

Secure...

Cryptographic Time-Stamps

Through Transient Key Technology

By: Paul Doyle of ProofSpace



## We Will Describe A System That...

- Is a method of self-validating proof of time
- Creates Cryptographic Timestamps that never expire
- Is a fully distributed system
- Is immune from the compromise of secret keys
- Is independent of a Trusted Third Party
- Creates a network of validation & verification



The ProofMark System™ Can Be Used To Prove Integrity And Time Existence...

Original Data

...010001100...

...For Any Set Of Data

...Or Any Record

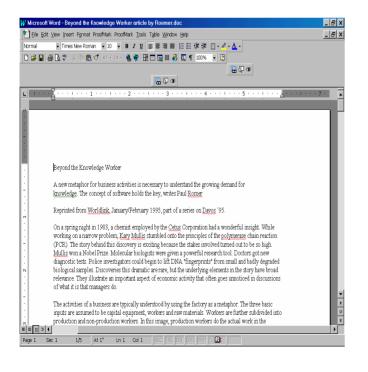


# Regardless Of The Application...We Can Enable You To Create And Maintain Proof

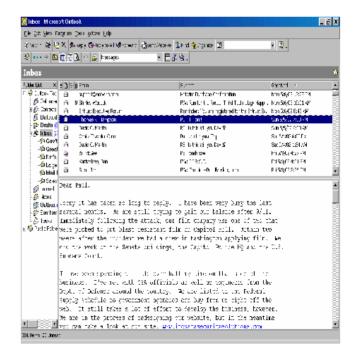
...010001100...

OR

...110001101...



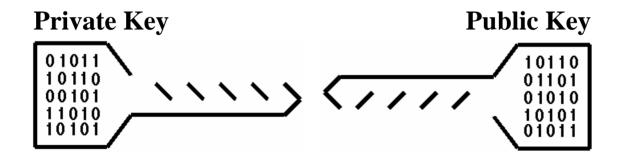
OR





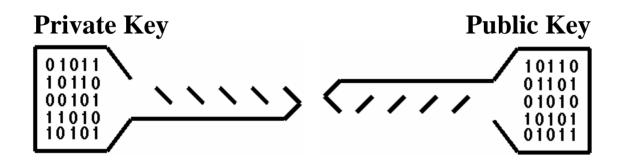
We use asymmetric cryptography...

...but we use it in a new way.



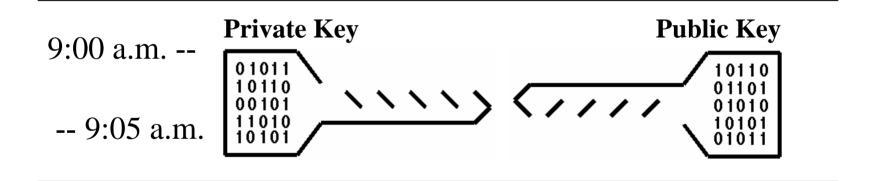


Rather than issuing the Private/Public Key pair to an organization or individual...

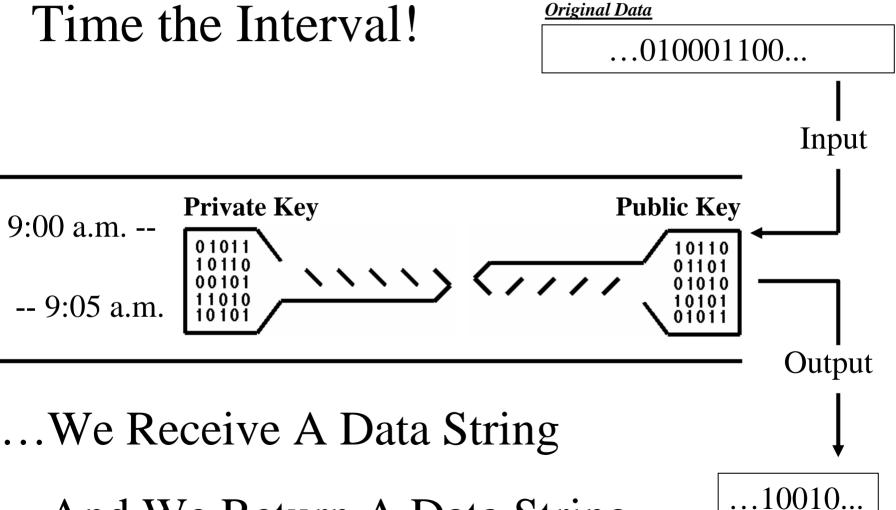


...We issue them to Time!

