

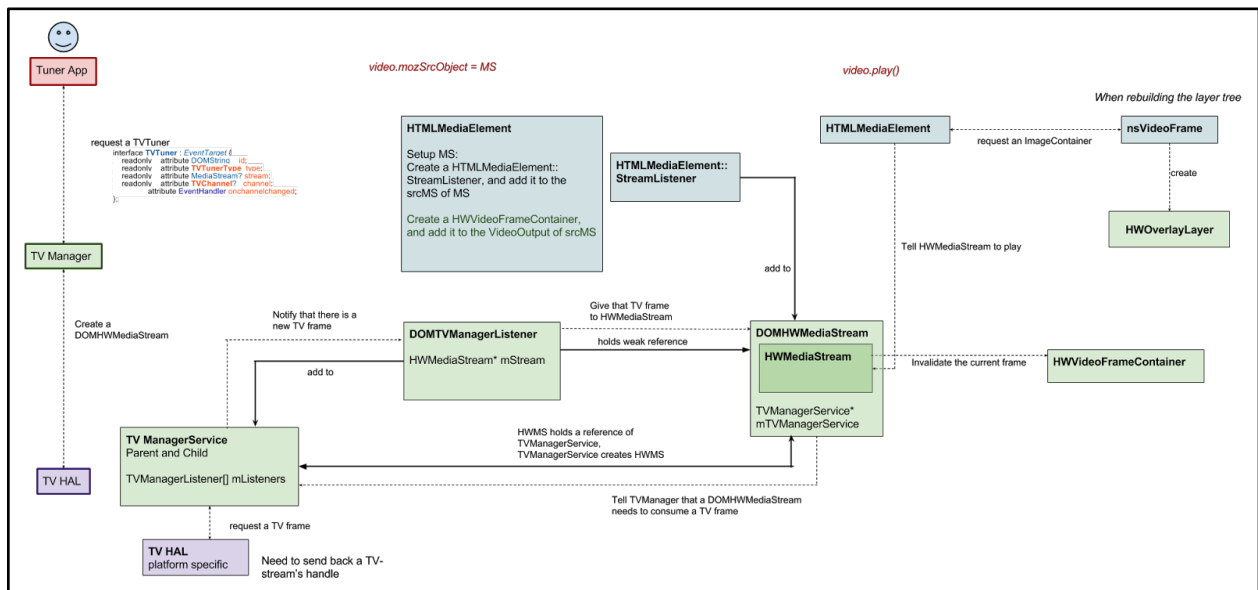
Design Document of Image Layer for TV

Goals:

Providing a new layer type for those platforms use a hardware overlay(a component which receives video input directly, instead of receiving decoded data, and overlays with other RGB layers to the screen) to display TV video with UI.

Background knowledge:

1. The BSP and developing environment
The vendor uses an Posix compliant OS(not linux). Android's HAL and Gonk on Android are also absent in the developing environment. Currently it only uses CompositorOGL to do all the composition jobs.
2. There are two devices that are related to the TV streaming: TV Tuner and TV player.
The TV Tuner selects TV channel and video input. And the TV player performs the overlaying and scaling jobs. Here we only need to deal with TV Player device.
3. Components of TV



The streaming of TV is similar to the previewing of camera from MediaStream's aspect. The video can only be started and stopped, but seeking. As the description in TV Media Structure (<https://docs.google.com/a/mozilla.com/drawings/d/>)

[1xa5vWmWZejTYHAORkLvn4VsWwt12H0FMQH6lsKKITGw/edit](https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=987498)), the relationship between HWOverlay, nsVideoFrame, HTMLMediaElement and HWMediaStream are illustrated in above figure. HWMediaStream is the MediaStream class dedicated for TV, and HTMLMediaElement will be created when a TV VideoTag is presented. The corresponding bug is https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=987498 .

Requirements:

