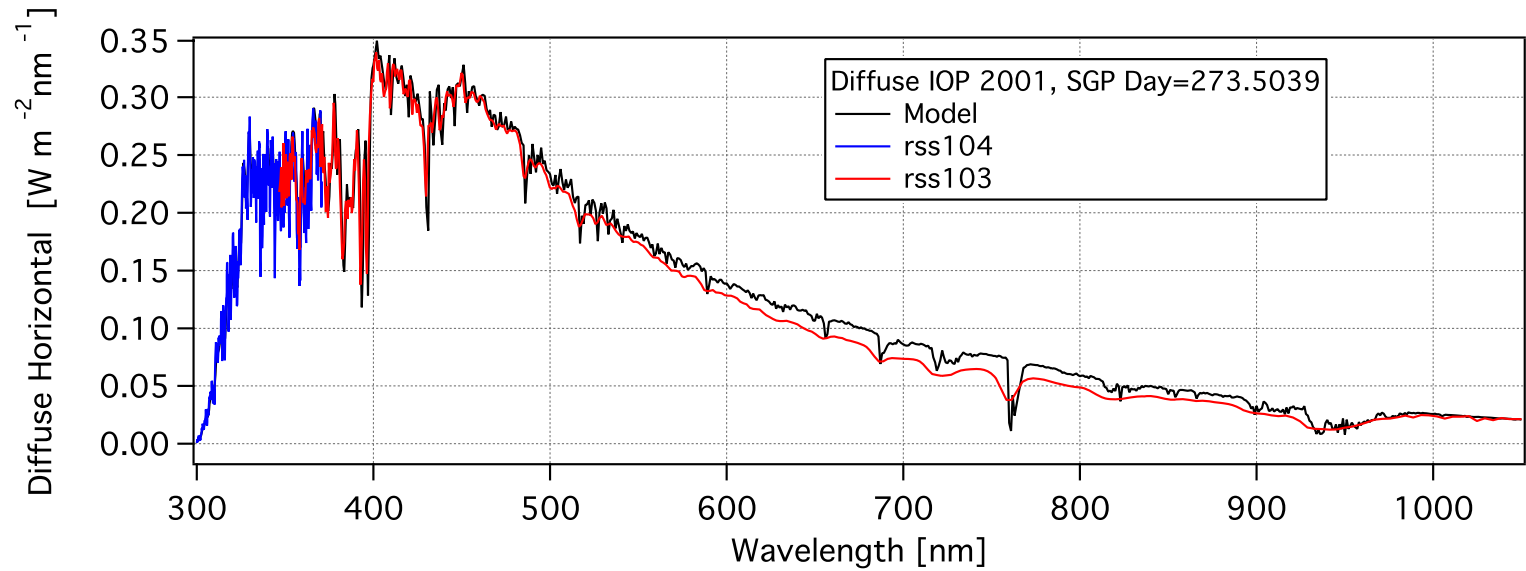
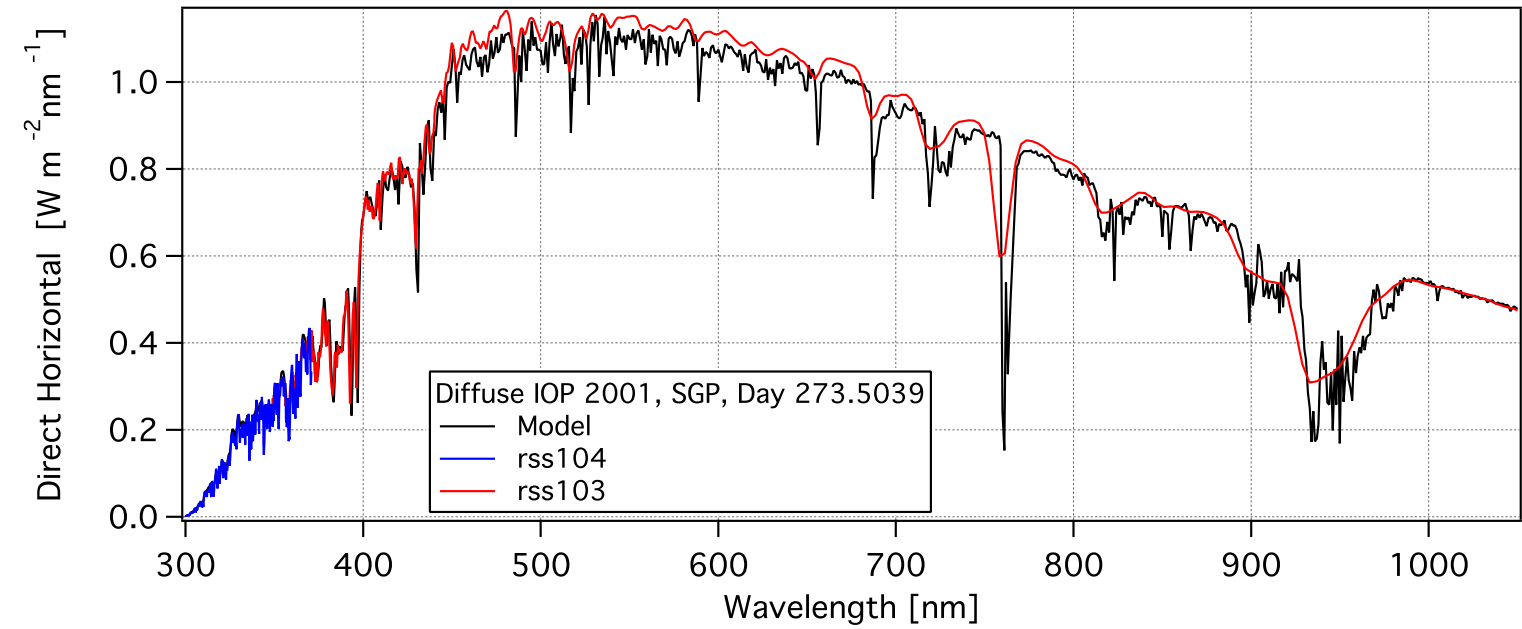
Irradiances correspond to spectral range 10000-28500 cm⁻¹ (1.0-0.35 μm)

