Developing Aoristic Network Analysis on London's Transport System

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Introduction

- Why needed?
- Where to start?
- Current analytical capability
- Progress to date
- Limitations to be overcome
- Future developments

Why Needed?

- It's a busy system!
- Nature of offending
 - Static v Non-Static events
 - % of offences that occur without defined location
 - High volume (e.g. Theft)
- Expanding network & population thereby increasing the challenge

Where to start?

- Multi-modal approach?
- Develop proof of concept
 - Start small
 - Underground
 - Smallest Network
 - Supplementary information
 - Theft
 - Highest volume offence
 - Lowest detected offence
 - On train / on route offending
 - Opening of European borders
 - Possible change of offending

Where to start?



How is this currently analysed?

- Fortnightly tasking meetings
- Manual process
 - -~150 offences per week (almost 8,000 p.a.)
- Start / End stations reporting
 - E.g. Edinburgh to London Victoria
- Limitations
 - Time-consuming
 - No consideration of supplementary factors
 - Lack of specialist spatial analysis capability within BTP







What is Aoristic Analysis?

- "Aoristic is from the Greek term Aorist, defined in the Shorter Oxford English Dictionary as "without defined occurrence in time."
- "One of the problems with analysing crime is achieving temporal accuracy when the exact time and date of many crimes is unknown. This can occur if a family goes on holiday for two weeks and return to find their home burgled. Not knowing the exact date can be a problem for analysing crime accurately, but an aoristic search can help, and can also reveal different patterns not seen in other types of analyses."

• "One of the problems with analysing crime is achieving *spatial* accuracy *where* the exact *location* of many crimes *upon a network* is unknown."

Time spans



END date/time

Time span



Which burglaries occurred on Saturday?

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Start End Friday Saturday Sunday

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Aoristic values



Doesn't make sense to analyse by

- Specifically defined sections of the underground
- Average / mid-point of the journey
- Start / end locations

Aoristic value (AV)

AV = journey/total segments

- My journey to work
- Kings Cross to Victoria (Victoria Line)
 - 6 stations with 5 segments, therefore
 - Value per segment = 1 / 5

= 0.2



But is this truly reflective?

- Time taken to travel on a segment
- Number of passengers travelling a segment
- -Time of day / day of week

Aoristic value (additional factors)

AV = (journey/no. of segments) x T x P

• Where

T = time taken to travel the segment P = passengers travelling the segment



Visualising Aoristic Network Values



- My journey to work
- Thematic line map indicating weighted network of where offences occurred

Visualising Aoristic Network Values



 My journey to work

 Hmm looking less safe....

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Visualising Aoristic Network Values



 My journey to work

 I'd better watch my pockets!

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Limitations

- Not automated
- Untested
- Not multi-directional
- Segment time data
- Passenger data

Passengers

Chart 2.4.4 Weekday and weekend Underground journey stages by hour of departure (2005/06)

Source: LUL Entry Counts Enquiries: 020 7918 4492



Benefits

- Complements intelligence / analysis
- Other offences besides theft
- Feedback mechanism data quality
- Refined understanding of crime

Evaluation

- Automated tool
- BTP to deploy officers against suggested areas
- Refinement of process

Future Developments

- Phase 1: Underground
- Phase 2: Overground network
 - BTP policed also
 - But adds complexity
- Phase 3: Bus network

 Not as easy to utilise as due to non-landmark nature of bus stops and multiple bus services operating along same route/roads.



Thank You

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Useful Links Jerry Ratcliffe www.jratcliffe.net Andrew Newton http://wcr.sonoma.edu/v5n3/manuscripts/newton.pdf

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