Not Time the continuum...



...Time the Interval!



...And We Return A Data String

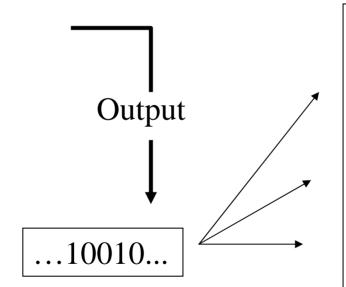


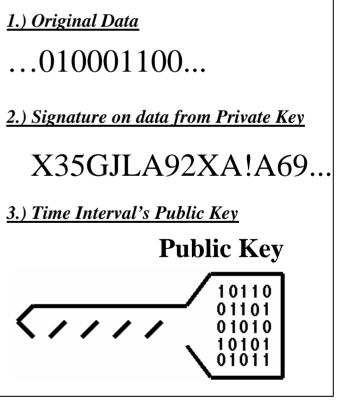
Original Data

The ProofMark
Certificate
Contains Three
Critical Elements

...010001100...

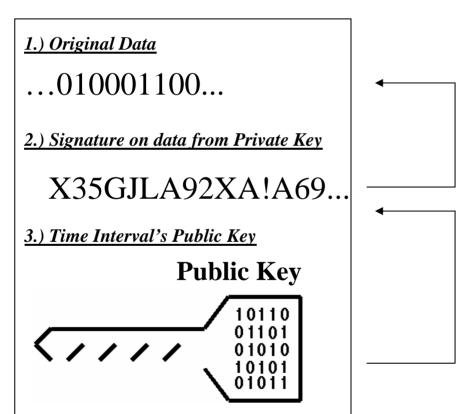
### ProofMark Certificate





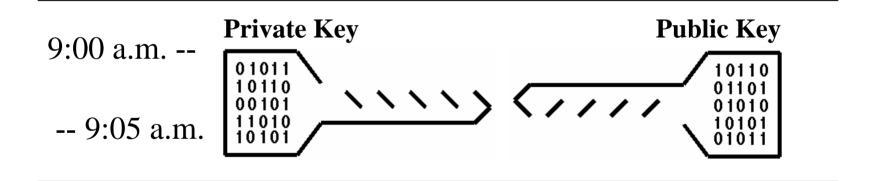


#### ProofMark Certificate

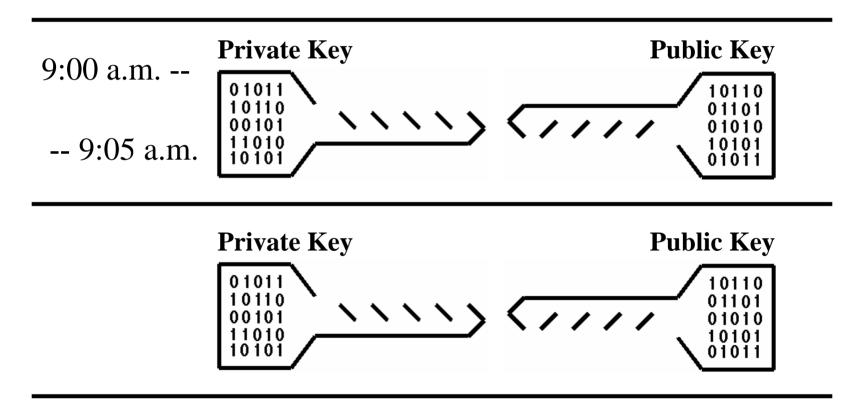


If the <u>Public Key</u> applied to the <u>Signature</u> Resolves to the <u>Original Data</u>...then there is mathematical integrity self-contained within the output!

