Bugzilla ID: 926029
Bugzilla Summary: CFCA (China Financial Certification Authority) root CA

CAs wishing to have their certificates included in Mozilla products must

1) Comply with the requirements of the Mozilla CA certificate policy (http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/certs/policy/)
2) Supply all of the information listed in http://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Information_checklist.
    a. Review the Recommended Practices at https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Recommended_Practices
    b. Review the Potentially Problematic Practices at https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Problematic_Practices

General information about the CA's associated organization

CA Company Name	China Financial Certification Authority (CFCA)
Website URL	http://www.cfca.com.cn/
Organizational type	Established on June 29, 2000, China Financial Certification Authority (CFCA) is a national authority of security authentication approved by the People's Bank of China and state information security administration. CFCA is a critical national infrastructure of financial information security and one of the first certification service suppliers granted a certification service license after the release of the Electronic Signature Law of the People's Republic of China.
Primark Market / Customer Base	SSL Certificates can be used in the areas such as online banking, e---commence, e---politic, enterprise informatization and public services and so on. CFCA's customers are throughout People's Republic of China, and it's in the leading position in Chinese CA industry for years in terms of business size, security and technology. There are more than 300 Chinese banks that are using CFCA's certificates to ensure the security of online banking trade.
Impact to Mozilla Users	CFCA is the top one of China's CAs, certificates issued by CFCA has accumulated over 100,000,000 for now, which accounts for more than 50% of the total amount of certificates issued in China. Certificate users of which using firefox requires CFCA's root certificate to be included in Mozilla's products.
Inclusion in other major browsers	Internet Explorer http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/14215.windows-and-windows-phone-8-ssl-root-certificate-program-member-cas.aspx
CA Contact Information	CA Email Alias: gxzhao@cfca.com.cn CA Phone Number: 8610---83528031 Title / Department: Risk management supervisor/ Business management department

Technical information about each root certificate

Certificate Name	CFCA EV ROOT
Certificate Issuer Field	CN = CFCA EV ROOT O = China Financial Certification Authority C = CN

Certificate Summary	This root certificate has one internally---operated intermediate certificate that issues EV certificates.
Root Cert URL	https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/attachment.cgi?id=8356494
SHA1 Fingerprint	E2:B8:29:4B:55:84:AB:6B:58:C2:90:46:6C:AC:3F:B8:39:8F:84:83
Valid From	2012---08---08
Valid To	2029---12---31
Certificate Version	3
Certificate Signature Algorithm	SHA---256
Signing key parameters	4096
Test Website URL	https://pub.cebnet.com.cn
CRL URL	http://crl.cfca.com.cn/evoca/RSA/crl1.crl
OCSP URL	http://ocsp.cfca.com.cn/ocsp/
Requested Trust Bits	Websites (SSL/TLS)
SSL Validation Type	EV
EV Policy OID(s)	2.16.156.112554.3 EV Testing success: https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/attachment.cgi?id=8385883
Non---sequential serial numbers and entropy in cert	20 bits of unpredictable random data will be include in serial number of new end---entity certificates.

CA Hierarchy information for each root certificate

CA Hierarchy	CFCA EV ROOT has one internally---operated subordinate CA ------ CFCA EV OCA
Externally Operated SubCAs	CFCA EV root has no Externally Operated subCA.
Cross---Signing	N/A
Technical Constraints on Third---party Issuers	N/A

Verification Policies and Practices

Policy Documentation	CFCA Document repository: http://www.cfca.com.cn/us/us-09.htm CPS (English): http://www.cfca.com.cn/file/CFCA-1403-CPS-en.rar
Audit	Audit Type: WebTrust for CA, EV,BR Auditor: PricewaterhouseCoopers Baseline: https://cert.webtrust.org/ViewSeal?id=1787 (2014.9) EV: https://cert.webtrust.org/ViewSeal?id=1786 (2014.9) WebTrust: https://cert.webtrust.org/ViewSeal?id=1788 (2014.9)
Baseline Requirements (SSL)	CPS sections 1.1 and 9.17 BR Audit Statement: https://cert.webtrust.org/ViewSeal?id=1787 (2014.9)
Organization Verification Procedures	CPS section 3.2.2
SSL Verification Procedures	CPS section 3.2.2.3: Applications for SSL Certificates can only be submitted to CFCA, who accepts applications from both organizations and individuals. CFCA verifies not only the ID, address, and country of the applicant, but also the IP and the compliance of CSR. The procedures are as follows: CFCA performs a WHOIS inquiry on the internet for the domain name supplied by the applicant, to verify that the applicant is the entity to whom the domain name is registered. Where the WHOIS record indicates otherwise, CFCA will ask for a letter of authorization, or email to the register to inquiry whether the applicant has been authorized to use the domain name. To verify the public IP, the subscriber can supply a sealed paper document or email from the ISP showing the IP is allocated by the ISP to the applicant.

