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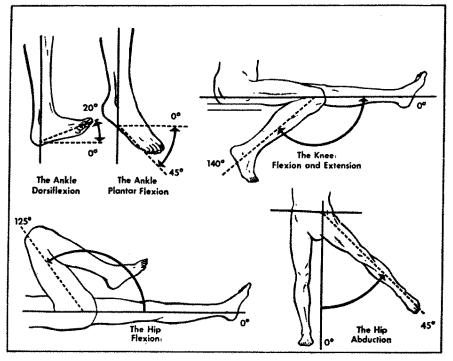


PLATE II

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 43 FR 45349, Oct. 2, 1978; 67 FR 48785, July 26, 2002]

§4.71a Schedule of ratings—musculoskeletal system.

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES

	Rat- ing
 5000 Osteomyelitis, acute, subacute, or chronic: Of the pelvis, vertebrae, or extending into major joints, or with multiple localization or with long history of intractability and debility, anemia, amyloid liver changes, or other continuous 	
constitutional symptoms	100
Frequent episodes, with constitutional symptoms	60
With definite involucrum or sequestrum, with or without discharging sinus With discharging sinus or other evidence of ac-	30
tive infection within the past 5 years	20
Inactive, following repeated episodes, without evidence of active infection in past 5 years	10

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES— Continued

NOTE (1): A rating of 10 percent, as an exception to the amputation rule, is to be assigned in any case of active osteomyelitis where the amputation rating for the affected part is no percent. This 10 percent rating and the other partial ratings of 30 percent or less are to be combined with ratings for ankylosis, limited motion, nonunion or malunion, shortening, etc., subject, of course, to the amputation rule. The 60 percent rating, as it is based on con- stitutional symptoms, is not subject to the am- putation rule. A rating for osteomyelitis will not be applied following cure by removal or radical resection of the affected bone.

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES—Continued

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ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES—Continued

	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
NOTE (2): The 20 percent rating on the basis of activity within the past 5 years is not assign-		With X-ray evidence of involvement of 2 or more major joints or 2 or more minor joint	
able following the initial infection of active os- teomyelitis with no subsequent reactivation. The prerequisite for this historical rating is an		groups, with occasional incapacitating ex- acerbations	20
established recurrent osteomyelitis. To qualify for the 10 percent rating, 2 or more episodes		With X-ray evidence of involvement of 2 or more major joints or 2 or more minor joint groups	10
following the initial infection are required. This 20 percent rating or the 10 percent rating, when applicable, will be assigned once only to cover disability at all sites of previously active		NOTE (1): The 20 pct and 10 pct ratings based on X-ray findings, above, will not be combined with ratings based on limitation of motion.	
infection with a future ending date in the case of the 20 percent rating.		NOTE (2): The 20 pct and 10 pct ratings based on X-ray findings, above, will not be utilized in rating conditions listed under diagnostic codes	
5001 Bones and joints, tuberculosis of, active or in- active:	100	5013 to 5024, inclusive. 5004 Arthritis, gonorrheal.	
Active Inactive: See §§4.88b and 4.89	100	5005 Arthritis, pneumococcic. 5006 Arthritis, typhoid.	
5002 Arthritis rheumatoid (atrophic) As an active process:		5007 Arthritis, syphilitic. 5008 Arthritis, streptococcic.	
With constitutional manifestations associated		5009 Arthritis, other types (specify).	
with active joint involvement, totally incapaci- tating	100	With the types of arthritis, diagnostic codes 5004 through 5009, rate the disability as rheumatoid	
Less than criteria for 100% but with weight loss and anemia productive of severe impairment		arthritis. 5010 Arthritis, due to trauma, substantiated by X-	
of health or severely incapacitating exacer- bations occurring 4 or more times a year or a		ray findings: Rate as arthritis, degenerative. 5011 Bones, caisson disease of: Rate as arthritis,	
lesser number over prolonged periods Symptom combinations productive of definite im-	60	cord involvement, or deafness, depending on the severity of disabling manifestations.	
pairment of health objectively supported by ex-		5012 Bones, new growths of, malignant	100
amination findings or incapacitating exacer- bations occurring 3 or more times a year	40	NOTE: The 100 percent rating will be continued for 1 year following the cessation of surgical,	
One or two exacerbations a year in a well-estab- lished diagnosis	20	X-ray, antineoplastic chemotherapy or other	
For chronic residuals:	20	therapeutic procedure. At this point, if there has been no local recurrence or metastases,	
For residuals such as limitation of motion or an-		the rating will be made on residuals.	
kylosis, favorable or unfavorable, rate under the appropriate diagnostic codes for the spe-		5013 Osteoporosis, with joint manifestations. 5014 Osteomalacia.	
cific joints involved. Where, however, the limi-		5014 Osleonalacia. 5015 Bones, new growths of, benign.	
tation of motion of the specific joint or joints in- volved is noncompensable under the codes a		5016 Osteitis deformans.	
rating of 10 percent is for application for each		5017 Gout. 5018 Hydrarthrosis, intermittent.	
such major joint or group of minor joints af- fected by limitation of motion, to be combined,		5019 Bursitis.	
not added under diagnostic code 5002. Limita-		5020 Synovitis. 5021 Myositis.	
tion of motion must be objectively confirmed by findings such as swelling, muscle spasm,		5022 Periostitis.	
or satisfactory evidence of painful motion.		5023 Myositis ossificans.	
NOTE: The ratings for the active process will not be combined with the residual ratings for limi-		5024 Tenosynovitis. The diseases under diagnostic codes 5013	
tation of motion or ankylosis. Assign the high-		through 5024 will be rated on limitation of mo-	
er evaluation. 5003 Arthritis, degenerative (hypertrophic or osteo-		tion of affected parts, as arthritis, degenera- tive, except gout which will be rated under di-	
arthritis): Degenerative arthritis established by X-ray find-		agnostic code 5002. 5025 Fibromyalgia (fibrositis, primary fibromyalgia	
ings will be rated on the basis of limitation of		syndrome)	
motion under the appropriate diagnostic codes for the specific joint or joints involved (DC		With widespread musculoskeletal pain and ten- der points, with or without associated fatigue,	
5200 etc.). When however, the limitation of		sleep disturbance, stiffness, paresthesias,	
motion of the specific joint or joints involved is		headache, irritable bowel symptoms, depres- sion, anxiety, or Raynaud's-like symptoms:	
noncompensable under the appropriate diag- nostic codes, a rating of 10 pct is for applica-		That are constant, or nearly so, and refrac-	
tion for each such major joint or group of		tory to therapy	40
minor joints affected by limitation of motion, to be combined, not added under diagnostic		That are episodic, with exacerbations often precipitated by environmental or emo-	
code 5003. Limitation of motion must be ob-		tional stress or by overexertion, but that	
jectively confirmed by findings such as swell- ing, muscle spasm, or satisfactory evidence of		are present more than one-third of the time	20
painful motion. In the absence of limitation of		That require continuous medication for con-	
motion, rate as below:		trol	10