u - uncertainty in associated quantity

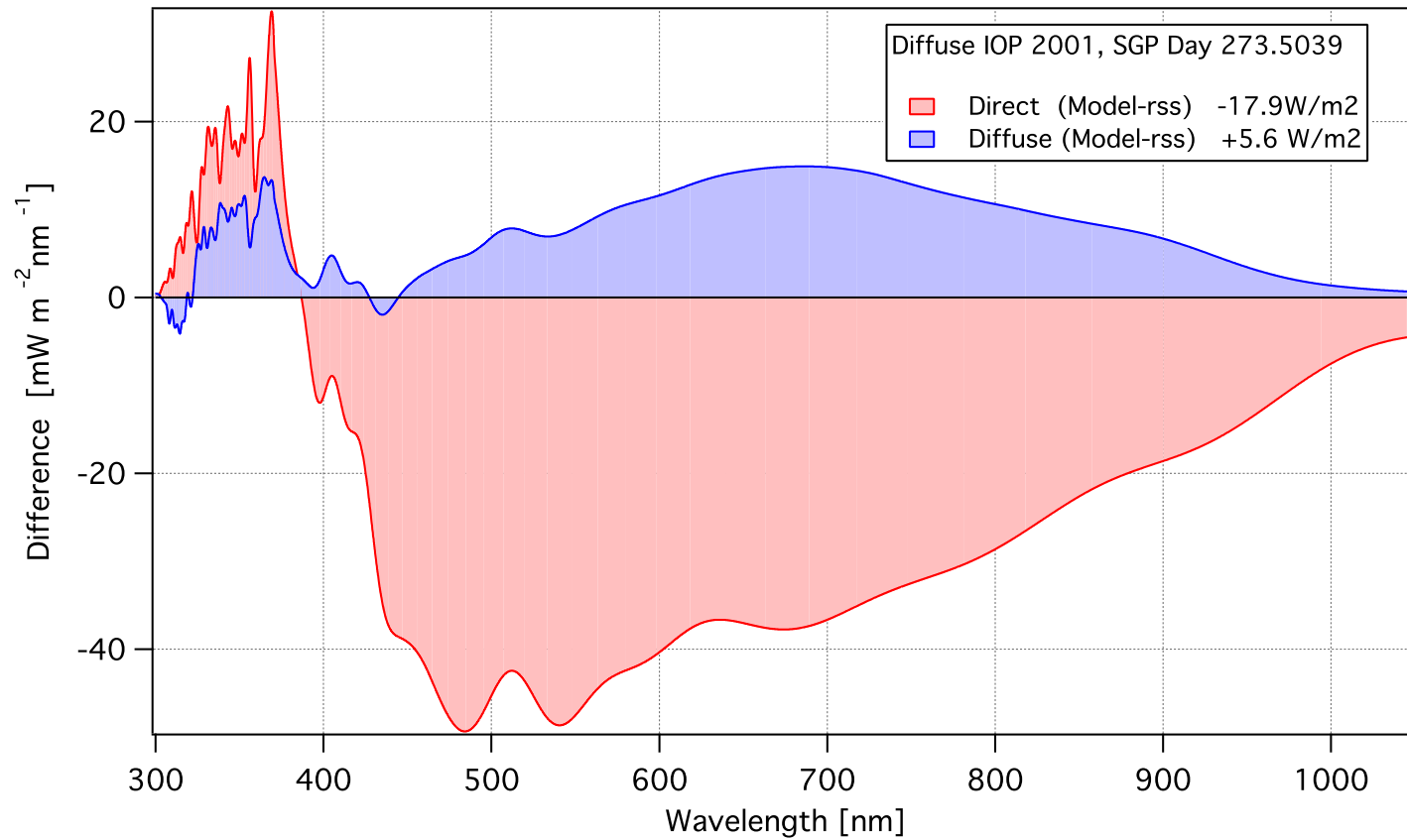
^{*}evaluated at 14,286 cm⁻¹ (0.7 μm)