	CPS section 3.2.2.4: Applications for EV SSL Certificates can only be submitted to CFCA. The subject must be the domain name of the web server, not the IP address. The domain name must not contain wildcards. The applicants can only be private organizations, business entities, government entities and non---commercial entities and should meet the following requirements: …
Email Address Verification Procedures	EV system do not issue EMAIL Certificate.
Code Signing Subscriber Verification Procedures	EV system do not issue Code signing Certificate.
Multi---factor Authentication	For each account that can access the certificate issuance system, we use usbkey model SJK1232 in the procedure of authorization, this measure is apply to all accounts that can cause the approval and/or issuance of end---entity certificates
Network Security	CPS sections 5 and 6 CFCA maintain network security controls that meet the Network and Certificate System Security Requirements published at http://www.cabforum.org

Response to Mozilla's CA Recommended Practices (https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Recommended_Practices)

Publicly Available CP and CPS	See above
CA Hierarchy	See above
Audit Criteria	See above
Document Handling of IDNs in CP/CPS	N/A
Revocation of Compromised Certificates	CPS section 4.8.1
Verifying Domain Name Ownership	See above
Verifying Email Address Control	See above
Verifying Identity of Code Signing Certificate Subscriber	See above
DNS names go in SAN	For Multi---domain certificate each domain will containing the Fully---Qualified Domain Name or an iPAddress containing the IP address of a server, meet the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements.
Domain owned by a Natural Person	CFCA's follow this patternO = name of the person in the form as displayed in its IDOU = the string "natural person" EV can be bought only by organisation
OCSP	See above.

Response to Mozilla's list of Potentially Problematic Practices (https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Problematic_Practices)

Long---lived DV certificates	CFCA doesn't issue DV certs. issues OV and EV certs.
Wildcard DV SSL certificates	CFCA doesn't issue DV certs. issues OV and EV certs. CPS section 3.2.2.3: For application for wildcard domain name certificates, CFCA will verify the corresponding sub FQDN. For certificates with multiple domain names, CFCA will verify all the domain names listed.
Email Address Prefixes for DV Certs	CFCA doesn't issue DV certs. issues OV and EV certs.
Delegation of Domain / Email validation to third parties	CPS section 1.3.2: The RA function of the OCA2 and EV OCA system under the CFCA Global Trust System is performed by CFCA internally. The RA function of the OCA21 can be delegated to other organizations according to relevant norms. CPS section 1.4.1: The table shows that OCA21 cannot sign server (SSL) or code---signing certs.
Issuing end entity certificates directly from roots	CFCA issuing certificates using internally operated subordinate CAs
Allowing external entities to operate subordinate CAs	CFCA do not allow external entities to operate subordinate CAs
Distributing generated private keys in PKCS#12 files	CFCA will not generate the key pairs for their subscriber or any signer or SSL certificates.
Certificates referencing hostnames or private IP addresses	Yes. See CPS section 3.2.2.3 , 3.2.2.4, certificate hostname not resolvable through the public DNS will not pass our verification.And CFCA will not accept private IP addresses. (OV accept public IP, EV don't accept IP)
Issuing SSL Certificates for Internal Domains	See above
OCSP Responses signed by a certificate under a different root	CFCA's OCSP responses conform to RFC 2560, And passed BVT test using Firefox 26CFCA's OSCP sign cert is under same root .
CRL with critical CIDP Extension	CFCA issues full CRLs, but not partitioned CRLs, and never put critical CIDP extensions into full CRLs.
Generic names for CAs	Our CA name include "CFCA"
Lack of Communication With End Users	CFCA has 7*24 hour hotline(8610---4008809888) for end users.