# Mozilla - CA Program

Link to Bugzilla Bug

Case Information					
Case Number	00000060	Case Record Type	CA Owner/Root Inclusion Request		
CA Owner/Certificate Name	SwissSign AG	Request Status	Need Information from CA		

#### **Additional Case Information** Subject Include SwissSign SHA2 root certificates Case Reason New Owner/Root inclusion requested

# **Bugzilla Information** https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show\_bug.cgi?

General information about CA's associated organization				
CA Email Alias 1	rootcert@swisssign.com			
CA Email Alias 2				
Company Website	http://www.swisssign.com/	Verified?	Verified	
Organizational Type	Public Corporation	Verified?	Verified	
Organizational Type (Others)		Verified?	Not Applicable	
Geographic Focus	Switzerland	Verified?	Verified	
Primary Market / Customer Base	SwissSign operates an Issuing CA for the Swiss Post. SwissSign also provides managed PKI services. Registration Services may be used internationally.	Verified?	Verified	
Impact to Mozilla Users	This request is to include the SHA-256 versions of the SHA-1 root certificates that were included via Bugzilla #343756.	Verified?	Verified	

Recommended Practices	https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Recommended_Practices#CA_Recommended_Practices	Recommended Practices Statement	I have reviewed Mozilla's list of Recommended Practices, and confirm that we follow those practices, with exception and clarifications noted in the text box below.
CA's Response to Recommended Practices	1) Publicly Available CP and CPS: Yes 2) CA Hierarchy: Chapter 1.1 of CP/CPS 3) Audit Criteria: Yes 4) Document Handling of IDNs in CP/CPS: Chapter 3.1 of CP/CPS 5) Revocation of Compromised Certificates: Chapter 4.9 of CP/CPS 6) Verifying Domain Name Ownership: CP/CPS section 3.2.2 7) Verifying Email Address Control: CP/CPS section 3.2.3 8) Verifying Identity of Code Signing Certificate Subscriber: Not applicable. Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates. 9) DNS names go in SAN: Chapter 7.1.2 of CP/CPS 10) Domain owned by a Natural Person: Chapter 3.2.3 of CP/CPS 11) OCSP: Chapter 4.10 and 7.3 of CP/CPS 12) Network Security Controls: Chapter 6.7 and 8 of CP/CPS	Verified?	Need Response From C

# Response to Mozilla's list of Potentially Problematic Practices

Potentially Problematic **Practices** 

https://wiki.mozilla.org/CA:Problematic\_Practices#Potentially\_problematic\_CA\_practices

Problematic **Practices** Statement I have reviewed Mozilla's list of Potentially Problematic Practices, and confirm that we do not do those practices, with exceptions and

clarifications noted in the text box below.

CA's Response to Problematic **Practices** 

1) Long-lived DV certificates: the validity is 36 month max

2) Wildcard DV SSL certificates: Yes

3) Email Address Prefixes for DV Certs: No

4) Delegation of Domain / Email validation to third parties: No

5) Issuing end entity certificates directly from roots: No 6) Allowing external entities to operate subordinate CAs: No

7) Distributing generated private keys in PKCS#12 files: Yes, P12 is deleted after a

defined time frame, when customer has downoaded the certificate

8) Certificates referencing hostnames or private IP addresses: No

9) Issuing SSL Certificates for Internal Domains: No

10) OCSP Responses signed by a certificate under a different root: No

11) SHA-1 Certificates: yes, only for certificates for individuals used für authentication 12) Generic names for CAs: No

13) Lack of Communication With End Users: No

14) Backdating the notBefore date: No

Verified? Need Response From

## Root Case Record # 1

#### **Root Case Information**

**Root Certificate Name** SwissSign Gold Root CA - G3 R00000076 Root Case No **Request Status** Need Information from CA Case Number 00000060

