Direct Carbon Conversion

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Direct Carbon Conversion: How it Started



•1993 -1998

-Basement Laboratory

In 1997, demonstrated a direct carbon fuel cell yielding 3.3 mA for 30 seconds using conductive carbon as fuel



Background

- CellTech Power founded in 1998 by Dr. Tom Tao to pursue direct carbon fuel cell technology
- Total of \$10M venture capital raised in 3 rounds since 2000 – currently focused on natural gas fuel
- Core technology developed internally
- 15,000 Ft² building west of Boston, MA with 28 Staff
- Company has been in "stealth mode" while developing its proprietary SOFC technology, but is now ready to get somewhat more public





- An early stage company developing solid oxide fuel cells for distributed generation applications

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The CellTech Innovation:

A New Chapter in Electrochemistry

- A unique device with the properties of a primary battery, a secondary battery, and a fuel cell
- A true, demonstrated multi-fuel capability including:
 - Solid Fuels: Carbon blacks, graphite, glassy carbons, cokes, even coals, woods and other biomass
 - Liquid fuels: gasoline, diesel, kerosene and alcohols
 - Gaseous fuels: hydrogen, natural gas and propane



Traditional Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC)



<u>How CellTech's Fuel Cells Work</u> (Discharging in Battery Mode)



How CellTech's Fuel Cells Work (Electrical Charging in Battery Mode)



How CellTech's Fuel Cells Work (Chemical Charging in Battery Mode)



<u>How CellTech's Fuel Cells Work</u> (Fuel Cell Mode)



<u>How CellTech's Fuel Cells Work</u> (Fuel Cell Mode)



How CellTech Fuel Cells Work (cont.)

"Two-Step" Chemistry:

Step 1	$A + O^{=} \rightarrow AO_{x} + 2e^{-}$
Step 2	$AO_{x} + H_{2} \rightarrow A + H_{2}O$ -or- $AO_{x} + CO \rightarrow A + CO_{2}$ -or- $AO_{x} + C \rightarrow A + CO_{2}$

Technical Advantages - Robustness

- System behaves like a battery
 - Superior Load Following: system can go from zero to full output in less than 0.0001 seconds
 - Peaking Capability: The system can deliver significantly more power than its rated capacity for short durations
 - Series-Parallel stacks with high cell count leads to fault tolerance
 - Fuel supply can be shut off for short durations
- System tends to remove impurities from the active area of the cell:
 - Most impurities (e.g. sulfur and higher hydrocarbons) form gaseous oxides that leave the cell



Commercial Advantages - Low \$/kWhr

- Simple system with low capital costs:
 - Elimination of steam injectors, catalytic reformers, and shift reactors reduces both BOM costs and assembly costs
 - Battery-like performance eliminates the need for the external battery pack and complex fuel controls that are necessary for load following
- Highly efficient system with low operating costs:
 - System is expected to have equal or greater efficiency than any other SOFC (40%+ for natural gas and 60%+ for carbon)
 - High quality waste heat will lead to even higher efficiencies when used in hybrid or co-generation applications



Why the Direct Carbon Conversion

Energy Security---The Most Abundant Fossil Fuel

US coal 25% world reserve Charcoals from wood and biomass Carbon blacks & cokes from oils

CO₂ Emission---Fuel Efficiency

60-70% (as measured at load) vs. 35-40% coal firing plants

Performance----One of the Highest Energy Density



The Discovery



- July, 1998, the first 2-cell direct carbon stack made and tested
- Stack runs for 2 weeks
- Fuels used during experiment:
 - Carbon blacks
 - Graphite powders
 - Unprocessed Coal with 20% ash



2-Cell Direct Carbon Conversion Stack





CellTech Direct Carbon: Potential Markets and Applications

- Battery
 - Highest energy density
- Back-up Power
 - Solid fuel powered generator for use in backup and auxiliary power applications
- Primary Power
 - Solid fuel-powered generator for use in primary DG applications
 - Solid fuel powered CHP system



CellTech Direct Carbon: As Battery

The highest energy density and long lasting battery

Potential Applications:

A few watts up to thousands watts

Robotic

Military

Auxiliary Powers for boats, RVs, small planes



CellTech Direct Carbon: As Backup Powers

- Instant load following
- Short term burst power
- Long term sustaining power
- Kept hot

Backups for Electric Grid, elevators, computer and communication centers, hospitals



CellTech Direct Carbon: As CHP & Co-Gen

Combined Heat and Power (CHP) for Residential



Status of CellTech's Direct Carbon Conversion Technology

- Fundamentals verified and key inventions made
- Pure carbon-fueled cells demonstrated
- Substantial purification development required for use of un-processed coal
- Private investment is possible
- Public support is the key



Current Cell and Stack Configuration



 Tubular cells connected in series-parallel arrays

• External cathode



Relative DG Performances										
	Samo	Electrical	Logo Collone	Non Non Non	Willie Co	Super Continue	1000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	ciale		
CellTech	\$1	40%-50%	\checkmark			\checkmark				
Conventional Fuel Cells:										
SOFCs	\$1.5+	40%-50%			(limited)					
PEMFCs	?	30%-40%					?			
MCFCs	\$1-\$2	40%-50%		?	(limited)					
PAFCs	\$2+	30%-45%								
Other D.G.:										
Microturbines	\$0.80	25%-35%	(limited)							
IC Engines	\$0.30	10%-35%								





<u>CellTech's 1 kW Alpha Prototype</u> (to be completed this fall)

- 1. 1 kW, 120VAC output
- 2. 30% DC electrical efficiency(@ 1 kW AC output)
- 3. Self-contained, "productized" unit
- 4. Natural gas fuel





Direct Carbon Conversion:

The realization of a 150 Year Old Dream!