Now, Back to the Server...

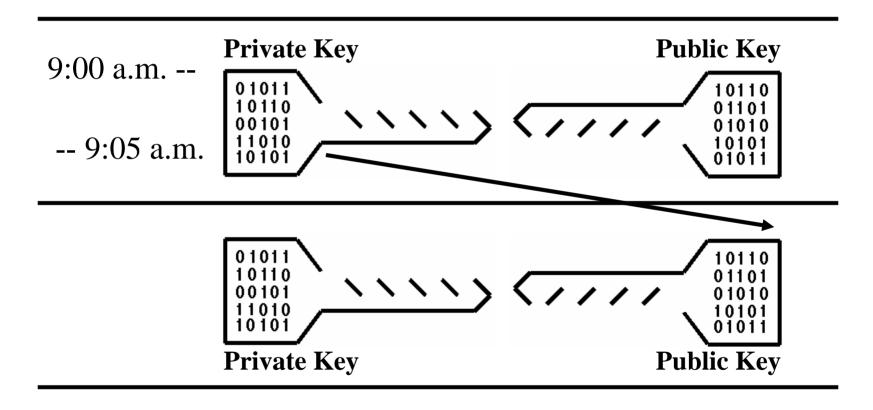


The Last Thing that Happens During the Interval...



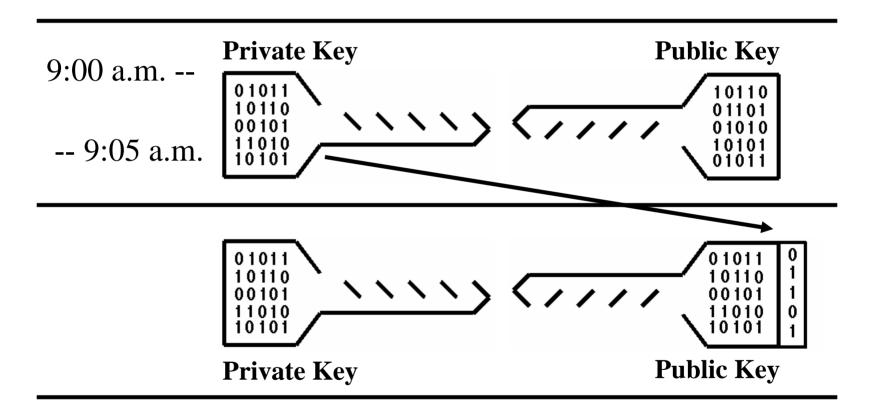
...Is that Independently a New Pair of Keys is Generated.