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC DISEASES— Continued

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PROSTHETIC IMPLANTS-Continued

ACUTE, SUBACUTE, OR CHRONIC I	JISEASE		PROSTHETIC IMPLANTS-CON	inucu	
Continued				Rat	ing
		Rat- ing		Major	Minor
NOTE: Widespread pain means pain in left and right sides of the body, that above and below the waist, and that both the axial skeleton (i.e., cervical sp terior chest, thoracic spine, or low ba the extremities.	is both affects ine, an-		Following implantation of prosthesis with painful motion or weakness such as to require the use of crutches		¹ 90 70
PROSTHETIC IMPLANTS			Moderately severe residuals of weakness, pain or limitation of		
	Rati	ing	motion		50
	Major	Minor	Minimum rating 5055 Knee replacement (prosthesis).		
			Prosthetic replacement of knee joint:		
5051 Shoulder replacement (prosthesis). Prosthetic replacement of the shoulder			For 1 year following implantation of		
joint:			prosthesis		100
For 1 year following implantation of			With chronic residuals consisting of severe painful motion or weak-		
prosthesis	100	100	ness in the affected extremity		60
With chronic residuals consisting of			With intermediate degrees of resid-		
severe, painful motion or weak- ness in the affected extremity	60	50	ual weakness, pain or limitation		
With intermediate degrees of resid-		50	of motion rate by analogy to di- agnostic codes 5256, 5261, or		
ual weakness, pain or limitation			5262.		
of motion, rate by analogy to di-			Minimum rating		30
agnostic codes 5200 and 5203.			5056 Ankle replacement (prosthesis).		
Minimum rating 5052 Elbow replacement (prosthesis).	30	20	Prosthetic replacement of ankle joint:		
Prosthetic replacement of the elbow			For 1 year following implantation of		100
joint:			prosthesis With chronic residuals consisting of		100
For 1 year following implantation of			severe painful motion or weak-		
prosthesis	100	100	ness		40
With chronic residuals consisting of			With intermediate degrees of resid-		
severe painful motion or weak- ness in the affected extremity	50	40	ual weakness, pain or limitation		
With intermediate degrees of resid-	00	40	of motion rate by analogy to		
ual weakness, pain or limitation			5270 or 5271. Minimum rating		20
of motion rate by analogy to di-			NOTE (1): The 100 pct rating for 1 year		
agnostic codes 5205 through			following implantation of prosthesis		
5208. Minimum evaluation	30	20	will commence after initial grant of the		
5053 Wrist replacement (prosthesis).		20	1-month total rating assigned under		
Prosthetic replacement of wrist joint:			§4.30 following hospital discharge. NOTE (2): Special monthly compensa-		
For 1 year following implantation of			tion is assignable during the 100 pct		
prosthesis With chronic residuals consisting of	100	100	rating period the earliest date perma-		
severe, painful motion or weak-			nent use of crutches is established.		
ness in the affected extremity With intermediate degrees of resid-	40	30	COMBINATIONS OF DISABILITIES		
ual weakness, pain or limitation			5104 Anatomical loss of one hand and loss		
of motion, rate by analogy to di-			of use of one foot		1100
agnostic code 5214.			5105 Anatomical loss of one foot and loss		
Minimum rating NOTE: The 100 pct rating for 1 year fol-	20	20	of use of one hand		1100
lowing implantation of prosthesis will			5106 Anatomical loss of both hands		1100
commence after initial grant of the 1-			5107 Anatomical loss of both feet 5108 Anatomical loss of one hand and one		1100
month total rating assigned under			foot		1100
§4.30 following hospital discharge.			5109 Loss of use of both hands		1100
5054 Hip replacement (prosthesis). Prosthetic replacement of the head of			5110 Loss of use of both feet		1100
the femur or of the acetabulum:			5111 Loss of use of one hand and one		
For 1 year following implantation of			foot		1100
prosthesis		100	¹ Also entitled to special monthly compensat	tion	

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TABLE II—RATINGS FOR MULTIPLE LOSSES OF EXTREMITIES WITH DICTATOR'S RATING CODE AND 38
CFR CITATION

