Bugzilla ID: 851435

Bugzilla Summary: WoSign two root certificate inclusion application

CAs wishing to have their certificates included in Mozilla products must

- 1) Comply with the requirements of the Mozilla CA certificate policy (http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/certs/policy/)
- 2) Supply all of the information listed in http://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Information_checklist.
 - a. Review the Recommended Practices at https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Recommended_Practices
 - b. Review the Potentially Problematic Practices at https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Problematic_Practices

General information about the CA's associated organization

| CA Company Name | WoSign CA Limited |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Website URL | http://www.wosign.com/ |
| Organizational type | Private corporation |
| Primark Market / | Types of customers: General public |
| Customer Base | Vertical market segments: No. Applicable to all market segments. |
| | Geographic region? Starting in China market, with plans to expand into Japan and Korea. |
| Impact to Mozilla Users | WoSign is a private-owned CA in China which issues certificates to the general public. WoSign started their CA business in 2006 as a SubCA of Comodo. WoSign setup its own root CA in 2009 and started to issue certificates in 2011 under this root CA that cross signed with a Startcom CA. WoSign has issued thousands of certificates to China customers, WoSign SSL certificates are deployed in top 10 eCommerce websites in China; for bank, telecom, enterprise etc., and most software developers in China choose WoSign certificate since it supports Chinese. Currently, there are 3 state-owned CAs in China that joined this Program. We think the market needs a commercial CA to provide best products and best service; WoSign is a private owned company that has engaged in CA business for 8 years. We have the PKI technology mastered R&D team, identity authentication team with rich experience and excellent technical support and customer service team. We are sure we will be one of the leaders in China, and we are planning to expand to Japan and Korea market that also have the strong request to issue local language certificates that we support like Japanese and Korean. |
| Inclusion in other browsers | Applying with Mozilla, Microsoft, Apple at the same time. |
| CA Contact Information | CA Email Alias: ca@wosign.com |
| | CA Phone Number: +86-755-26027858, 86008688 |
| | Title / Department: Mr. Richard Wang, CTO |

Technical information about each root certificate

| Cert Name | Certification Authority of WoSign | CA WoSign |
|--------------|--|--|
| Certificate | CN = Certification Authority of WoSign | CN = CA WoSign |
| Issuer Field | O = WoSign CA Limited | O = WoSign CA Limited |
| | C = CN | C = US |
| Certificate | This root has internally-operated intermediate certificates that | This root has internally-operated intermediate certificates that |
| Summary | issue SSL, Code Signing, and Client certificates for individuals and | issue SSL, Code Signing, and Client certificates for individuals |
| | organizations. | and organizations. |

| Root Cert URL | http://www.wosign.com/Root/WS_CA1_NEW.crt | http://www.wosign.com/Root/ws_ca2_new.crt |
|----------------|---|---|
| SHA1 | 50:E7:E3:F6:5D:E3:1B:CC:5D:A4:0D:EB:23:14:41:B1:82:22:66:20 | 15:EA:EE:0D:6E:72:3C:3A:BF:59:65:92:3B:81:5E:4E:07:04:73:26 |
| Fingerprint | 33.2.1.23.1.3.3.2.1.23.1.23.1.1.1.1.1.1. | 10.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1. |
| Valid From | 2009-08-08 (GMT) | 2009-08-08 (GMT) |
| Valid To | 2039-08-08 (GMT) | 2039-08-08 (GMT) |
| Cert Version | 3 | 3 |
| Cert Signature | PKCS #1 SHA-1 With RSA Encryption | PKCS #1 SHA-256 With RSA Encryption |
| Algorithm | •• | |
| Signing key | 4096 | 4096 |
| parameters | | |
| Test Website | https://root1evtest.wosign.com | https://root2evtest.wosign.com |
| CRL URL | http://crls1.wosign.com/ca1.crl | http://crls2.wosign.com/ca2.crl |
| | http://crls1.wosign.com/ca1-server-4.crl | http://crls2.wosign.com/ca2-server-4.crl |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/server-3.crl | |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/server-1.crl | CPS section 2.3: WoSign updates and publishes a new CRL every |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/client-1.crl | 24 hours or whenever a CA Certificate is revoked. |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/client-2.crl | |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/client-3.crl | CPS section 7.8: CRL Next Update: 48 hours |
| | http://crls.wosign.com/code-3.crl | |
| OCSP URL | http://ocsp1.wosign.com/ca1 | http://ocsp2.wosign.com/ca2 |
| (Required | http://ocsp1.wosign.com/class4/server/ca1 | http://ocsp2.wosign.com/class4/server/ca2 |
| now) | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class3/server/ca | |
| | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class1/server/ca | CPS section 4.9.9, OCSP: The current CRLs are reloaded at least |
| | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class1/client/ca | every 60 minutes. |
| | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class2/client/ca | |
| | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class3/client/ca | |
| | http://ocsp.wosign.com/class3/code/ca | |
| Requested | Websites (SSL/TLS) | Websites (SSL/TLS) |
| Trust Bits | Email (S/MIME) | Email (S/MIME) |
| | Code Signing | Code Signing |
| SSL Validation | DV, OV, and EV | DV, OV, and EV |
| Type | 4.0.4.4.0.4.0.5.0.5.0 | 10.61.11.060000 |
| EV Policy | 1.3.6.1.4.1.36305.2 | 1.3.6.1.4.1.36305.6 |
| OID(s) | EV tested: | EV tested: |
| NY. | https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/attachment.cgi?id=806644 | https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/attachment.cgi?id=806645 |
| Non- | End-entity certificates serial number is random data with 7 bytes, and the issue time is random time, not the exact time. | |
| sequential | | |
| serial | | |
| numbers and | | |
| entropy in | | |
| cert | | |

