

Dubai Electronic Security Center

Dubai PKI

DESC response on Mozilla's Comment # 4

Comments raised by Mozilla	DESC response
Comments raised by Mozilla Required and Recommended Practices	DESC response
1.2 CAA Domains listed in CP/CPS: SubCA and Devices CP section 4.2.1	Section 4.2.1 of the Devices CA CPS was updated to address CAA records check
NEED: https://wiki.mozilla.org	requirements.
/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#CAA_Domains_listed_in _CP.2FCPS	
Section 2.2 of the BRs states: "CA's Certificate Policy and/or Certification Practice	
Statement shall clearly specify the set of Issuer Domain Names that the CA	
recognises in CAA "issue" or "issuewild" records as permitting it to issue.	The Deet CAe for Coverement entities will be
2. Audit Criteria: CP/CPS section 8 NEED: Clarify Government subCA, since things like BR Commitment to	The Root CAs for Government entities will be operated by DESC and not by other entities. That is mentioned in the Root CA CPS at sections 1.1,
comply and audit criteria are different in that CPS. e.g. Are the Government subCAs all technically constrained via EKU	1.3.1 and 1.3.3. the Root CA CPS is published at the below link:
and name constraints? Is that documented in the CPS? CPS indicates that the Government subCAs or not constrained.	https://ca- repository.desc.gov.ae/Repository/source/cps/Du baiPKI-DubaiRootCA-
Mozilla trusts at the root cert level, such that all subCAs chaining up to that root cert are trusted, and so must fully comply with Mozilla's	CertificationPracticeStatement v1.2.pdf
root store policy and the BRs. If the Government subCA is not able to fully comply with Mozilla requirements, then this CA will need to separate out the two hierarchies.	All the Subordinate CAs to be issued under the government Root CAs will be technically constrained as mentioned in the CPS as well,
Another option is to change this request to be for inclusion of the Devices subCA as a trust anchor.	see sections 1.1, 1.3.1, 1.3.3.
	On the mechanism of applying constraints, constraints will be applied via EKU and/or name constraints.
4. Verifying Domain Name Ownership: CP/CPS sections 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.4 NEED:	Section 3.2.4 of the Devices CA CPS was updated with details on the domain validation. Please see updated version at the following link:
I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS.	https://ca- repository.desc.gov.ae/Repository/source/cps/Du
https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#Verifying_Domain_Name_Ownership	baiPKI-DevicesCA- CertificationPracticeStatement_v1.2.pdf
5. Verifying Email Address Control: NEED:	Sections 3.2.3 of the Corporate CA CPS was updated to address the validation of email
Not found in CP/CPS https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#V	ownership. https://ca-
erifying Email Address Control	repository.desc.gov.ae/Repository/source/cps/DubaiPKI-CorporateCA-CertificationPracticeStatement_v1.2.pdf
7. OCSP: SubCA and Devices CP section 4.9.9, CPS section 7.3 - OCSP SHALL NOT respond "Good" for unissued certs: NEED: Certificate status is 'Revoked' expecting 'Unknown'	We are using "Revoked" as recommend in the RFC 6960.