			Impairment of o	other extremity		
Impairment of one extremity	Anatomical loss or loss of use below elbow	Anatomical loss or loss of use below knee	Anatomical loss or loss of use above elbow (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss or loss of use above knee (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss near shoulder (preventing use of prosthesis)	Anatomical loss near hip (pre- venting use of prosthesis)
Anatomical loss or loss of use below elbow. Anatomical loss or loss of use below knee.	M Codes M–1 a, b, or c, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(i).	L Codes L-1 d, e, f, or g, 38 CFR 3.350(b). L Codes L-1 a, b, or c, 38 CFR 3.350(b).	M ¹ / ₂ Code M–5, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(x). L ¹ / ₂ Code L–2 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(iii).	L ¹ /2 Code L-2 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(vi). L ¹ /2 Code L-2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(i).	N Code N-3, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(xi). M Code M-3 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(iv).	M Code M-3 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(viii) M Code M-3 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(ii)
Anatomical loss or loss of use above elbow (preventing use of prosthesis).			N Code N–1, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(1).	M Code M–2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(iii).	N ¹ / ₂ Code N–4, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(ix).	M ¹ ⁄2 Code M–4 c, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(xi)
Anatomical loss or loss of use above knee (preventing use of prosthesis).				M Code M–2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (c)(1)(ii).	M ¹ / ₂ Code M–4 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(vii).	M ¹ /2 Code M-4 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (f)(1)(v)
Anatomical loss near shoulder (preventing use of prosthesis).					O Code O–1, 38 CFR 3.350 (e)(1)(i).	N Code N–2 b, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(3)
Anatomical loss near hip (pre- venting use of prosthesis).						N Code N–2 a, 38 CFR 3.350 (d)(2)

NOTE.—Need for aid attendance or permanently bedridden qualifies for subpar. L. Code L–1 h, i (38 CFR 3.350(b)). Paraplegia with loss of use of both lower extremities and loss of anal and bladder sphincter control qualifies for subpar. O. Code O–2 (38 CFR 3.350(e)(2)). Where there are additional disabilities rated 50% or 100%, or anatomical or loss of use of a third extremity see 38 CFR 3.350(f) (3), (4) or (5).

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1115)

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
Arm, amputation of:		
5120 Disarticulation	190	1 90
5121 Above insertion of deltoid	1 90	180
5122 Below insertion of deltoid	180	170
Forearm, amputation of:		
5123 Above insertion of pronator teres	¹ 80	¹ 70
5124 Below insertion of pronator teres	170	¹ 60
5125 Hand, loss of use of	170	¹ 60
MULTIPLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS		
5126 Five digits of one hand, amputation of	170	¹ 60
Four digits of one hand, amputation of:		
5127 Thumb, index, long and ring	170	¹ 60
5128 Thumb, index, long and little	170	¹ 60
5129 Thumb, index, ring and little	170	¹ 60
5130 Thumb, long, ring and little	170	¹ 60
5131 Index, long, ring and little	60	50
Three digits of one hand, amputation of:		
5132 Thumb, index and long	60	50
5133 Thumb, index and ring	60	50
5134 Thumb, index and little	60	50
5135 Thumb, long and ring	60	50
5136 Thumb, long and little	60	50

		Rat	ing
		Major	Minor
5137	Thumb, ring and little	60	50
5138	Index, long and ring	50	40
5139	Index, long and little	50	40
5140	Index, ring and little	50	40
5141	Long, ring and little	40	30
T	wo digits of one hand, amputation of:		
5142	Thumb and index	50	40
5143	Thumb and long	50	40
5144	Thumb and ring	50	40
5145	Thumb and little	50	40
5146	Index and long	40	30
5147	Index and ring	40	30
5148	Index and little	40	30
5149	Long and ring	30	20
5150	Long and little	30	20
5151	Ring and little	30	20
,	 a) The ratings for multiple finger amputations apply to amputations at the proximal interphalangeal joints or through proximal phalanges b) Amputation through middle phalanges will be rated as prescribed for unfavorable ankylosis of the fingers 		

AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

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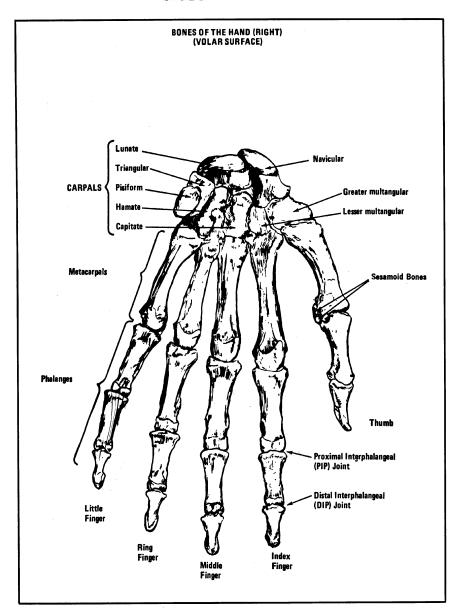
AMPUTATIONS: UPPER EXTREMITY—Continued