[†]asymmetry parameter = 0.7

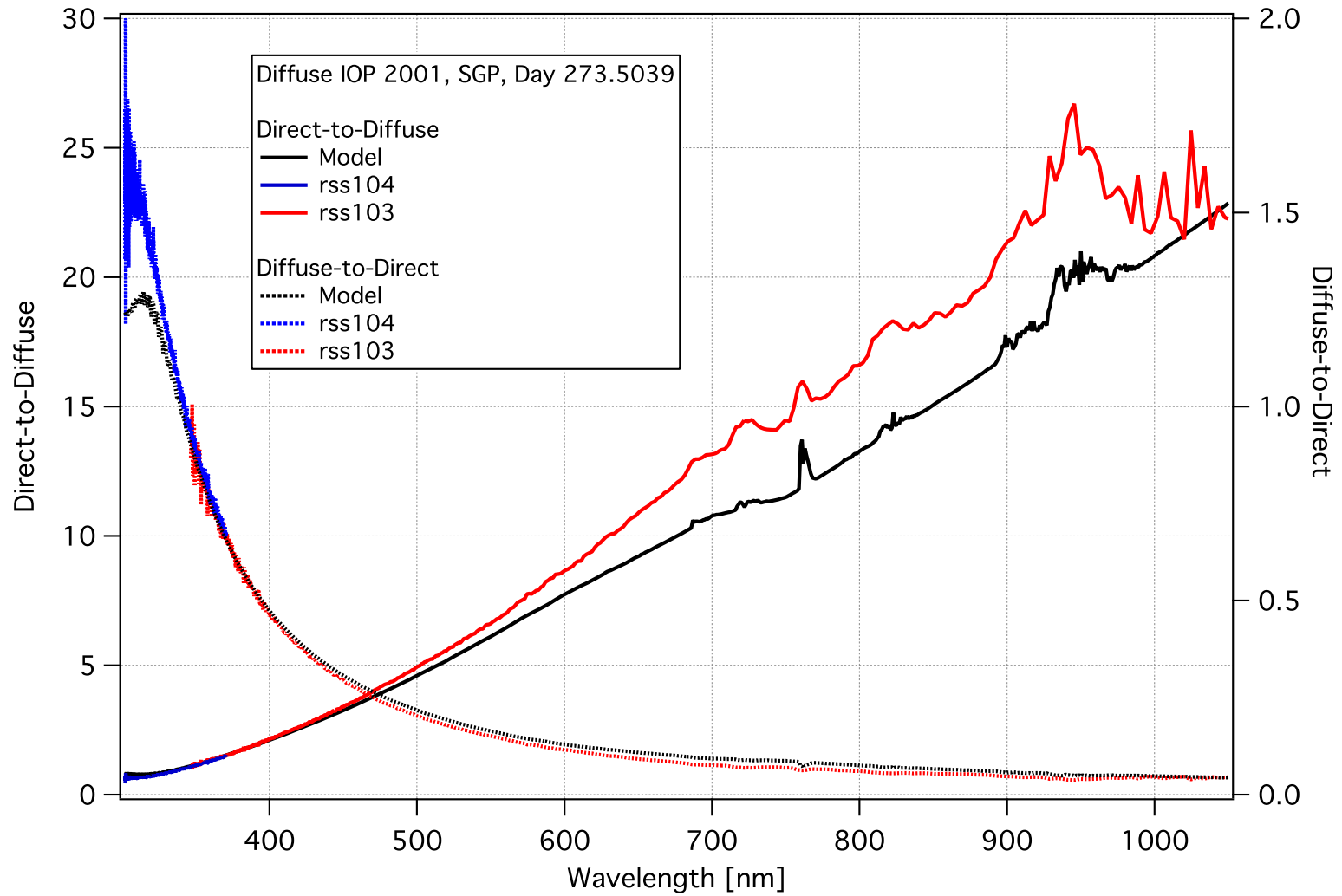
RSS - Model



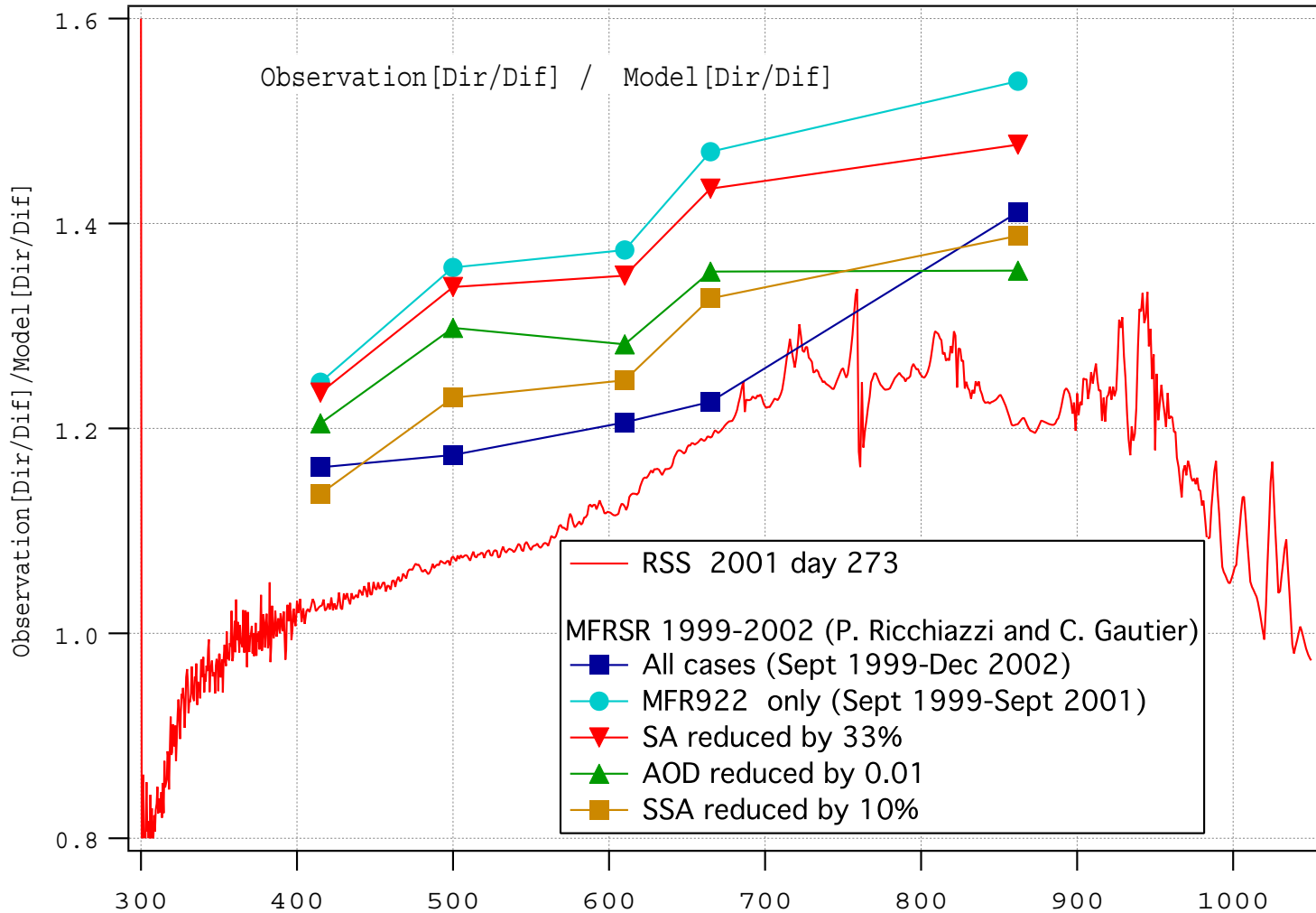
RSS - Model



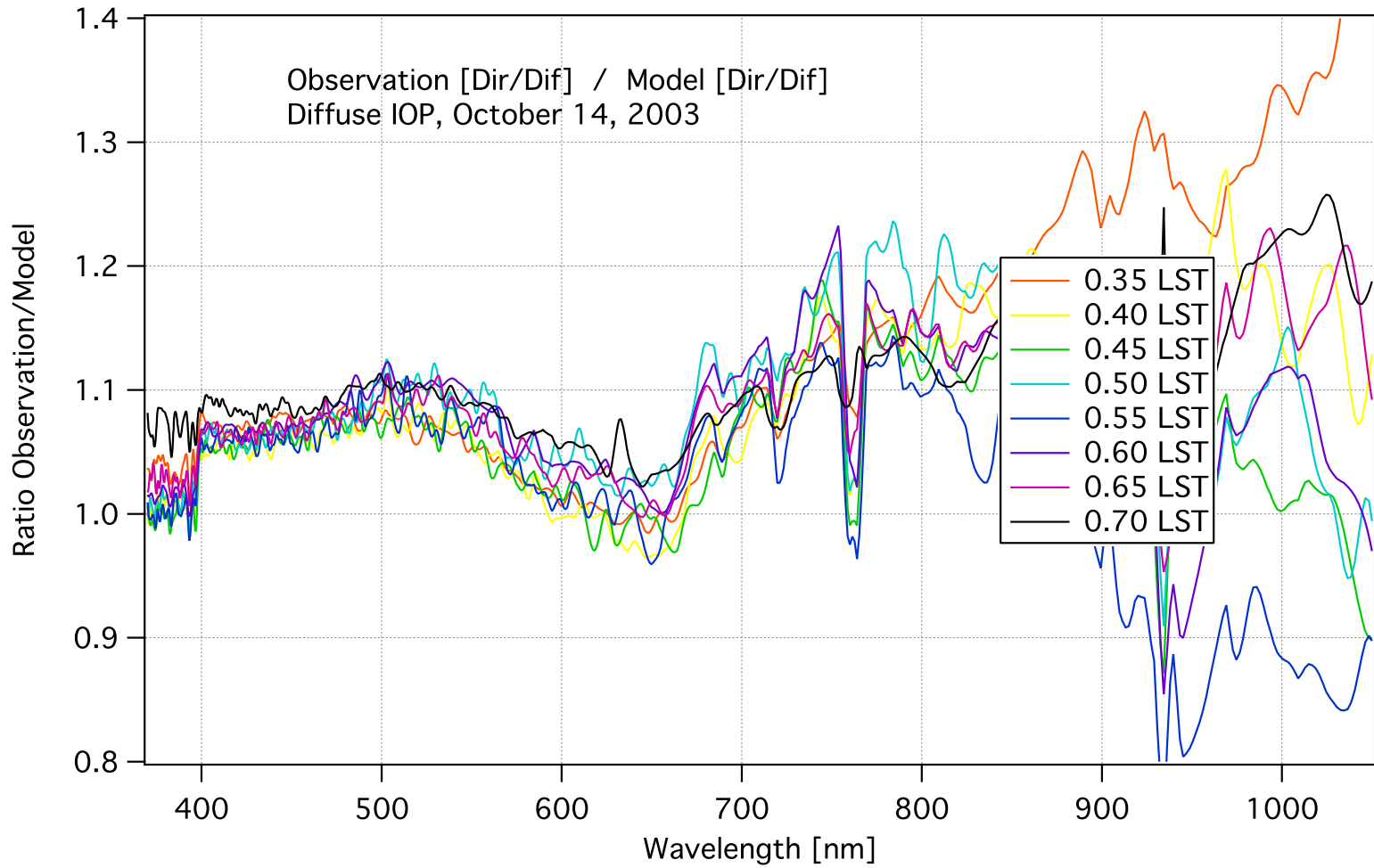
RSS - Model