#### **Certificate Data**

Certificate Issuer SwissSign Gold Root CA - G3 Common Name O From Issuer Field SwissSign AG **OU From Issuer Field** Valid From 2009 Aug 04 Valid To 2037 Aug 04 **Certificate Serial** 00dec4f244f31da6fc Number CN=SwissSign Gold Root CA - G3, OU=null, O=SwissSign AG, C=CH Subject Signature Hash sha256WithRSAEncryption Algorithm **Public Key Algorithm** RSA 4096 bits **SHA-1 Fingerprint** 0B:71:99:A1:C7:F3:AD:DF:7B:A7:EA:B8:EB:57:4A:E8:0D:60:DD:DE 7A:F6:EA:9F:75:3A:1E:70:9B:D6:4D:0B:EB:86:7C:11:E8:C2:95:A5:6E:24:A6:E0:47:14:59:DC:CD:AA:15:58 SHA-256 Fingerprint Certificate Fingerprint 3C:E6:02:44:40:98:61:FC:70:06:5C:05:29:A2:4E:C5:01:85:4B:32:25:D6:59:63:59:42:67:25:E2:63:79:7C **Certificate Version** 3

#### **Technical Information about Root Certificate**

SSL

Validation

DV; OV; EV

Certificate This root will eventually replace the SHA-1 SwissSign Gold CA - G2 root that was included via Bugzilla Bug #343756. Verified? Verified Summary Verified? https://swisssign.net/cgi-bin/authority/download Verified Root Certificate Download URL **CRL** ldap://directory.swisssign.net/CN=5C97064634ABDF30C57CC50D55716630B5608F9E%2CO=SwissSign%2CC=CH? Verified? Verified URL(s)  $\underline{certificateRevocationList?base?objectClass=cRLDistributionPoint}$  $Idap: //\underline{directory.swisssign.net/CN=70788578BC1AE745A2922EABFAE907CCA4DB181A\%2CO=SwissSign\%2CC=CH?}$ certificateRevocationList?base?objectClass=cRLDistributionPoint CP/CPS section 4.9.7: At least once every 24 hours. At most, 24 hours may pass from the time a certificate is revoked until the revocation is reported on the CRL. http://gold-root-g3.ocsp.swisssign.net/5C97064634ABDF30C57CC50D55716630B5608F9E **OCSP** Verified? Verified http://gold-ev-g3.ocsp.swisssign.net/70788578BC1AE745A2922EABFAE907CCA4DB181A URL(s) CP/CPS section 4.9.7: Real-time. The OCSP responder will report a certificate's revocation immediately after the revocation has been completed. **Trust Bits** Email; Websites Verified? Verified

Verified

Verified?

EV Policy OID(s)	2.16.756.1.89.1.2.1.1	Verified?	Verified
Root Stores Included In	Microsoft	Verified?	Verified
Mozilla Applied Constraints	None	Verified?	Verified

#### **Test Websites or Example Cert**

Test Website URL Verified? Need Response From CA https://ev-g3-valid-cert-demo.swisssign.net (SSL) or Example Cert

Test Website - Expired

Test Website - Revoked

#### Test Results (When Requesting the SSI /TLS Trust Bit)

Revocation Tested	Tested. No errors.	Verified?	Verified
CA/Browser Forum Lint Test	CABlint Tested. No errors.	Verified?	Verified
Test Website Lint Test	Tested. No errors.	Verified?	Verified
EV Tested	// CN=SwissSign Gold Root CA - G3,O=SwissSign AG,C=CH "2.16.756.1.89.1.2.1.1", "SwissSign EV OID", SEC_OID_UNKNOWN, { 0x7A, 0xF6, 0xEA, 0x9F, 0x75, 0x3A, 0x1E, 0x70, 0x9B, 0xD6, 0x4D, 0x0B, 0xEB, 0x86, 0x7C, 0x11, 0xE8, 0xC2, 0x95, 0xA5, 0x6E, 0x24, 0xA6, 0xE0, 0x47, 0x14, 0x59, 0xDC, 0xCD, 0xAA, 0x15, 0x58 }, "MEoxCzAJBgNVBAYTAKNIMRUwEwyDVQQKEwxTd2lzc1NpZ24gQUcxJDAiBgNVBAMT" "G1N3aXNzU2InbiBHb2xkIFJvb3QgQ0EgLSBHMw==", "AN7E8kTzHab8", Success!	Verified?	Verified

#### **CA Hierarchy Information**

CP/CPS section 1: The "SwissSign Gold CA" Verified? **CA Hierarchy** has three subordinate CAs: the "SwissSign Personal Gold CA", the "SwissSign Server Gold CA" and the "SwissSign EV Gold CA". The "SwissSign Personal Gold CA" issues

certificates that support digital signing and/or encryption for individuals. The SwissSign Server Gold CA issues certificates for servers. The SwissSign EV Gold CA issues Extended

Validation SSL certificates.