	Rat	ing		Rati	ing
	Major	Minor		Major	Minor
(c) Amputations at distal joints, or through distal phalanges, other than			With metacarpal resection At metacarpophalangeal joint or through	40	30
negligible losses, will be rated as pre-			proximal phalanx	30	20
scribed for favorable ankylosis of the fingers			At distal joint or through distal phalanx 5153 Index finger, amputation of	20	20
(d) Amputation or resection of meta- carpal bones (more than one-half the bone lost) in multiple fingers injuries			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi- mal interphalangeal joint or proximal	30	20
will require a rating of 10 percent added to (not combined with) the rat-			thereto	20	20
ings, multiple finger amputations, sub- ject to the amputation rule applied to			Through middle phalanx or at distal joint 5154 Long finger, amputation of:	10	10
the forearm. e) Combinations of finger amputations at various levels, or finger amputa-			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	20
tions with ankylosis or limitation of motion of the fingers will be rated on the basis of the grade of disability;			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto	10	10
i.e., amputation, unfavorable anky- losis, most representative of the lev- els or combinations. With an even			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	20
number of fingers involved, and adja- cent grades of disability, select the higher of the two grades.			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto	10	10
f) Loss of use of the hand will be held to exist when no effective function re-			With metacarpal resection (more than one-half the bone lost) Without metacarpal resection, at proxi-	20	20
mains other than that which would be equally well served by an amputation stump with a suitable prosthetic applicance.			mal interphalangeal joint or proximal thereto NOTE: The single finger amputation rat- ings are the only applicable ratings	10	10
SINGLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS			for amputations of whole or part of single fingers.		

5152 Thumb, amputation of:

¹ Entitled to special monthly compensation.

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SINGLE FINGER AMPUTATIONS

PLATE III

AMPUTATIONS: LOWER EXTREMITY

	Rat- ing
Thigh, amputation of:	
5160 Disarticulation, with loss of extrinsic pelvic gir-	
dle muscles	² 90
5161 Upper third, one-third of the distance from	
perineum to knee joint measured from perineum	² 80
5162 Middle or lower thirds	² 60
Leg, amputation of:	
5163 With defective stump, thigh amputation rec-	
ommended	² 60
5164 Amputation not improvable by prosthesis con-	
trolled by natural knee action	² 60
5165 At a lower level, permitting prosthesis	² 40
5166 Forefoot, amputation proximal to metatarsal	
bones (more than one-half of metatarsal loss)	² 40
5167 Foot, loss of use of	² 40

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AMPUTATIONS: LOWER EXTREMITY—Continued

	Rat- ing
5170 Toes, all, amputation of, without metatarsal loss	30
5171 Toe, great, amputation of: With removal of metatarsal head	30
Without metatarsal involvement	10
5172 Toes, other than great, amputation of, with re- moval of metatarsal head:	
One or two	20
Without metatarsal involvement	0
5173 Toes, three or four, amputation of, without metatarsal involvement:	
Including great toe	20
Not including great toe	10

² Also entitled to special monthly compensation.

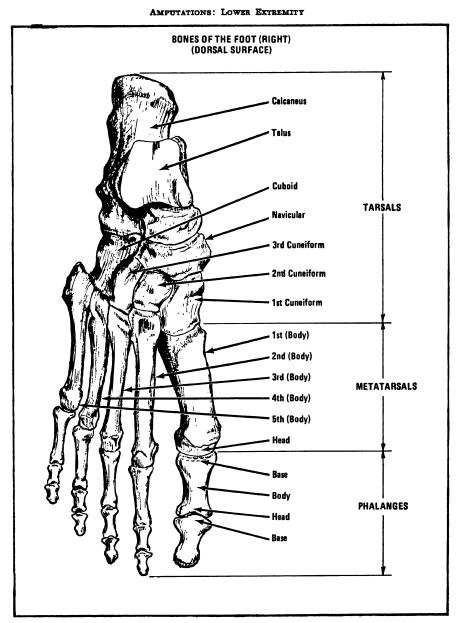


PLATE IV

THE SHOULDER AND ARM

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
5200 Scapulohumeral articulation, anky-		
losis of:		
NOTE: The scapula and humerus move		
as one piece.		
Unfavorable, abduction limited to 25°		
from side	50	40
Intermediate between favorable and un-		
favorable	40	30
Favorable, abduction to 60°, can reach		
mouth and head	30	20
5201 Arm, limitation of motion of:		
To 25° from side	40	30
Midway between side and shoulder		
level	30	20
At shoulder level	20	20
5202 Humerus, other impairment of:		
Loss of head of (flail shoulder)	80	70
Nonunion of (false flail joint)	60	50
Fibrous union of	50	40
Recurrent dislocation of at		
scapulohumeral joint.		
With frequent episodes and guard-		
ing of all arm movements	30	20
With infrequent episodes, and		
guarding of movement only at		
shoulder level	20	20
Malunion of:		
Marked deformity	30	20
Moderate deformity	20	20
5203 Clavicle or scapula, impairment of:		
Dislocation of	20	20
Nonunion of:		
With loose movement	20	20
Without loose movement	10	10
Malunion of	10	10
Or rate on impairment of function of		
contiguous joint.		

THE ELBOW AND FOREARM

	Rat	Rating	
	Major	Minor	
5205 Elbow, ankylosis of:			
Unfavorable, at an angle of less than			
50° or with complete loss of			
supination or pronation	60	50	
Intermediate, at an angle of more than			
90°, or between 70° and 50°	50	40	
Favorable, at an angle between 90° and			
70°	40	30	
5206 Forearm, limitation of flexion of:			
Flexion limited to 45°	50	40	
Flexion limited to 55°	40	30	
Flexion limited to 70°	30	20	
Flexion limited to 90°	20	20	
Flexion limited to 100°	10	10	
Flexion limited to 110°	0	(
5207 Forearm, limitation of extension of:			
Extension limited to 110°	50	40	
Extension limited to 100°	40	30	
Extension limited to 90°	30	20	
Extension limited to 75°	20	20	
Extension limited to 60°	10	10	
Extension limited to 45°	10	10	
5208 Forearm, flexion limited to 100° and			
extension to 45°	20	20	
5209 Elbow, other impairment of Flail joint	60	50	