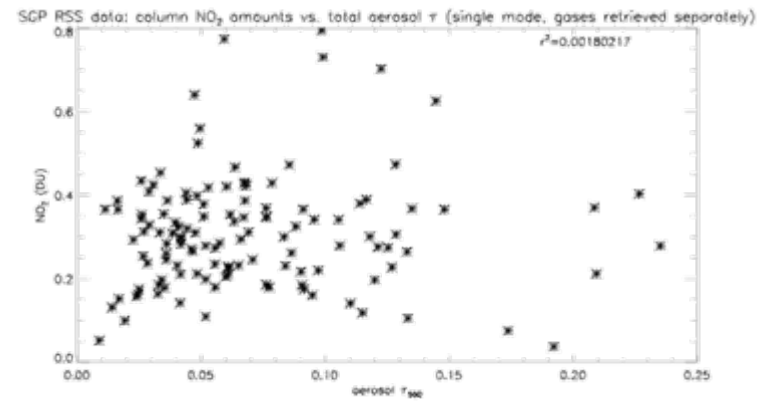
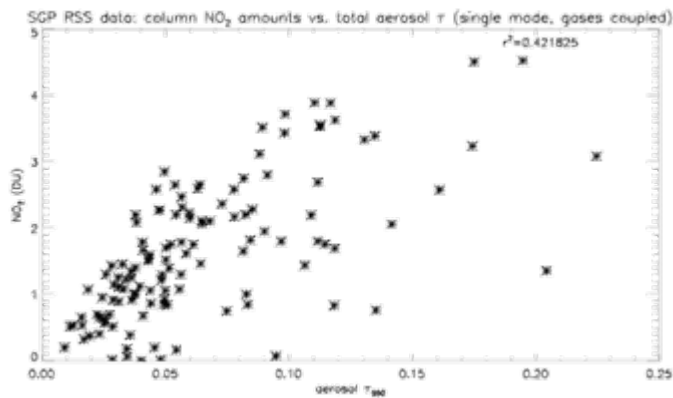
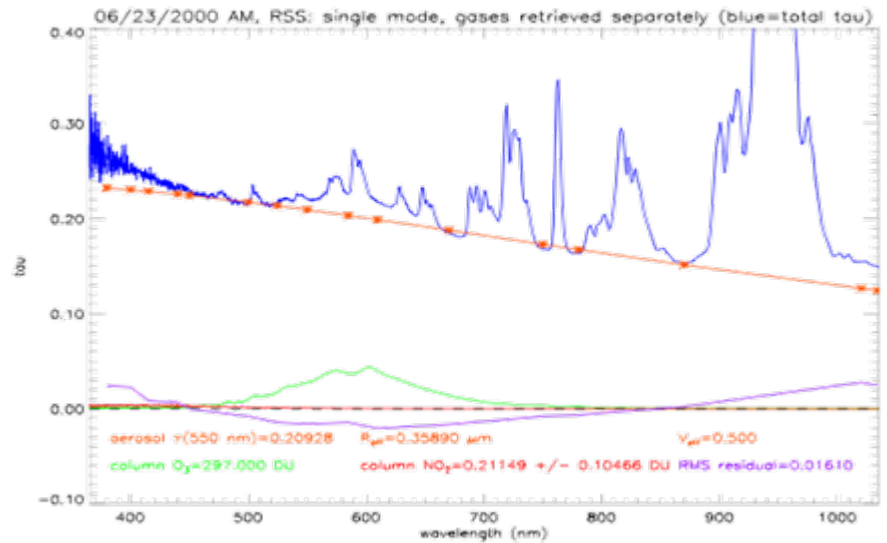
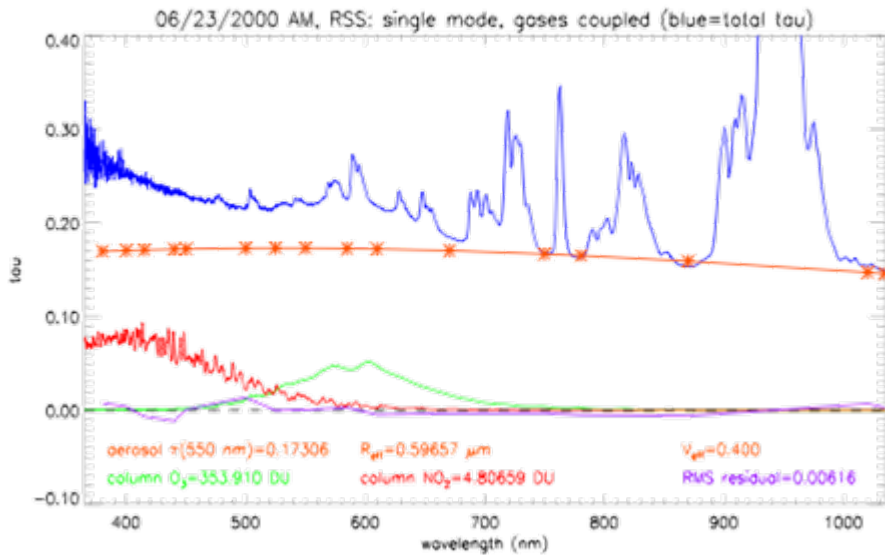
MFRSR and RSS Direct-Diffuse Ratio