**Externally Operated** SubCAs

No - CA is operating In-House CAs.

Verified? Verified

Verified

**Cross Signing** 

No

Verified? Verified

**Technical Constraint** on 3rd party Issuer

External RAs are tecnical constrained

Verified? Verified

CP/CPS section 1.3.2: Third parties may operate their own registration authority services, if these third parties abide by all the rules and regulations of this CP/CPS and the stipulations of standards (see chapter 1). Any RA operating under this CP/CPS must adhere to the following rules:

- The RA must have a contractual agreement

with SwissSign AG ...

- The registration process of any other RA must be documented and presented to SwissSign AG. The other RA is only allowed to execute their registration process if SwissSign AG has audited and approved the process as meeting the quality requirements of this CP/CPS and therefore being equivalent to the registration process of the SwissSign RA. - The RA must pass an annual audit.

#### **Verification Policies and Practices**

	https://c.na17.visual.force.com/apex/Print_View_For_Case?scontrolCaching=1&id=5	0000000003NA	AbV
Policy Documentation	Repository (History of Gold CA G2): https://www.swisssign.com/en/gold-cpcps	Verified?	Verified
CA Document Repository	http://swisssign.com/repository	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
СР	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Gold-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
CPS	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Gold-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
Other Relevant Documents	End User Agreement: http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Gold-EUA-R4.pdf	Verified?	Verified
Auditor Name	KPMG	Verified?	Verified
Auditor Website	https://home.kpmg.com/ch/de/home.html	Verified?	Verified
Auditor Qualifications	https://www.sas.admin.ch/sas/en/home/akkreditiertestellen/akkrstellensuchesas/pki.html  Certification Body SCESm 071, KPMG AG Switzerland	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit	https://buq343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.cqi?id=8781268	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit Type	ETSI TS 102 042	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit Statement Date	3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
BR Audit	https://bug343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.cgi?id=8781268	Verified?	Verified
BR Audit Type	ETSI TS 102 042	Verified?	Verified
BR Audit Statement Date	3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit	https://bug343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.cgi?id=8781268	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit Type	ETSI TS 102 042	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit Statement Date	3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
BR Commitment to Comply	CP/CPS section 1	Verified?	Verified
SSL Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requires authorization of the domain owner  The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control over the web server.	Verified?	Verified
	CP/CPS section 3.2.2: The use of a domain name in an FQDN must be authorized by the domain owner or its representatives. The domain owner may be determined through the WHOIS information provided by the domain registrar. Should an organization be listed as the domain owner, authorization must be given by one or more legal representatives of the organization with handwritten personal signatures on the registration form. Should an individual be listed as the owner, this individual must personally sign the registration form. The RA will create a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation. Alternatively and only if an organization name is present in the certificate subject, domain validation according to chapter 3.1.1 may be used to obtain authorization of the use of the domain name in an FQDN. In this case the handwritten signatures of the authorization of the organizational name are the only authorization signatures required on the registration form.		
EV SSL Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.2.2: EV Certificates will only be issued in accordance with the EV Guidelines to the following types of organizations: - Private Organizations - Government Entities - Business Entities - Non-commercial Entities - Non-commercial Entities - Any RA operating under this CP/CPS must implement a registration process that meets the requirements of the EV Guidelines and that authenticates the organization identity in accordance with these guidelines.  section 4.2.1: Before issuing an EV certificate, SwissSign ensures that all subject organisation information in the EV certificate conforms to the requirements of, and has been verified in accordance with, the EV Guidelines and matches the information confirmed and documented by the CA pursuant to its verification processes. Such verification processes are intended accomplish the following:	Verified?	Verified

Verify the organization's existence and identity, including:
Verify the organization's legal existence and identity (as established with an incorporating agency).
Verify the organization's physical existence (business presence at a physical