The Current Private Key Signs the New Public Key

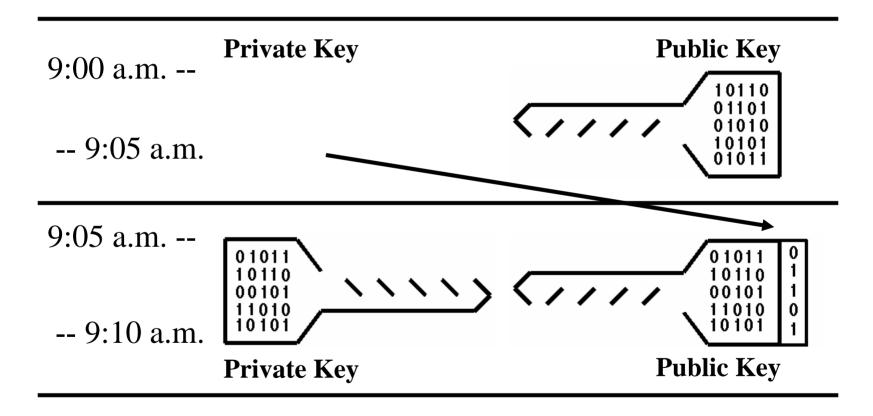




## Signature on New Public Key Created

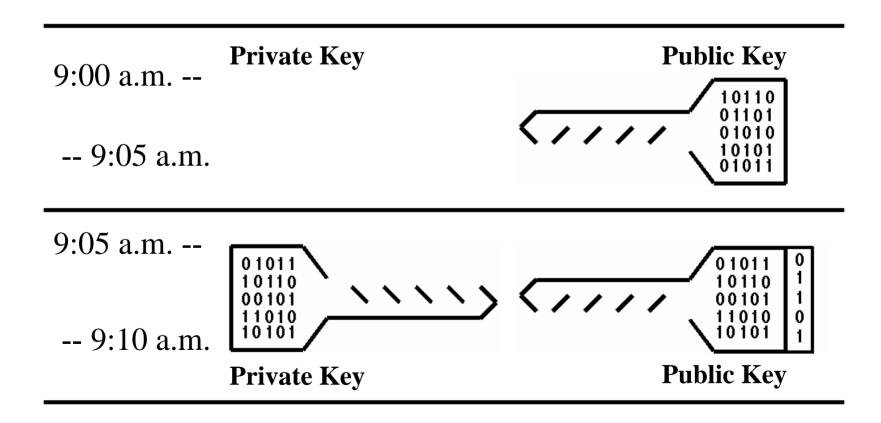


And the Old Private Key Is Destroyed...

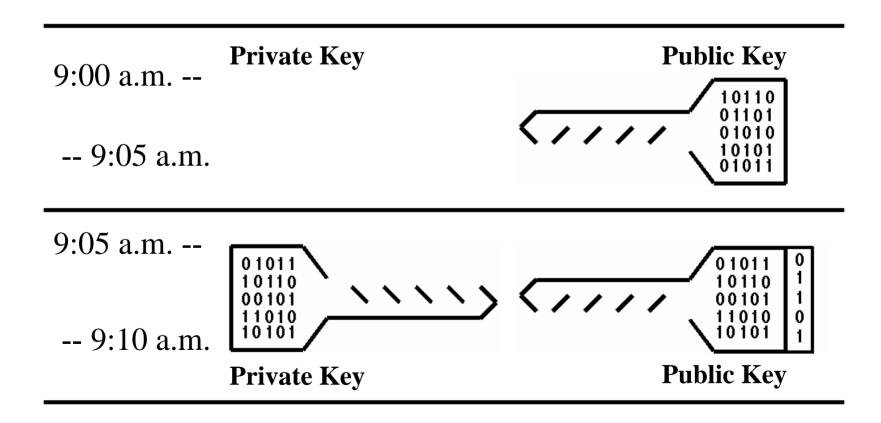


...And the New Key Pair Goes On Duty!

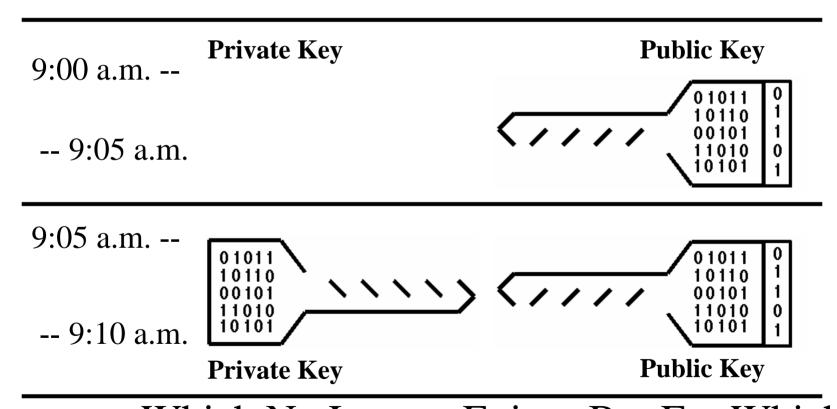
So What You Have 'After-the-Fact' For Any Interval Of Time Is Its Public Key...