RSS Direct-Diffuse Ratio IOP 2003

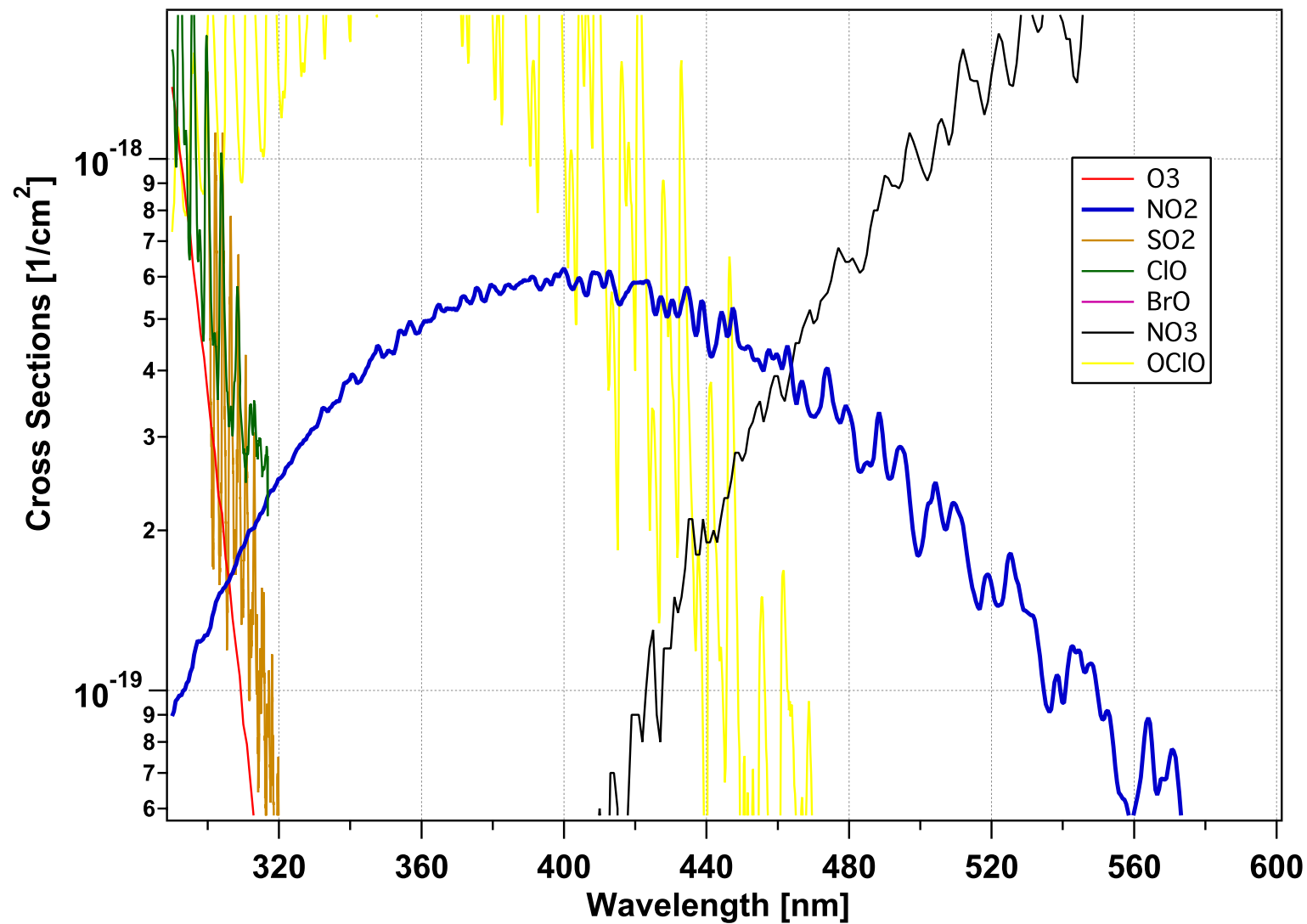


Aerosols and NO₂

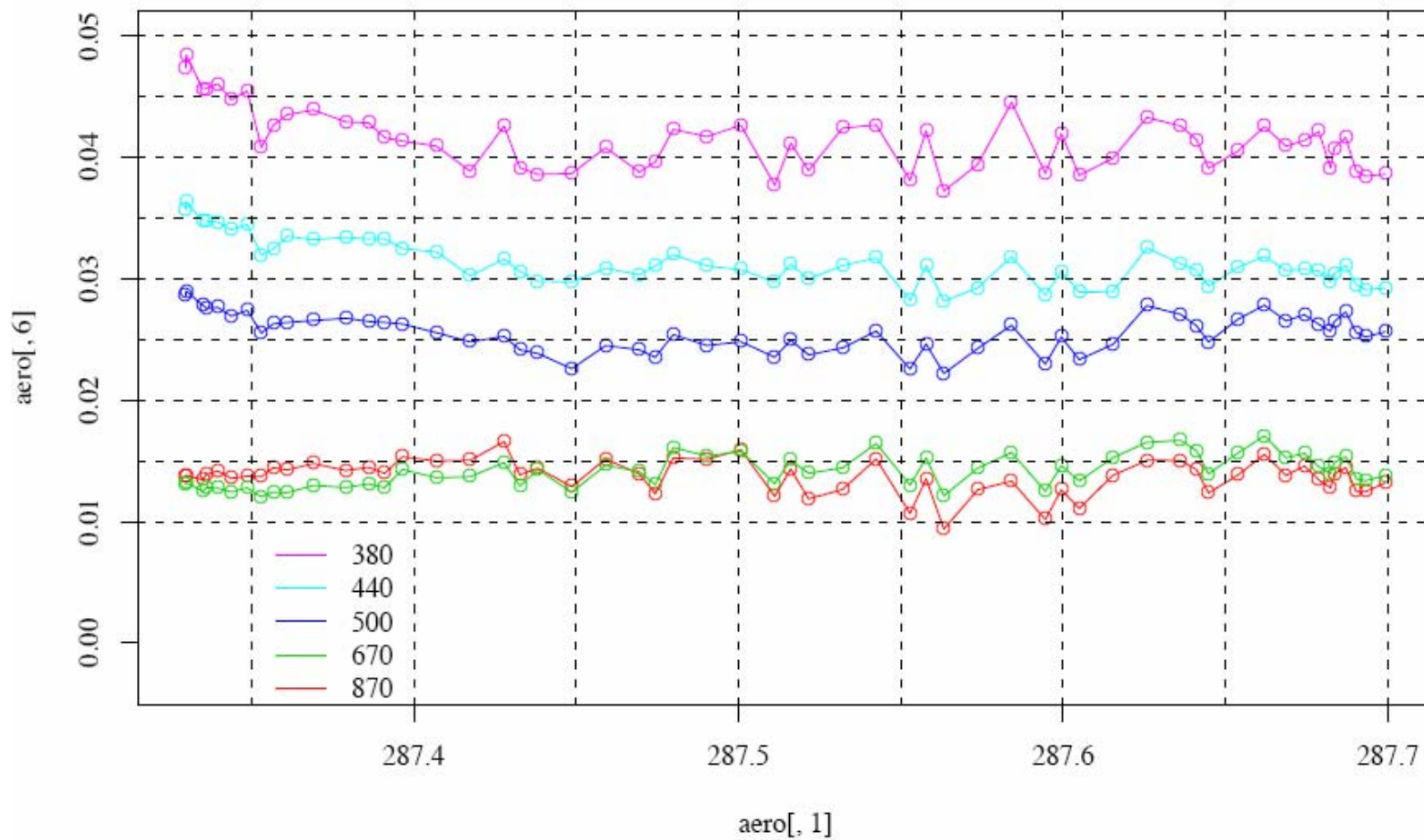


Extra Slides

NO₂ absorption



Aeronet Aerosol 14 Oct 2003



MFRSR Diffuse-to-Direct Ratio

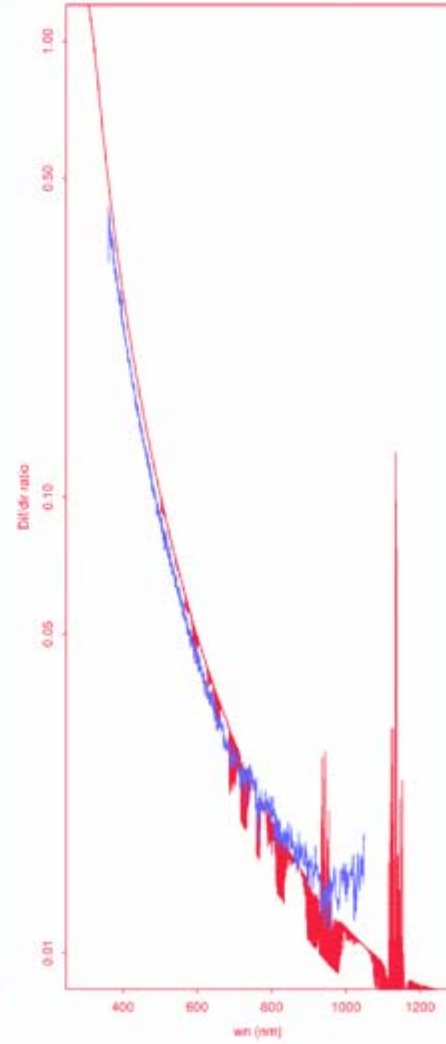
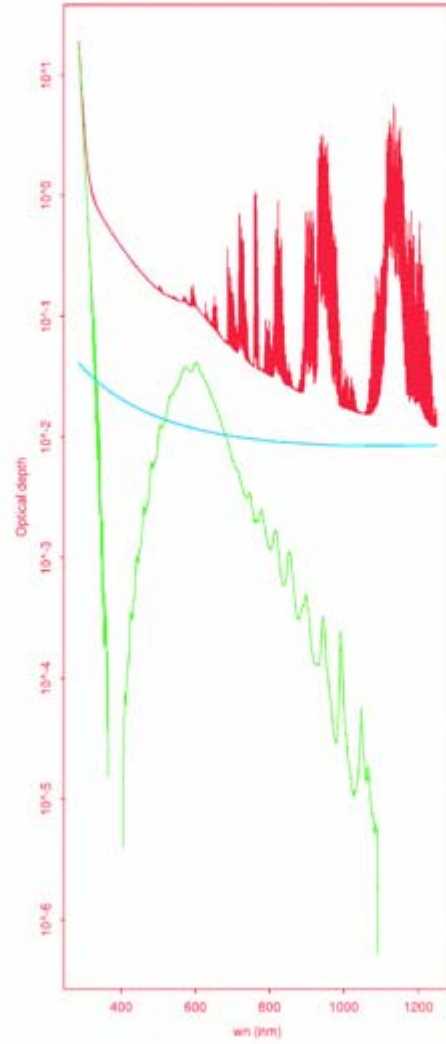
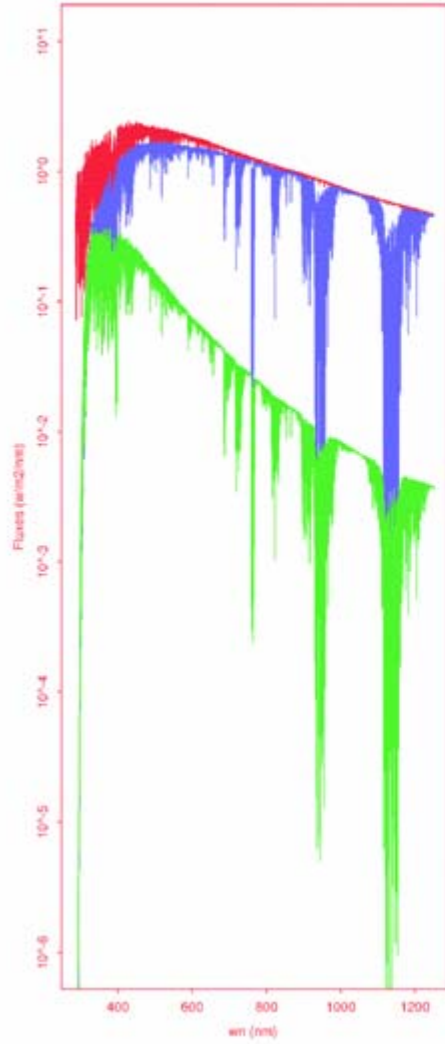
Table 1. Modeled ratio of diffuse/direct divided by observed diffuse/direct. Row Labels: **ALL** – nominal values of AOD, surface albedo and SSA, includes ALL data from September 3, 1999, to December 31, 2002; **Nom** – Same as “ALL” case, but observations limited to those obtained with MFR Head 922 (September 3, 1999, to