1 // 3/0	nttps://c.na17.visual.force.com/apex/Print_view_For_Case/scontrolCacning=1&id=5	/000000000031N/	ADV
	address) Verify the organization's operational existence (business activity) Verify that the organization (or a corporate parent/subsidiary) is a registered holder or has exclusive control of the domain name to be included in the EV certificate Verify the requester's authorization for the EV certificate, including: Verify the name, title, and authority of the certificate requester Verify that the certificate requester signed the registration form		
Organization Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.2.2 - Authentication of organization identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5: Validation of authority	Verified?	Verified
Email Address Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.2.3: The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.	Verified?	Verified
Code Signing Subscriber Verification Pro	Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.	Verified?	Not Applicable
Multi-Factor Authentication	It is implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.  BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of directly causing certificate issuance.	Verified?	Verified

### Link to Publicly Disclosed and Audited subordinate CA Certificates

Chapter 6.7 and 8 of CP/CPS

Publicly Disclosed & https://swisssign.net/cgi-Audited subCAs bin/authority/download

Verified? Verified

Verified?

Verified

# **Root Case Record #2**

**Network Security** 

Root Case Information			
Root Certificate Name	SwissSign Silver Root CA - G3	Root Case No	R00000077
Request Status	Need Information from CA	Case Number	0000060

Certificate Data	
Certificate Issuer Common Name	SwissSign Silver Root CA - G3
O From Issuer Field	SwissSign AG
OU From Issuer Field	
Valid From	2009 Aug 04
Valid To	2037 Aug 04
Certificate Serial Number	00aa88b05a0bb1769b
Subject	CN=SwissSign Silver Root CA - G3, OU=null, O=SwissSign AG, C=CH
Signature Hash Algorithm	sha256WithRSAEncryption
Public Key Algorithm	RSA 4096 bits
SHA-1 Fingerprint	8D:08:FC:43:C0:77:0C:A8:4F:4D:CC:B2:D4:1A:5D:95:6D:78:6D:C4
SHA-256 Fingerprint	1E:49:AC:5D:C6:9E:86:D0:56:5D:A2:C1:30:5C:41:93:30:B0:B7:81:BF:EC:50:E5:4A:1B:35:AF:7F:DD:D5:01
Certificate Fingerprint	63:C1:58:09:DB:A9:55:46:31:A9:B0:7A:53:86:59:EF:99:00:DB:8D:5A:5A:C5:29:A2:8E:90:FA:80:2C:CF:E3
Certificate Version	3

T	Technical Information about Root Certificate			
	Certificate Summary	This root will eventually replace the SHA-1 SwissSign Silver CA - G2 root that was included via Bugzilla Bug #343756.	Verified?	Verified
	Root Certificate Download URL	https://swisssign.net/cgi-bin/authority/download	Verified?	Verified
	CRL URL(s)	http://crl.swisssign.net/5F1B8EC9BD340373BA8DFD25CE8CA5C9E3E60759	Verified?	Verified

	CP/CPS section 4.9.7: At least once every 24 hours. At most, 24 hours may pass from the time a certificate is revoked until the revocation is reported on the CRL.		
OCSP URL(s)	http://silver-server- g3.ocsp.swisssign.net/5F1B8EC9BD340373BA8DFD25CE8CA5C9E3E60759  CP/CPS section 4.9.7: Real-time. The OCSP responder will report a certificate's revocation immediately after the revocation has been completed.	Verified?	Verified
Trust Bits	Email; Websites	Verified?	Verified
SSL Validation Type	DV; OV	Verified?	Verified
EV Policy OID(s)	Not EV	Verified?	Not Applicable
Root Stores Included In	Microsoft	Verified?	Verified
Mozilla Applied Constraints	None	Verified?	Verified

Test Websites or Example Cert				
Test Website URL (SSL) or Example Cert	https://silver-g3-valid-cert-demo.swisssign.net	Verified? Verified		
Test Website - Expired	https://silver-g3-expired-cert- demo.swisssign.net			
Test Website - Revoked	https://silver-g3-revoked-cert- demo.swisssign.net			

Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit)			
Revocation Tested	No Errors	Verified?	Verified
CA/Browser Forum Lint Test	No Erros	Verified?	Verified
Test Website Lint Test	Test not currently available	Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Tested	Not requesting EV treatment for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable

CA Hierarchy Informa	CA Hierarchy Information				
CA Hierarchy	CP/CPS section 1: The "SwissSign Silver CA" has two subordinate CAs: the "SwissSign Personal Silver CA" and the "SwissSign Server Silver CA". The "SwissSign Personal Silver CA" issues certificates that support digital signing and/or encryption for individuals. The "SwissSign Server Silver CA" issues certificates for servers.	Verified?	Verified		
Externally Operated SubCAs	No	Verified?	Verified		
Cross Signing	No	Verified?	Verified		
Technical Constraint on 3rd party Issuer	No	Verified?	Verified		

erification Polic	ies and Practices		
Policy Documentation	Repository (History of Silver CA G2): https://www.swisssign.com/en/silver-cpcps	Verified?	Verified
CA Document Repository	http://swisssign.com/repository	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
CP	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Silver-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
CPS	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Silver-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
Other Relevant	End User Agreement: https://www.swisssign.com/documents/SwissSign-Silver-EUA-	Verified?	Verified

Documents   R3_def	3/6	https://c.na17.visual.force.com/apex/Print_View_For_Case?scontrolCaching=1&id=5	00o0000003N	AbV
Auditor Website https://www.ssa.admin.ch/ssa/er/home/aktreditieteslelen/aktrstellensuchesas/pki.html	Documents	R3.pdf		
Auditor   Cualifications   Curification   Curific	Auditor Name	KPMG	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit   https://bug343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.org/id=8781288   Verified?   Verified	Auditor Website	https://home.kpmg.com/ch/de/home.html	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit Type Standard Audit Statement Date BR Audit Type BR Audit Type BR Audit Type BR Audit Type  ETSI TS 102 042  Standard Audit Statement Date  ETSI TS 102 042  Standard Audit Statement Date  ETSI TS 102 042  Standard Audit Type BR Audit Type  ETSI TS 102 042  Standard Audit Statement Date  EVAudit Statement Date  EVAudit Type  EVAudit Type  EVAudit Type  EVAudit Type  EVAudit Type  EVAudit Type  EVAUDIT STANDARD TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE			Verified?	Verified
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BR Audit Type  BR Audit Statement Date  EV Audit Type  EV SLA, Type Type Type Type Type Type Type Type		3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
BR Audit Statement Date  EV Audit  EV Audit type  EV Audit Statement Date  EV Statement Date  CP/CPS section 1  CP/CPS section 1  CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requires authorization of the domain owner.  The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following mame is part of the subject. Domain validation if an organizational mame is part of the subject. The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  CP/CPS section 3.2.2 SwissSign validates that the person enrolling for the certificate.  Portification Proving the proving the request with a paper proving the request with a hardware token.  EV SSL  Verified? Verified  Verified? Verified  CP/CPS section 3.2.3. The lemaline field must be verified during the registration proving the proving the proving the	BR Audit	https://bug343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.cgi?id=8781268	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit Type  EV Audit Statement Date  EV Audit Statement Date  EV Audit Statement Date  BR Commitment to Comply  SSL Verification Procedures  EV EV Audit Statement Date  EV EV Audit Statement Date  BR Commitment to Comply  SSL Verification Procedures  EV EV EVERTHEAN STATEMENT STATEM	BR Audit Type	ETSI TS 102 042	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit Type  EV Audit Statement Date  R Commitment to Comply  SSL Vorification Procedures  Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requires authorization of the domain owner.  The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the both entry for the domain in sincluded. The owner of the domain in etc.).  Additionally, the domain will only be accepted if a printout of the WHOIS entry for the domain in included. The owner of the domain must approve the request with a handwritten personal signature in the appropriate position on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation.  Not requesting EV treatment for this root.  Verification Procedures  Organization Verification Procedures  Email Address Verification Procedures  Email Address Verification Procedures  Verification Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5: Validation of authority  CP/CPS section 3.2.3: The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.  Verified? Verified		3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
EV Audit Statement Date  BR Commitment to Comply  CP/CPS section 1  CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requires authorization of the domain owner.  Procedures  The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  CP/CPS section 3.2.1: SwissSign validates that the person enrolling for the certificate has control of the domain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain in included. The owner of the domain in the appropriate position on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation.  Procedures  Organization Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.2.2 - Authentication of organization identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5: Validation of authority  CP/CPS section 3.2.3: The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Mutil-Factor Authentication Process and process of the process of the mailbox and tha	EV Audit		Verified?	Not Applicable