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Section 3.2.4 of the Devices CA CPS was updated with details on the domain validation. NEED: I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. I did not find sufficient information about Root Certificate. NEED: Mozilla has the ability to name constrain root certs; e.g. to ".gov or ".mil. CAs should consider if such constraints may be applied to their root certs. https://dxr.mozilla.org/mozilla-central/source/security/nss/lib/certdb/genname.ci/l1551 Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit) NEED: Fix all errors listed here: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificate.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificates.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: https://certificates.fevocation.check.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: htt	https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae	Can you please clarify why are you suggesting to use "Unknown"?
2. Non-Standard Email Address Prefixes for Domain Ownership Validation: NEED: I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#V_ent/ying_Domain_Name_Ownership Technical Information about Root Certificate NEED: Mozilla has the ability to name constrain root certs; e.g. to *.gov or *.mil. CAs should consider if such constraints may be applied to their root certs. https://dx.r.mozilla.org/mozilla-central/source/security/nss/lib/certdb/genname.c#1551 NEED: Tiest Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit) NEED: Fix all errors listed here: https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit) NEED: Fix all errors listed here: https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements (BRs), BR Lint Test: https://github.com/awslabs/certlint NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Sasyling to the continuation of the compliant with Brs. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Sasyline to the continuation of the con	Forbidden and Potentially Problematic Practices	
NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. X-509 Lint Test: https://github.com/kroeckx/x509lint Although this CA was established to serve entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the Emirates with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termitals with TLDs that are not ".ae" entities operating only in the termit	Non-Standard Email Address Prefixes for Domain Ownership Validation: NEED: I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the CP/CPS. https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required or Recommended Practices#V	
to *.gov or *.mil. CAs should consider if such constraints may be applied to their root certs. https://dx.mozilla.org/mozilla- central/source/security/nss/lib/certdb/genname.c#1551 are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" nor ".gov". Hence applying such constraints would limit the support of an essential part of the target community. We therefore prefer not to apply constrains on the root cert. Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit) NEED: Fix all errors listed here: NEED: Fix all errors listed here: NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements (BRs). REQuirements (BRs). NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates are compliant with BRs. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates are compliant with X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates and the CA certificates and the CA certificates are the test results, the certificates. As per the tes	Technical Information about Root Certificate	
Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit) NEED: Fix all errors listed here: https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae There were two errors reported by the tool: Frist was "ERROR: Response is not yet valid". That was fixed. Second error is related to the OCSP response for non-issued certificate. We are using "Revoked" as recommend in the RFC 6960. Can you please clarify why the tool is suggesting to use "Unknown"? NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Requirements (BRs). BR Lint Test: https://github.com/awslabs/certlint NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X-509 rules. We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates and in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information Checklist, We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates. As per the test results, the certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with X-509 rules.	to *.gov or *.mil. CAs should consider if such constraints may be applied to their root certs. https://dxr.mozilla.org/mozilla-	entities operating only in Dubai and other emirates within the UAE. Many of these entities are running websites with TLDs that are not ".ae" nor ".gov". Hence applying such constraints would limit the support of an essential part of the target community. We therefore prefer not to
https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae Frist was "ERROR: Response is not yet valid". That was fixed. Second error is related to the OCSP response for non-issued certificate. We are using "Revoked" as recommend in the RFC 6960. Can you please clarify why the tool is suggesting to use "Unknown"? NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements (BRs). BR Lint Test: https://github.com/awslabs/certlint NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates and the CA certificates and the CA certificates are advised in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information_Checklist, We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with X.509 rules.		
are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements (BRs). BR Lint Test: https://github.com/awslabs/certlint We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with BRs. NEED: The CA MUST check that they are not issuing certificates that violate any of the X.509 rules. X.509 Lint Test: https://github.com/kroeckx/x509lint We are using the tool https://crt.sh/linttbscert as advised in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information_Checklist, We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with X.509 rules.	https://certificate.revocationcheck.com/good.pki.desc.gov.ae	Frist was "ERROR: Response is not yet valid". That was fixed. Second error is related to the OCSP response for non-issued certificate. We are using "Revoked" as recommend in the RFC 6960. Can you please clarify why the tool is suggesting to use "Unknown"?
violate any of the X.509 rules. X.509 Lint Test: https://crt.sh/linttbscert as advised in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information_Checklist , We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with X.509 rules.	are not issuing certificates that violate any of the CA/Browser Forum Baseline Requirements (BRs).	we are using the tool https://crt.sh/linttbscert as advised in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information_Checklist , We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are compliant with BRs.
CA Hierarchy Information	violate any of the X.509 rules. X.509 Lint Test: https://github.com/kroeckx/x509lint	Since we have not yet issued public certificates, we are using the tool https://crt.sh/linttbscert as advised in the following link https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Information_Checklist , We test the TLS certificates and the CA certificates capable of issuing TLS certificates. As per the test results, the certificates are



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CP/CPS section 1.1.1, 1.3.3	As explained earlier, the Root CAs that will be
While DESC aims to set both the SSL trust bit set and the Email trust	issued under DESC root for Government entities
bit, DESC operates two issuing CAs: the Devices CA issues SSL	will be operated by DESC.
certificates and the Corporate CA issues email protection certificates,	' '
both CAs are operated by DESC and constrained by specific use	
cases.	
NEED:	
This root also issues Unconstrained Root CAs to Government	
entities. These may be externally-operated by the government	
entities, and do not appear to be required to follow the BRs and be	
annually audited.	
DESC CP/CPS allows other Dubai entities to operate their own	As explained earlier, the Root CAs that will be
subordinate CAs certified by Dubai Root. Subordinate CAs operated	issued under DESC root for Government entities
by external entities will be technically constrained. It is also noted that	will be operated by DESC.
other entities will be restrained to implement issuing CAs for SSL	Further, All the subordinate CAs (issuing CAs)
certificates and hence encouraged mostly to use DESC Devices CA	that will be operated by other Dubai entities will
for this service.	be technically constrained.
Further, DESC will continuously disclose their subordinate CAs in the	
Common CA Database, and maintain annual updates to the	
corresponding CP/CPS documents.	
NEED	
CPS indicates that the Government subCAs or not constrained.	
Mozilla trusts at the root cert level, such that all subCAs chaining up	
to that root cert are trusted, and so must fully comply with Mozilla's	
root store policy and the BRs. If the Government subCA is not able to	
fully comply with Mozilla requirements, then this CA will need to	
separate out the two hierarchies. Another option is to change this	
request to be for inclusion of the Devices subCA as a trust anchor.	
NEED: Has this root been involved in cross-signing with any other	No
root?	
Verification Policies and Practices	
SSL	Section 3.2.4 of the Devices CA CPS was
Verification	updated with details on the domain validation.
Procedures	apatica with actails on the domain validation.
riocedules	
CD/CDS postions 2.2.2.2.2.2.4	
CP/CPS sections 3.2.2, 3.2.3, 3.2.4	
NEED:	
I did not find sufficient information about Domain Validation in the	
CP/CPS.	
https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#V	
erifying_Domain_Name_Ownership	
Email Address	Sections 3.2.5 of the Corporate CA CPS was
Verification	updated to address the validation of email
Procedures	ownership.
1 1000uulga	Ownership.
NEED.	
NEED:	
Not found in CP/CPS	
erifying_Email_Address_Control	
https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA/Required_or_Recommended_Practices#Verifying_Email_Address_Control	