September 18, 2001); **0.67A** – Same as nominal case, but surface albedo reduced by 33%; **T-0.01** – Same as nominal case, but AOD reduced by 0.01; **0.90 ω** – Same as nominal case, but SSA reduced by 10%.

	415 nm	500 nm	610 nm	665 nm	862 nm
ALL	1.162	1.174	1.206	1.226	1.411
Nom.	1.245	1.357	1.374	1.470	1.539
0.67A	1.235	1.338	1.349	1.434	1.477
τ -0.01	1.205	1.298	1.282	1.353	1.354
0.90 ω	1.136	1.230	1.247	1.327	1.388

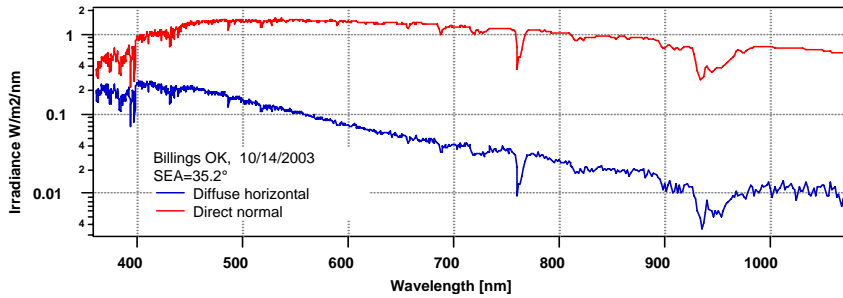
Table 2. Required perturbations in model inputs of AOD or SSA that bring modeled results into agreement with observed diffuse/direct ratio. No surface albedo greater than zero can be used to achieve the same effect.