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THE ELBOW AND FOREARM—Continued

	Rating	
	Major	Mino
Joint fracture, with marked cubitus varus or cubitus valgus deformity or with ununited fracture of head of ra-		
dius	20	2
flail false joint	50	4
5211 Ulna, impairment of: Nonunion in upper half, with false movement: With loss of bone substance (1 inch		
(2.5 cms.) or more) and marked deformity	40	:
Without loss of bone substance or	30	
deformity Nonunion in lower half	20	
Malunion of, with bad alignment	10	-
5212 Radius, impairment of:	10	
Nonunion in lower half, with false move-		
ment:		
With loss of bone substance (1 inch		
(2.5 cms.) or more) and marked	40	
deformity Without loss of bone substance or	40	
deformity	30	
Nonunion in upper half	20	
Malunion of, with bad alignment	10	-
5213 Supination and pronation, impairment		
of:		
Loss of (bone fusion):		
The hand fixed in supination or		
hyperpronation	40	3
The hand fixed in full pronation	30	2
The hand fixed near the middle of		
the arc or moderate pronation	20	2
Limitation of pronation:		
Motion lost beyond middle of arc	30	2
Motion lost beyond last quarter of		
arc, the hand does not approach full pronation	20	
Limitation of supination:	20	4
To 30° or less	10	
NOTE: In all the forearm and wrist inju-	'0	
ries, codes 5205 through 5213, mul-		
tiple impaired finger movements due		
to tendon tie-up, muscle or nerve in-		
jury, are to be separately rated and		
combined not to exceed rating for		
loss of use of hand.		

THE WRIST

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
 5214 Wrist, ankylosis of: Unfavorable, in any degree of palmar flexion, or with ulnar or radial devi- ation or with ulnar or radial devi- Any other position, except favorable Favorable in 20° to 30° dorsiflexion NOTE: Extremely unfavorable ankylosis will be rated as loss of use of hands under diagnostic code 5125. 5215 Wrist, limitation of motion of: 	50 40 30	40 30 20
Dorsiflexion less than 15°	10	10
Palmar flexion limited in line with fore- arm	10	10

§4.71a

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—CONTINUED

	Rat	ing		Rat	ing
	Major	Minor		Major	Minc
1) For the index, long, ring, and little fingers			(iv) If only the metacarpophalangeal		
(digits II, III, IV, and V), zero degrees of			or proximal interphalangeal joint		
flexion represents the fingers fully ex-			is ankylosed, and there is a gap		
tended, making a straight line with the rest			of two inches (5.1 cm.) or less		
of the hand. The position of function of the			between the fingertip(s) and the		
hand is with the wrist dorsiflexed 20 to 30			proximal transverse crease of the		
degrees, the metacarpophalangeal and			palm, with the finger(s) flexed to the extent possible, evaluate as		
proximal interphalangeal joints flexed to			favorable ankylosis		
30 degrees, and the thumb (digit I) ab- ducted and rotated so that the thumb pad			(4) Evaluation of ankylosis of the thumb:		
faces the finger pads. Only joints in these			(i) If both the carpometacarpal and		
positions are considered to be in favorable			interphalangeal joints are		
position. For digits II through V, the			ankylosed, and either is in exten-		
metacarpophalangeal joint has a range of			sion or full flexion, or there is ro-		
zero to 90 degrees of flexion, the proximal			tation or angulation of a bone,		
interphalangeal joint has a range of zero			evaluate as amputation at		
to 100 degrees of flexion, and the distal			metacarpophalangeal joint or		
(terminal) interphalangeal joint has a			through proximal phalanx (ii) If both the carpometacarpal and		
range of zero to 70 or 80 degrees of flex-			interphalangeal joints are		
ion			ankylosed, evaluate as unfavor-		
?) When two or more digits of the same			able ankylosis, even if each joint		
hand are affected by any combination of amputation, ankylosis, or limitation of mo-			is individually fixed in a favorable		
tion that is not otherwise specified in the			position		
rating schedule, the evaluation level as-			(iii) If only the carpometacarpal or		
signed will be that which best represents			interphalangeal joint is		
the overall disability (i.e., amputation, un-			ankylosed, and there is a gap of		
favorable or favorable ankylosis, or limita-			more than two inches (5.1 cm.)		
tion of motion), assigning the higher level			between the thumb pad and the		
of evaluation when the level of disability is			fingers, with the thumb attempt- ing to oppose the fingers, evalu-		
equally balanced between one level and			ate as unfavorable ankylosis		
the next higher level			(iv) If only the carpometacarpal or		
B) Evaluation of ankylosis of the index,			interphalangeal joint is		
long, ring, and little fingers:			ankylosed, and there is a gap of		
(i) If both the metacarpophalangeal			two inches (5.1 cm.) or less be-		
and proximal interphalangeal			tween the thumb pad and the fin-		
joints of a digit are ankylosed,			gers, with the thumb attempting		
and either is in extension or full flexion, or there is rotation or an-			to oppose the fingers, evaluate		
gulation of a bone, evaluate as			as favorable ankylosis		
amputation without metacarpal			(5) If there is limitation of motion of two or		
resection, at proximal inter-			more digits, evaluate each digit separately and combine the evaluations		
phalangeal joint or proximal					
thereto			I. Multiple Digits: Unfavorable And	cylosis	
(ii) If both the metacarpophalangeal and proximal interphalangeal			5216 Five digits of one hand, unfavorable		
joints of a digit are ankylosed,			ankylosis of	60	
evaluate as unfavorable anky-			Note: Also consider whether evaluation as		
losis, even if each joint is individ-			amputation is warranted.		
ually fixed in a favorable position.			5217 Four digits of one hand, unfavorable		
(iii) If only the metacarpophalangeal			ankylosis of: Thumb and any three fingers	60	
or proximal interphalangeal joint			Index, long, ring, and little fingers	50	
is ankylosed, and there is a gap of more than two inches (5.1			Note: Also consider whether evaluation as		
cm.) between the fingertip(s) and			amputation is warranted.		
the proximal transverse crease of			5218 Three digits of one hand, unfavorable		
the palm, with the finger(s) flexed			ankylosis of:		
to the extent possible, evaluate			Thumb and any two fingers	50	
as unfavorable ankylosis			Index, long, and ring; index, long,		
			and little; or index, ring, and little		
			fingers	40	
			Long, ring, and little fingers Note: Also consider whether evaluation as	30	
			amputation is warranted.		
			5219 Two digits of one hand, unfavorable		
			ankylosis of:		
			Thumb and any finger	40	

EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—Continued

	Rating	
	Major	Minor
Index and long; index and ring; or index and little fingers Long and ring; long and little; or	30	20
Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted.	20	20
II. Multiple Digits: Favorable Anky	ylosis	
5220 Five digits of one hand, favorable an- kylosis of	50	40
Thumb and any three fingers	50	40
Index, long, ring, and little fingers 5222 Three digits of one hand, favorable an- kylosis of:	40	30
Thumb and any two fingers Index, long, and ring; index, long, and little; or index, ring, and little	40	30
fingers	30	20
Long, ring and little fingers 5223 Two digits of one hand, favorable an- kylosis of:	20	20
Thumb and any finger Index and long; index and ring; or	30	20
index and little fingers Long and ring; long and little; or	20	20
ring and little fingers	10	10
III. Ankylosis of Individual Dig	its	
5224 Thumb, ankylosis of: Unfavorable	20	20
Favorable	10	10

	20	
Favorable	10	
Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted and whether an additional evaluation is warranted for re- sulting limitation of motion of other digits or interference with overall function of the hand.		
5225 Index finger, ankylosis of:		
Unfavorable or favorable	10	
Note: Also consider whether evaluation as amputation is warranted and whether an additional evaluation is warranted for re- sulting limitation of motion of other digits or interference with overall function of the hand.		
5226 Long finger, ankylosis of:		
Unfavorable or favorable	10	
Unfavorable or favorable	01	

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EVALUATION OF ANKYLOSIS OR LIMITATION OF MOTION OF SINGLE OR MULTIPLE DIGITS OF THE HAND—CONTINUED

		Rating	
		Major	Mino
amp add sulti	Also consider whether evaluation as outation is warranted and whether an itional evaluation is warranted for re- ng limitation of motion of other digits iterference with overall function of the d.		
	IV. Limitation of Motion of Individua	al Digits	
5228	Thumb, limitation of motion: With a gap of more than two inches (5.1 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with the thumb		
	attempting to oppose the fingers With a gap of one to two inches (2.5 to 5.1 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with the thumb attempting to oppose	20	2
	the fingers With a gap of less than one inch (2.5 cm.) between the thumb pad and the fingers, with the thumb	10	1
5229 tion:	attempting to oppose the fingers Index or long finger, limitation of mo-	0	
	With a gap of one inch (2.5 cm.) or more between the fingertip and the proximal transverse crease of the palm, with the finger flexed to the extent possible, or; with ex- tension limited by more than 30 degrees	10	1
5230 tion	and; extension is limited by no more than 30 degrees Ring or little finger, limitation of mo-	0	1
lion	Any limitation of motion	0	

THE SPINE

	Rat- ing
General Rating Formula for Diseases and Injuries of the Spine	
(For diagnostic codes 5235 to 5243 unless 5243 is evaluated under the Formula for Rating Intervertebral Disc Syndrome Based on Incapaci- tating Episodes):	
With or without symptoms such as pain (whther or not it radiates), stiffness, or aching in the area of the spine affected by residuals of injury or disease	
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire spine	100
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire thoracolumbar spine	50

10

THE SPINE—Continued

THE SPINE—Continued

THE SPINE—Continued		THE SPINE—Continued	
	Rat- ing		Rat- ing
Unfavorable ankylosis of the entire cervical spine; or, forward flexion of the thoracolumbar spine 30 degrees or less; or, favorable an- kylosis of the entire thoracolumbar spine	40 30 20	 Note (2): (See also Plate V.) For VA compensation purposes, normal forward flexion of the cervical spine is zero to 45 degrees, extension is zero to 45 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 45 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 80 degrees. Normal forward flexion of the thoracolumbar spine is zero to 90 degrees, extension is zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 30 degrees, left and right lateral flexion are zero to 30 degrees. Heft and right lateral flexion, are zero to 30 degrees. The combined range of motion refers to the sum of the range of forward flexion, extension, left and right lateral flexion, and left and right rotation. The normal combined range of motion of the cervical spine is 340 degrees and of the thoracolumbar spine is 240 degrees. The normal ranges of motion for each component of spinal motion provided in this note are the maximum that can be used for calculation of the combined range of motion. Note (3): In exceptional cases, an examiner may state that because of age, body habitus, neurologic disease, or other factors not the result of disease or injury of the spine, the range of motion stated in Note (2). Provided that the examiner supplies an explanation, the examiner's assessment that the range of motion is normal for that individual will be accepted. Note (4): Round each range of motion measurement to the nearest five degrees. Note (4): For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis is a condition in which the entire cervical spine, is fixed in flexion or extension, and the ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breatting limited to diaphragmatic restricted opening of the mouth and chewing is restricted opening of the mouth and	
greater than 170 degrees but not greater than 335 degrees; or, muscle spasm, guarding, or lo- calized tenderness not resulting in abnormal gait or abnormal spi- nal contour; or, vertebral body fracture with loss of 50 percent or more of the height	10	piration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to nerve root stretching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neural position (zero degrees) always represents favorable ankylosis. Note (6): Separately evaluate disability of the thoracolumbar and cervical spine segments, ex- cept when there is unfavorable ankylosis of both segments, which will be rated as a single disability. 5235 Vertebral fracture or dislocation 5236 Sacroiliac injury and weakness	
		 5237 Lumbosacral or cervical strain 5238 Spinal stenosis 5239 Spondylolisthesis or segmental instability 5240 Ankylosing spondylitis 5241 Spinal fusion 5242 Degenerative arthritis of the spine (see also diagnostic code 5003) 5243 Intervertebral disc syndrome Evaluate intervertebral disc syndrome (preoperatively) or postoperatively) either under the General Rating Formula for Diseases and Injuries of the Spine or under the Formula for Rating Intervertebral Disc Syndrome Based on Incapacitating Episodes, whichever method results in the higher evaluation when all disabilities are combined under §4.25. 	