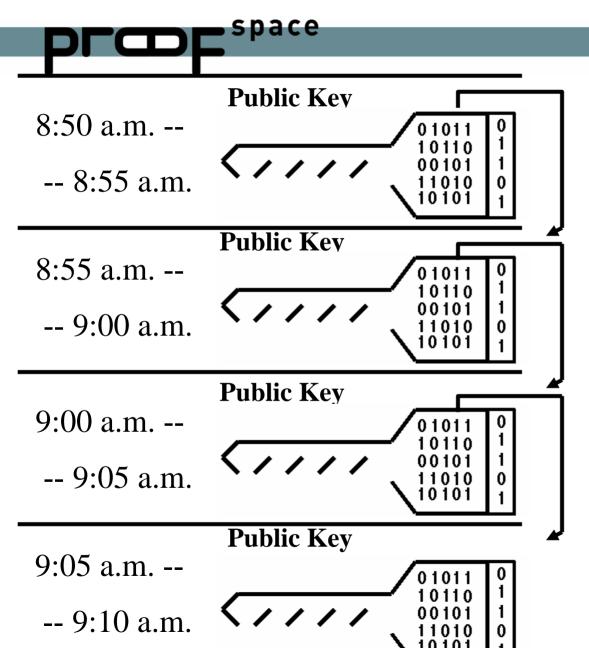
So What You Have 'After-the-Fact' For Any Interval Of Time Is Its Public Key...



And A Signature On That Key From The Previous Private Key...

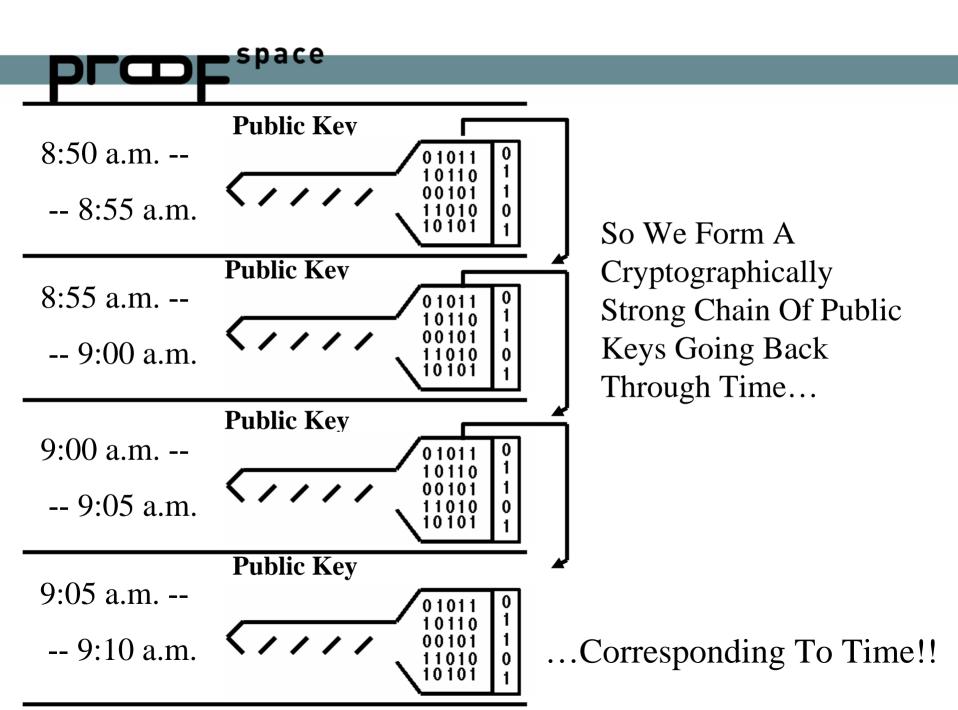


...Which No Longer Exists, But For Which You Have The Public Key

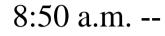


Prior Public Key Verifies Signature On New Public Key

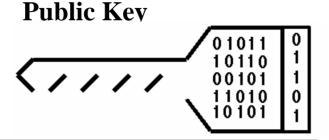
Prior Public Key Verifies Signature On New Public Key



## Prop space



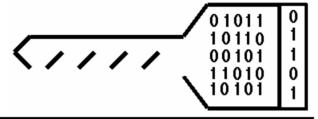
-- 8:55 a.m.



So, There Are No Secrets To Protect...

### 8:55 a.m. --

-- 9:00 a.m.