BR Commitment to Comply  SSL Verification Procedures  SSL Verification Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requires authorization of the domain owner. The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  - The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain The requester proves control of the DNS entry The requester proves control of the DNS entry The requester proves control of the DNS entry The requester proves control of the bomain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain (e.g. webmaster@domain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain (e.g. webmaster@domain postmaster@domain etc.) Additionally, the domain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain (e.g. webmaster@domain postmaster@domain etc.) Additionally, the domain will only be accepted if a printout of the WHOIS entry for the domain is included. The owner of the domain must approve the request with a handwritten personal signature in the appropriate postition on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation.  CP/CPS section 3.2.3 - Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5 - Validation of authority  CP/CPS section 3.2.3 - The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1 Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Code Signing subscriber verification process. The requester must prove that he has accepted the certificates.  Levisited to the certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber rec	EV Audit Type		Verified?	Not Applicable
SSL Verification Procedures  Ev SSL Verification Procedures  Organization Verification Procedures  Email Address Verification Procedures  Organization Verification Procedures  COde Signing Not The content of the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.  Code Signing Multi-Factor Authentication of Implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.  Multi-Factor Authentication of Implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.  CP/CPS section 3.1.1: The use of a FQDN requiring the person of the domain of the domain of the following methods:  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the domain must approve the request with a handwritten personal signature in the appropriate position on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation.  CP/CPS section 3.2.3 Authentication of organization identity  Verification Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.2.3: The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Not Applicable  Verified? Ver			Verified?	Not Applicable
The use of a FQDN may be authorized through domain validation if an organizational name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  The requester proves control of the both and provide in the observer.  CP/CPS section 3.2.2: SwissSign validates that the person enrolling for the certificate has control of the domain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain (eg. webmaster@domain, postmaster@domain, postmaster@domain etc.).  Additionally, the domain will only be accepted if a printout of the WHOIS entry for the domain in sincluded. The owner of the domain must approve the request with a handwritten personal signature in the appropriate position on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all required supporting documentation.  Not requesting EV treatment for this root.  Verification Procedures  Organization Verification Subscriber Verification of organization identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.3: The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.  Verified? Verified? Verified  Werified? Verified  It is implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.  Werified? Verified? Verified		CP/CPS section 1	Verified?	Verified
Verification Procedures  CP/CPS section 3.2.2 - Authentication of organization identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5: Validation of authority section process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.  Code Signing Subscriber Verification Pro  Multi-Factor Authentication  It is implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.  BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of directly causing certificate issuance.	Procedures	name is part of the subject. Domain validation must be obtained by one of the following methods:  - The requester proves control of an administrative mail address in the domain.  - The requester proves control of the DNS entry.  - The requester proves control over the web server.  CP/CPS section 3.2.2: SwissSign validates that the person enrolling for the certificate has control of the domain by requiring the person to respond to an e-mail hosted at that domain (eg. webmaster@domain, postmaster@domain etc.).  Additionally, the domain will only be accepted if a printout of the WHOIS entry for the domain is included. The owner of the domain must approve the request with a handwritten personal signature in the appropriate position on the registration form and provide information as to his identity. The RA will creat a high-quality copy or scan of all		
Verification Procedures   Section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity   Section 3.2.5: Validation of authority	Verification	Not requesting EV treatment for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable
Verification Procedures       process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.         CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he has accepted the certificates.         Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.       Verified?       Not Applicable         Multi-Factor Authentication       It is implemented, all Operators have to log in with hardware token.       Verified?       Verified         BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of directly causing certificate issuance.       Verified?       Verified	Verification	section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity	Verified?	Verified
Subscriber Verification Pro  Multi-Factor Authentication  BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of directly causing certificate issuance.  Verified?  Verified?  Verified?	Verification	process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  CP/CPS section 4.4.1: Once the Certificate is issued by the CA, the subscriber receives an email with a link to download the certificate. If the subscriber utilize this link, then he	Verified?	Verified
Authentication  BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of directly causing certificate issuance.	Subscriber	Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.	Verified?	Not Applicable
		BR #16.5: The CA SHALL enforce multi-factor authentication for all accounts capable of	Verified?	Verified
	Network Security	7 - 7	Verified?	Verified

