

**Cursor in Libre Office:**

A screenshot of the LibreOffice Calc interface. A grid of cells is visible. A small rectangular cursor is positioned in the first column, fourth row from the top. Below this, a larger rectangular selection is visible, spanning four columns and four rows.

**Cursor in Ms Office:**

A screenshot of the Microsoft Excel interface. A grid of cells is visible. A small rectangular cursor is positioned in the first column, fourth row from the top. Below this, a larger rectangular selection is visible, spanning four columns and four rows.

**Cursor in Libre Office:**

(It's only possible to understand which cell is selecting looking for Column G and Line 23)

A screenshot of the LibreOffice Calc interface. The grid shows columns D through I and rows 10 through 27. Column G is highlighted in orange. Row 23 is highlighted in orange. The cell at the intersection of Column G and Row 23 (G23) is selected, indicated by a thick black border.

**Cursor in MSOffice:**

Cursos changes the aspect automatically.

A screenshot of the Microsoft Excel interface. The grid shows columns D through H and rows 10 through 29. Column F is highlighted in orange. Row 22 is highlighted in orange. The cell at the intersection of Column F and Row 22 (F22) is selected, indicated by a thick black border.