THE SPINE—Continued

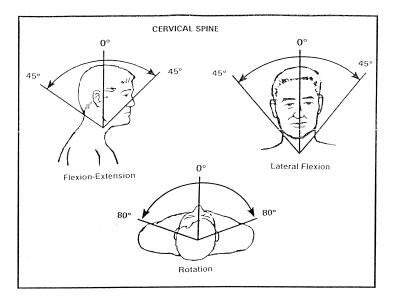
	Rat- ing
Formula for Rating Intervertebral Disc Syndrome Based on Incapacitating Episodes	
With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least 6 weeks during the past 12 months With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks during	60
the past 12 months With incapacitating episodes having a total duration	40
of at least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks during the past 12 months	20

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THE SPINE—Continued

	Rat- ing
With incapacitating episodes having a total duration of at least one week but less than 2 weeks during	
the past 12 months	10

Note (1): For purposes of evaluations under diagnostic code 5243, an incapacitating episode is a period of acute signs and symptoms due to intervertebral disc syndrome that requires bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician. Note (2): If intervertebral disc syndrome is present in more than one spinal segment, provided that the effects in each spinal segment are clearly distinct, evaluate each segment on the basis of incapacitating episodes or under the General Rating Formula for Diseases and Injuries of the Spine, whichever method results in a higher evaluation for that segment.



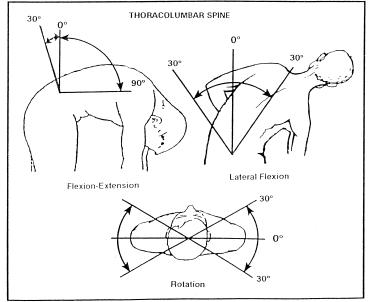


PLATE V RANGE OF MOTION OF CERVICAL AND THORACOLUMBAR SPINE

THE HIP AND THIGH

	Rat- ing
5250 Hip, ankylosis of:	
Unfavorable, extremely unfavorable ankylosis,	
the foot not reaching ground, crutches neces-	
sitated	з90
Intermediate	70
Favorable, in flexion at an angle between 20°	
and 40°, and slight adduction or abduction	60
5251 Thigh, limitation of extension of:	
Extension limited to 5°	10
5252 Thigh, limitation of flexion of:	
Flexion limited to 10°	40
Flexion limited to 20°	30
Flexion limited to 30°	20
Flexion limited to 45°	10
5253 Thigh, impairment of:	
Limitation of abduction of, motion lost beyond	
10°	20
Limitation of adduction of, cannot cross legs	10
Limitation of rotation of, cannot toe-out more	
than 15°, affected leg	10
5254 Hip, flail joint	80
5255 Femur, impairment of:	
Fracture of shaft or anatomical neck of:	
With nonunion, with loose motion (spiral or	
oblique fracture)	80
With nonunion, without loose motion,	
weightbearing preserved with aid of brace	60
Fracture of surgical neck of, with false joint	60
Malunion of:	
With marked knee or hip disability	30
With moderate knee or hip disability	20
With slight knee or hip disability	10

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THE KNEE AND LEG-Continued

	Rat- ing
With moderate knee or ankle disability	20
With slight knee or ankle disability	10
5263 Genu recurvatum (acquired, traumatic, with weakness and insecurity in weight-bearing objec-	
tively demonstrated)	10

THE ANKLE

	Rat- ing
5270 Ankle, ankylosis of:	
In plantar flexion at more than 40°, or in	
dorsiflexion at more than 10° or with abduc-	
tion, adduction, inversion or eversion deformity	40
In plantar flexion, between 30° and 40°, or in	
dorsiflexion, between 0° and 10°	30
In plantar flexion, less than 30°	20
5271 Ankle, limited motion of:	
Marked	20
Moderate	10
5272 Subastragalar or tarsal joint, ankylosis of:	
In poor weight-bearing position	20
In good weight-bearing position	10
5273 Os calcis or astragalus, malunion of:	
Marked deformity	20
Moderate deformity	10
5274 Astragalectomy	20

³Entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE KNEE AND LEG

	Rat- ing
5256 Knee, ankylosis of:	
Extremely unfavorable, in flexion at an angle of	
45° or more	60
In flexion between 20° and 45°	50
In flexion between 10° and 20°	40
Favorable angle in full extension, or in slight	
flexion between 0° and 10°	30
5257 Knee, other impairment of:	
Recurrent subluxation or lateral instability:	
Severe	30
Moderate	20
Slight	10
5258 Cartilage, semilunar, dislocated, with frequent	
episodes of "locking," pain, and effusion into the	00
joint	20
5259 Cartilage, semilunar, removal of, symptomatic 5260 Leg, limitation of flexion of:	10
Flexion limited to 15°	30
Flexion limited to 30°	20
Flexion limited to 45°	10
Flexion limited to 60°	0
5261 Leg, limitation of extension of:	Ŭ
Extension limited to 45°	50
Extension limited to 30°	40
Extension limited to 20°	30
Extension limited to 15°	20
Extension limited to 10°	10
Extension limited to 5°	0
5262 Tibia and fibula, impairment of:	
Nonunion of, with loose motion, requiring brace	40
Malunion of:	
With marked knee or ankle disability	30

SHORTENING OF THE LOWER EXTREMITY

	Rat- ing
 5275 Bones, of the lower extremity, shortening of: Over 4 inches (10.2 cms.) 3½ to 4 inches (8.9 cms. to 10.2 cms.) 3 to 3½ inches (7.6 cms. to 8.9 cms.) 2½ to 3 inches (6.4 cms. to 7.6 cms.) 2½ to 2 inches (5.1 cms. to 6.4 cms.) 1¼ to 2 inches (3.2 cms. to 5.1 cms.) NOTE: Measure both lower extremities from anterior superior spine of the ilium to the internal malleolus of the tibia. Not to be combined with other ratings for fracture or faulty union in the same extremity. 	³ 60 ³ 50 40 30 20 10

³Also entitled to special monthly compensation.

THE FOOT

	Rat- ing
 5276 Flatfoot, acquired: Pronounced; marked pronation, extreme tenderness of plantar surfaces of the feet, marked inward displacement and severe spasm of the tendo achillis on manipulation, not improved by orthopedic shoes or appliances. Bilateral Unilateral Severe; objective evidence of marked deformity (pronation, abduction, etc.), pain on manipulation and use accentuated, indication of swelling on use, characteristic callosities: 	50 30
Bilateral Unilateral	30

THE FOOT—Continued

	Rat- ing
Moderate; weight-bearing line over or medial to great toe, inward bowing of the tendo achillis, pain on manipulation and use of the feet, bilat- eral or unilateral	10 0
Rate the underlying condition, minimum rat- ing	10
dropped forefoot, all toes hammer toes, very painful callosities, marked varus deformity: Bilateral Unilateral All toes tending to dorsiflexion, limitation of dorsiflexion at ankle to right angle, shortened plantar fascia, and marked tenderness under metatarsal heads:	50 30
Bilateral Unilateral Great toe dorsiflexed, some limitation of dorsiflexion at ankle, definite tenderness under metatarsal heads:	30 20
Bilateral Unilateral Slight 5279 Metatarsalgia, anterior (Morton's disease),	10 10 0
unilateral, or bilateral 5280 Hallux valgus, unilateral:	10
Operated with resection of metatarsal head Severe, if equivalent to amputation of great toe 5281 Hallux rigidus, unilateral, severe: Rate as hallux valgus, severe. Note: Not to be combined with claw foot ratings.	10 10
5282 Hammer toe: All toes, unilateral without claw foot Single toes	10 0
nonunion of: Severe	30 20 10
5284 ['] Foot injuries, other: Severe Moderately severe Moderate	30 20 10

THE SKULL

	Rat- ing
5296 Skull, loss of part of, both inner and o bles:	outer ta-
With brain hernia	
Without brain hernia:	
Area larger than size of a 50-cent p	
1.140 in ² (7.355 cm ²)	
Area intermediate	
Area smaller than the size of a	25-cent
piece or 0.716 in 2 (4.619 cm 2)	10

THE SKULL—Continued

	Rat-
	ing
NOTE: Rate separately for intracranial com- plications.	

THE RIBS

	Rat- ing
5297 Ribs, removal of:	
More than six	50
Five or six	40
Three or four	30
Тwo	20
One or resection of two or more ribs without re-	
generation	10
NOTE (1): The rating for rib resection or removal is not to be applied with ratings for purrulent pleurisy, lobectomy, pneumonectomy or inju- ries of pleural cavity.	
NOTE (2): However, rib resection will be consid- ered as rib removal in thoracoplasty performed for collapse therapy or to accomplish oblitera- tion of space and will be combined with the rating for lung collapse, or with the rating for lobectomy, pneumonectomy or the graduated ratings for pulmonary tuberculosis.	

THE COCCYX

	Rat- ing
5298 Coccyx, removal of:	
Partial or complete, with painful residuals	10
Without painful residuals	0

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1155)

[29 FR 6718, May 22, 1964, as amended at 34 FR 5062, Mar. 11, 1969; 40 FR 42536, Sept. 15, 1975; 41 FR 11294, Mar. 18, 1976; 43 FR 45350, Oct. 2, 1978; 51 FR 6411, Feb. 24, 1986; 61 FR 20439, May 7, 1996; 67 FR 48785, July 26, 2002; 68 FR 51456, Aug. 27, 2003; 69 FR 32450, June 10, 2004]

§4.72 [Reserved]

§4.73 Schedule of ratings—muscle injuries.

NOTE: When evaluating any claim involving muscle injuries resulting in loss of use of any extremity or loss of use of both buttocks (diagnostic code 5317, Muscle Group XVII), refer to \$3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation.

§4.73