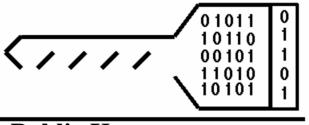
**Public Key** 

**Public Kev** 

...Because there are No Secrets, We Can Take The Record Of Public Keys And Push Them Out For Public Access...

### 9:00 a.m. --

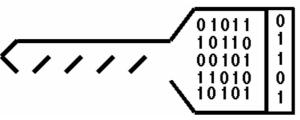
-- 9:05 a.m.



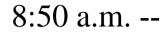
...In Fact We Can
Make Them Part Of
The Public Record.

## 9:05 a.m. --

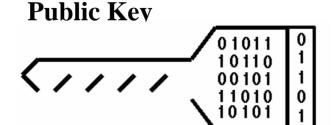
-- 9:10 a.m.



# Prop space



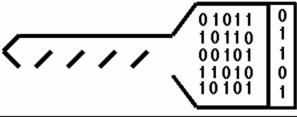
-- 8:55 a.m.



### Public Kev

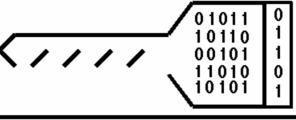
8:55 a.m. --

-- 9:00 a.m.



## 9:00 a.m. --

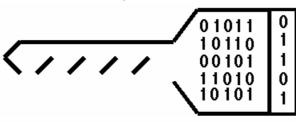
-- 9:05 a.m.



### Public Key

-- 9:10 a.m.

9:05 a.m. --



# If You Then Take The ProofMark Certificate...

### ProofMark Certificate



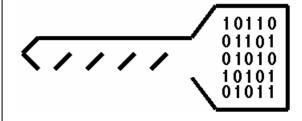
...010001100...

2.) Signature on data from Private Key

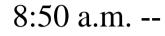
X35GJLA92XA!A69...

3.) Time Interval's Public Key

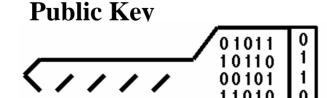
**Public Key** 



## PFCDF space



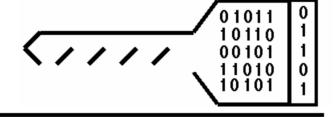
-- 8:55 a.m.



### **Public Key**

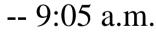
-- 9:00 a.m.

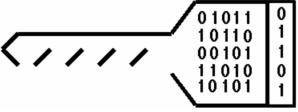
8:55 a.m. --



## 9:00 a.m. --

. . . .

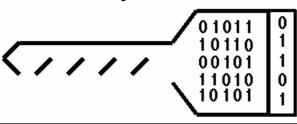




### Public Key

-- 9:10 a.m.

9:05 a.m. --



# And Compare the Public Key to the Public Key in the Chain

### **ProofMark Certificate**



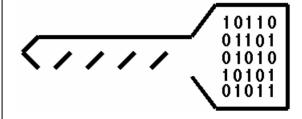
...010001100...

2.) Signature on data from Private Key

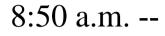
X35GJLA92XA!A69...

3.) Time Interval's Public Key

### **Public Key**

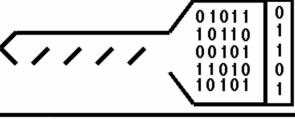


## space



-- 8:55 a.m.



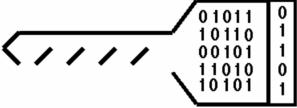


If The Keys Are The Same, Then You Have Proof Of Time!

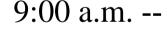
### **ProofMark Certificate**



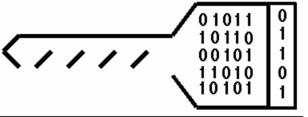




**Public Kev** 



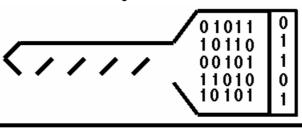
-- 9:05 a.m.