### Link to Publicly Disclosed and Audited subordinate CA Certificates

Publicly Disclosed & https://swisssign.net/cgi-Audited subCAs bin/authority/download

Verified? Verified

## **Root Case Record #3**

#### **Root Case Information**

Root Certificate Name SwissSign Platinum Root CA - G3 Root Case No R00000078

2017/3/6

Request Status Need Information from CA Case Number 00000060

Certificate Data	
Certificate Issuer Common Name	SwissSign Platinum Root CA - G3
O From Issuer Field	SwissSign AG
OU From Issuer Field	
Valid From	2009 Aug 04
Valid To	2037 Aug 04
Certificate Serial Number	223fa91720de8194
Subject	CN=SwissSign Platinum Root CA - G3, OU=null, O=SwissSign AG, C=CH
Signature Hash Algorithm	sha256WithRSAEncryption
Public Key Algorithm	RSA 4096 bits
SHA-1 Fingerprint	A1:E7:C6:00:AA:41:70:E5:B7:4B:C9:4F:9B:97:03:ED:C2:61:B4:B9
SHA-256 Fingerprint	59:B3:82:9F:1F:F4:43:34:49:58:FA:E8:BF:F6:21:B6:84:C8:48:CF:BF:7E:AD:6B:63:A6:CA:50:F2:79:4F:89
Certificate Fingerprint	07:08:C1:51:EB:A5:DA:61:12:A9:0C:E4:28:85:69:C7:DF:38:AC:4E:AB:99:76:74:DD:50:F0:A5:38:C7:BD:A3
Certificate Version	3

Technical Informa	ation about Root Certificate		
Certificate Summary	This root will eventually replace the SHA-1 SwissSign Platinum CA - G2 root that was included via Bugzilla Bug #343756.	Verified?	Verified
Root Certificate Download URL	https://swisssign.net/cgi-bin/authority/download	Verified?	Verified
CRL URL(s)	http://crl.swisssign.net/562A3F9058F4175A14B2D7081B855B546A541A28	Verified?	Verified
OCSP URL(s)	http://platinum- g3.ocsp.swisssign.net/562A3F9058F4175A14B2D7081B855B546A541A28	Verified?	Verified
Trust Bits	Email	Verified?	Verified
SSL Validation Type		Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Policy OID(s)	Not EV	Verified?	Not Applicable
Root Stores Included In	Microsoft	Verified?	Verified
Mozilla Applied Constraints	None	Verified?	Verified

Test Websites or Example Cert			
	NEED: Please attach to the bug an example/test cert chaining up to this root.	Verified?	Need Response From CA
Test Website - Expired			
Test Website - Revoked			

Test Results (When Requesting the SSL/TLS Trust Bit)			
Revocation Tested	Not requesting Websites trust bit for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable
CA/Browser Forum Lint Test		Verified?	Not Applicable
Test Website Lint Test		Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Tested	Not requesting EV treatment for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable

### **CA Hierarchy Information**

Verified?

Verified?

Verified?

Verified?

Verified

Verified

Verified

Verified

CP/CPS section 1: The "SwissSign Platinum **CA Hierarchy** CA" has several subordinate CAs: the "SwissSign Qualified Platinum CA", the "SwissSign Personal Platinum CA", the

"SwissSign SuisseID Platinum CA", the

"SwissSign Server Platinum CA" and the "Swiss Post Platinum CA". The "SwissSign Qualified Platinum CA" issues qualified certificates that meet the stipulations of the Swiss Digital Signature Law and which may be distributed under different trade marks. The "SwissSign Personal Platinum CA" issues certificates that support digital signing and/or

encryption for individuals and organizations. The "Swiss Post Platinum CA" issues certificates for distribution under the trade mark of the Swiss Post that support digital signing and/or encryption for individuals and

organizations.

