Block Containers

The fo:block-container object can be used to create an area with a different writing mode or a different reference orientation. The areas can be part of the flow or absolutely positioned. BC:A: This is a normal block container within the flow layout. BC:A

BC:B: This block container has a different reference orientation.

BBC:B BBC:B BBC:B Backed normally Hbut the orientation sof the areas are of the area of the result is fundicip of the overflow of the overflow	BC:B II The areas are stacked normally but the orientation of the area is rotated 90 degrees clockwise. The blocks clockwise. The blockwise. the
BC:B III: This block container has a different reference orientation.	
by 180 degrees.	
within the viewport	
drawn rotated	
flow except the	BC:E block block
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	BC:E This is a not block that is block contai
to the block container.	BC:E This is a normal block that is block container.
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180 degrees	
orientation of the area is rotated	
edt to goitetgeire	
sie stacked	
The areas	
BC:B III	
BC:C: different writing mode	PC-C

BC:C

.The areas in this block are stacked according to the rl (tb) writing mode BC:D 01: The next block-container has an absolute position. It does not affect the flow layout of other blocks.

BC:E: The next block-container has an absolute position. It does not affect the flow layout of other blocks. This time with the reference-orientation set. End of page.

BC:F: The next block-container tests the clipping. BC:G: The next block-container tests error-if-overflow.