	415 nm	500 nm	610 nm	665 nm	862 nm
AOD	τ -0.063	τ -0.062	τ -0.041	τ -0.040	τ -0.029
SSA	0.77 SSA	0.72 SSA	0.71 SSA	0.67 SSA	0.64 SSA

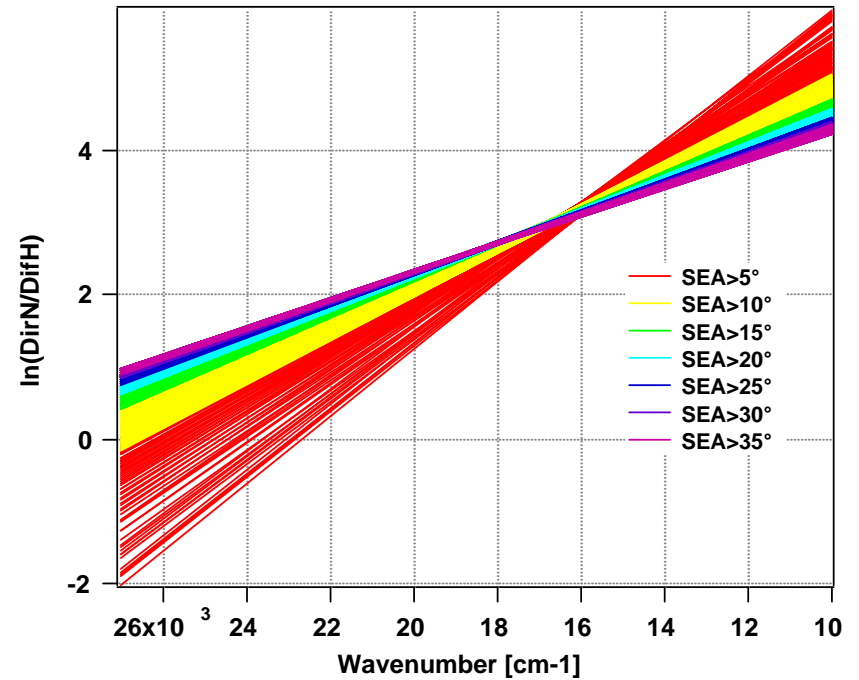
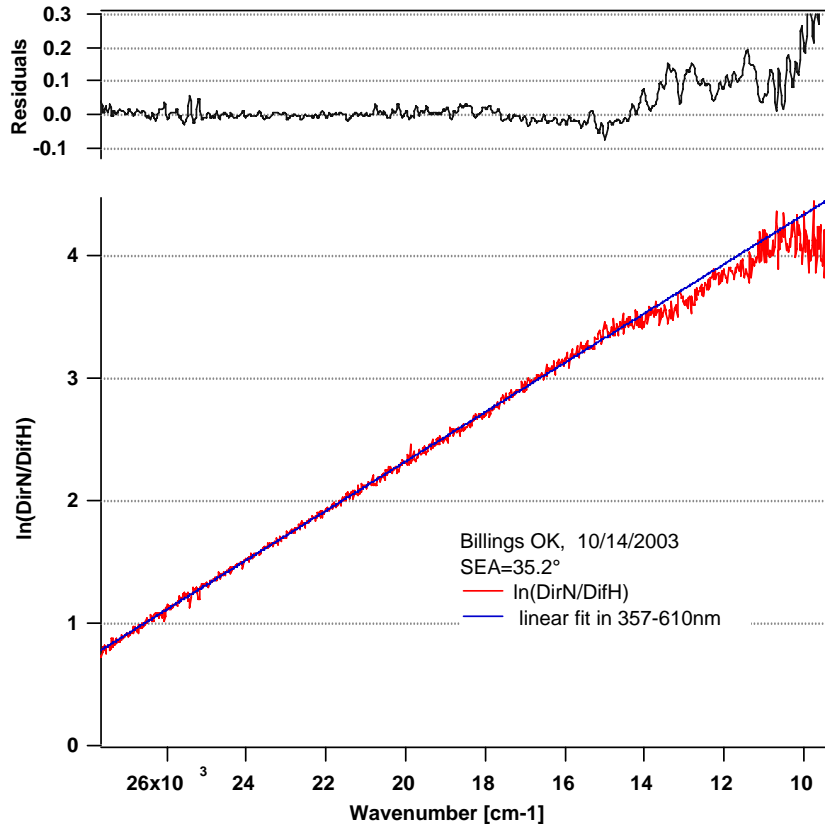
- P. Ricchiuzzi and C. Gautier, *ARM Science Team Meeting Proceedings*, Broomfield, Colorado, March 31-April 4, (2003)
 J. Petters et al., *J. Geophys. Res.* 108, 4288, (2003)
 P. Anikin et al. *ARM Science Team Meeting Proceedings*, St. Petersburg, Florida, April 8-12, (2002)
 O. Dubovik et al. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 103, 31901-31923 (1998)
 C. Devaux et al. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 103, 8753-8761 (1998)
 B. Herman et al. *J. Atm. Sci.*, 32, 918-925 (1975)