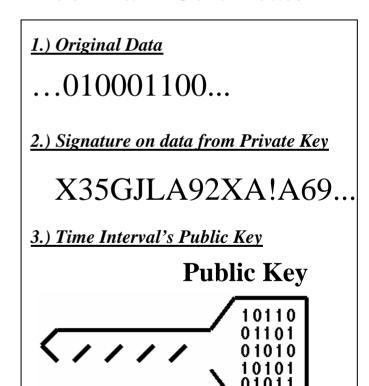


### **Public Key**

-- 9:10 a.m.

9:05 a.m. --

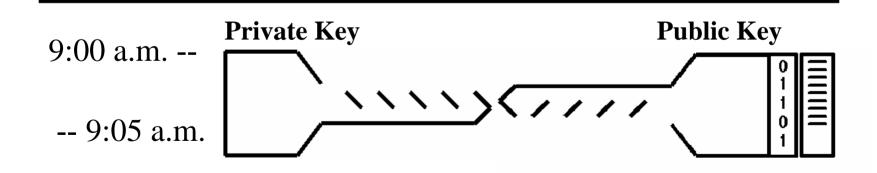






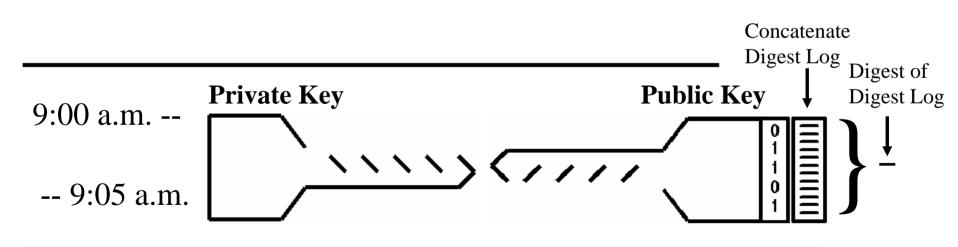
To further protect against the future compromise of a private key...

We create a concatenate digest log of all ProofMark requests

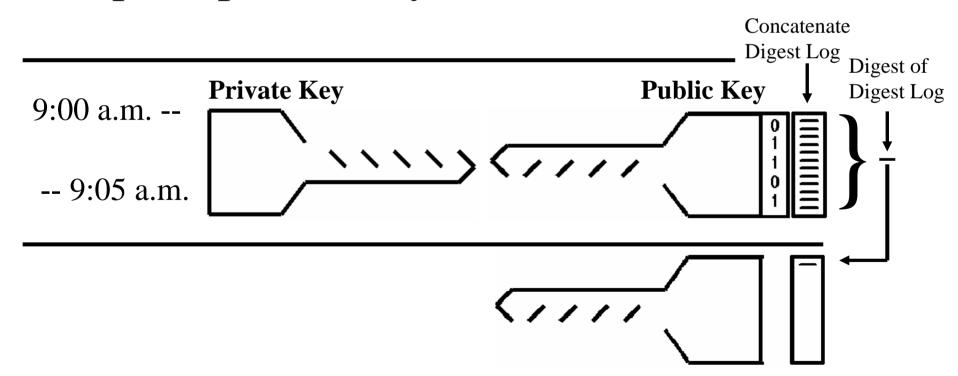




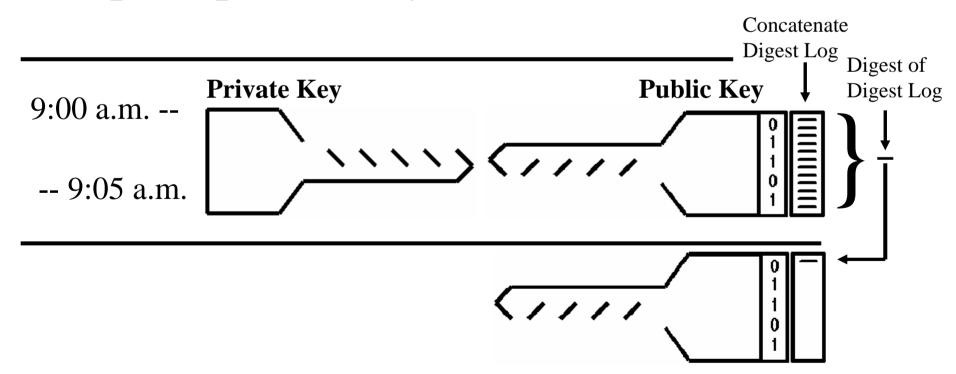
At the end of the interval, we create a digest from the digest log