CA Hierarchy information for each root certificate

| CA merarchy information for each root certificate | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| CA Hierarchy | There are 7 internally-operated subordinate CAs | re are 7 internally-operated subordinate CAs There are 7 internallyt operated subordinate | |
| - | for the "Certification Authority of WoSign" root: | CAs for the "CA WoSign" root: | |
| | (1) WoSign Class 4 EV Server CA | (1) WoSign Class 4 EV Server CA | |
| | (2) WoSign Class 3 OV Server CA | (2) WoSign Class 3 OV Server CA | |
| | (3) WoSign Class 1 DV Server CA | (3) WoSign Class 1 DV Server CA | |
| | (4) WoSign Class 3 Code Signing CA | (4) WoSign Class 3 Code Signing CA | |
| | (5) WoSign Class 1 Client CA | (5) WoSign Class 1 Client CA | |
| | (6) WoSign Class 2 Client CA | (6) WoSign Class 2 Client CA | |
| | (7) WoSign Class 3 Client CA | (7) WoSign Class 3 Client CA | |
| Externally Operated SubCAs | None, and none planned. | None, and none planned. | |
| Cross-Signing | Startcom CA (CN = StartCom Certification | | |
| | Authority) issued cross-signing certificate for this | None | |
| | root CA. | | |
| Technical Constraints on | External third parties may not cause the issuance | External third parties may not cause the issuance | |
| Third-party Issuers | of certificates in this CA hierarchy. | of certificates in this CA hierarchy. | |

Verification Policies and Practices

| Policy Documentation | Document Repository: http://www.wosign.com/policy/cps_e.htm | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | CPS (English): http://www.wosign.com/policy/WoSign-Policy-1_2_2.pdf | |
| Audits | Audit Type: WebTrust for CA and WebTrust for EV | |
| | Auditor: Ernst & Young | |
| | Audit Report: https://cert.webtrust.org/SealFile?seal=1443&file=pdf (2013.01.15) | |
| | EV Readiness Audit Report: https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/attachment.cgi?id=725294 (2013.01.15) | |
| | Will need audit that includes both root certs before actual inclusion. Can move forward with approval process, but will | |
| | need to hold on actual inclusion until audits of both roots is confirmed. Attached is the CA2 EY report | |
| Baseline Requirements (SSL) | CPS section 1.2. | |
| Organization Verification | CPS section 1.6.2: | |
| Procedures | Class 1:Email address or domain name ownership/control verified. No identity checking. | |
| | Class 2: Some identity checking. | |
| | Class 3: Organization verified, phone call, trusted database checked. | |
| | Class 4: EV | |
| | | |
| | CPS section 3.2.2.3.1 (Class 3): Organization verification | |
| | | |
| | CPS section 3.2.4: Validation of authority: WoSign confirms and verifies that the subscriber is duly authorized to | |
| | represent the organization and obtain the certificate on their behalf by obtaining an authorization statement and by | |
| | contacting the authorizer. | |