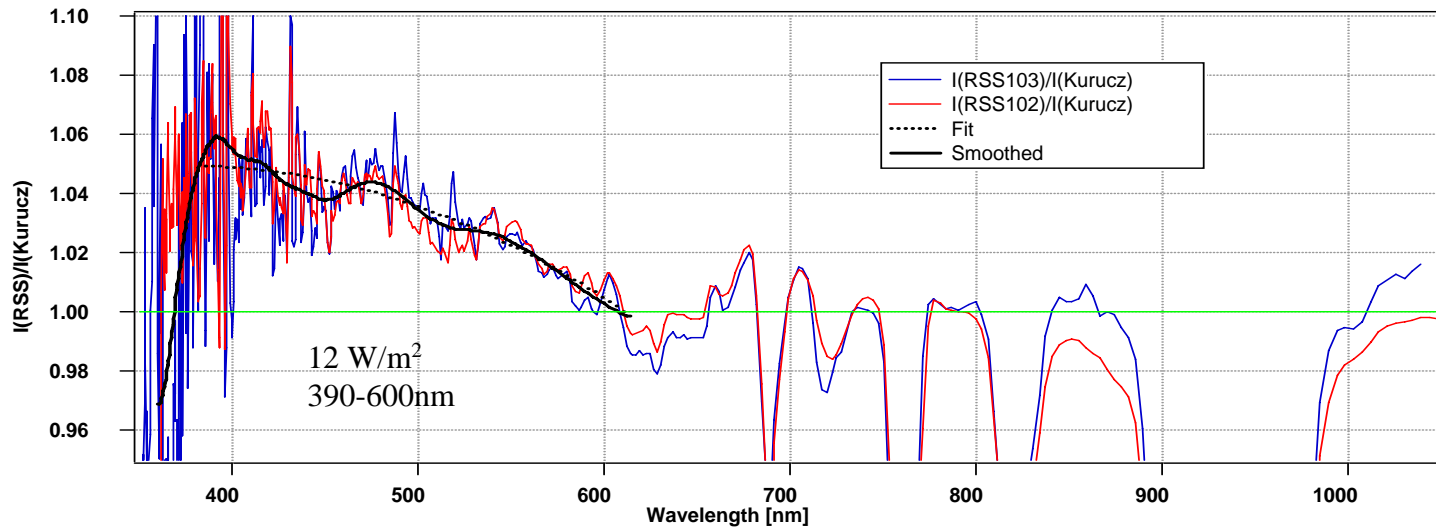
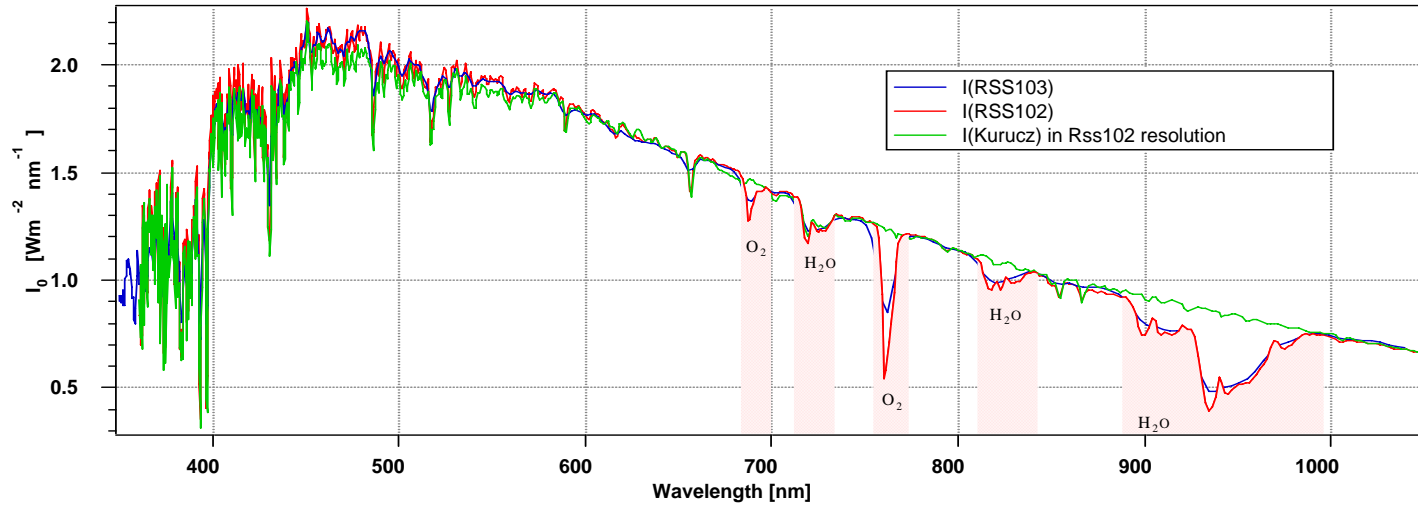
Parametrization of direct-to-diffuse ratio



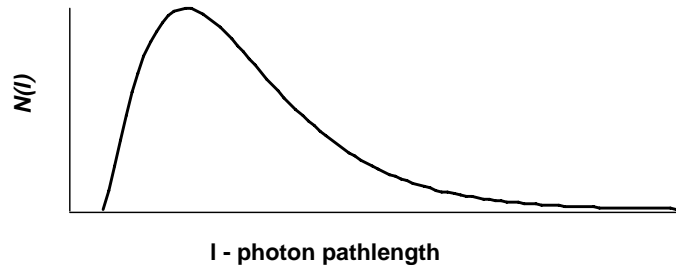
J. Petters et al., *J. Geophys. Res.* 108, 4288, (2003)
P. Anikin et al. *ARM Science Team Meeting Proceedings*,
St. Petersburg, Florida, April 8-12, (2002)
O. Dubovik et al. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 103, 31901-31923 (1998)
C. Devaux et al. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 103, 8753-8761 (1998)
B. Herman et al. *J. Atm. Sci.*, 32, 918-925 (1975)



Extraterrestrial irradiance discrepancy



Oxygen A-band Spectrometry



$$I(a) \propto \int N(l)e^{-al} dl$$

$$I(a) \propto L\{N(l)\}$$

$$N(l) \propto L^{-1}\{I(a)\}$$

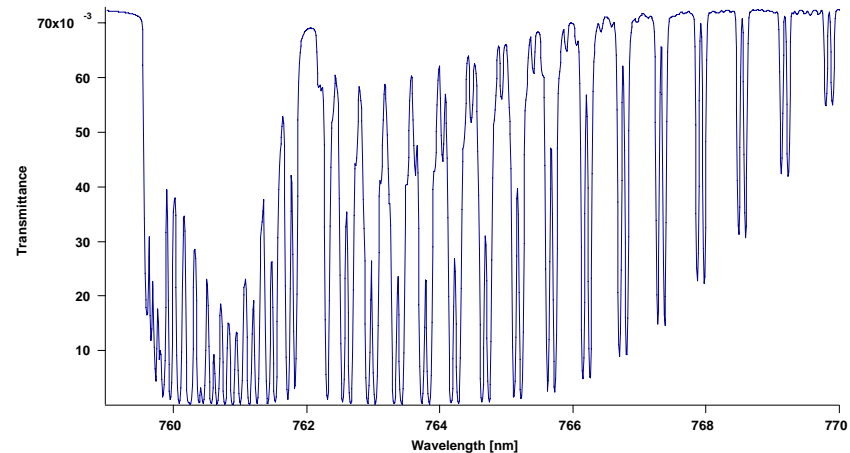
$$\frac{d^n I(a)}{da^n} \propto \int l^n N(l)e^{-al} dl$$

$$M^n \propto \lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \frac{d^n I(a)}{da^n}$$

$$a(\nu) \propto \frac{1}{(\nu - \nu_0)^2 + \alpha^2}$$

$$\bar{I}(a) = I(a) * s(\nu)$$

$$N(l) \propto L^{-1}\{\bar{I}(a)\} / L^{-1}\{s(\nu)\}$$



Q. Min et al., *J. Geophys. Res.*, 109, D02202, (2004)

Q. Min and L. Harrison, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 26, 1425-1428, (1999)

Q. Min et al., *J. Geophys. Res.*, 109, D02202, (2004)

T. Scholl and K. Pfeilsticker *Geophys. Res. Abs.*, Vol. 6, 04978, (2004)

O. Funk and K. Pfeilsticker, *Annal. Geophysicae*, 21(3), 615 - 626, (2003)

Q. Min and L. Harrison, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 26, 1425-1428, (1999)

K. Pfeilsticker, K., *J. Geophys. Res.*, 104, 4104 - 4116, (1999)

K. Pfeilsticker et al., *J. Geophys. Res.*, 103, 11483-11504, (1998)

RSS Publications

- Gianelli, S.M., B.E. Carlson, and A.A. Lacis, 2005. "Aerosol retrievals using RSS data." *J. Geophys. Res.* (in publication)
- Harrison, L., P. Kiedron, J. Berndt, and J. Schlemmer. 2003. "Extraterrestrial solar spectrum 360–1050 nm from Rotating Shadowband Spectroradiometer measurements at the Southern Great Plains (ARM) site." *J. Geophys. Res.* Vol.108, 4424.
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