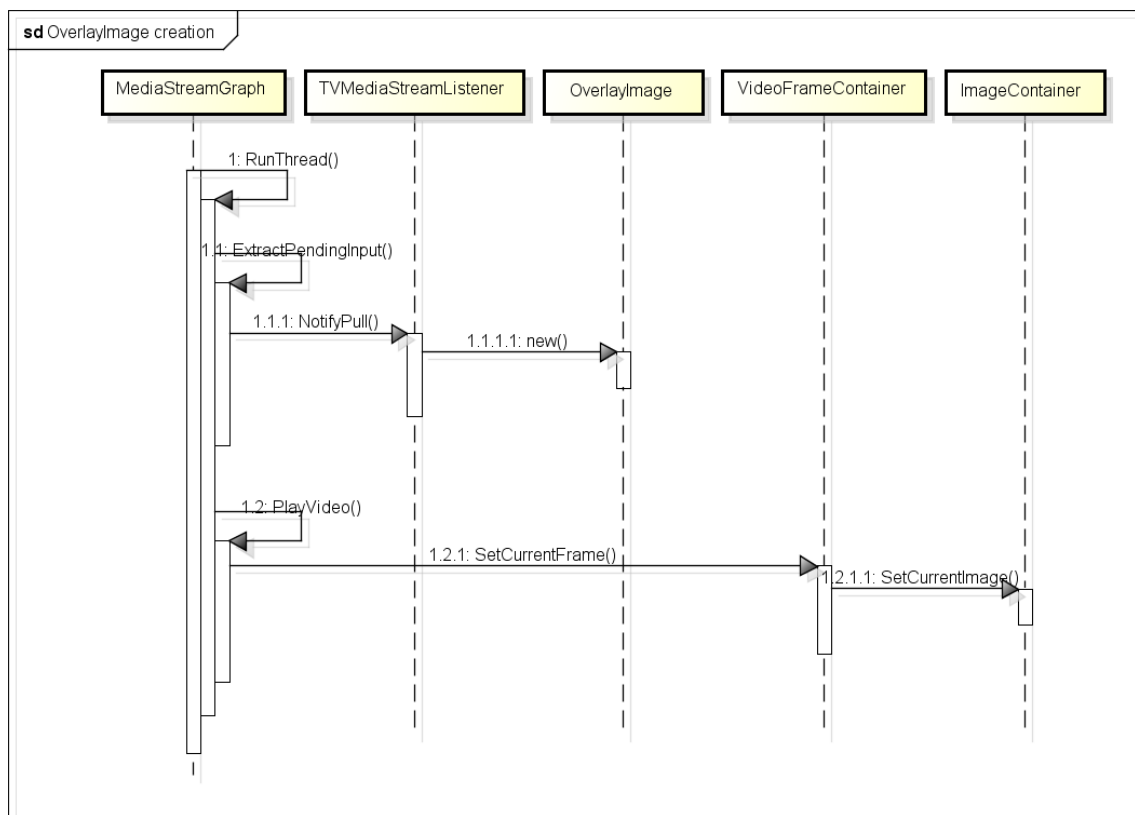
1. A video tag will be used to present a TV screen, and then a an image layer with new type will also be created in layer tree for composition. The TV screen could be presented as full screen or in a relative small window, and the input may be one of following source: tuner, HDMI, camera, and recorded video file. Due to the Image Layer for TV has no actual pixel data, we need to introduce a new kind of image class - OverlayImage, to provide a placeholder for Image Layer of TV input, which only contain size, position, and handles relative to TV manager.
2. Unlike the image updating process of Camera preview - whenever VideoFrameContainer:: SetCurrentFrame() is called, the OverlayImage is not always need to be updated. It would be only updated whenever there are changes relative to geometry or input changes of TV, such as:
 - a. TV window resizing,
 - b. Input changes: i.e. from TV to HDMI,
 - c. Two inputs are presented in the same time, such as PIP(Picture in picture), POP(picture outside picture), and PAP(picture and picture) mode.
3. While the Image Layer gets composed, CompositorOGL should make a transparent area for TV layer in the RGBA buffer(where UI layers are composed). Due to the hardware overlay places the RGB(UI) layers above the Image Layer of TV, the transparent area is used in order to let TV layer be shown through the specified area.
4. Introduce HwcComposer2D to this TV project to overlay UI/RGB layer and Image Layer of TV. Setting size and position of TV input should be performed in corresponding HAL functions, which be called by the composition function of HwcComposer2D.

High Level Design

1. OverlayImage

a. Initialization

From the design of [bug#987498](#), there is a dedicated stream listener for TV - TVMediaStreamListener. The OverlayImage class should be created by TVMediaStreamListener, and then MediaStreamGraphImpl will pass the image to ImageContainer through SetCurrentFrame(). OverlayImage should only be created once per TV input, not every time when SetCurrentFrame() is called(which is the case of camera previewing).



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b. Composition

While compositing, a transparent area which correspond to the layer of TV screen needs to be made, to let TV image be shown through the specified area. ImageLayerComposite should prepare an specific effect chain in RenderLayer(), and then CompositorOGL can use this hint to punch a rectangle hole in DrawQuad().

2. HwcComposer2D

By introducing HwcComposer2D, we can perform the overlay function through Commit(). As the design in Android gonk, the vendor should implement driver manipulation job in the HWC HAL, such that HwcComposer2D can call corresponding HAL functions - set(), prepare(), and query().

