

R Markdown v2 Demo

Li Lei Han Meimei

2015/01/01

Contents

1 Start with a cool section	2
2 Followed by another section	2
3 More sections	2
3.1 Hi	2
3.2 Hello	2
3.3 Howdy	2
4 Okay, some R code	3
5 And some pictures	3
6 A little bit math	4
7 Pandoc extension: definition lists	4
8 Pandoc extension: examples	4
9 Pandoc extension: tables	5
10 Pandoc extension: footnotes	5
11 Pandoc extension: citations	5
References	5

1 Start with a cool section

A bit *introduction* here.

You can use traditional **Markdown** syntax, such as links and `code`.

2 Followed by another section

Of course you can write lists:

- apple
- pear
- banana

Or ordered lists:

1. items
2. will
3. be
4. ordered
 - nested
 - items

3 More sections

3.1 Hi

hi hi

3.2 Hello

hello hello

3.3 Howdy

howdy howdy

4 Okay, some R code

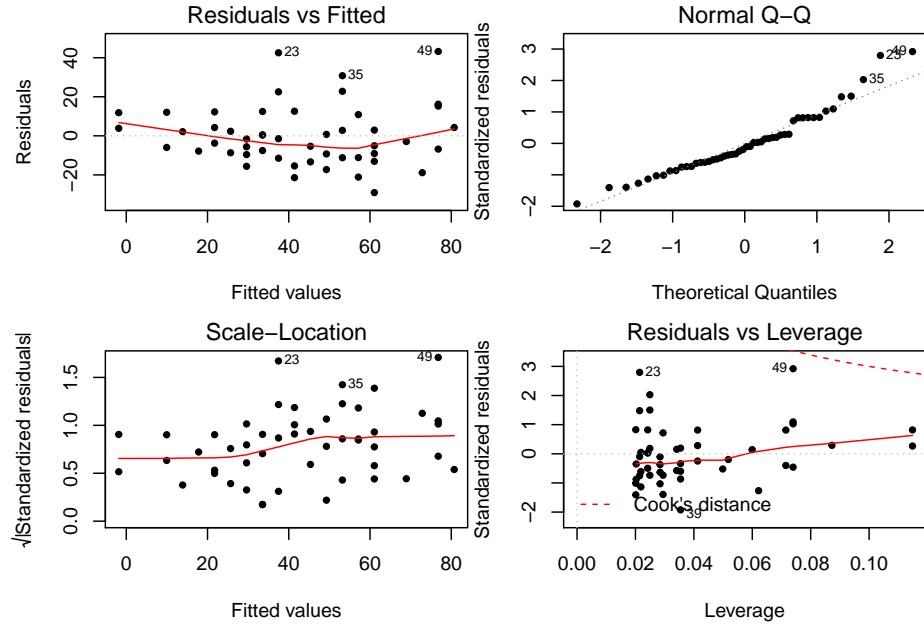
```
fit = lm(dist ~ speed, data = cars)
b = coef(fit) # coefficients
summary(fit)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = dist ~ speed, data = cars)
##
## Residuals:
##     Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
## -29.069 -9.525 -2.272  9.215 43.201 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) -17.5791   6.7584  -2.601  0.0123 *  
## speed        3.9324   0.4155   9.464 1.49e-12 *** 
## ---        
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
## 
## Residual standard error: 15.38 on 48 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6511, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6438 
## F-statistic: 89.57 on 1 and 48 DF,  p-value: 1.49e-12
```

The code will be highlighted in all output formats.

5 And some pictures

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2), pch = 20, mar = c(4, 4, 2, .1),
    bg = 'white')
plot(fit)
```



6 A little bit math

Our regression equation is $Y = -17.5790949 + 3.9324088x$, and the model is:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon$$

7 Pandoc extension: definition lists

Programmer A programmer is the one who turns coffee into code.

LaTeX A simple language with a couple of backslashes.

8 Pandoc extension: examples

We have some examples.

- (1) Think what is $0.3 + 0.4 - 0.7$. Zero. Easy.
- (2) Now think what is $0.3 - 0.7 + 0.4$. Still zero?

People are often surprised by (2).

9 Pandoc extension: tables

A table here.

Table: Demonstration of simple table syntax.

		as.factor(vs)							
		0			1				
as.factor(am)	as.factor(mpg)	min	mean	median	max	min	mean	median	max
0	mpg	10.4	15.05	15.20	19.2	17.8	20.74	21.4	24.4
	hp	150.0	194.17	180.00	245.0	62.0	102.14	105.0	123.0
1	mpg	15.0	19.75	20.35	26.0	21.4	28.37	30.4	33.9
	hp	91.0	180.83	142.50	335.0	52.0	80.57	66.0	113.0

10 Pandoc extension: footnotes

We can also write footnotes¹.

Or write some inline footnotes².

11 Pandoc extension: citations

We compile the R Markdown file to Markdown through **knitr** (Xie 2015) in R (R Core Team 2015). For more about Xie (2015), see <http://yihui.name/knitr>.

References

R Core Team. 2015. *R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing*. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. <https://www.R-project.org/>.

Xie, Yihui. 2015. *Knitr: A General-Purpose Package for Dynamic Report Generation in R*. <http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=knitr>.

¹hi, I'm a footnote

²as you can see here