**Externally Operated** SubCAs No

In-House

No

**Technical Constraint** on 3rd party Issuer

**Cross Signing** 

CP/CPS section 1.3.2: Third parties may

operate their own registration authority services, if these

third parties

abide by all the rules and regulations of this CP/CPS,

Swiss law and the stipulations of applicable standards

(see chapter 1).

Any RA operating under this CP/CPS must adhere to the

following rules:

- The RA must have a contractual agreement with

SwissSign AG which indicates the

authorization for their

role as RA and clearly details the minimum requirements.

processes and liabilities.

- The registration process must meet the

stipulations of Swiss Digital Signature Law. It must be

documented,

published, and distributed to all parties involved in the RA

process.

The RA must be certified according to Swiss

Digital

Signature Law and must pass an annual audit.

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Verification	Policies	and	Practices

Policy Documentation	Repository (History of Platinum CA G2): https://www.swisssign.com/en/platinum-cpcps	Verified?	Verified
CA Document Repository	http://swisssign.com/repository	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
CP	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Platinum-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
CP Doc Language	English		
CPS	http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Platinum-CP-CPS.pdf	Verified?	Verified
Other Relevant Documents	End User Agreement: http://repository.swisssign.com/SwissSign-Platinum-EUA-R4.pdf	Verified?	Verified
<b>Auditor Name</b>	KPMG	Verified?	Verified
Auditor Website	https://home.kpmg.com/ch/de/home.html	Verified?	Verified
Auditor Qualifications	https://www.sas.admin.ch/sas/en/home/akkreditiertestellen/akkrstellensuchesas/pki.html	Verified?	Verified
	Certification Body SCESm 071, KPMG AG Switzerland		
Standard Audit	https://bug343756.bmoattachments.org/attachment.cgi?id=8781268	Verified?	Verified
Standard Audit Type	ETSI TS 102 042	Verified?	Verified

3/6	https://c.na17.visual.force.com/apex/Print_View_For_Case?scontrolCaching=1&id=5	600o00000003N	AbV
Standard Audit Statement Date	3/18/2016	Verified?	Verified
BR Audit		Verified?	Not Applicable
BR Audit Type		Verified?	Not Applicable
BR Audit Statement Date		Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Audit		Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Audit Type		Verified?	Not Applicable
EV Audit Statement Date		Verified?	Not Applicable
BR Commitment to Comply	Not requesting Websites trust bit for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable
SSL Verification Procedures	Not requesting Websites trust bit for this root.	Verified?	Not Applicable
EV SSL Verification Procedures		Verified?	Not Applicable
Organization Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.2.2 - Authentication of organization identity section 3.2.3: Authentication of individual identity section 3.2.5: Validation of authority	Verified?	Verified
Email Address Verification Procedures	CP/CPS section 3.2.3: The /email= field must be verified during the registration process. The requester must prove that he has access to the mailbox and that he can use it to receive mail.  section 4.3.2: The CA may:  - email the certificate to the subscriber  - email the certificate to the requesting RA  - email information permitting the subscriber to download the certificate from a web site or repository  - email information permitting the RA to download the certificate from a web site or repository  section 4.4.1: Subscribers are not required to confirm the acceptance of the certificate. The registration authority ensures that certificate issuance will only take place when the subscriber is ready to download and install the certificate. This step is considered	Verified?	Verified
Code Signing Subscriber Verification Pro	sufficient and no further confirmation is required.  Mozilla is no longer enabling the Code Signing trust bit for root certificates.	Verified?	Not Applicable
Multi-Factor Authentication	all Operators have to log in with hardware token	Verified?	Verified
Network Security	Chapter 6.7 and 8 of CP/CPS	Verified?	Verified

### Link to Publicly Disclosed and Audited subordinate CA Certificates

Publicly Disclosed & Audited subCAs https://swisssign.net/cgi-bin/authority/download

Verified? Verified