paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section.
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845-0019)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1087dd)
[52 FR 45754, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 49147, Dec. 6, 1988; 57 FR 32345, July 21, 1992; 59 FR 1652, J an. 12, 1994. Redesignated and amended at 59 FR 61410, 61411, Nov. 30, 1994; 62 FR 50848, Sept. 26, 1997; 64 FR 58315, Oct. 28, 1999]
§674.37 Deferment of repaymentNDSLs made before October 1, 1980 and Defense loans.
(a) A borrower may defer repay-ment-
(1) On an NDSL made before October 1, 1980 during the periods described in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section; and
(2) On a Defense loan, during the periods described in paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section.
(b)(1) A borrower need not repay principal, and interest does not accrue, during a period after the commencement or resumption of the repayment period on a loan, when the borrower is at least a half-time regular student at-
(i) An institution of higher education; or
(ii) A comparable institution outside the U.S. approved by the Secretary for this purpose.
(2) The institution of higher education does not need to be participating in the Perkins Loan program for the borrower to qualify for a deferment.
(3) If a borrower is attending as at least a half-time regular student for a full academic year and intends to enroll as at least half-time regular student in the next academic year, the borrower is entitled to deferment for 12 months.
(4) If an institution no longer qualifies as an institution of higher education, the borrower's deferment ends on the date the institution ceases to qualify.
(c) A borrower need not repay principal, and interest does not accrue for a period of up to 3 years during which time the borrower is-
(1) A member of the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines or Coast Guard (see §674.59);
(2) A Peace Corps volunteer (see §674.60); or
(3) A volunteer under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (ACTION programs) (see §674.60).
(d) The institution shall exclude the deferment periods described in paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of this section when determining the 10 -year repayment period.
(e) An institution may permit the borrower to defer payments of principal and interest, but interest shall continue to accrue, if the institution determines this is necessary to avoid hardship to the borrower (see §674.33(c)).
(f) The institution may permit the borrower to defer payment of principal and interest, but interest shall continue to accrue, on a Defense loan for a total of 3 years after the commencement or resumption of the repayment period on a loan, during which he or she is attending an institution of higher education as a less-than-half-time regular student.
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845-0019)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 425, 1087dd)
[52 FR 45754, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 32345, J uly 21, 1992; 59 FR 1652, J an. 12, 1994. Redesignated at 59 FR 61410, Nov. 30, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 50848, Sept. 26, 1997; 64 F R 58315, Oct. 28, 1999]

## § 674.38 Deferment procedures.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, a borrower must request the deferment and provide the institution with all information and documents required by the institution by the date that the institution establishes.
(2) In the case of an in school deferment, the institution may grant the deferment based on student enrollment information showing that a borrower is enrolled as a regular student on at least a half-time basis, if the institution notifies the borrower of the deferment and of the borrower's option to cancel the deferment and continue paying on the loan.
(3) If the borrower fails to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) (1) of
this section, the institution may declare the loan to be in default, and may accelerate the Ioan.
(b)(1) The institution may grant a deferment to a borrower after it has declared a loan to be a default.
(2) As a condition for a deferment under this paragraph, the institution-
(i) Shall require the borrower to execute a written repayment agreement on the loan; and
(ii) May require the borrower to pay immediately some or all of the amounts previously scheduled to be repaid before the date on which the institution determined that the borrower had demonstrated that grounds for a deferment existed, plus late charges and collection costs.
(c) If the information supplied by the borrower demonstrates that for some or all of the period for which a deferment is requested, the borrower had retained in-school status or was within the initial grace period on the loan, the institution shall-
(1) Redetermine the date on which the borrower was required to commence repayment on the Ioan;
(2) Deduct from the loan balance any interest accrued and late charges added before the date on which the repayment period commenced, as determined in paragraph (c)(1) of this section; and
(3) Treat in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, the request for deferment for any remaining portion of the period for which deferment was requested.
(d) The institution must determine the continued eligibility of a borrower for a deferment at least annually, except that a borrower engaged in service described in $\S \S 674.34(\mathrm{e})(6), \quad 674.35(\mathrm{c})(3)$, 674.36(c)(2), 674.37(c)(2), and §674.60(a)(1) must be granted a deferment for the lesser of the borrower's full term of service in the Peace Corps, or the borrower's remaining period of eligibility for a deferment under $\S 674.34(\mathrm{e})$, not to exceed 3 years.
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845-0019)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 425, 1087dd)
[52 FR 45754, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 49147, Dec. 6, 1988. Redesignated and amended at 59 FR 61410, 61411, Nov. 30, 1994; 64 FR 57531, Oct. 25, 1999; 64 FR 58315, Oct. 28, 1999]

## §674.39 Loan rehabilitation.

(a) Each institution must establish a Ioan rehabilitation program for all borrowers for the purpose of rehabilitating defaulted loans made under this part, except for loans for which a judgment has been secured. The institution's Ioan rehabilitation program must provide that-
(1) A defaulted borrower is notified of the option and consequences of rehabilitating a loan; and
(2) A loan is rehabilitated if the borrower makes an on-time, monthly payment, as determined by the institution, each month for twelve consecutive months and the borrower requests rehabilitation.
(b) Within 30 days of receiving the borrower's last on-time, consecutive, monthly payment, the institution must-
(1) Return the borrower to regular repayment status;
(2) Treat the first payment made under the 12 consecutive payments as the first payment under the 10 -year repayment maximum; and
(3) Instruct any credit bureau to which the default was reported to remove the default from the borrower's credit history.
(c) Collection costs on a rehabilitated Ioan-
(1) If charged to the borrower, may not exceed 24 percent of the unpaid principal and accrued interest as of the date following application of the twelfth payment;
(2) That exceed the amounts specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, may be charged to an institution's Fund until July 1, 2002 in accordance with §674.47(e)(5); and
(3) Are not restricted to 24 percent in the event the borrower defaults on the rehabilitated Ioan.
(d) After rehabilitating a defaulted loan and returning to regular repayment status, the borrower regains the balance of the benefits and privileges of the promissory note as applied prior to the borrower's default on the loan. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits an institution from offering the borrower flexible repayment options following the borrower's return to regular repayment status on a rehabilitated Ioan.