| SSL Verification Procedures | CPS section 3.2.2.1.2 (Class 1, DV): Fully qualified domain names, typically www.domain.com or "domain.com" are validated by sending an electronic mail message with a verification code to one of the following administrative electronic mail accounts: webmaster@domain.com , hostmaster@domain.com , postmaster@domain.com The subscriber has to return and submit the verification code as prove of ownership of the domain name within a limited period sufficient enough to receive an electronic mail message. Additionally the existence of the domain name is verified by checking the WHOIS records provided by the domain name registrar. If the WHOIS data contain additional email addresses, they may be offered as additional choices to the above mentioned electronic mail accounts. CPS section 3.2.2.3.1 (Class 3, OV): Domain and email control validation is performed as in Class 1. Domain control |
|--|---|
| | may be also established through verification of the WHOIS records and matching subscriber information. CPS section 3.2.2.4 (Class 4, EV): Extended Validation for organizations are preformed according to the validation procedures and requirements of the Extended Validation Guidelines as published by the CA/Browser Forum. Applicants for EV must be at least Class 2 Identity validated prior to engagement for Extended validation. |
| Email Address Verification Procedures | CPS section 3.2.2.1.1 (Class 1): Email accounts are validated by sending an electronic mail message with a verification code to the requested email account. The subscriber has to return and submit the verification code as prove of ownership of the email account within a limited period sufficient enough to receive an electronic mail message. CPS section 3.2.2.2.1 (Class 2): Email control validation is performed as in Class 1. |
| Code Signing Subscriber Verification Procedures | Code Signing Certificates may be Class 2, Class 3, or EV. CPS sections 1.6.1.3, 3.1.1.2.3 (Class 2), 3.1.1.3.3 (Class 3), 3.1.1.4.2 (EV) CPS section 3.2.2.2.1 (Class 2): Personal Identity Validation CPS section 3.2.2.3.1 (Class 3): Organization verification |
| Multi-factor Authentication | CPS section 5.3. Client Certificate in USB Key. |
| Network Security | CPS sections 5 and 6. |

Response to Mozilla's CA Recommended Practices (https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Recommended_Practices)

| Publicly Available CP and CPS | Yes. See above. |
|--|---|
| <u>CA Hierarchy</u> | Yes. See above. |
| <u>Audit Criteria</u> | Yes. See above. |
| Document Handling of IDNs in CP/CPS | CPS section 3.2.2.1.2 |
| Revocation of Compromised Certificates | CPS section 4.9 |
| Verifying Domain Name Ownership | See above. |
| <u>Verifying Email Address Control</u> | See above. |
| Verifying Identity of Code Signing Certificate | See above. |
| Subscriber | |
| DNS names go in SAN | Yes |
| Domain owned by a Natural Person | DV certs are issued without identity/organization checking. |
| <u>OCSP</u> | Yes |

Response to Mozilla's list of Potentially Problematic Practices (https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Problematic_Practices)

| nesponse to Piozina s list of Fotentiany Frontinatic Fractices (https://www.mozina.org/chi.frontenatic_Fractices) | | |
|---|---|--|
| <u>Long-lived DV certificates</u> | DV SSL certs are valid up to 2 years. | |
| Wildcard DV SSL certificates | CPS section 3.2.2.1.2: Wildcard domain names like "*.domain.com" are not issued in the Class 1 level. | |
| Email Address Prefixes for DV Certs | If DV SSL certs, then list the acceptable email addresses that are used for verification: | |
| | 4 Emails: webmaster@, hostmaster@, postmaster@ and Whois Admin email. | |
| Delegation of Domain / Email validation to | No | |
| third parties | | |
| Issuing end entity certificates directly from | No | |
| roots | | |
| Allowing external entities to operate | No | |
| subordinate CAs | | |
| Distributing generated private keys in | No | |
| PKCS#12 files | | |
| Certificates referencing hostnames or | No | |
| <u>private IP addresses</u> | CPS section 3.2.2.1.3: Ipv4 addresses must bind to a FQDN and must not be reserved by IANA The | |
| | subscriber must provide attestation about the right to use the relevant IP addresses. | |
| <u>Issuing SSL Certificates for Internal Domains</u> | No | |
| OCSP Responses signed by a certificate | No | |
| under a different root | | |
| CRL with critical CIDP Extension | No | |
| Generic names for CAs | No | |
| <u>Lack of Communication With End Users</u> | No | |