We then insert that digest into the new interval, prior to the signature by the prior private key

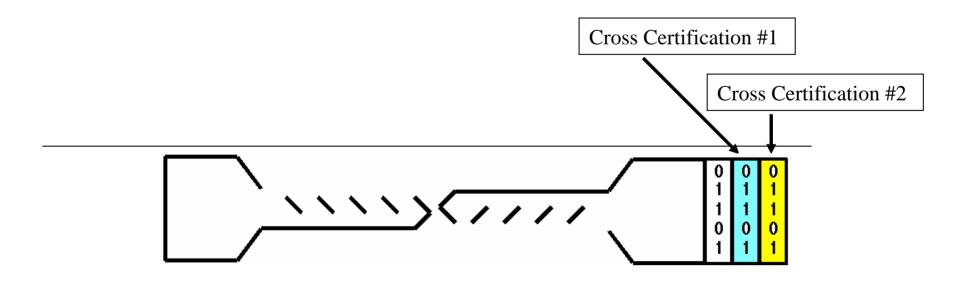


We then insert that digest into the new interval, prior to the signature by the prior private key

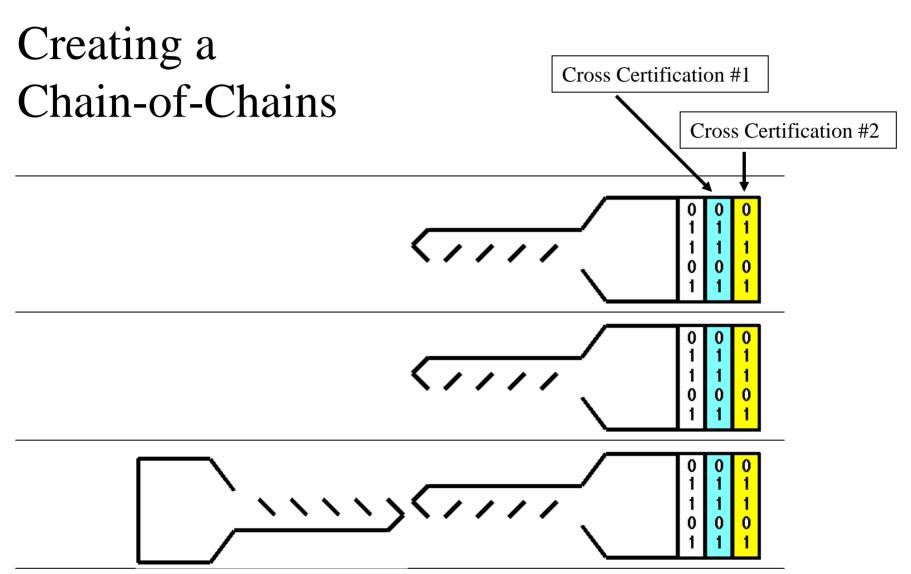




As a final protection against the compromise of a single chain, we cross certify with 2 other instances of the ProofMark System









### The ProofMark System...

- Is a method of self-validating proof of time
- Creates Cryptographic Timestamps that never expire
- Is a fully distributed system
- Is immune from the compromise of secret keys
- Is independent of a Trusted Third Party
- Creates a network of validation & verification



A ProofMark Certificate Is A Suffix Of Data That Can Be Used To Prove The Integrity And Proof Of Time Existence For A Given Set Of Data...

Original Data

...010001100...

ProofMark Certificate

...10010...



### A ProofMark Certificate Can Be Persisted...

### **Separately**

Orig	inal	Data
<u> </u>		

...010001100...

#### **ProofMark Certificate**

...10010...

### **Jointly**

<u>Original Data</u>		ProofMark Certificate
	010001100	10010

### Or Within Your Data

<u>Original Data</u>	ProofMark Certificate
010001100	10010



ProofMark...

Tangible Proof In A Digital World!